

## BY TELEGRAPH.

## AMERICAN.

NEW YORK, 7.—There are no new developments in the Pacific steamer differences to-day. The Mail Company having decided to make the rate for dry goods at \$5 per hundred to all shippers, there has been a general rush, and from appearances there will be nearly as much freight left behind as will be taken forward by the steamer on the 9th.

SARATOGA, 7.—The bankers' Association began its annual session to-day. Secretary Sherman and the Commissioner of Internal Revenue sent letters regretting their absence. R. C. Hale, cashier of the State national bank, Keokuk, read a paper on subsidiary silver coinage, holding that Congress should provide for the redemption of subsidiary in legal tender coin. This would relieve banks of the fear of accumulating unavoidable funds and give currency to coin, extending its circulation to the profit and convenience of the people.

J. D. Hayes, of Detroit, read a paper on hard times. He said: Tell us to invest \$1 to \$50,000,000 that will pay expenses and bring back 5 per cent. and the money stands waiting ready and anxious to step into business. There are \$2,500,000,000 in railroad bonds and stocks which pay their owners nothing. There are \$500,000,000 in iron furnaces, manufacturing establishments, and \$800,000,000 in shipping, hopelessly tied up. Shall we clear the forests of lumber and convert it into money?

NASHVILLE, Tenn., 7.—A hundred armed horsemen went to the jail at Franklin last night, broke it open, took thence Salvin Beatty (colored), age 18, charged with having raped a 6 year old daughter of Daniel Christmas, a prominent citizen, while returning from school last Friday, hung him, as is supposed, and left his body no one knows where.

A later dispatch says he escaped and the officers now have him.

CHICAGO, 7.—The *Tribune's* Washington special says: The last House reduced the pay of the superintendent of the railway mail service from \$4,000 to \$3,500, cut off his assistant and cut off the allowance for his incidental traveling expenses. Consequently Vail, the superintendent, last month spent more in traveling than his salary amounted to, and will place his resignation in the hands of Postmaster General Key. The latter is reluctant to accept it, but it does not appear that he can arrange for any increase in the compensation and Vail is very apt to retire.

NEW YORK, 8.—The *Herald's* Omaha correspondent interviewed the Chinese commissioner. Referring to the Chinese labor question of California, the correspondent was told the minister would pay no attention to that but would deal with it as he should deem proper, in case it came before him officially. The Chinese residents of the city were overjoyed at his arrival. They see in it the evidence of better times in the future. They will be better protected from hoodlum depredations. They will have recourse to law when insulted and stoned. Having a minister from their own government at Washington, and a consul in their midst, they will have at least the form, if not the substance, of protection.

The *Sun's* Washington special, on the possible renomination of Grant by the republicans, says: The scheme requires delicate political engineering. Money alone can furnish the driving power, and that money, the knowing ones aver, is to be forthcoming. They point with pride to Mackey's Oriental reception of Grant in Paris. They say the silver and railroad kings of Nevada and California are alarmed. They fancy that the labor reformers will despoil them of their wealth. Mackey makes no secret of his fears, and Stanford, Crocker, Heyward, Jones, Sharon, and others are prepared to follow his footsteps. With Grant in the chair at the White House, they think their accumulations would be secure. No constitutional barriers would stand in his way when his friends were in danger. He has frequently used the army without authority, and would not scruple to do so again. In a conversation, in Virginia City last spring, Mackey is reported to have said: "I will give a million dollars to secure Grant the republican nomination, and another million to compass his election. And once in the White

House, I will give a million to keep him there for life." He added: "This might seem strange talk, but I will put up the money, knowing it to be a good investment." A man ought to insure his house against fire. Grant is the insurance company for the Pacific railroad robbers, land-grabbers and manipulators of the mineral lands and they are prepared to take large blocks of stock in him.

A very large gathering of representative citizens attended the reception and dinner at the St. Nicholas Hotel, last evening. The affair signaled the renovation and refurnishing of the hotel by the new proprietor, Uriah Welsch.

NORTHAMPTON, Mass., 8.—Vernon Bros. paper mill, at Paper Mill village, was burned, this morning; loss \$112,000; insured \$100,000.

BOSTON, 8.—The case of Royal B. Corant, the defaulting cashier of the Elliot National Bank, came up this morning, on continuance. Corant was arraigned, and waiting an examination was held in \$20,000 for the September term of the District Court.

The committee appointed, yesterday, to receive subscriptions for the reorganization of the Boston Betting Company, held a meeting this morning. A subscription book was opened and \$100,000 was at once placed upon it by parties from Boston, Lynn, and other places, the largest single subscription being \$50,000.

CHICAGO, 8.—Two fire engines collided at six o'clock this morning, killing fireman George Ran and badly injuring fireman Shaughnessy.

SAN FRANCISCO, 8.—A letter received from Honolulu, says: The French bark *Calcutta* went ashore on the Island of Huanis, one of the Society group, on June 23d. She is a total loss. The Captain of the bark committed suicide. No other lives were lost.

NEW ORLEANS, 8.—Seventeen cases of fever have occurred at Port Eads. Of these one died, one recovered and fifteen are under treatment. Being seized with panic the engineer and gang foreman took a boat yesterday for Mobile, and all the laborers left, many of them coming to this city. Two on arriving here reported sick, and were admitted to the Charity Hospital. Work at the jetties is reported as entirely suspended. The lighthouse keeper, his wife and daughter are down with fever.

HELENA, M. T., 8.—There is no truth in the report that Ten Days' band of Bannacks had left the agency with hostile intent. They are proceeding under an escort of United States troops to the Buffalo country. It is claimed that there are no provisions at the agency. They have been subsisting on rabbits and squirrels. One of their number, caught stealing some things from a ranch at Beaver Head Cañon, was shot and killed by a party on the lookout for the thief. Considerable excitement is thus caused through the uncertainty as to how the Bannacks might regard the deed. Ten Day was notified of the occurrence, and on seeing the remains of the thief, said: "He was a bad Indian; bury him."

BAKER CITY, Oregon, 8.—A courier has arrived at Wheaton's headquarters with a dispatch from Col. M. Miller, commanding officer at the Malheur agency, stating that yesterday 85 hostile Snakes—28 warriors, the balance women and children—came into the agency and surrendered, and that Ols, the leading spirit since Egan's death, was desirous of surrendering himself and band. The courier states that shortly after leaving the agency he saw from 100 to 150 Indians going into the agency, which was very probably Ols and his party. If so, the present campaign in this vicinity is virtually over.

SAN FRANCISCO, 8.—The schooner *S. aghound*, from Ounalaska, reports that on the 1st of May news was received at Ounalaska that portions of a vessel were found at Cook's Inlet, last year, supposed to be the schooner *San Diego* from descriptions of portions of the wreck and the letter "D" on a piece of board. No tidings of the crew. The schooner *San Diego*, Captain Bishop master, sailed hence for Sitka, March 31st, 1877.

NEW YORK, 9.—The *Graphic* says: The advance in the freight rates of the Union Pacific railroad from \$6 per 100 weight for first-class freight to \$12, as recently ordered and now practically in effect, has created no little indignation among

the merchants and large shippers of this and other cities. A gentleman, prominently identified with one of the largest wholesale grocery firms in the east, said, this morning, that it was one of the most outrageous acts that the present managers in the Pacific Railroad, had perpetrated. Six dollars per 100 pounds, the rates that were formerly exacted, were hard enough on shippers, but now that the rate had been doubled, he was at a loss to know what profits would be left to those who were compelled to patronize the line. It was his impression that the new schedule had been promulgated by Gould simply to enable him to get from the merchants and business men what he had failed to secure from Congress. He had everything in his hands, however, and it was a difficult matter to say what would or could be done to remedy it.

Mr. Ham, managing clerk for Sidney Dillon, president of the Union Pacific railroad, said, this morning, that the advance in freight rates of that line had been made simply to protect the company, and had not been brought about for any desire on the part of Gould or Dillon to squeeze the merchants and shippers. Heretofore the interests of the road had been grievously injured by firm-shipping their bulky freight in clipper and by the Pacific Mail steamers, leaving the road the sole only, in the shape of light freights, such as dry goods, silks, etc. He knew there had been no little growling by the merchants, but said that could not be helped. The company, by way of compromise, would forward all freight at the old rates, providing their patrons would sign an agreement to continue their business with the road throughout the year. This he thought was perfectly fair, although it would prove an injury not only to the owners of clipper, but to the Pacific Mail Steamship Co. In referring to the latter, he said the agreement between it and the Union Pacific, on the freight question, which had been in force more than a year, would terminate on the 1st of September, notice to that effect having been served on Dillon last month. He did not believe that the contract would be renewed.

Babcock, President of the Pacific Mail Steamship Co., when spoken to regarding the contract that had been binding between the two companies, acknowledged that it would soon end. He believed, however, that it would be renewed. He declined to make public its provisions, as he thought it was a matter that concerned only the contracting parties, and could not say positively that the freight rates would be advanced. The prevailing opinion among merchants and business men is, that the two companies will join hands again, and that they will act in harmony on the freight question.

An officer of the Panama Railroad intimated that he did not care a fig what either of these companies did so long as the Pacific Mail Company completely paid up its monthly installment of \$70,000 for the use of the road. If the Pacific mail parties had a mind to act independently of Gould and Dillon, and fix their own rates, he thought they would be the gainers in the end.

The *World's Cincinnati* special says: Considerable excitement was occasioned here by the discovery, that a manufacturer in this city is engaged in making a large quantity of hand-grenades. The *Enquirer* reporter called on him, to-day, and was informed that he was making them, but whether they were for the Communists or not he declined to say. He said, however, that he had already received an order for 26,000 from California parties, that was all he knew or wanted to know. It is suspected that the grenades are for the Communists of this section.

A letter recently received by an officer of the socialistic labor party here, from a leader of the Communists in Pennsylvania, said that the Communists there were armed with hand grenades and prepared for effective work when the time would come.

PHILADELPHIA, 9.—Wm. Revel, a retired negro minstrel, was fatally shot in a bar room fight, last night, by James M. Lamone, well known in the same profession.

CHARLESTON, S. C., 9.—In the United States court, yesterday, 138 illicit distillers plead guilty, with the understanding that judgment would be suspended, and they no more violate the law.

DUNELLEN, N. J., 9.—In accordance with the programme of the Miners' National organization, it has been agreed that a general strike shall be made on or about the 15th inst. The trouble in the coal regions of Pennsylvania will be started, in all probability, in the Lehigh region. The cause is the operators refusing to raise the wages.

## FOREIGN.

LONDON, 7.—A Russian magazine exploded to-day at Fratesti, Roumania, killing numbers of persons and doing great damage to property.

At Cyprus fever is increasing alarmingly. Forty members of one of the British regiments have been attacked.

Three thousand Montenegrins have joined the insurgents in Herzegovina. There are indications of an intention to proclaim a holy war in Bosnia.

A Vienna dispatch says: The Porte has given special instructions throughout the provinces not to oppose the Austrian advance.

A Vienna dispatch says: Caratheodori Pasha has confidentially confessed that his latest instructions were to insist upon fixing a limit to the Austrian occupation of Turkish provinces, consequently he had no prospect but that of quitting Vienna unsuccessful.

A Pera dispatch says: That two delegates from the Rhodope insurgents have sent a memorial to Minister Layard, signed by the chiefs of 200 villages, declaring they will resist to the last man, the enforcement of the decision of the Berlin congress.

HAVANA, 7.—Cuban merchants and planters to-day filed an address to the King of Spain, laying before him the injury inflicted by the island and Spanish vessel owners by the high duty levied on sugars in Spain.

PARIS, 7.—The *Estafete* states: That in consequence of the complaint of a Russian naval officer that the vessel purchased in the United States for 700,000 roubles for a volunteer fleet, was not worth half that amount, and inquiry was ordered, resulting in the discovery that of 3,500,000 roubles subscribed to the volunteer fleet fund, more than half of the sum found its way into the pockets of the organizers.

ATHENS, 6.—A telegram from Cauea states: That the British consul has informed the Cretan Assembly that Great Britain will endeavor to obtain a reformed system of government. The Cretan consul strongly urged the Cretans to abstain from acts of hostility. The latter still retain their defensive positions.

MONTREAL, 7.—Oland's brewery was burned to-day; the loss is not stated; insurance \$33,000.

LONDON, 8.—A Bucharest dispatch says: By the explosion of the Russian magazine at Fratesti, yesterday, 55 persons were killed and 31 injured.

It is stated that the Right Hon. E. Forster, the well known liberal leader, will visit America in the autumn.

A Ragusa dispatch says: Suleiman Pasha, with 1,500 Asiatic troops, is shut up in Trebinje. He will not allow the insurgents to enter the town, fearing a massacre of the Turkish authorities. Fifteen hundred Bosnian regular troops have deserted from Trebinje and joined the insurgents at Dubrovo.

PARIS, 8.—The *Constitutionnel*, the Bonapartist organ, announces that a marriage has been arranged between Prince Louis Napoleon, son of the Emperor Napoleon III and the Princess Thyra, third daughter of Christian IX, King of Denmark. The date of the marriage is not yet fixed. The *Constitutionnel* adds: "It is stated that this marriage will be made the occasion of a beneficial revision of the treaty of Prague." The Princess Thyra is sister of the Princess of Wales.

The cabmen of Paris who, to the number of 4,500, are on a strike, will hold a general meeting to-night.

HAVRE, 8.—The dory *Nautilus*, from Beverly, Mass., June 12th, has arrived here, having accomplished the passage in 26 days. The *Nautilus* will be taken to the Paris Exposition.

VIENNA, 8.—The result of the Hungarian election is known in 184 election districts, and show that 116 liberals are supporters of the present government, 34 of the united opposition, and 21 of the extreme left, have been elected. Herr Tissia, chief of the Hungarian min-

istry, will probably be returned from some constituency, where a second ballot is necessary. It is thought his defeat by the radicals of Debreczin will have the effect of making him adhere more firmly to the moderate wing of the liberal party.

LONDON, 8.—A Vienna dispatch, speaking of Austria's occupation of the Turkish provinces, says: The respectable portion of the inhabitants everywhere have welcomed the Austrians, and only the lower classes and some disordered troops have joined the insurrection. In view of the insurrectionary movement and agitation in Serbia and Montenegro, the Austrian government intends a further mobilization of forces, to have in reserve an additional army corps ready for active service.

Great annoyance is felt in official quarters at the unfortunate Maglaj affair, the Austrian losses being considered due to manifest carelessness.

PARIS, 8.—The project for a commercial treaty between France and America, which was referred to last night, is embraced in the memorial to the United States Congress, and the French Chambers; but it is expressly stated that this project is simply offered as a basis for discussion. The project provides that either country shall give to the other the same commercial advantages given the most favored nations; provides the conditions of a assessment of *ad valorem* duties at shipping points; provides for a revision of the American tariff on French products; stipulates that if either nation imposes a domestic duty upon its own productions the same duty may be imposed on that of the other party to the treaty; guarantees reciprocal rights to the citizens of the respective countries in the ownership of commercial marks, emblems and stamps. The treaty is to last ten years.

TORONTO, 8.—Belleville and Norwood were visited this afternoon by very heavy storms, accompanied by thunder and hail, and great damage was done to the crops. In Norwood houses and barns were levelled and several persons severely injured.

LONDON, 9.—The Russians have begun to occupy Varna.

A proclamation has been issued in Herzegovina announcing that all persons who offer resistance to the Austrians, will be tried by drum-head court-martial.

A dispatch from Rome says: The Pope and council of cardinals have decided to accept Bismarck's proposals.

The report of the appointment of Cardinal Nina as Secretary of State is confirmed.

A Vienna dispatch says: Caratheodori Pasha, yesterday, received fresh instructions of a conciliatory character and communicated them to Count Andrassy.

It is stated that the foreign ambassadors have induced the Porte to withdraw the circular he had prepared on the Greek question, and to substitute one more conciliatory.

Ernest Gye, operatic manager, and Mile Albina, the American prima donna, were married, on Tuesday, at the Roman Catholic chapel in Warwick Street. The affair was very private, the nearest relatives only being present.

## Perils of the Telephone.

The telephone may prove a dangerous matter for some folks. One of our leading merchants, whose home is not a thousand miles from Brooklyn, and who occasionally luxuriates in his leisure hours in mechanical and philosophical experiments, put up the other day an excellent telephone at his residence, connecting the parlor with the rear of the house. On a certain evening, while he was at work at one end of the instrument, there were a couple of young bucks being entertained in the parlor by the young ladies of the family, and one of them, whose wish may have been father to the thought, spoke—just for the fun of the thing, of course—at the instrument. The quiet old gentleman received at his end of the wire this complimentary message: "Old Mr. Watkins, isn't it most time you went to bed?"

The young sauce box in the parlor nearly jumped from the floor at the reply that came back: "Yes, sir; and quite time you went home, young man!"—*Editor's Drawer, in Harper's Magazine for August.*