MILL TO BE SHUT DOWN.

Improvements at the Geyser Make Such a Course Compulsory.

WORK WILL STOP FOR SEVERAL DAYS.

Settlements Flies High in the Pit—Gold Leaf Incorporated—Mining News from Many Sources.

News from Mercur today told the local offices of the Geyser-Marion of a prospective shut-down at the property, the same to continue for several days and being made necessary through the contemplated improvements at the Geyser mill. Superintendent Deamer informs the company that the necessary material is now on the ground, and work on the improvements will be made Thursday morning. Joe Dederich, the contractor, having a large force of men on hand ready to go to work and push the job to a speedy completion. The shut-down is imperative on account of the raising of the tanks to a wide-stalled position—work which will necessitate their unloading and return once refilling until a new foundation is put in and the tanks placed on a substantial and permanent base. In view of these conditions, the outlook for a resumed from the Geyser-Marion this month is by no means encouraging.

SACRAMENTO FLIES HIGH.

The Stock Sells at 20 Cents—Mercur in Demand—Light Business.

This was perhaps the dullest day that local stock brokers have experienced in the pit for a good while past. The trading was poor, only two stocks changing hands therein, but figures maintaining their usual standard, this adding an interest to the talk that others who would not have attached thereto. The sellers were Mercur and Sacramento, the former advancing a trifle over yesterday's figures and selling at $1.60, while Sacramento took a hop, skip and a jump in the bidding and landed in other hands at 20 cents, the buyer holding a bid of 20¾. Mammoth was in fair shape and could have sold at $1.05, and Geyser-Marion remained firm and had a closing bid of 90¾ cents. Northwest Light was stationary and was freely bought offered at 29 cents. Related stocks were given the go-by in the trading, but good figures were asked for the Deadwood Belle and Cripple Point, being bid for at 65¾ cents, with Dexter as asked-for security at a dollar.

The closing figures were as follows:

LISTED STOCKS.

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Anchor	56	
Alice	26	35
Bullion Beck	5.75	6.00
Centennial Eureka	21.25	25.00
Daly	1.75	1.90
Dey Wint	3.00	4.00
Dalton & Lark	2	10
Eagle	2½	4
East Golden Gate		1
Tom Ann	2¾	3¾
Grover Marion	90¾	1.02½
Gloria	62½	62½
Hom. Mine	1.25	
Mammoth	2.60½	2.13½
Mercur	1.60	1.45
Northern Light	28	29¾
Overland	40	
Opohir	2.50	2.75
Sacramento	20¾	20½
Sunbeam	26	35
Silver King	16.75	19.00
Tiak	54½	56

UNLISTED STOCKS.

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Bingham	1.87½	2.10
Bull Hancock	1.12½	1.25½
Better Luck	1.10	1.15
Alpha	30	38
Chicago Point	65¾	68½
Dalton	2	3
Dockery	1	4
Independent Anaconda	2	2½
Homestake	¼	¾
Lion		25
Lion Hill		28
Gold Mine		5
Pine Grove		30
Little Pittsburg	1½	2
Sunbeam	21	24½

TRANSFERS OF STOCKS.

One hundred shares of Mercur @ $1.60 per share; 1,000 Sacramento @ 20 cents; 2,000 shares sold, 1,100; selling value of stock, $1,238.

GOLD LEAF INCORPORATED.

Will Operate on Gulcanda Mountain in the West Mountain District.

Articles of incorporation of the Gold Leaf Mining and Milling company have been filed with the county clerk. The capitalization is fixed at $100,000, divided into 100,000 shares of the par value of $1 each. The names of the incorporators and the amount of stock subscribed for by each, are as follows: Leo Drew, 27,500 shares; A. C. Ivins, 2,500; George Q. Cannon, 10,000; George E. Ellis, 1,000; W. D. Preston, 2,000; R. R. Clawson, 10,000, and John Wells, 1,000. W. D. Preston is president; R. R. Clawson, first president, and John Wells, secretary and treasurer. Leo Drew, A. C. Ivins and the other officers constitute the board of directors.

The company's property is located on Gulcanda mountain, West Mountain mining district, Salt Lake county, and consists of the Gold Leaf, Gold Leaf No. 1 and Gold Leaf No. 2. The general offices of the company will be in this city.

CUMBERLAND GOLD MINE.

Splendid Developments That Assuring a Sale of Big Proportions.

Since the bonanza strike on the 200-foot level south, work has progressed with increased activity at the Cumberland gold mine in Little Rock mountain, Superintendent Easton is in charge of operations and has received orders to work as many men as can advantageously attend the development of the mine. The results have proved most gratifying to Jim Blair, the owner of the promising property, and he is certain that Messrs. Stonemann and Dancingmann, the lessees of the mine, will take up the bond, there being much more value in sight than the purchase price calls for.

All the drifts are in first class ore and the vein is being handled by a process of stripping. The drift south from the 200 level is continuing in a pay streak valued at about $15 per ton and has reached the point where a raise is to be made for about 25 feet to connect with the bottom of the winze sunk from the second story. With this connection completed, the ventilation of the mine will be perfect.

On the 200-foot level, the drift north shows a vein 2½ to 3 feet wide, composed of ore heavily fringed with granite which is separating rapidly and, as the quartz in the vein will average from $15 to $18 per ton, it is considerably improved. Assays from the ledge, taken from 18 to 24 inches wide, have consistently ranged from $12 to $22, and the ledge is continuous silver, a ton of which shows $20 per ounce.

The 300 drift south is continuing on high grade ore of a similar character, and since a considerable proportion of the ore will run over $1,000 per ton as noted in our issue of three weeks ago.

Superintendent Easton has secured higher grade ore from each level, and the development is in fairness, attracted here by the reports of the fine showing in the Cumberland. He has made a careful inspection and sampling of the mine and expresses himself as highly pleased with the showing and is now flooding in future arrangements for mining the ore in one of our local mills. The test mill run recently yielded an extraction of over 92 per cent of the gold but only 60 per cent of the silver in the ore. About 80 per cent of the total value was in gold. Twenty men are now employed upon this property.—Silver City, Idaho Avalanche.

To Work Tuolumne Mines.

Work has been resumed on an extensive scale on the gold quartz mines in Tuolumne county, Cal., which have been idle for some time. Capital has been secured and operations on an extensive scale will be pushed during the coming season.

NEBRASKA HAS GOLD.

Yellow Metal Found in Paying Quantities Northwest of Sidney.

The report of the discovery of gold in paying quantities in Sioux county, northwest of Sidney, is creating no little excitement. It is stating that there has been a quiet investigation going on in that locality, but it attracted little attention until two claims were located according to the United Bits mining laws. These locations by people who have thoroughly investigated the matter and had samples tested made it look like a sure thing.

The metal is found in the gravel bluffs on the north side of the North Platte river, and is said to test from $6 to $10 per ton. It is said that improved machinery for placer mining will be on the ground in a short time, when great things are expected.—Laramie Boomerang.

Beason Closes the Deal.

Lou Beason, secretary of the Copper Mountain Mining and Milling company, operating at Beaver Lake, has succeeded in his trip to Oregon, the gentleman having closed the deal whereby the Dekker group of claims passes in to the hands of Salt Lake and Eastern capitalists. This group has its location in the Quartz gulch or Robinsonville district and is said to be a very promising property. H. O. Snyder of Ogden is superintendent of the property, and in all likelihood the mine's new owners will put in a mill very soon, and otherwise thoroughly equip the ground for a season of prolific activity.

THIS MINE A CONUNDRUM.

Peculiar Problem Presented to the Three Links Near Boise.

Captain Bledsoe has been making an investigation of the district in which the Three Links mine is located and finding the Boise, Idaho, Statesman some highly important information concerning it.

The Three Links, he says, is located about 1½ miles southwest of the Black Hornet and some six miles from Boise in a direct line. It is on a hillside that slopes west. The vein appears to be a blanket. Over a space 200 or 300 feet square several holes have been dug, and ore is found in all of them. The mineral is encountered after digging through the soil and stratum of loose rock.

When the captain was there a new place had just been opened and two men that day sacked 75 sacks of ore. He is unable to account for the deposit. The ore is crushed, but lies in continuous bodies. It is from two to four feet thick. Farther down the hill a tunnel run in 20 feet does not disclose the ore, and it is thought possible the vein, if such it is, straightens up and dips into the ground.

Some 400 feet south of the works a draw comes in. Just on the edge of this there are a number of very large quartz boulders. There are low grade, carrying perhaps $10 per ton. The ore sacked for shipment will run from $20 to $40 per ton. The property is a conundrum to the captain.

Expert Robinson Testifies.

George H. Robinson, the mining expert, is now in Butte, Mont., giving testimony in the suit of E. Holling Morse vs the Butte Coalition Mining company, in which a great number of mining experts have examined. The Butte Miner says that Mr. Robinson of Utah was put on the stand. He was educated as a civil engineer, but his experience in Montana as a mining engineer was received mostly in the field. He was in Denver from 1877 to 1882, and spent the time between Montana, Colorado and Utah as mining engineer and mine manager of various large properties. He has been the engineer of the Montana company of Marysville and for several bad things of the Mammoth and some of Samuel Ainsley's properties in Utah and Idaho. In making his opening statement, the witness went over about the same ground as former experts regarding the geological features of the Anaconda hill and the general proposition of the formation of business along the mineral belt represented. In the formation of the zone there are two kinds of fractures, north and south. Some are nearly vertical, said the witness.

Branch Road to Stateline.

Present indications clearly point to the building of a railroad branch from Milford to Stateline and Deer Lodge in the course of a very few months. In fact, a gentleman in touch with the movements in this direction, stated today that the road would be completed before fall, the same to connect with a tract of country running 90 miles west of Milford and passing through Panaca and other towns of importance. The grade made some years ago will be used, says the gentleman, and the unsinking of the rails of that road will make of the branch an Al paying proposition.

Snowing at Beaver Lake.

Harry Stephens and Tom Spur came in from the south this morning, the latter's mother having left Beaver Lake, where they have been engaged in contract work — the Copper King mine in which the Upper Beaver company is recently encouraged. Messrs. Stephens and Spur report 25 feet of work done on the Upper Beaver company property, and they state that things are looking very well in the district. Beaver Lake is blanketed with 18 inches of snow at present, and the gentlemen say it was still snowing when they left.

Tunneling the Sterling Coal Mines.

The Sterling Coal Mining company, which, under the direction of Colonel S. T. Pearson, is now engaged in driving a monster tunnel into its ground in Six-Mile canyon, eight miles south of Manti, reports the work going on at a satisfactory rate, the earth being now into the property a distance of 1,575 feet with about 600 feet more to go. This work is completed, says Colonel Pearson, the company will be afforded a splendid working and drain tunnel, and the mine can then be stripped of something like a thousand tons of coal a day, most of which will be used for home consumption. The Sterling, says the gentleman, means business and this fact will be clearly demonstrated when the big tunnel is completed.

Big Deal in Spots.

Silver, 55¾; lead, $2.50.

L. H. Beason is expected in the city from Oregon about the first of April.

J. V. Lane, who is interested in the mines of Deer Lodge and vicinity, went south last evening.

It is still as cold on Lion Hill and vicinity that the Northern Light people have been unable as yet to get out along the pipe line.

The Mammoth Record says that both mills were closed at 5 p. m. Monday night to allow the mill to run on Tuesday morning, Cherry creek. Water was turned on again yesterday evening.

Final payment has been made to Hon. A. C. Cleveland, the purchaser of the Star and Gray Eagle mining claims in Nevada, by the Glasgow and Western Exploration company.

The Dexter company, operating at Tuscarora, Nev., has purchased the land holding disputed mill tailings thus ending the controversy. The tailings are said to be valued at about $60,000.

The directors of the North Mountain mining company have closed a contract with J. W. Rogers for the remodeling of their mill at Cherry creek, Nev. Added to the plant will be an additional set of rolls, and with this equipment the company expects to make great strides the coming season.

The recent strike in the Galena at Fish Springs is reported to be assuming quite extensive proportions. Late advices from the ground say that the ore body is much larger than when first discovered, and that the values have increased to 40.5 per cent lead and 200 ounces in silver.

Will S. Brown, a director in the Mercer, chaperoned a party out to Mercur this morning, the same consisting of Mrs. Hal Brown, Miss Lombard and Miss Brown, the latter two of Fremont, Nebraska. They will take in the sights of the great gold camp and return to-morrow evening. Mr. Brown expects to go out on Cherry creek just as soon as the material for the remodeling of the North Mountain company's mill arrives on the ground.

Mammoth Record: In the case in which Superintendent O'Rourke of the Mammoth mill was charged with a violation of the eight-hour law by George Rees, Mr. O'Rourke pleaded guilty and was assessed $42, including fine and costs. Mr. O'Rourke says that he had no intention of violating the law and would not have done so had not he, with many others, thought the law would be declared unconstitutional. All men in the mill are now working eight hours.

COMMERCIAL.

Madrid, March 16.—The quotation of Spanish four on the Bourse today was 74.80 against 75.00, the closing price of yesterday.

Bombay, March 16.—The strikers have resumed work and the stores have been reopened.

London, March 16.—On the stock exchange today Spanish 4's were quoted at 75¾ against 75¾, the closing price of yesterday.

Paris, March 16.—Spanish 4's on the Bourse today were quoted at 75 25-16. Yesterday the closing price was 75.

New York, March 16.—Prices of the Anaconda mine were sharply above the earlier gains reported from London, the advance running from about a point to 2½, the latter in New York Central. The bulls extended the score of their operations after the opening and were rewarded in advancing the entire list materially. The Atlantic, which hesitated somewhat at the start, was in keen request, Burlington establishing an advance of 2¾ and St. Paul two points. The local specialties received but little attention, the exception being Third avenue jumping six points to 130.

Purchases by the short interests continued in considerable volume for a time, but as soon as this inquiry was satisfied values relapsed. The concession, however, was not important except in isolated cases, and decided dullness developed on the selling movement. Near noon the market hardened slightly all around. Bonds were quiet but higher for the leading issues.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

MONEY.

New York, March 15. — Money on call nominally 3@3½ per cent.

Prime mercantile paper 4@5½ per cent.

Sterling exchange weak with actual business in bankers' bills at 4.85 for demand and 4.87@4.87½ for sixty days.

Posted rates 4.87@4.89 and 4.88@4.91½.

Commercial bills 4.84¾@4.85.

Silver certificates 59@59¾.

Bar silver 59¾.

Mexican dollars 45.

Government bonds weak, new fours registered, 122; ditto coupons, 122; fours registered, 110; ditto coupons, 111; threes registered, 109; ditto coupons, 111; ditto coupons, 111; Pacific sixes of '95, 102.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, March 16.

HOGS — Estimated receipts today 35,000 head; left over, 1,738; market opened active and about 5@10c higher, closing weaker. Light, $3.75@3.90; rough packing, $3.60@3.75; heavy, $3.60@3.90; mixed, $3.70@3.85.

CATTLE — Receipts 13,000 head; steady to weaker. Beeves, $3.60@5.30; cows and heifers, $2.30@4.90; Texas steers, $3.00@4.50; stockers and feeders, $3.85@4.35.

SHEEP — Receipts 14,000 head; steady. Native sheep, $3.00@4.65; westerns, $3.80@4.55; lambs, $4.00@6.40.

PRODUCE.

WHEAT — July opened at 65@65¾, sold for a moment at 67¼, fell to 64¾ and recovered to 65¾. May was stagnant at 64.

Closing — Wheat — May, 64¾; July, 66@66¼; September, 67¼; December, 67¾.

CORN—March, 29¾; May, 29@29¾.

OATS—March, 20¾@21; May, 22@22¼.

PORK—March, $6.77; May, $6.77.

LARD—March, $5.60; May, $5.62.

RIBS—March, $5.60; July, $5.62½@5.65.

BARLEY—34@40.

RYE—41c.

FLAX—$1.18½.

TIMOTHY—$2.85.

CASH.

Wheat—No. 2 red, 65@66½; No. 3 red, 60@64; No. 2 spring, 64@65¾; No. 3 spring, 61@64; No. 2 hard winter, 66¾; No. 3 hard winter, 65¾.

Corn—No. 2, 29@29¾; No. 3, 29¾@29¾.

Oats—No. 2, 20¾; No. 3, 20¾.

SAN FRANCISCO.

PRODUCE.

San Francisco, March 16.—Wheat quiet; December, $1.07½; May, $1.09½.

Barley—Quiet; December, 97; May, 99¾.

Highly Probable.

It is highly probable that the screamer farce just ended at the palace of dumbs in Paris, wherein Zola is entranced to one year's imprisonment and fined 3000 francs, is merely a curtain-raiser to a serious problem play.—Lewiston Journal.

The Bread is the highest grade baking powder known. Actual tests show it goes one third further than any other brand.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

QUESTION OF ECONOMY.

Finance Committee of the Council Make a Number of Recommendations.

THE REPORT, AFTER DEBATE, IS ADOPTED

F. C. Kelsey's Appointment as City Engineer Confirmed—Police Chief's Salary Ordinance Fails to Pass Over Mayor's Veto.

Last night's meeting of the City Council was a busy one. The most important matter up for consideration was the recommendation of the finance committee asking for a modification of the recent action of the Council in relation to the salaries and emoluments allowance for the health and waterworks departments.

F. C. Kelsey was confirmed as city engineer by a vote of 12 to 3. The other matters of business attended to was, more or less, of the regular order.

Recommendation of the Finance committee.

RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE FINANCE COMMITTEE.

The finance committee's recommendation is as follows:

In the matter of the resolution of Councilman Diehl, referred to your committee on the 8th inst., we recommend that the former resolution of the Council relating to the removal of the waterworks office to State and Morris Temple street, stand as adopted, since better service in the department can be obtained by having the department head at the place where the men and supplies are, and under the arrangement no hardship will be worked on the public.

That that portion of the said resolution relating to salaries in the health department be rescinded, and that the attorney be instructed to draft an ordinance placing the office of plumbing inspector under the supervision of the city engineer, with no additional expense to the city; also, providing for a change in the salary of the clerk of the board of health to $75 per month, as we find the duties of said officer are such that a suitable man cannot be obtained for the present small salary.

We further recommend that the allowance of the health department be fixed at $1,050 per month, and that the order of the City Council authorizing the employment of a quarantine inspector be rescinded.

We further recommend that the attorney be instructed to draft an ordinance amending section 4, chapter 3, page 125, revised ordinances, 1893, so that the board of health shall be empowered to advertise for bids for disposal of garbage and the care of the crematory, as we are of the opinion that under such a system the sanitary of the department can be done more economically and properly, as well as with less expense to the city.

A long discussion followed, participated in by Councilmen Buckle, Callister, Diehl, Wallace, Robertson, Romney, Stevenson, Morris and Howe.

Robertson moved to strike out the recommendation to transfer the plumbing inspector to the city engineer's department. Lost.

Buckle moved to eliminate the paragraph proposing a raise of the clerk of board of health's salary from $65 to $75 per month. Buckle's motion to strike out was lost by a vote of 12 to 3, Buckle, Robertson and Howe voting in the negative.

Robertson moved to strike out the last two sections, relative to the disposal of garbage. Lost.

Robertson moved that the committee's report as amended was as follows:

Ayes—Callister, Howe, Morris, Patrick, Robertson, Siddoway, Wallace, Weller and Barnes—8.

Noes—Buckle, Diehl, Fernstrom, Margetts and Romney—5.

ORDINANCE KNOCKED OUT.

Mayor Clark's veto of the ordinance reducing the salary of the chief of police to $75 per month was called up and the ordinance failed to receive the necessary vote.

The vote on "shall the ordinance pass notwithstanding the objections of the Mayor thereto," was as follows:

Noes—Callister, Diehl, Morris, Patrick, Romney, Siddoway and Wallace—7.

Ayes—Allen, Buckle, Fernstrom, Howe, Margetts, Robertson, Weller and Barnes—8.

KELSEY IS CONFIRMED.

Four members of the committee on sewerage, viz: Buckle, Robertson, Wallace and Howe, recommended the confirmation of Frank C. Kelsey as city engineer. The taking of the vote was immediately proceeded with. When the name of Weller was called that gentleman arose and addressed the chair, said he desired to explain why he was opposed to Mr. Kelsey's confirmation. "I want to doubt" he said, "not what the gentleman named is competent to fill the position."

"But, sir," interrupted Howe, "I am opposed to his confirmation and my reasons for my opposition is: I want my constituency to know that I stand by my guns." The gentleman, I understand, lately needed help in his office and could not find a man suitable to take the position he applied for for one. I believe this city has men capable of filling this place. I favor men in the employ of the city men to do the work. I am opposed to Mr. Kelsey, also, because he has kept men in office who have been the instrument of piling up the debt under which the people of this city have been groaning under. For these reasons I oppose the man."

President Barnes also said he was going to vote against Mr. Kelsey's confirmation. He had been informed, advanced by Councilman Weller, "I am," he said, "for Salt Lake work for Salt Lake's people."

The vote was then announced by Recorder Backman as follows:

Ayes—Allen, Barnes, Callister, Diehl, Fernstrom, Howe, Morris, Patrick, Romney, Robertson, Siddoway, Wallace—12.

Noes—Margetts, Weller, Barnes 3.

Buckle said he was a little late, perhaps, but he had a motion based on information. He was somewhat familiar with the workings of the city engineer's department, and, in the absence of the existence of things as alleged by his fellow councilmen, he was just as diametrically opposed to hiring outside help as any one, but the information advanced was new to him and he desired to know where it took place.

Callister also professed ignorance. He had never heard of Mr. Kelsey relegating or sending east for help and he thought an injustice was being done the city engineer.

Barnes said that it was an open secret that Mr. Kelsey telegraphed east for a man.

"When?" inquired Councilman Callister.

"When there was a vacancy, I suppose," replied President Barnes.

Continuing, President Barnes said that he did not question Kelsey's competency. He further stated that Mr. Kelsey had called him and asked if he was going to vote for his confirmation. "I then told him," said Mr. Barnes, "of what I had heard and how I stood on the question. He did not deny that he had hired outside help, but as a sort of a justification, said that he took men from other cities worked under Mr. Dorenus when he was city engineer."

MISCELLANEOUS.

Lizzie Mills, by Glen Miller, agent, asked the Council for a refund of the amount of a street in front of her property on West Canyon boulevard. Referred to committee on streets.

E. H. Rollins asked that a street between Fourth and sixth streets be graded. Referred to same committee.

The committee on irrigation recommended that the city engineer be instructed to take up matters with the superintendent of waterworks, as recommended by Mayor Clark in his annual message. Adopted.

In the matter of the claim of P. M. Matheson for extra pay, the committee on claims, with the city attorney associated, recommended the same be not granted. Adopted.

The committee on finance recommended that the city attorney be authorized to employ a stenographer at a salary of $20 per month, during the pleasure of the Council. On motion the recommendation was adopted by a vote of 12 to 3, Barnes and Robertson voting in the negative.

The city attorney recommended a compromise of the claim of Mrs. Hall against the city, for the payment of $250, which her attorneys had agreed to accept as a settlement. The plaintiff, in her suit, demanded damages in the sum of $2,500, alleging injury done her land and premises by the digging of the electric sewer in the vicinity of her place, causing the quicksand, lying underneath the surface, to sink away, and the land to cave and settle underneath the house, cracking the walls and making the building unsafe and a nuisance. The date of trial of the case is set for the 23d inst., and Mr. Hall recommends immediate action, if the city desires to benefit by the proposed compromise. Referred to Mayor Clark and the committee on claims, with power to act.

The city attorney also advised the Council to appropriate the sum of $100, the amount of a judgment recently rendered in the district court, in favor of Martin H. Hollander and against the city. Mrs. Hollander rented her place a block east of the jail building, in the city and county during the construction of the building. It was alleged that the place was damaged on account of the tearing away of part of the porch, tearing down the fence, etc. Adopted.

Acting Sergeant in charge of the police force, Matt Rhodes, notified the Council that he had received the resignation of Patrolman L. B. Larson, to take effect March 20th. Accepted. Hereafter Mr. Larson will engage in initial, having accepted a position with the Silver King Mining company at Park City.

O'Connor & Co., undertakers, presented a bill for $15 for the burial of Edward Wooneit, an indigent. Salt Lake county will be asked to pay.

In the matter of the petition of S. C. Ewing and others for a reduction in license fees, the committee on finance recommended that the request be denied, for the reason that they did not believe it was the intention of the legislature in the present time it was not deemed prudent to make a general reduction in license fees.

Diehl introduced a resolution instructing the recorder to notify the Jubilee Commission to remove the Hall of Relics from the corner of East Temple and South Temple streets within twenty days. If the commission fails to comply, the building inspector and fire chief are directed to tear down the building at the expense of the commission. The resolution went over for one week.

Allen introduced a resolution, which was adopted, authorizing the superintendent of waterworks to proceed at once to build a suitable house for the accommodation of the hackers, Grand City Creek canyon, at a cost not to exceed $50.

Diehl introduced a resolution granting permission to run a railroad switch across the sidewalk on Fourth West, between Fifth and Sixth South.

City Council Notes.

Buckle and Robertson each wore Scotch plaid ties, of the same make, style and price, at last night's meeting. It is said that they tried to impose upon Fernstrom, who wanted to also get one on, but he declined, stating that he did not care to be "tied" up with any combine.

An amusing incident happened last night. Recorder Backman got hold of an old foil pail sheet and was taking a vote of the members on a proposition and began by calling "Buckle." "Yes," came the response. "Diehl." "Yes," came the response. "Fernstrom." The next called out, when seeing his mistake, the recorder seized another slip. A hearty laugh ensued, during which a Democratic constituent was heard to exclaim: "Dale will come in under the new administration."

* * *

"We ought to call a special meeting Thursday night," remarked one councilman to another on leaving the Council chamber last evening.

"What for?" inquired the other. "Why, Thursday is St. Patrick's day, and I would like to be useful act on our part to give the Irish contingent of the Council an opportunity to wear green neckties," was the rejoinder.

* * *

An eastern man was an interested spectator at last night's meeting. Continuing a friend asked what he thought of it. "Well," he said, "the talk of some of these gentlemen reminds me trouble of Council Bluffs."

* * *

There were six reporters of the daily papers and three artists in attendance at last night's meeting.

* * *

Perpetum is reported as the humorist of the Council, and Allen as the one who best appreciates and enjoys a joke. The former, it is said, is a certain section in a measure last night and moved to strike it out. "But there are two sections," broke in Recorder Backman, "which one—" "Well, strike them both out," said Fernstrom. A big laugh followed, contributed to by the members and spectators. Allen was entranced and it was several seconds before he recovered.

* * *

Dead is the go in essence of grace and politeness. He bore to a fellow member, who had seconded his motion, "in order to get it before the house," and the graceful manner in which he yielded the floor to a member followed by the chair first, would put even a Parisian to the shade.

* * *

A number of members last night—unwittingly perhaps—assumed a striking attitude while the artist fiends were getting in their work.

* * *

Patrick is the most emphatic of any of the members when it comes to voting. The "Yes" and "No" is always given with a double forty emphasis, a fact which makes it totally unnecessary for him usually to be called the second time, which the recorder has to do with one or two others.

* * *

A few of the members, by their absence at the meetings, doubtless sense the fact that they cannot learn anything by listening to themselves, and there are others systematic enough to think that they might stand something if they but sit still and listen to them.

MAYOR OF HARTFORD.

Has Experienced Wonderful Benefit from Paine's Celery Compound.

Mayor Miles H. Preston has been Hartford's chief executive for two years. As a result of his economic, wise administration, the municipality has prospered, and today stands high among leading cities of America.

Mayor Preston is the first chief magistrate of Hartford under the consolidated form of government, beginning a new leaf in the municipality history of Connecticut's capital.

He began at the initial round of the ladder less than 25 years ago, coming to Hartford without a business acquaintance or friend in the city. As a result of the people, but also a thoughtful, conservative official, fully conscious of the responsibility of his high position and of his recommendations, Mayor Preston's testimony of the blessed benefit he has derived from Paine's celery compound must carry more than ordinary weight in every home, where there is need of reconstruction, and of a remedy that is beyond any reasonable doubt reliable. This is what Mayor Preston said:

Mayor's Office, Hartford, Conn.

The modern man of business, be he ever so sturdy, finds often that the continued pressure of affairs has caused the nerves to demonstrate and fail in tone. At such a time Paine's celery compound becomes of value. Having expressed its benefit I gladly commend it.

MILES H. PRESTON.

The skin and the eyes are two good thermometers of health. If the skin has spots, eruptions, an unhealthy pallor or a yellow appearance, and the eyes a glazed look, with yellowish white, it is high time to purify the blood and invigorate the nerves and kidneys. Paine's celery compound makes bright red blood and relieves the liver and kidneys of the strain that is brought upon them when ever impure blood is constantly pointing through their substance.

There is every reason in the world why Paine's celery compound should build up sickly people, increase their appetite and nourish every tissue in their body.

As soon children are aware, there is blood all over the body. It is this blood which nourishes the tissues that have been worn out. It carries all the materials for replacing wasted and worn tissues. It makes it gives certain particular materials for making muscle; to the bones it gives other materials for making bone; to the brain and nerves it leaves other materials again for making nerve-centres, and so on.

But it takes rich, pure, highly vitalized blood to do all this, and this is the powerful lever which Paine's celery compound takes advantage of to make the weak body strong, and to drive out disease from the system.

Paine's celery compound supplies just that needed, appropriate food that the overworked nerves are often too feeble to extract, needed, from the mass of food taken into the stomach. Paine's celery compound increases the appetite and gives the digestive organs the shape to pass the food over to the blood in such a perfectly prepared condition that the changes into nerve, brain and tissue substance is easily and fully brought about, without waste of nervous energy, or strain on the liver, kidneys, heart or stomach.

In this scientific, accurate fashion, Paine's celery compound permanently cures sickness, dyspepsia, liver, kidney disease, indigestion and all unhealthy conditions that give rise to overworked, undefed nerves and organs.

Blood Humors

Whether itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, crusted, pimply, or hereditary, whether simple, scrofulous, or contagious, from infancy to age, speedily cured by warm baths with Cuticura Soap, gentle anointings with Cuticura Ointment, the great skin cure, and mild doses of Cuticura Resolvent, the great blood purifier and humor cure.

Cuticura

FACE HUMORS Pimples, Black Heads and Skin Eruptions with dry, hot, scaly skin and scalp of Cuticura Soap.