DESERET EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

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THE EVENING NEWS

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WEEKLY.

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Large assortment of new goods, a short time only before departure for Europe. Also two Carriage Horses, by

d308 3m CARL C. ASMUSSEN.

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Special study has been given to Obstetrics, Diseases of Women, and Diseases of the Throat and Ear. d109

W. L. PRICE,

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Poultry, Fish and Game,

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Goods delivered punctually in all parts of the City. Free. Satisfaction guaranteed.

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Practical Gunsmiths.

All work in our line done NEATLY, PROMPTLY, and Satisfaction Guaranteed.

WATSON BROS.

STONECUTTERS AND BUILDERS,

Tombstones, Monuments,

MARBLE MANTLES, IRON MANTLES, GRATES, AND HEARTH-STONES.

South Side of South Temple Street, a little East of Eagle Gate. dtf

LEGAL NOTICE.

In the Probate Court in and for Salt Lake County, Territory of Utah.

In the matter of the Estate of Michael Holding deceased.

To the Creditors of the estate of the deceased:

ALL persons having claims against the deceased are hereby required to exhibit them, with the necessary vouchers, within ten months after the first publication of this notice, to me, the undersigned, at my residence on the corner of Fifth South and 2nd Sixth East Streets, Salt Lake City.

ELLEN HOLDEN,
Administratrix of the estate of Michael Holden, deceased.

Salt Lake City, March 28, 1879.

d107

FOR SALE.

TWO Valuable Houses and Lots for Sale, with wells of good water and other conveniences. Situated on Third South Street, between Main and West Temple Streets. Apply at Jacob Peart, State Road, or Martin Lenzi, three and a half blocks east of Elephant Store.

FOR SALE.

HOUSE AND LOT, situated on the corner of 6th East and 8th South Streets. The lot has a frontage on the street of 99 rods. House of four rooms, and an orchard of 89 trees.

For full particulars inquire on the premises of the owner,

JAS. T. WILSON,
2nd Ward, Salt Lake City.

d32 tf

DELTA.

Salt Lake City and Wagner's Beer 5 cents a glass, 20 cents per quart, all other plain and fancy drinks 10 cents. We keep the Old Hermitage, Rye, and Bourbon Whiskey, with a full line of bottled wines and liquors for family use, also by the pint, quart and gallon, and will not be undersold. The best beer room in the city for families and others.

W. K. CONRAD,
Corner opposite Theatre.

d 209 tf.

STANDARD GOODS

—OF—

R. MATTHEWS & CO.,

CHEMICAL MANUF'RS,

P.O. 1064. Salt Lake City,

Ess. Jamaica Ginger,
Toilet Soaps,
Bath-Sand Tablets,
Scouring Soap,
Superior Writing Fluid,
Boot Blacking, Etc.

For Colds, Coughs, Asthma, Consumption, Throat and Liver Complaints, Affections of the Kidneys, etc., use

BARFOOT'S

Balsam of Indian Root,

Prepared only by us.

For sale at Z. C. M. I. and Utah Commission House.

PATENTS

obtained for new inventions, or for improvements on old ones, for medical or other compounds, trade-marks and labels. Caveats, Assignments, Interferences, Appeals, Suits for Infringements, and all cases arising under the Patent Laws, promptly attended to—Inventions that have been REJECTED by the Patent Office may still, in most cases, be patented by us. Being opposite the U. S. Patent Department, and engaged in Patent business exclusively, we can make close researches, and secure Patents more promptly, and with broader claims, than those who are remote from Washington.

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C. A. SNOW & CO.,

opposite Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

DAVID JAMES,

LICENSED

PLUMBER, TINNER,

Steam and Gas Fitter.

Respectfully announces that he has secured the agency for this Territory of W. H. Warner's low pressure

Steam Warming Apparatus,

Manufactured under S. J. Gold's patents. Also Gold's

HOT AIR FURNACES.

Persons wishing to warm up Churches, Public Buildings, Stores or Private residences by either steam or hot air will find it to their interests to correspond with me on the subject.

A full line of Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters' Goods kept in stock. Rumsey's Pumps and Pump Extras on hand.

OFFICE AND WORKSHOPS

WEST TEMPLE ST.,

Opposite City Meat Market.

ZION'S SAVINGS BANK & TRUST COMP'Y,

FIVE DOORS SOUTH OF Z. C. M. I.

East Temple Street.

SAVE YOUR HAIR

TO LEARN HOW TO DO IT READ AND HEED WHAT FOLLOWS.

SAVE YOUR HAIR.—The laws of Health and Longevity demand it, the customs of social life require it. The matter is of great importance in every way.

BEAUTIFY YOUR HAIR.—It is the surpassing crown of glory, and for the loss of it there is no compensation.

CULTIVATE YOUR HAIR.—For by no other means can it be saved and beautified.

LYON'S

KATHAIRON,

Discovered thirty-five years ago by Prof. Lyon, of Yale, is the most perfect preparation in the world for preserving and beautifying the hair.

Besides being the best hair dressing ever produced, Lyon's Kathairon will positively prevent grayness, and will restore new hair to bald heads, if the roots and follicles are not destroyed.

It actually performs these seeming miracles, of which the following is

A FAIR SPECIMEN

I had been entirely bald for several years, constitutional, I suppose. I used a few bottles of Kathairon, and, to my great surprise, I have a thick growth of young hair.

COL. JOHN L. DOHRANCE, U. S. A.

In every important respect the Kathairon is absolutely incomparable. It is unequaled.

1. To Cure Baldness.
2. To Restore Gray Hair.
3. To Remove Dandruff.
4. To Dress and Beautify the Hair.

BEAR IN MIND.—The Kathairon is no sticky paste of sulphur and sugar-of-lead, to paint and daub the hair and paralyze the brain. It is a pure and limpid vegetable lotion, intended to restore the hair by natural growth and reinvigoration. It is splendidly perfumed, and the most delightful toilet dressing known. No lady's or gentleman's toilet outfit is complete without Lyon's Kathairon.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

BOOTS, SHOES & CLOGS.

JAMES TURNER, two blocks west of Deseret News Printing Office, begs leave to inform his many friends and the public generally that he will make to order Boots, Shoes, Slippers and Clogs, at prices very reasonable. Just the place to get a good easy fit. Repairing neatly executed on short notice. HENRY WHITTAKER,

d78 Manager.

THE

Merchant Tailor!

Opposite Walker Bro's. Bank,

He Makes the Best and Cheapest Dress and Business Suits in Salt Lake City. Give him a trial.

A Large Stock of NEW GOODS just arrived, that is to be seen at my Establishment.

T. LATIMER,
G. H. TAYLOR,

G. ROMNEY,
F. ARMSTRONG

LUMBER YARD

AND

PLANING MILL.

REDUCTION IN PRICES.

Utah Red and White Pine of all kinds, Eastern Finishing Lumber, California Red Wood.

Utah, Bear River, White Cedar and Red Wood Shingles.

Red Rustic, Ceiling, Siding, Lath, Pickets, Flooring.

White

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS

AND

MOULDINGS IN GREAT VARIETY

Frames of all kinds Made to Order Very Cheap.

WINDOW GLASS.

Using large quantities ourselves, and dealing directly with the Manufactories in Car Load lots, we intend keeping a Large Stock on hand, of the various sizes, for the Public to select from at Very Low Rates.

Wood Turning of all Kinds.

LATIMER, TAYLOR & CO.,

One Block East of Depot.

FOR TEN DOLLARS CASH

We will insert a seven-line advertisement one week in a list of 299 weekly newspapers, or four lines in a different list of 33 papers, or ten lines two weeks in a choice of either of four separate and distinct lists containing from 70 to 100 papers each, or four lines one week in all four of the small lists, or one line one week in all six lists combined, being more than 1,000 papers. We also have lists of papers by States throughout the United States and Canada. Send for our 100 page pamphlet. Address GEO. P. ROWELL & Co., 10 Spruce St., N. Y.

WARM UP!

WM. SALMON

Has opened a new depot for the sale and delivery of the celebrated

WEBER COAL,

At the City Meat Market, West Temple St., where he will be pleased to see old and new friends and customers. His prices will be: A ton delivered, $6.75. A ton at his new depot, $5.25. (Part in good Storepay.)

GRAIN, BALED HAY

AND KINDLING WOOD

Will be kept by him in full supply, and sold at lowest living figures.

Orders left at Squire's Barber Shop, the HERALD Office or at the Depot, West Temple Street, a block west of Kimball & Lawrence's store, will receive prompt attention. dtf

BY TELEGRAPH.

FOR WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

Last Night's Dispatches.

FORTY-SIXTH CONGRESS.

EXTRA SESSION.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, 18.—Consideration was resumed of the Wallace resolution to alter a rule of the Senate so that removals and appointments may be made by the secretary of the Senate and sergeant-at-arms respectively. The rule proposed to be amended requires removals and appointments to be approved by the president of the senate. The discussion was interrupted by the close of the morning hour and the army appropriation bill was taken up and Randolph spoke in favor of the measure.

Randolph said the simple question was had congress the right to demand a redress of grievances, as the condition of granting supplies to the army. He gravely doubted, not the right but the expediency of that step. He was proud of the achievements of the army, but it was a monstrous doctrine that government owes its life and power to the army in time of peace. Its total disbandment now would not seriously endanger the life of the nation. Randolph said that in 1876 he bore a message from Governor Hampton to the then president, urging the latter to withdraw the troops from the state house. "You may imagine, sir," said Randolph, "my astonishment and indignation when, in an angry tone and uncivil manner the President replied: 'I won't withdraw the troops; I don't regard the decision of the supreme court of the state, and if I had any message to send to Hampton, it would be that his message was an impertinence.' An impertinence, sir, for the governor of a state to communicate his wishes; not demand his rights, as he might properly have done to the President of the United States. An impertinence, indeed! 'Upon what meat does this, our Cæsar feed, that he is grown so great?' No, Mr. President, we cannot make too much haste to guard the liberties of free men everywhere in this broad land from the chance of blotting the pages of our history with a repetition of the usurping act of a President less than three years ago.

Groome cited several cases where the army had been used in Maryland; also a letter from General Grant to President Johnson, expressing a hope that the army would never be used on the eve of an election. He wondered if the party now intending to trust its fortunes to the prestige of Grant's name concurred in these views.

After executive session the Senate adjourned till Monday.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, 18.—The morning hour was dispensed with, and the subsidiary silver coin bill was not taken up.

The House then went into committee of the whole on the legislative appropriation bill.

McKinley spoke in opposition to the proposed repeal of the general election laws. He denounced the legislation as a bold and wanton attempt to wipe from the law every protection of the ballot box and to surrender it into the unholy hands of hired repeaters, and ballot box stuffers, at the north and of ballot cheaters at the south.

McKinley having read that Blackburn in the last debate said the democrats meant to wipe from the statute book all war measures, Blackburn left the chair and denounced the want of fairness and truth in presenting from his speech an incomplete extract.

Burrows then took the floor. In the course of his speech he said even now, while the hypocritical cant about peace, protection and purity of the polls, was indulged by the other side, the whole race was fleeing from some of the southern States as from a pestilence—not to escape the Federal bayonet, but ruffianly bludgeons; not from Federal bullets, but southern bowie-knives; not from the Federal courts, but southern fraud; not from the marshal, but from murderers; not from registration, but from masked marauders; not from supervisors of elections, but from southern shotguns. In a word, they were fleeing from a country where every right was cloven down and every wrong went unredressed.

Gibson made several efforts to get in a disclaimer, but Burrows declined to yield. "With all your professions," said he, "of desire for purity at elections, your chiefest desire is the election of a democratic president in 1880; by what means you little care. You want these laws repealed because they stand in the way of the consummation of such a purpose, for you know well, and the country knows, that if they are permitted to stand and can be enforced, you can no more elect a president in 1880 than you are honestly entitled to your majorities in either house of Congress." (Applause on republican side.) He continued to say that at the last Congress there had to be a senate to coerce; now there was but an executive to overcome. It was the programme of the democratic party to persist until it had starved the President into submission, or until the congressional and presidential terms had expired by limitation. That party now stood at the bar of public opinion on its own plea of self-convicted conspiracy against the life of the government. The excuse urged for the present attempt to coerce the President he characterized as a compound of idiocy and insolence seldom equalled, never excelled. If the democrats persisted in their present course in 1880, they would meet their political Appotomax. It was revolting to the sentiments of the American people, and because it was so, the republicans proposed to resist it to the extent of their power, for if they yielded now, where were they to make a stand? Let no gentleman indulge in the illusion that there would be no further advance on the part of the enemy. This was but the beginning of a series of assaults to be pushed with vigor until every fortress reared for the defense of a free ballot, for peace and purity of elections, for national life and for individual liberty, should be torn down, until violence, fraud and murder should run rife. How long would it be before a clause would be put on an appropriation bill repealing the last three constitutional amendments, and the President told to sign or starve? Quoting from Blackburn's declaration that this Congress would die by natural limitation without passing the appropriation bills, if the legislation sought to be put upon them was not accepted, he said that event cannot happen until the 4th of March, 1881, and so the order is promulgated from the floor of the capitol, in the face of this nation, by an ex-confederate soldier, to prosecute the siege until this republic, which he and his co-conspirators could not destroy by sword, shall be reduced by starvation. No sooner is the order given than the whole democratic party, north and south, leaps into the trenches at the rallying cry of the chosen leader, who tells them that he who dallies is a dastard and that he who doubts is damned. Thus is the siege begun and thus it is prosecuted, and thus with an air of defiance smacking a little of southern domination, we are told that the issue is laid down, that the gage of battle is delivered, "lift it when you please." Is it so? Then this is my answer: That it is our supremest pleasure to lift it now (applause on the republican side), and as we are prepared to make good the appeal, we accept the challenge in no spirit of boastful arrogance, but with the unflinching purpose and sublimest courage, awaiting the issue with the utmost confidence and composure. It is not the first time that we have encountered a solid south conspiring against the life of the nation, and (addressing the democratic side of the house) although your force may be somewhat augmented by your nothern allies, yet I see nothing in the increased array to cause a heart to faint or a cheek to blanch. (Renewed applause.) As you failed then, you will fail now. As you cannot kill you shall not starve. Did it ever occur to you that, though you should withhold all the supplies for the support of the government possibly it might not be yet surrendered? Did it ever occur to you that, although you should protract this siege until this Congress shall have died by virtue of its limitation, there will possibly be no surrender then? Withhold the support from the executive, and are you quite sure that there will be no remedy? Refuse to feed the army, and are you entirely certain that there will be no food for it. Deny for your navy the means to keep it afloat, and are you certain that you will force it to anchor? Withhold support from the judiciary, and is it clear that you will have no courts? Refuse the needed supplies for maintaining the legislative branch of government, and are you confident that there will be no Congress? Why, gentlemen, you are as impotent to overthrow this government by starvation as you were to annihilate it by the sword. You may distress, but you cannot destroy, (vehement applause on the republican side;) for let me tell you that when that time comes, the same loyal people, from the same loyal States, who took their lives in their hands and went forth to do battle for the defense of the republic, enduring weary march, protracted siege, the smoking hell of battle and more horrible hell of southern prison pens, until from the dark waves of the rebellion they bore on broken arms and lacerated breasts, the bleeding form of the republic and planted her feet on the steady rock of Constitutional government and civil liberty; who, animated by the name of patriotism, when you attempt to starve this republic, will fly to her side at the first cry of her distress and there they will stand in ceaseless vigil, not with a sword, but with sustenance; not with implements of war, but with unmeasured wealth; not with shotted cannons, but with unlocked coffers; not with bandages, but with plenty, and blending over her prostrated form they will succor and sustain her, and minister to her necessities until, in the fulness of time, they wrench from her throat the cowardly hand that clutched it and then, thrilling with new life, she will spring to her feet, and the very altar which you had builded for her immolation, shall become a throne on which she shall stand clothed in the majesty of her power, recepted and recrowned the Goddess of Liberty. (Enthusiastic applause.)

Gibson, replying to the quotations made by Burrows from the Teller report, stated that the citizens of Louisiana had been arrested, charged with offences as stated in that report; that they had been conveyed 400 or 500 miles from their homes to the city of New Orleans; that they had been tried before judges who were in sympathy with the republican party and they had been fully and honorably acquitted.

Burrows—That is an old trick down there. (Laughter on republican side.)

Gibson—If it was a trick, it was a trick played by men who could take the ironclad oath as jurors; a trick played by the very men whom the gentlemen would now invoke to conduct the elections in that State.

Gibson regretted that though Burrows called the democrats conspirators, the amenities of the house had not prevented him deriding the judiciary.

Burrows replied, and asked why, if the democrats desired a fair election, they had not rebuked the fraudulent methods which obtained in Caddo, Natchitoches and other parishes.

Coffroth now claimed he had the floor, but by general desire the republicans were allowed to proceed.

Turner objected because he had called the democratic party conspirators. (Shouts of laughter from the republicans.)

Burrows said he simply wished to state that the colored witnesses who came at the subpœna of the republicans to New Orleans were captured while returning, by disguised men, and had never been heard from since.

Elam made a general denial of the charges of intimidation in Louisiana.

Coffroth said acrimonious debates were inaugurated by the republicans for party purposes. The democratic party did not want to starve people, but wanted to protect the citizens and produce prosperity. In Pennsylvania in 1878 $40,000 in money was squandered to defeat the will of the people and elect a republican candidate.

Dickey said the issue was squarely made, the parties were squarely divided, and the question was whether these objectionable laws should be repealed.

EASTERN.

Treasury Circular—Four per Cent. Bonds.

WASHINGTON, 18.—The following circular was issued from the Treasury Department this afternoon:

The circular of April 16th, 1879, is hereby rescinded, all four per cent. bonds therein offered for sale having been sold. The ten dollar refunding certificates will be exchanged for lawful money in sums not to exceed $100 at one time, by the treasurer and assistant treasurers of the United States and by all public officers bonded for that purpose. They will not be issued hereafter upon the certificate of any national bank depositors. Commissions on such exchange heretofore or hereafter made will be allowed at the rate of one-eighth of one per cent. on any aggregate of $1,000 without regard to the period in which exchanges are made. Department circulars of March 12th and 26th, 1879, are modified accordingly. JOHN SHERMAN.

A Settlement With Chief Moses.

Chief Moses having agreed, the President has set aside a very large reservation in Washington Territory for Moses and his people, with such Indians as may affiliate and the Secretary of the Interior may send.

Unprepared for Debate.

She Senate cut short its usual session and adjourned until Monday, for the surprising reason that, although many senators desired to speak on the pending bill, not one of them, at 3 o'clock this afternoon, was prepared to go on. The recess will, however, undoubtedly be utilized in the work of preparation to such an extent as to run the debate through most, if not all, of next week.

Convention of Colored Men.

CHICAGO, 18.—The *Times'* New Orleans special says: A convention of colored men from all parts of the State had a conference yesterday, regarding the exodus. Pinchback headed the politicians and Rev. A. M. Newman the church members. The latter prevailed and organized the convention. Some very intemperate speeches were made, but the generally prevailing sentiment was voiced by C. H. Thompson, the permanent president, who delivered a moderate but extremely ominous address. He said: Prominent southern men have confessed to me that when the country was invaded and its women and children were at the mercy of the negro, that race remained faithful beyond expectation, but the southern people have trusted too much to the docility of the negro. There is a settled conviction among our race that we have not been justly treated. Our fidelity in a season of deadly peril has not been met by the amity we have the right to expect. They tell us we will die in Kansas of cold, but we had better die there than die here of the shotgun. Treated as citizens, we can do better here than anywhere else. If white capitalists will put down ruffianism, I will, to the utmost of my ability, endeavor to prevent the exodus. We were born here and the climate is congenial, but if we cannot live here in peace we had better leave. One delegation on the floor represents a society of 40,000 souls. We have carefully considered the consequences of this move. The experience of a few in St. Louis will not be repeated. Those who go henceforth will go amply provided with means to place them in their homes and with a sufficient sum to maintain them until they can secure profitable labor. We know the consequences and we know that our labor here cannot be replaced, but the white people have presumed upon our good nature, and unless we have better guarantees than have yet been accorded, within a year there will not be a man, woman or child of our race left in Louisiana.

Respited

LINCOLN, 18.—Doctor St. Louis, who was to have been hanged today, at Wahoo, for poisoning his wife, shot himself, not fatally, and Gov. Vance has respited him until the 16th of May.

Mail Robber Arrested.

Special postal agents, John B. Furay, arrested, to-day, Peter B. Thompson, a clerk in the postoffice at Seward, for robbing the mails. The arrest was made upon decoy letters. Over $12 000 was found on his person. Thompson plead guilty.

LOST.

ON Tuesday, April 15th, 1879, an order on the General Tithing Store number 625, for the sum of $40.

Leave at this office and oblige the owner, who is in need of the same.

NOTICE.

PERSONS desirous of examining the new Self Acting Archimedian Screw Water Elevator, may see the same in operation on H. Linwoodey's farm, quarter mile up the river from Third South Street Jordan Bridge. JOB SMITH.

d 115 1 N

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Estate of LOUISA WALLACE deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given by the undersigned, administrator of the estate of Louisa Wallace deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice, to the said administrator, at Salt Lake City, Salt Lake County, Utah Territory, Main street, opposite the Walker House.

ANNIE HYNMAN,
Administrator of the Estate of Louisa Wallace. d123

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

—AT—

AUCTION,

—ON—

THURSDAY, APRIL 17TH,

At 11 o'clock a. m.

On the premises, Second South Street (south side), third house east of Third East Street.

COMPRISING ONE SQUARE GRAND, C 7½ octave, highly finished, carved legs, rosewood Piano, used but little and in perfect order. Elegant solid Black Walnut and Oak Bedsteads, Handsome Black Walnut Marble Top Centre Table, Wash Stands and Dressing Bureau with large French Plate Mirror. Parlor, Chamber, Dining Room and Kitchen Furniture. Parlor, Bed Room and Cook Stoves, also a Stylish Baby Carriage.

NOTE.—The Piano will be sold on a credit of three months, with interest and approved security. d78

SWEET Chewing JACKSON'S BEST NAVY Tobacco

Awarded highest prize at Centennial Exposition for fine chewing qualities and excellent and lasting character of smoking and flavoring. The best tobacco ever made. As our blue strip trade-mark is closely imitated as inferior goods, see that Jackson's Best is upon plug. Sold by all dealers. Send for sample to D. A. Jackson & Co., Mfrs., Petersburg, Va.

U. S. DEPOSITORY.

DESERET NATIONAL BANK

SALT LAKE CITY.

Paid up Capital, - - $200,000
Surplus, - - - $50,000

WM. H. HOOPER, President.
H. S. ELDRIDGE, Vice-President.
WM. JENNINGS
FERAMORZ LITTLE
JOHN SHARP,
GEO. Q. CANNON,
L. S. HILLS, Cashier.
Directors.

Receives Deposits Payable on Demand.

Buys and sells exchange on New York, San Francisco, Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha, London, and principal continental cities.

Receives subscriptions to the 4 per cent. funded loan of the U. S.

Makes Collections, Remitting Proceeds Promptly.

IDAHO STORE!!

All kinds of Pay Wanted

No. 1 Cedar Posts.
Charcoal, 100 bushels, Cheap.
Set of Buggy Harness
Buggy.
Sprinkling Cart Box, 700 gallon capacity, suitable for Tank, etc.
Second hand Wagon, (6,000 lb.)
Light Spring Wagon, $75.00.
Three hundred pounds of hops.
Pick Handles $2.00 per dozen.
Borden's Condensed Milk $1.50 per dozen.
100 dozen Bottles Tomato Ketchup $2.50 per dozen.
Branson Knitter, $22.00, knit a sock in five minutes.
Totman's California Feed Mill.
700 Tons Salt on hand, manufacturer of Fine and Coarse Salt.
Liquid Blue, Jamaica Ginger, etc.

CALL AND SEE

JOHN W. SNELL,

IDAHO STORE. P. O. Box 519.

MAN'S MISSION ON EARTH.—A thorough medical treatise, indicating how confirmed disabilities may be removed. The experience of 20 years study, observation, and professional practice, showing the agencies that will insure restored manhood, strengthen vitality, and sound conditions of health, that have been impaired by overtaxed powers. A statement of obstacles to marriage and of the means by which they can be removed. By mail, 25c., currency or postage stamps. Address Secretary Museum Anatomy and Science, 4,1 6 Broadway, N.Y.

RAILROAD & CANAL SCRAPERS.

H. B. CLAWSON has just received a car of Diamond Steel Bottom Scrapers, Assorted sizes, 30 inch, 32 inch and 34 inch For Shape, Strength, Durability and Low Price they are unequaled. Call and Examine.

CHEAP DISINFECTANT!

MR. F. A. PASCOE will supply fine screened Quick Lime, suitable for disinfecting cesspools, and neutralizing all decaying organic substances for TWO DOLLARS PER TON, in large or small quantities, at his Pioneer Perpetual Lime Kilns, First North of Warm Springs, Salt Lake City.

N.B.—Building and Plastering Lime of Best Quality always on hand.

dtf F. A. PASCOE.

R. GARDINER.

Having made extensive alterations in my

BAKERY

AND

Confectionery Establishment

I am now prepared to give Better Satisfaction in

BREAD AND CRACKERS

And special rates on

CANDIES

To Wholesale Dealers which cannot but command their trade.

DESERET BAKERY.

CHICAGO & NORTH-WESTERN

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