prisonment for swindling the State Bank of Nevada. This was in 1879. Last September he was released, being thought to be dying. He came to this city, where a jeweller was swindled out of \$1,600 by him, and informed Captain Williams. The Brrest was made to-night.

Richmond, Va., 26.—Robberies at residences are frequent of late. Tuesday in open daylight, Police Captain J. H. Hunter's residence was entered and robbed twice, and at night stoned. Yesterday after-four and five neon, between four and five b'clock, while a policeman was on guard in the parlor, a burglar entered the garret, seized the ughter, aged 16, tied and gagged her. Having accidentally knocked a saah out of a window, the burglar toused the house, but made a sucroused the house, but made a suc-Bessful exit.

Jacksonville, Fla., 26.—At Tem-ple's Mills, Bradford County, Pink Bleeker whipped his nephew until he was covered with blood, and then lied the boy in a chimney head Jownward, and roasted him until the fiesh dropped; then took the boy down and threw cold water on

Philadelphia, 27.—It was nearly 11 Pclock before the Irish National Convention assembled this morning. A long debate of the committee on organization had not been able to the national league, and as to its exact iche national league, and as to its exact ichemes for government. The sectary then read, by unanimous content, a communication from S. S. Cox, of New York, congratulating the convention on what it had achieved, and declaring that it was impossible for Ireland to remain under the British government. A vote der the British government. A vote
of thanks was then passed to Cox.
Father Boylan, of Ireland, and
Father Agnew addressed the con-

vention, congratulating it upon its lemperate action, and declaring that England and Scotland would be first to feel the effects of any intemperate action. At twenty minutes to twelve, recess was taken for two hours to avail account. for two hours to await reports of committees.

CINCINNATI, 27 .- The Rev. C. B. Boynton, aged 77; died this morning at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. H. H. Lockwood, of this city. His sons, Gen. H. V. Boynton, Washington newspaper correspondent and C. A. Roynton, Washington ient, and C. A. Boynton, Washingon correspondent of the Associated ress, were at his bedside. The deeased served as pastor of Vine street Congregational Church in his city for 25 years; he also preached in the eastern churches, and served two terms as chaplain of the House of Representatives at Washington, beginning in 1865. Funeral on Sunday. SAN FRANCISCO, 27.—Mail advices

eport that a small vessel, name unmown, probably a coaster, went to pieces on Haystack Rock, coast of Dregon. The wreckage came ashore,

washington, 27.—The Commis-mioner of Internal Revenue says the supply of new tobacco stamps as called for under the new law will be sufficient to meet all demands. While the bureau may not be able to supply all requisitions for these itamps made by manufacturers and collectors of internal revenue by the lat of May, when the law goes into operation, all applicants will be supplied with a sufficient number to meet demands for stamps for current use. The large amount of stamps called for in requisitions is explained by the fact that collectors and other applicants desire to secure a stock to keep them supplied for three or four months. The Commissioner says these requisitions will be met during the month of May.

Assistant Secretary French has tesumed the duties of Acting Secretary of the Treasury, which during his absence have been performed by Assistant Secretary New. French holds a commission from the President Commission f dent as Secretary in the absence or illness of the Secretary. New holds a similar commission in the absence or illness of both Secretary and As-

detant French.

All the members were present at the regular cabinet meeting to day. The session lasted three hours and was mainly devoted to the consideration of the new civil service regulations as prepared by the commission and now awaiting the approval of the President. No action was of the President. No action was reached with regard to them. They will be taken up again for further consideration at the next cabinet

meeting.
The President made the following appointments to-day: Oliver Wood, of Ohio, to be agent for the Indians of Quinnault Agency, Washington jured.

Territory; B. H. Johnson, of Min-neecta, Register of the Land Office at Fergus Falls, Minn.; John F. Carlin, of Ohio, Receiver of Public Moneys at Bozeman, M.T.; Patrick Buckley, agent for the Indians of Tullalip Agency, Washington Ter-ritory; Charles Willoughby for the Indians of Neah Bay Agency, Wash-ington Tarritory.

ington Territory.
The President to day appointed Isaac Brandt and Wm. B. Dean, of Minnesota, and John Kelley, of Oregon, a commission to examine 25 miles of the Northern Pacific Railroad on the Missoula division of that road in Montana; also Albert Ord-way, of Washington, D.C., G. Pom-ercy Kees, of New York, and Aaron H. Cragin, of New York, as a com-mission to examine another section of the same road on the Rocky of the same road on the Rocky Monntain division, in Montana. The Secretary of the Interior will

to-morrow hear evidence in the case of the Choctaw and Chichasaw In-dians vs. the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway Co. The Indians Texas Railway Co. The Indians through their attorneys maintain that in the construction of this road timber was taken from their reservation for which they received no compensation.

Counsel for the Central Pacific Railroad Company to-day filed with the Secretary of the Interior a brief in which he appeals from the refusal of the Commissioner of the General Land Office to proceed with the patenting of lands to the Central Pacific Railroad Company, as the successor to the California & Oregon

The forthcoming volume of diplomatic correspondence now nearly ready for public distribution, shows that the invitation of the United States for a Peace Congress of all nations in North and South America was accepted very promptly by nearly every Government to which it was sent. There was none of the diplomatic delay usually attending important propositions.

The Attorney-General has desig-The Attorney-General has designated Jno. S. Blair as counsel to prosecute the charges against Supervising Architect Hill, now under investigation at the Treasury Department. Secretary Folger has suggested to March, who perferred the charges, the name of D. T. Alexander, Fifth Auditor of the Treasury, as a member of the special investigating commission, in place investigating commission, in place of Assistant Solicitor-Robinson.

Washington, 27.—Capt. Thomas McGregor, First Cavalry, reports to the War Department that he has made a thorough investigation and finds that the rumors of a contem-plated outbreak among the Indians at the Willows on the Columbia River, W. T., are totally unfounded. Indian Agent Cramsit at Fort

Totten, Montana, telegraphs to the Commissioner of Indian affairs that he has notified the Turtle Mountain Indians to come there and receive supplies. These are the Indians re-cently reported as being in a stary-

cently reported as being in a starying condition. Cramsit will distribute among them 3,000 lbs. of flour and 2,400 lbs. of pork.
Guaymas, 27.—The Yaqui Indians have attacked a wood camp, carrying off stock and other property. It is feared an insurrection of the Yaquis is likely to occur. The Federal quis is likely to occur. The Federal troops are mostly hunting Apaches on the frontier and the opportu-

es of the frontier and the opportunity is good.

NEW ORLEANS, 27. — Wesson
special: Total deaths to date, in
Beauregard and Wesson, 46. The
Red Cross Society is doing good service, baving received so far about
\$1,000, contributions being received
from other points in Mississippi and
Louisians.

As showing the force of the storm a solid iron screw of a cotton press, weighing 675 pounds, was carried by the cyclone 300 yards, and a piece of scantling, 3 x 4 inches and 10 feet long, was driven through a red oak sapling.
Much distress is reported in the

country not yet reached by relief

country how yet reacted by relief committees.

Detroit, 27.—A terrible collision occurred this morning on the Chicago & Grand Trunk Railroad near Olivet Station, between the regular passenger train moving west and a country train following it. The air passenger train following it. The air brakes attached to the passenger train did not work successfully, and the train was stopped at the foot of a slight grade and a signal sent back to the freight train, which was a heavy one. For some reason, it passed the signal and rushed along into the rear of the passenger train, shivering into fragments two Pull man coaches. The conductor of the sleeping car and two or three passen-gers were killed by the collision, and ten or a dozen persons seriously

Further particulars from the scene of the disaster report that the air brakes on the passenger did not work [properly. The train stopped work properly. The train stopped at the foot of a slight grade. A signal was sent back to the heavy freight which was following. For some reason the freight did not pay attention to the eignal, and thundered on into the rear of the passenger, shivering two Pullman cars into fragments. Three persons were killed outright, Conductor H. J. Hall, of Montreal; H. Freyer, of Englewood, N. J.; John W. Higgins, traveling agent of the boot and shee firm of H. P. Balwin & Co., Detroit. Ten more are reported injured, some it is feared fatally. Their names are not yet fatally. The ascertained.

Chicago, 27.—A very serious accident occurred at 2 o'clock this morning to the Pacific Express on the Chicago & Grand Trunk, near Bellevue, Michigan. The train, composed of through baggage and mail car, a second-class coach, two first-class coaches and Pullman sleepers, left Port Huron about an hour late, waiting for connection. It seems the train was running at a slow rate of speed, not attempting to make up time, when the air brake box burst. The train was rounding a curve two miles east. Conductor Halsey and his two brakemen appear to have set to work to repair the damage made, after which the rear brakeman was not able to get out around the curve far enoguh to prevent the freight following from coiliding with the rear of the express. The shock was great, and telescoped the Bay City Pullman coach and badly damaging the Montreal car. The Pull-man car conductor was heard to man car conductor was heard to groan once or twice, but was dead before he could be reached. Mr. Higgins, of Detroit died on the way to Battle Creek, and Howard Fry, superintendent of the Motive Power at West Eye, died at Sanltar, shortly after arriving there. Twelve persons were more to less interest. sons were more or less injured.

HARRODSBURG, Ky., 27.—Capt. P. B. Thompson, ex-member of the legislature, shot Walter Davis as he was stepping from the smoking car of the Cincinnati Scuthern Railway this morning. Thompson was inside the car. The ball went through Davis' head, producing instant death. Cause alleged, undue intimacy of Davis with Thompson's wife. Phil. Thompson, Jr., is a member of Congress from the eight Kentucky district. He and Isavia Kentucky district. He and Davis had taken the train for Cincinnati, but did; not meet till it came to Harrodaburg Junction, where both got into the same car. Thompson immediately began an assault on Davis, who tried to escape. As he got on the platform, Thompson drew a revolver, saying, "You'll not take my wife to Cincinnati again," fired and Davis fell dead. Davis was a grocer; he had sold his stock and was about to go to Chicago. Thompson got off the train and walked away, but afterwards surrendered.

Elizabeth town, N. Y., 27.—Henry Desbaucy was hanged to-day for the murder of his wife near Essex, August 1st, 1882. While standing upon the scaffold, he was in view o 1,000 people gathered outside the jail yard. He protested his innocence. Desbancy yesterday sold his tody to a physican for \$100, and it was duly delivered to-day. This morning he He protested his innocence. delivered to-day. This morning he inspected the scaffold and examined the rope, suggesting that the latter be soaped.

Washington, 27.—In the star route trial to-day, Ker finishing his review of the evidence in the Bismarck-Tongue river route, and after thanking the jury for their patient attention, began a general summing up of points which in his opinion had been established by the evidence submitted in the case, taken as a whole. Adjourned until Monday. taken as a

FOREIGN.

LONDON, 22.—In the dynamite trial, Inspector Boyd said Gallagher told him he was accompanied on the Catalonia by a person named Cole-man Bernard, who returned to New York by the Germanic, but was again sent to England almost directly by his brother, who instructed him to tell Curtin to go to London. Bernard was accompanied on both voyages by a man name was something like Oxford.
This person belonged to the dynamite school, and went to London. Gallagher heard his brother say good work was not done by this school, but by the Irish conspirators. Bernard stated that another brother named Daviel and Coleman returned to Europe in the Germanic because they did not believe in doing what Curtain Wished to have done. Boyd stated that Bernard, when in

costedy at Glasgow, offered to go to London in the service of the police, and induce his brother to tell every thing he knew, and said he (Bernard) would identify all the conspirators. He said there were a number of rich men in the dynamite school in New York, and that O'Donovan Rossa was connected with one school. In a later statement the inspector said this was made casually. Bernard stated that he was about the first conspirator who came to England. He knew all the conspirators, having seen them in Brook-lyn. There were about 30 of them. Bernard became excited at the exposure of his attempt to turn inormer, and several times corrected

details of the inspector's testimony.

Dublin, 28.—Mr. Harrington, M.
P., in his speech at a meeting of
the National League here yesterday, charged the police with intimidating the people for the purpose of preventing them from joining the League, and subscribing to the testimonial to Mr. Parnell. He said many men had been lying in prison for months, and some for years, with-out being brought to trial before out being brought to trial before their fees, the public and the press. They were tried by hole and corner inquiries; their friends were unable to offer any evidence to extricate them; one informer was sufficient for the government evidence, no matter how many persons could prove the innocence of the accused. The parry accused was never The parry accused was never brought face to face with the infor-He was even daily tempted mer. with offers of freedom, money or bribes of whisky to induce him to swear away the liberties of his fellow men. ! (Cries of shame! shame!) Mr. Harrington said he could prove that such evertures had been made to several men in Galway jail by de-tectives, who had tried to induce them to swear away the liberty of men not in custody. It was necesmen not in custody. It was necessary, he said, in conclusion, to resist the efforts which are being made to crush Irish liberty and public opin-

ion.
London, 26.—The Times says: Lord Dufferin on his return to Constantinople from Egypt has been instructed to remonstrate strongly with the Porte in regard to the con dition of affairs in Armenia. It says many diplomats believe that if the condition of that country is not improved, Russia after the coronation of the Czar may intervene forcibly to bring about an improvement. Lord Carlingford, Lord President

of the Council, and Minister of Agriculture, yesterday received a deputation headed by the Duke of Richmond, who came to confer on the subject of the foot and mouth disease among cattle. Carlingford disease among cattle. Carlingford said the assertion made in America that the disease was non-existent there might be correct that generally speaking there was very little of disease in that country, especially in the West.

The following is a list of the pro bable starters of their jockeys in the race for the one thousand guinea stakes, to be run at Newmarket to-morrow: Lord Falmouth's Britom-artis, Archer; Duke of Hamilton's Consuelo, Watte; Lord Roseberry's Etaffe, Canon; Mr. C. J. Leferre's Hanteur, Fordham; Mr. M. Dawson's Lady Brooke, Osborne; Bir J. Dartely's Lovely, Wood; Count F. Delegrange's Malibran.

Paris, 26.—There was an explosion of gas last night in the green room of the Amber Theatre. Tweuty persons were injured. The noise of the explosion did not reach the auditorium, and the people quietly dis-persed, being informed that one of the actors had fallen til.

M. Cazot has been instal ledas first president of the court in Causation.

Ex-Prime Min!ster Duclere seriously ill.

The Senate, 200 to 7, passed the bill converting 5 per cent. rentes into 42s as passed in the Chamber of Deputies.

Vienna, 26.—The baker's strike is ended, difference being arranged. Warsaw, Poland, 26.—A fire in a

cabinet maker's shop burned to death 16 workmen.

The striking factory hands in the City of Zyradow, stoned the troops sent to arrest the leaders. The troops fired upon the men, killing two and

severely wounding five.

Hamburg, 26. — There is much anxiety here and in Bremen on account of the non-arrival of the Haps-burg. It is stated she had only three weeks provision on board and now the three weeks are out. ports are that she had arrived at Sonthhampton. It is not true that she has been signalled disabled at

PANAMA, March 7th, 8th and is dead.

27th.—Earthquake shocks were felt in Chili.

On March 8th, an earthquake was felt throughout Columbia. In the town of Antigua the famous cathe drai was thrown out of plumb and many columns overturned. All the

houses suffered more or less. In Santa Rosa the church steeples were injured, and a number of houses rendered uninhabitable.

Iu Yarumal the prison and 35 houses were destroyed.
In Anaquadas the tewn hall was

demolished, and the Alaberogon church and several houses were ir-

In Penagona, the chief village of Darien Territory, many palm huts were thrown down. The rivers rose and fell with alarming rapidity.

The volcano Ometere, on Lake Nicaragua is in eruption for the first

time in history.
A large island at the mouth of the

A large island at the mouth of the Atrato, surveyed by the United States steamer Firebrand in 1862, is reported entirely disappeared.

A conflict recently occurred between the Indians and the Argentine troops. The latter had 18 men ailled and three taken prisoners. The Indians killed 12 Brazilians gathering rubber.

Gen. Caceres promises a raid on

Gen. Caceres promises a raid on Lima, and hopes the people will rise and massacre the Chilians.

DUBLIN, 27.—The trial of Michael Fagan for the murder of Burke was continued this morning. The case for the defense having closed, Judge O'Brien charged the jury. The jury retired and, after a short deliberation, returned and stated that they had found a verdict of guilty against the prisoner.

On being asked if he had anything to say why sentence should not be pronounced against him, Fagan protested his innocence. He declared he was a Fenian and would be one. The judge then sentenced him to be

London, 27.—The thousand guiness were won by Hauteur, Malibran second, Lovely third.

Paris, 27.—The Council of State has decided that Government has

power to stop the salaries of all clergymen, even Bishops. LONDON, 27.—A nitro-glycerine

manufactory has been discovered at Northampton. The discovery causes great excitement.

Queen Victoria will be able to

stand unassisted on her feet before a fortnight. The injured knee is strengthening daily, and Her Ma-lesty's general health is also gradu-

lesty's general health is also gradually improving.

The Times publishes an article strongly favoring the trial by judges of men charged with the Phoenix Park murders in the event that the jurors in the cases continue to disagres. It says this would be a particularly unfortunate moment to require to health and the province of the pr permit crime to revive.

The Times says the proceedings of the Irish convention in Philadelphia, although ludicrous in some aspects, are important when taken in connection with the examination of the dynamite conspirators.

The program me for the rific shooting at the annual meeting of the National Rific Association at Windsor includes two competitions, which have been instituted as a compliment to the American National Guard. They are for military rifles, 500 and 200 yards respectively. The match at the latter has been named for Col. Bodine. Thirty-two prizes will be offered in each competition ranging from £10 to £1.

Liverpool, 27.—The ship Merchant from San Francisco, had her decks swept, lost a portion of her bulwarks

and suffered other serious damage.
Fitzharris, known as "Skin the Goat," will be placed on trial next Monday, as one of the principals in the Phoenix Park murders.
The trial of Timothy Kelly has been postponed until Wednesday.
Eight warrants for arrests of men

have been issued in consequence of

revelations made by Devine to-day, at the hearing of Longston, Gibney and Hesly. It is expected two arrests will be made to-night.

Berlin, 27.—The National Zeitung declares that it is impossible for England to accede to any further demands of Parnell in regard to the condition of Ireland. It declares

condition of Ireland. It declares that honor demands the unequivocal disavowal by Parnell of the dynamite policy of the Irish Extrem-

Brussels,27.—A loan of 160,000,000 francs in four per cent. rentes will be issued May 7th. The issue price will be 1012 francs.

Dublin, 30.—The trial of "Skin the Goat" began this morning.

Paris, 30.—Jules Goupel, painter,