

BY TELEGRAPH.

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AMERICAN

WASHINGTON, 22.—The day following that on which the Supreme Court decided the civil rights bill unconstitutional, Fred. Douglass, Prof. Gregory, Hon. J. M. Langston and other prominent colored men of the District of Columbia, called a meeting of colored people to consider the decision of the Court and the future of the colored race, as affected by that decision. To-night in response to the call there was an assemblage of more than 3,000 people. J. M. Gregory presided, and Fred. Douglass, Col. Robert Ingersoll, Judge Shellabarger, and the Rev. Dr. Rankin made speeches.

Col. Ingersoll spoke at great length. He thought the decision unworthy of the Supreme Court. The only resource of the colored people was in the ballot box. He requested them not to blame the republican party for the decision until they saw whether or not it would endorse the action of the court.

Resolutions were adopted declaring among other things that it is the duty of all lovers of their country and all friends of justice to see to it that the full and equal protection of the laws is offered to every citizen; that the republican party should be held to the enforcement of its demand for complete liberty and equality.

The signal service will no doubt adopt the new time standard for railways.

DENVER, 22. A Republican Roister, Colorado, special says: Last night, two Mexicans, names unknown, went to a house near Gardner, where a dance was going on. While standing outside they fired several shots into the house, killing two Mexicans, one of whom was the owner of the house, and two white men, one the son of a prominent citizen of this city. Intense excitement prevails. The sheriff, with a posse, is in hot pursuit. Lynching is probable.

New York, 22.—Mrs. Louisa Doherty, 25 years of age, to-night attempted to kill herself and her five-year-old child, by cutting the throat of the latter and severing the arteries of her own wrist. Both will probably die.

Macon, Ga., 22.—News is received of a bloody affair in Wilkinson county. A negro named Joe Holden, hunting, discovered another negro butchering a hog belonging to a white man named Clay. Holden reported the fact to Clay, who, with Holden and two white men, armed with double-barrelled shotguns, went to the house of the thief, who not being at home, his wife refused to tell his whereabouts. Clay knocked her down. Two sons of the negro woman and an ex-convict named Cooper armed themselves, pursued the white party, and overtaking them, fired, killing Holden instantly. Clay returned the fire, killing Dick Cooper and wounding the other two.

Provincetown, Mass., 22.—A heavy northeast squall struck the fishing fleet off this port last night. A number of vessels were damaged. The schooner Ellen McCrosby, of Gloucester, lost eight men.

Bacon, N. J., 22.—The drying room of the American Powder Company was destroyed last night by the explosion of 15,000 pounds of powder. Martin T. Butts, foreman, was fatally injured. Loss, \$25,000.

Middleville, Mich., 21.—During a fire three men and a boy were buried beneath falling walls and burned to death.

Fort Edward, N. Y., 22.—Train 78 at Glenn Falls, a branch of the Delaware & Hudson River, went through the bridge over Glen Falls, a feeder to Champlain Canal, eighty rods north of Fort Edward. The engine crossed the bridge, but the baggage and passenger cars went down into the water a total wreck. Three were killed and one fatally injured; four seriously injured internally; sixteen injured slightly. Every person on the train was injured except one newsboy.

New York, 22, 4:15 p.m.—The steamship *Heimdal*, reported on fire, has arrived in the lower bay. She has on board three cabin and 300 steerage passengers. She reports that on the evening of October 21st smoke was discovered coming up from the lower main hold. Steam was turned on to keep the fire down. The cause of the fire is not ascertained. The people on board are not now in peril, having landed at Castle Garden.

El Paso, Texas, 22.—Dr. Tarres,

of the medical department of the Mexican army, left Chihuahua yesterday, having received telegraphic orders to join the escort sent to Galego Station on the Mexican Central railway by the authorities at Casa Grandes. There has been a skirmish between the Indians and Mexicans at that place. The Indians were driving away part of the cavalry herds when they were pursued by the other portion of the cavalry. A fight ensued. It is not known how many were killed, but several, nor is it known which side was victorious. Dr. Tarres was sent for to attend the wounded.

San Francisco, 22.—No new cases of yellow fever.

A. F. Andrade, a Mexican from Guaymas, says that when he left six days ago yellow fever of a most virulent type was still prevailing in that city, notwithstanding all reports to the contrary. Among the latest victims was Col. Correa of the Mexican army. He says the fever was originally brought there from Panama.

At Hermosillo the disease is still raging. The number of deaths has been much greater than reported. Among the poor class the distress is fearful, and to add to the suffering food was scarce and dear.

A French paper says to-night: It is reported that some hot-headed Irishmen will make demonstrations hostile to the Marquis of Lansdowne. It affects, however, not to believe the rumor, and says it hopes its Irish friends will have more sense. It moreover calls upon all French Canadians to rally around the new Governor, whose mother, it says, was a French woman. This is the sole reference made thus far in the city press to any anticipations of trouble.

Leading Irishmen, upon being interviewed, ridicule any fear of trouble. On the other hand, there is a rumor of an indignation meeting being held up the Cove to night, against the new governor, by the Irish residents.

A reporter, who visited the locality in question, could glean no such information, however.

New York, 23.—Bar silver, 10 1/2 @ 1/2; Central Pacific, 88 1/2; Burlington, 23 1/2; Northern Pacific, 27 1/2; Northwestern, 20 1/2; New York Central, 16 1/2; Pacific Mail, 36 1/2; Panama, 98; St. Louis and San Francisco, 22 1/2; Wabash, 18 1/2; Texas Pacific, 20 1/2; Union Pacific, 88 1/2; Wells Fargo Express, 12; Western Union, 75 1/2.

St. Louis, 23.—An accident occurred this morning on the Louisville & Nashville passenger train from Louisville, six miles from East St. Louis, where it struck a broken rail. Two passenger and two sleeper coaches, which were both crowded, tipped over and were dragged along a short distance, when the coupling broke. The scene was terrible, and reports place the number injured at over 40, but only one fatally.

Later.—The number of injured is 37, but of these only 10 are badly hurt, and one fatally.

New York, 23.—The Mace, Davies Combination of Pugilists sailed to-day for England. Mace has renewed his challenge to spar with Sullivan.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., 23.—A collision between a passenger train and the pay car special, on the Arkansas branch of the Santa Fe road, was reported last night. It occurred near Winfield. The fireman was dangerously injured. Both trains were badly damaged. Passengers impute the fault to the train dispatcher.

WILKESBARRE, Penn., 23.—An explosion took place this afternoon at J. H. Smith's squib factory in Kingston. At the time of the accident nine girls were at work. Five were reported burned to a crisp, the other four were seriously injured and cannot recover. The cause of the explosion is yet unknown.

CLEVELAND, O., 23.—Jno. L. Glidden, secretary of the Republican Iron Company has failed. The company filed claims against him for upwards of \$111,000, on which he confessed judgment. As security the company holds his stock, the market value of which is about one-quarter of a million dollars, but it is understood that considerable of this is in pledge for other debts. The indebtedness to the company is for ore purchased on his own account and sold to other parties. The Republican Iron Company is in no way affected.

TROY, N. Y., 23.—The wounded in the Fort Edward Bridge disaster are doing well and will probably recover. The bridge has been considered unsafe for some time. A stringer had given way. The company say much heavier engines and

trains have passed over it during the Lake George travel last summer.

Lima, 23.—At 8 o'clock this morning General Lynch left for Barranca, where he has established his general quarters. At 10 Gen. Iglesias entered Lima as president.

Quebec, 23.—The Marquis Lansdowne has been sworn into office with considerable pomp and ceremony. The enthusiasm of the populace was very great. The Governor General landed about 10 and drove to the department building, escorted by his military staff. The programme was strictly adhered to.

WASHINGTON, 23.—The following changes have been ordered in the Quartermaster's department of the army: Col. J. D. Bingham, relieved from duty in the Department of the Missouri, and ordered to San Francisco, Major James Gilles, relieved from duty at Fortress Monroe and ordered to the Department of the Missouri.

E. Fisk, of Helena, Montana, has resigned his position of postmaster.

District Attorney Corkhill has written a letter with a view of stopping the practices of dishonest pension claimants. He expresses the wish that all soldiers or other parties having copies of descriptive circulars from agents in this city, or knowledge of any fraudulent transactions on their part, should send him full information, so that each case may be shaped by special agents for legal prosecution. He says Attorney General Brewster has promised the earnest co-operation of the Department of Justice and all its officers. Many of the cases of fraud are heartrending; maimed, decrepit soldiers, widows and orphans, pay their pittance to agents who merely file applications to enable them to collect money from their deluded clients. If the present law is inadequate to prevent such transactions, Congress should provide an efficient remedy. If nothing else were accomplished by the investigation, it would, at least, warn soldiers and their widows and orphans of their danger, and prevent in future their being swindled of their money; and it will vindicate honest agents from unjust suspicion.

DENVER, 23.—News' Leadville: At the Printer Boy boarding house this morning, Frank Gallagher, a miner, shot dead James B. Garvin, another miner. The circumstances leading to the killing were as follows: Gallagher recently married a comely young woman, concerning whom Garvin repeatedly made insulting remarks. The two men boarded in the same house, and meeting at breakfast this morning, after a few hot words Garvin pulled a revolver, which was the signal for a general fusillade, both emptying their revolvers. Garvin was hit several times, and soon expired; Gallagher was untouched; he surrendered to the officers.

Atlanta, 23.—The Banks county Ku-klux trial began to-day. Calvin Bush testified that a mob stripped him and gave him 175 lashes. Witnesses undressed and showed the scars. Ben Sanders testified he was shot three times and left for dead.

Jamaica, Vt., 23.—Morton G. Clark and Charles W. Stone are arrested on a charge of counterfeiting. They belonged to an organization of 23 young persons, with a complete counterfeiting outfit, which was seized, with a quantity of spurious coin.

San Francisco, 23.—Inspectors Hanscom and Skelton, of the Boston police, arrived to-day with a requisition from Governor Butler for C. D. Dewey alias Calpert, the celebrated bill of lading forger, from Boston and Montreal. On the arrival of the officers they attached the \$1,700 found in Dewey's possession, but found the money had been already assigned to General Barcos, prisoner's counsel. The inspectors expect to leave with Dewey for Boston tomorrow, unless a habeas corpus is interposed.

Cincinnati, 23.—Belpre, Ohio, special: A boiler exploded at the pump factory this afternoon; nine persons were injured, four will probably die.

Minneapolis, Minn., 23.—Tribune's Miles City, Montana: Thirteen of the older and smaller business houses of this place burned last night. The flames were finally checked by blowing up buildings with gunpowder. The remainder of the business section had a narrow escape. Loss and insurance not known.

Later.—Loss on buildings, \$35,000; loss on stocks and fixtures, \$40,000; insurance less than \$20,000.

St. Louis, 23.—The immense med-

icine factory, packing house and offices of Dr. J. H. McLean, corner of Broadway and Biddle Streets, caught fire a little after 11 o'clock to-night, and at midnight were pretty nearly destroyed. The fire is now burning adjoining property, and promises to sweep down most of the block between Biddle and Carr Streets.

Loss on McLean's buildings \$50,000, and may run higher. The large agricultural implement warehouse adjoining the rear of McLean's building, fronting on Collins Street, was also destroyed. The loss cannot be ascertained to-night. The burned property on Broadway, south of McLean's was not valuable, and the loss will be light. It cannot be got at to-night.

Youngstown, O., 23.—At Wampau, Pa., a piece of ground claimed by the Pittsburgh, Cleveland & Toledo road, and by the Pennsylvania road, is in the possession of the former, who have it fortified and garrisoned by twenty men. The Pennsylvania Company sent 50 men to-day to seize it. There was skirmishing all day. Both sides sent for reinforcements.

There was a disturbance to-day also west of this city, where the dispute is with the Eagle Furnace. Tracklayers were assaulted by workmen from the furnace, but they were driven off.

No one appears to know the exact cause of the explosion in the squib factory, but it is believed they had been burning wood in the stove, and a spark blown out of the stove fired a keg of powder. Eight children, ranging from 11 to 16, are all seriously injured. Mattie James whose body is crisp and filled with powder, is dying; Mary Quinn, blackened and burned to a crisp, will die; Hattie Moss had her feet burned and was blown into the creek, but will recover; John Evans, so badly burned, has since died; James Steele, burned to a crisp, will die; Lizzie Edward, seriously burned, may recover; Mattie Morris, a terrible mass of scarified flesh is dying; Johnny James, terribly burned but may recover. It is expected four of the injured will die before morning.

San Francisco, 23.—A circular letter signed by all the railroad freight managers of lines west of the Missouri river, except the Northern Pacific has been addressed to the merchants of the Pacific Coast, to the effect that if the present rates on through freights be cut by the Northern Pacific, or if that road should offer to shippers rates lower than those specified in their special contracts, such reductions would promptly be met by other lines, no matter how low the Northern Pacific might go.

Harrisburg, Pa., 23.—The Lackawanna & Western Railroad Company has absorbed the Pennsylvania Company of the same name, and articles of merger are filed. Among the directors of the new road are Jay Gould, Samuel Sloan, Wm. E. Dodge, Geo. Bliss, Sidney Dillon, Sage and John F. Dillon, of New York.

Chicago, 23.—A new freight tariff was issued to-day by the Iowa pool lines on business from Chicago via Council Bluffs to points in Idaho and Montana. It makes the reductions rendered necessary by the competition of the Northern Pacific.

Passenger rates from Des Moines east are demoralized; a conference for the removal of the trouble will be held Thursday.

H. L. Shute has been appointed general freight agent of the Iowa Central Road.

BOSTON, 23.—The following address will be issued to-morrow by the old line Democrats: "Without abandoning our party, we believe Democratic success in future can be neither deserved nor achieved unless we free ourselves from the charge of supporting candidates who have lowered the standard of political morality. We appeal to your patriotism and sober common sense to oppose the re-election of Benj. F. Butler. Caring nothing for party or principle, he subordinates every public interest to his own aggrandizement. Should he be again elected, the democratic party of Massachusetts would be held responsible for his administrative acts and eccentric past and future. While no responsibility attaches to us for any acts of Mr. Robinson, such being our belief, we cannot hesitate to declare that we intend to do all that may be in our power to secure the defeat of Gen. Butler, and we urge all democrats to join with us in such action."

The *Herald* says it was announced on the best, but not on official authority, that S. A. Babbitt, nominated to the second place on the

Democratic State ticket, declines. Abbott informed his friends that he had no sympathy with Butler.

NEW YORK, 24.—It is stated that since the opening of the Oregon Trans-Continental books, 60,000 shares have been transferred and taken from the street.

Over \$30,000,000 of Northern Pacific preferred stock and proxies have already been secured for the cancellation of the loan.

James R. Keene will wheel right around to-morrow from the more stubborn and pronounced bear of the street to an outspoken bull. Mr. Keene himself acknowledged the fact last night. Two years ago he declared the market was going down and then took a stand as a bear in the face of Vanderbilt and Gould, and has maintained his position until to-day. In June last, rumors were plenty that Keene's house was ruined and that he was ready bankrupt without a dollar. It was said that he sold his house at Newport in order to get money to live on and leading brokers went so far as to refuse his business. This last movement is liable to influence the Northern Pacific to-morrow.

H. H. Anderson, of Wall Street, has obtained an injunction preventing the issue of Northern Pacific second mortgage bonds. It is understood that the Northern Pacific had consulted the best legal advice obtainable before taking a new second mortgage bond issue, and stated that no injunction could be obtained under the charter of the company if three-quarters of the present stockholders consent to issue it.

HANOVER, N. H., 24.—Snow has fallen here steadily since 6 o'clock this morning.

PHILADELPHIA, 24.—Committee on the state of the churches in the final report stated there are now in the Protestant Episcopal Church in the United States, 43 dioceses and 19 missionary jurisdictions, 67 bishops, 2,500 other clergy, 3,000 organized parishes, and more than 33,000 communicants.

WASHINGTON, 24.—An interview with General Rosecrans is published, in which he consents to be about the Chickamauga campaign. He claims that the battle of Chickamauga was a victory and now a feat for the Union Army. Stanton claimed to have received, the day after a dispatch from Rosecrans that the army was routed and destroyed. Of this dispatch Rosecrans says: "It is in existence with my name attached it is a base and infamous forgery. Stanton's hatred to me was malignant and unreasoning, and believe he was capable of perpetrating any infamy for my injury. I believe the dispatch, if there was one, was manufactured in the Department, and I think I know who did it."

General Rosecrans sacrifices Stanton's dislike to the fact that he cannot flatter the latter's desire to be President, for which he had an insane ambition. The General also declares that Garfield telegraphed him in '64, asking whether he would accept the second place on a ticket with Lincoln, and his reply was that the convention would take such action as it deemed proper. He believes this was intercepted by Stanton, as Garfield never mentioned it. He also declares it is his belief that Garfield proved false to many ways, and that he was a sense a man true to his friends.

Cincinnati, 24.—The Society of the Army of the Cumberland formed this morning at the Grand Opera House, to hold a business session. The Society was organized by its President, Gen. Sherman, who had Genl. Rosecrans on the right.

NEW YORK, 24.—Three suits were brought against the Northern Pacific Company to-day by Edsell, Hart & Fowler and person & Howland. The suits are to prevent the issue of the new second mortgage ground taken is the original incorporation prohibiting the company from making any mortgage, or issuing any bonds without the consent of Congress. Congress gave its consent in '70 that the company might sue construction bonds and use them by mortgage. Under the consent Jay Cooke's mortgage was made which was subsequently foreclosed.

The position taken by the plaintiffs is that the authority of Congress once exercised, was exhausted, and could not be repeated. An order show cause, with a stay, was granted in two suits, and the argument will be heard Nov. 1st. Official