WESTERN NEWS ITEMS.

Probably Fatal Encounter Between Two Idaho Men.

"CUSHIONISM" AMONG THE BOISE NEWSBOYS.

Pardon for a Youthful Prisoner.—Kicked by a Vicious Steer.—Prove Jottings.

The Republican County convention will take place at Ephraim, Oct. 15.

The Cass Rise murder case at Provo went to the jury late yesterday afternoon.

Flour is being sold at Salem for $0 cents a sack. So states the San Francisco Chronicle.

The Provo volunteer fire department has applied to the county court, asking that the county poll taxes of its members be remitted. The matter has been referred to the county attorney.

At the Provo Board of Education on Tuesday evening the president reported that he had negotiated for a loan of $2,000, as authorized to do by the board, and had deposited the amount with the treasurer.

While branding cattle at the stock yards last Sunday a cowboy got kicked in the mouth by a steer and his upper lip badly cut out. Dr. Holt had to take several stitches in it in order to get it back to its original place.—Cook (Wyoming) *Herald.*

Louis Anderson had a pistol in his pocket Sunday which he intended to use in starting a foot race at Denver. He had a row with a street car conductor and was arrested for disturbance. The gun being found he had a narrow escape from paying a heavy fine for carrying concealed weapons.

The ballots to be used by the people of Ada county in the November election, says the Idaho *Daily Statesman*, will be about ten times as large as the old-time ballots. There will be six white columns on the sheet—one for the Republican nominees, one for the Democrats, one for the Populists, one for the Independent nominees, and one black column. County Auditor King is now preparing the mammoth ballot for the printer.

The newsboys of Boise have formed a union. No boy who is not a member in good standing will be allowed to sell papers on the streets of the city. One of the members said last night that any non-union "kid" who presumed to sell papers would be soundly thumped, and his stock in trade destroyed. Tonight the union will meet to consider the case of a union newsboy who dishonestly secured six papers. It has been decided that he shall pay a fine of twenty-five cents, but he will still be allowed.—Idaho *Daily Statesman.*

Sam M. Vinson, who in 1884 was sent from Lemhi county to the Idaho penitentiary for fourteen years for assault with intent to kill, has been pardoned. Vinson's crime consisted in drawing a pistol upon the sheriff of Lemhi county, with whom he had a dispute. He did not fire, but Judge Hayes thought he deserved about fourteen years. The board of pardons agreed that the sentence was severe, and the prisoner was released. He had served five years and five months of his term. Vinson is now only twenty-four years of age. He has a new suit of clothes and $10 given him by the state, with which to recommence life in the world.

Articles of incorporation of the Starr Irrigation Co. have been filed in the county clerk's office at Provo. The plan of this company is to dam the waters of Current Creek at the head of the little Salt Creek canyon and make a reservoir of the old lake bed which lies west of the Union Pacific railroad, from where it crosses the ridge south of York to Mona. The stream will be conducted through the low range of mountains to the Goshen valley, which with Kimball valley has 5,000 acres of good first class farming land, at present uncultivated, but which can be brought under cultivation by this means. The stored waters of Current creek during the time it is not now used by Goshen and the surrounding counties for irrigation and cultivating purposes, will give 75,000,000 cubic feet of water for irrigation in the valley below, being estimates on the low water flow of the stream. The company is entirely formed of local men. The capital stock of the company is $300,000, of this $150,000 is subscribed for. The officers of the company are: President, Branch Young or Mong. Dan. H. Corey, of this city, vice-president; Sidney A. Corey, secretary; Mr. W. H. Scott is engineer, and has charge of the work.

Justice A. N. Jacobson, of Fayette, was yesterday called to the ranch of Peter Peace on Big Willow Creek, to take the ante mortem statement of a man named Alm, who on Friday afternoon was shot and fatally injured by Frank Young. Bad feeling had existed between the men for the past few months. They had been employed upon the Peace ranch for over two years, and recently have engaged in many quarrels. On Friday they met in a field and in the presence of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Sutton, they at once commenced to fight. Alm carried a pitchfork and thought he had an easy battle, but Young drew a revolver and Alm started to run. Young raised the pistol and sent a bullet into Alm's back. The wounded man fell, and Young continued firing, two of the balls from the weapon striking Alm in his legs. Just before the shooting Frank Sutton, who was a witness, friend of Alm, had left his wagon, in which were seated his wife and child, to go to Alm's assistance. The pistol shot frightened his horses, they ran away and the occupants of the vehicle were thrown out. One of Mrs. Sutton's arms was badly fractured, but the child was not hurt.—Idaho *Daily Statesman*, Oct. 9th.

WHY HE SMOKED.

It Is Easy Enough, Says the Philosopher, to Make a Living.

"No man has any license to be broke in New York." The speaker was a well dressed, keen eyed youth of eighteen.

"You can earn the undying gratitude of thousands in this city alone if you will tell them how to escape the discomforts, not of simple poverty, but of downright wank," said a Sentinelist.

"What is your recipe?" inquired another listener.

"You will all great me," said the young man, "that even the poorest 'nuz' or most incorrigible gamin that runs the streets can get a 'stake,' say twenty-five cents, with out much trouble. All right. On that foundation any boy of six or a man of sixty can earn enough to house and keep him comfortably. How? Let him borrow that sum in morning or evening newspapers and keep turning over a fair percentage of his profits every day.

"Even the largest of Park row newsboys seldom earn less than fifty cents a day on a smaller original investment than the one I have used for the sake of argument. I know what I am talking about, because five years ago I was hustling around in here feet the same as the rest of them are now, and I could make my living expenses and have a little to spare at the end of every week. Show me a man, woman or child in this city who is a beggar and I will show you an individual who is too lazy to do even the lightest kind of work."

After these sententious remarks the youth turned and walked up Newspaper row. "There is a young chap who will be worth a big fortune in time," said a bystander. "I knew him well several years ago when he was regarded by the other newsboys as a hustler. His clothes were nearly as ragged and his face and hands as dirty as the street gamin's usually are. Five years ago he concived an idea. He knew that there were several of his companions in the street who would rather stand behind a newsstand for a small daily remuneration than hustle around the streets and take chances of getting stuck on their papers, as they express it. He picked out two honest boys and entered into a contract with them. He agreed to pay them forty cents a day to take care of small corner stands. The young man bought all the newspapers and stocked the stands himself, and the boys were held to a strict accounting. From those two stands and what he earned himself on the streets he put $11.20 away clear at the end of the first week.

"That money was put into two other stands that he established in the uptown district. All of them succeeded, and the number was gradually increased until a year ago he had thirteen boys at stands and eleven around the ferry entrances working for him. Today he staff is fifty strong at least. He owns twelve big stands under elevated stations where traffic is heaviest. The business must be worth at least $12,000 today if he is worth a cent. Last Christmas he bought a house in Jersey for his widowed mother, and I understand he owns some property in Yonkers that has greatly increased in value lately.

"He is the pioneer of his business in New York, and he just a very old one at that, in fact" interrupted the boy's listener.—New York Advertiser.

St. Patrick's Purgatory.

Mediæval songs and legends, which are rich in all sorts of mystical and fantastical lore, locate the entrance to St. Patrick's famous "purgatory" on the island of Lough Derg, Ireland. The opening itself was through a cave, the existence of which was revealed to the saint by Christ, who informed the good Patrick that anyone with the mental courage to go down into the cavern would be saved the pangs of the real "purgatory" after death. Patrick built a monastery at the entrance of his earthly "purgatory" and entered the way to the pit by an iron gate provided with strong chains and locks of peculiar and intricate workmanship. Lough Derg, next to Jerusalem, was the most celebrated spot on earth during the Middle Ages. Thousands visited "purgatory" every year, and the whole island had the appearance of a populous city.—St. Louis Republic.

Joy at Lack.

A country newspaper correspondent in Maine recently sent this cheerful bit of news to his paper: "Brooks is at last provided with a nice house, and our citizens can now be conveyed to their graves in decent style. This is something that has long been needed here."

A Fault in the Testimonial.

A certain Irish orator, whose daughter was going to marry Emmett, died of consumption. The day before he died some friends asked him how his cold was. "It ought to be all right," he answered, "for I've been up the entire night practicing on it."—San Francisco Argonaut.

Packed in patent canvas pouches which retain the natural moisture of the tobacco, insuring at all times a cool, sweet and lasting smoke.

J. B. Pace Tobacco Co., Richmond, Va.

NOTICE.

Salt Lake Mining and Milling Co. Employes in Liquidation, Salt Lake City, Utah.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT AT a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Salt Lake Mining and Milling Co. held on the 12th day of September, A. D. 1892, it was duly resolved that the unpaid stock of said company be assessed to the amount and at the rate following, to wit: Ten cents per share, payable on or before the 15th day of October, A. D. 1892, to the Secretary of said company, at the office of said company, in the Dexter Block, Salt Lake City, Utah. Any stock upon which this assessment may be unpaid on the 15th day of October, A. D. 1892, will be delinquent, and will be advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment is made before, will be sold on the 15th day of November, 1892, to pay the delinquent assessment thereon, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

Dated Salt Lake City, September 21st, 1892.

J. H. MOYLE, President.
J. A. MARSHALL, Secretary.

NOTICE.

SEALED BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the undersigned, at office of the City Recorder, Salt Lake City, Utah Territory, up to 12 o'clock noon of Saturday, October 15, 1892, for the purchase of the following described bonds of said City, to wit:

Fifty bonds to be issued pursuant to a resolution of the City Council of said City, passed September 6th, 1892, and approved September 7th, 1892, which resolution provides for the issuance of said bonds for the purpose of funding the floating indebtedness of said City, and for the purchase of City Hall site, being the property of Saul Teslow.

Said bonds to be issued pursuant to a resolution of the City Council of said City, passed September 6th, 1892, and approved September 7th, 1892, which resolution provides for the issuance of the bonds for the purpose of paying the cost of the construction of a new City Hall, upon the property so purchased as aforesaid.

Said bonds will be issued in the following denominations, to wit: Twenty bonds of $500 each, and thirty bonds of $1,000 each, payable in gold coin of the United States, at the office of the City Treasurer of said City, in Salt Lake City, Utah, bearing interest at the rate of six per cent per annum, payable semi-annually, and maturing twenty years after date, with coupons attached, and will not be sold for less than their par value.

Bids will be received for the whole or any part of said bonds, and the City Council reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

By order of the City Council of Salt Lake City, made Tuesday, September 6th, 1892.

E. A. ST. VRAIN,
City Recorder.

ADMINISTRATRIX' SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT IN pursuance of an order of the Probate Court of the County of Salt Lake, Territory of Utah, made on the 12th day of September, 1892, in the matter of the estate of said deceased, the undersigned, administratrix of said estate, will sell at private sale to the highest bidder, at the office of Messrs. Marshall & Marsh, rooms 12-13, Commercial Block, Salt Lake City, Utah, on Saturday, the 22nd day of October, 1892, at 11 o'clock a. m. of said day, all the right, title and interest that said deceased had at the time of his decease, and all the right, title and interest that the said estate has by operation of law or otherwise acquired other than or in addition to that of the said deceased at the time of his decease, in and to all that certain real estate situate in Salt Lake County, Utah Territory, and being a part thereof, or said, to wit:

Lots one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty, twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-three, twenty-four, twenty-five, twenty-six, twenty-seven, twenty-eight, twenty-nine, thirty, thirty-one, thirty-two, thirty-three, thirty-four, thirty-five, thirty-six, thirty-seven, thirty-eight, thirty-nine, forty, forty-one, forty-two, forty-three, forty-four, forty-five, forty-six, forty-seven, forty-eight, forty-nine, fifty, fifty-one, fifty-two, fifty-three, fifty-four, fifty-five, fifty-six, fifty-seven, fifty-eight, fifty-nine, sixty, sixty-one, sixty-two, sixty-three, sixty-four, sixty-five, sixty-six, sixty-seven, sixty-eight, sixty-nine, seventy, seventy-one, seventy-two, seventy-three, seventy-four, seventy-five, seventy-six, seventy-seven, seventy-eight, seventy-nine, eighty, eighty-one, eighty-two, eighty-three, eighty-four, eighty-five, eighty-six, eighty-seven, eighty-eight, eighty-nine, ninety, ninety-one, ninety-two, ninety-three, ninety-four, ninety-five, ninety-six, ninety-seven, ninety-eight, ninety-nine, one hundred, one hundred and one, one hundred and two, one hundred and three, one hundred and four, one hundred and five, one hundred and six, one hundred and seven, one hundred and eight, one hundred and nine, one hundred and ten, one hundred and eleven, one hundred and twelve, one hundred and thirteen, one hundred and fourteen, one hundred and fifteen, one hundred and sixteen, one hundred and seventeen, one hundred and eighteen, one hundred and nineteen, one hundred and twenty, one hundred and twenty-one, one hundred and twenty-two, one hundred and twenty-three, one hundred and twenty-four, one hundred and twenty-five, one hundred and twenty-six, one hundred and twenty-seven, one hundred and twenty-eight, one hundred and twenty-nine, one hundred and thirty, one hundred and thirty-one, one hundred and thirty-two, one hundred and thirty-three, one hundred and thirty-four, one hundred and thirty-five, one hundred and thirty-six, one hundred and thirty-seven, one hundred and thirty-eight, one hundred and thirty-nine, one hundred and forty, one hundred and forty-one, one hundred and forty-two, one hundred and forty-three, one hundred and forty-four, one hundred and forty-five, one hundred and forty-six, one hundred and forty-seven, one hundred and forty-eight, one hundred and forty-nine, one hundred and fifty, one hundred and fifty-one, one hundred and fifty-two, one hundred and fifty-three, one hundred and fifty-four, one hundred and fifty-five, one hundred and fifty-six, one hundred and fifty-seven, one hundred and fifty-eight, one hundred and fifty-nine, one hundred and sixty, one hundred and sixty-one, one hundred and sixty-two, one hundred and sixty-three, one hundred and sixty-four, one hundred and sixty-five, one hundred and sixty-six, one hundred and sixty-seven, one hundred and sixty-eight, one hundred and sixty-nine, one hundred and seventy, one hundred and seventy-one, one hundred and seventy-two, one hundred and seventy-three, one hundred and seventy-four, one hundred and seventy-five, one hundred and seventy-six, one hundred and seventy-seven, one hundred and seventy-eight, one hundred and seventy-nine, one hundred and eighty, one hundred and eighty-one, one hundred and eighty-two, one hundred and eighty-three, one hundred and eighty-four, one hundred and eighty-five, one hundred and eighty-six, one hundred and eighty-seven, one hundred and eighty-eight, one hundred and eighty-nine, one hundred and ninety, one hundred and ninety-one, one hundred and ninety-two, one hundred and ninety-three, one hundred and ninety-four, one hundred and ninety-five, one hundred and ninety-six, one hundred and ninety-seven, one hundred and ninety-eight, one hundred and ninety-nine, one hundred and two hundred.

Also,