

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., July 11.—A fire broke out this morning in old Ben Holiday's stone mansion on Ophir farm about three miles from this place, now owned by Whitclaw Reid of the Tribune. The building was one of the famous landmarks in Westchester County, having been standing for over 200 years. Last year Reid purchased the place from the estate of John Roach and commenced the reuniting of the interior upon a magnificent scale. The dining room, 50 x 23, was finished in fine hard wood with heavy carvings over the doors of clusters of fruit and various kinds of game. The frescoing of the fourteen rooms on the first floor were magnificent. There were in all fifty-four large rooms in the castle, which were all finished and decorated. The origin of the fire is not definitely known, but it is a defective flue or the presence of electric light wires. The loss on the building will reach nearly \$500,000; insured for about two-thirds of this amount. The question of rebuilding the castle will be determined in the future, after the walls which are still standing, are examined.

PITTSBURG, July 14.—The great iron lockout is partially over and before the end of next week a general resumption of the mills is expected. There are still firms in the Manufacturers' Association that have not granted the demands of the workmen, but it seems probable they will sign early next week.

NEBRASKA CITY, July 14.—The Burlington officers claim to have unearthed a plot by the striking engineers to blow up the new bridge over the Missouri with dynamite. The dynamite has been located and the parties in possession of it are under surveillance, and will be arrested when sufficient evidence is adduced. The officers claim dynamite was shipped to Plattsmouth for a similar purpose.

COLUMBUS, O., July 14.—The State Board of Pardons tonight refused to make any recommendation on the application of Blinkey Morgan for the commutation of his sentence to imprisonment for life. He will hang August 30th.

HUTCHINSON, Kansas, July 14.—A cowboy walked into the bank of La Junta at 1:20 this afternoon and covering Rufus Phillips, cashier, with a revolver, ordered him to drop all the funds of the bank into a bag he placed on the counter. The cashier complied with alacrity, and the daring robber at once mounted a horse and escaped. The amount of the loss is variously estimated at from \$1,000 to \$2,000. There is no clue to the robber.

KIEV, July 14.—The Emperor arrived here today en route to meet the Czar. The Emperor drove through the town to the harbor and was greeted with great enthusiasm. The streets were gaily decorated. The Emperor alighted from the carriage at Barbarossa bridge and entered the man-of-war's boat which took him to the yacht *Hohenzollern*. As he boarded the vessel the squadron fired salutes and the yards were manned. The merchant vessels in the harbor were decorated with flags. After the different vessels of the fleet had gotten under way and sailed past the Imperial yacht that vessel also put to sea. The parade of the fleet was a splendid spectacle. The maneuvers were executed with admirable precision and were watched by thousands of persons from the shore and from the decks of vessels. Several private steamers accompanied the fleet to sea.

CINCINNATI, July 14.—The grand jury made its final report today, returning fifteen indictments. It is generally understood that they include R. A. McDonald for perjury in connection with his suit against the C. & D. railroad, and Henry S. Ives, George H. Stayner and E. W. Woodruff for embezzlement in connection with their disposal of the securities of the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton railroad, when Stayner was president, Ives vice-president, and Woodruff treasurer.

TORONTO, July 14.—Argument in the Moore *habeas corpus* case was completed before Judge Guthrie today, and he took the case under advisement.

COLUMBIA, S. C., July 14.—At the reunion of the confederate soldiers in Lexington County on Wednesday, two brothers named Reedy forced a quarrel upon Manuel Williams, who in self defense shot and instantly killed one of the brothers and stabbed the other through the heart.

BALTIMORE, July 15.—This morning twenty men were on an excursion in the schooner *Lancelots*. Down the bay, off North Point, about ten of the party got into a yawl to go ashore and bathe. The boat capsized and Frank Veasax, aged 57, Wm. Funn, aged 30, and Joseph Lutz, aged 27, were drowned. The bodies were not recovered.

DUBLIN, July 15.—A Papal encyclical letter was read today in all the Catholic churches in the diocese of Dublin. In it the Pope says he has heard with regret that excited meetings continue to be held at which inconsiderate and dangerous opinions regarding the recent papal decree have been uttered, even the authority of the decree itself being unsparingly. He has seen with pain a forced interpretation put on the decree, and statements made that it was prepared without sufficient inquiry having previously been made. The pope, strongly denying this assumption, states the decree was based upon the most complete information; that previous to its issuance he held interviews with Irish bishops on the subject, and sent a tried and trusted delegate to Ireland

to inquire into and report the true condition of affairs. His holiness reiterates his affection for the Irish people, and says he has always urged them to keep within the bounds of justice and right. He refers to the communication to Cardinal McCabe in 1887, adding: "As the people were led on with a gradually increasing vehemence in pursuit of their desires, and as there were not wanting those who fanned the flames, the decree became a necessity."

Bishops, he said, must remove all misconception, and leave no room for doubt as to the force of the decree. The whole system of the plan of campaign and boycotting is unlawful.

A letter from Archbishop Walsh of Dublin, which accompanied the Pope's letter was also read.

The archbishop says the agitation referred to is now ended under resolutions recently adopted by the bishops. Hope has arisen within the past few days that before the close of the present session, parliament would provide for the more urgent needs of the hour. The people may await in peace fuller legislation at the next session.

The encyclical letter is dated June 24. It causes intense dissatisfaction. At Bray the people left the church during its reading.

CALCUTTA, July 15.—The Thibicans have resumed their advance with a strong force, through the Jalop Pass.

VIENNA, July 15.—Queen Natalie has sent to the Serbian premier a letter, in which she says: "I now insist upon being told of what crime I have been guilty. I have no reason to be afraid of the fullest light being thrown upon both my political and private life."

VIENNA, July 15.—Queen Natalie, of Serbia, has sent an agent to Florence to prepare a residence for her in that city.

YUMA, Ariz., July 15.—George Stephenson, who was postmaster, express agent, telegraph operator and station agent at Glamis, was murdered there yesterday. Pedro Jones, a Mexican youth, aged about 15 years, has confessed to the murder. The deed was committed for the purpose of robbery.

MONTREAL, July 15.—A mass meeting of workmen, held last night, condemned the landing in Canada of undesirable immigrants, and called upon the government to put a stop to the practice by imposing a fine of \$1,000 for each offense upon any steamship bringing such people into Canada.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 16.—Representative Bankhead of Alabama today reported favorably from the committee on public buildings and grounds, the Senate bill for the erection of a public building at Salt Lake City, Utah, with an amendment increasing the appropriation for the purpose from \$125,000 to \$200,000. In submitting the report on the bill, the committee says: "We are assured on all sides that without distinction of classes or creeds, the people of Utah are working together for the advancement of their material interests, and that the dissensions which once existed are rapidly giving place to good feeling. It is desirable to encourage this disposition, and especially while the government is enforcing vigorously the law against one class of people, to show by its liberality in its expenditures in the erection of public buildings, that it has the material interests of all at heart."

WASHINGTON, July 16.—In the House today, at the suggestion of Mills of Texas, it was agreed that a vote should be taken on the free wool clause of the tariff bill at 1 o'clock today.

PARIS, July 16.—Bishop Freppel introduced a bill in the Chamber of Deputies today, abolishing duelling, and demanded urgency for the measure. In the course of his remarks introducing the bill, the Bishop referred particularly to the recent encounter between Floquet and General Boulanger. The demand for urgency was rejected by the Chamber.

COPP'S LAND REVIEW.

Woman's Rights Under the Homestead Laws.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 1, 1888.

Editor Deseret News:

Unmarried women, widows, maidens and deserted wives, who are over the age of twenty-one years, are entitled to all the rights, privileges and benefits under the homestead laws that can be enjoyed by men.

The mother of a living child or children, whether widow, deserted wife or unfortunate single person may acquire title to land as the head of a family, though under the age of twenty-one.

Widows of deceased entrymen succeed to the rights of their husbands and may make final proof and take title in their own names. It is not absolutely necessary that they should reside upon the land after the death of the husband, as residence or cultivation for the prescribed time is all that is demanded of widows and minor heirs.

The widow of a person who served for ninety days or more during the war of the Rebellion in the United States army, navy or marine corps and died without making an entry, may make an entry the same as her husband, if living, might do, and in making final proof receive credit in lieu of residence on the land for the period of the husband's service, not to exceed four years.

The deserted wife of a homestead entryman may make final proof as his agent and have patent issued in the name of her husband or she may con-

test his entry on the ground of abandonment of the claim and after cancellation, enter the land in her own name. The latter is the wiser course for many reasons.

An unmarried woman (widow or otherwise) having inflated an entry may marry without affecting her right to the land, provided she complies with the legal requirements. Should she marry prior to the time she might make her proof and perfect her claim, and leave the land to reside with her husband elsewhere, the entry would be liable to cancellation for abandonment—but not on account of the marriage.

Where a man and a woman each make a homestead entry and marry before making final proof, one of the entries must be relinquished, or commuted, at their choice. If they live together on one homestead, the entry covering the other homestead will be liable to contest for abandonment, even though the land be cultivated and improved. The homestead law requires three things to give final title, first, honest residence, second, good cultivation, to crops or otherwise, and third, fair improvements in the matter of buildings, fences and the like. Compliance with only one or two of these requirements will not satisfy the law. Full compliance with all three requirements must be satisfactorily shown for the entire period at the date when the final proof is made.

The daughter of a deceased soldier, sailor or marine, if otherwise qualified, may enter land in her own right, notwithstanding an entry may have been made by her guardian and perfected for her benefit, during her minority. She can thereby secure two homesteads.

A widow, as the legal representative of her deceased husband may continue to cultivate his homestead and at the same time make an entry in her own name. A woman has this advantage over a man. She can thus secure two homesteads while he is allowed only one.

The widow of a deceased entryman may purchase, under the act of June 15th, 1880, the land embraced in a homestead entry in cases where that act is applicable.

HENRY N. COPP.

AN IDOL OF HAVANA.

AN INTERESTING STORY OF A BRAVE CUBAN WOMAN.

I am a Cuban and I love Cuba, yet the extreme heat of some months of each year is unbearable. You remember the entrance to Havana harbor is guarded by Morro Castle. The garrison numbers about 200. Three years ago last June the temperature rose beyond all previous records and the suffering was intense. The authorities were dreading the possible invasion of Cuba's deadliest scourge—yellow fever. News came to the city of the breaking out of the fever at the castle. Immediately steps were taken for the complete isolation of the fort. No boats were allowed to land from the infected locality and none was brave enough to venture the casting of their lot with the garrison. At sunset each day we watched the gates open and the funeral corteges wind their way down the hill to the little garrison cemetery; we listened for the volleys of salute, their number denoting how many brave fellows had succumbed that day. One evening as we apathetically gazed across the water a boat shot forth from the pier of Havana. It was loaded to the gunwales with provisions and medicines, and none in that crowd needed to be told its destination. Our eyes then sought the guide of the little craft, and to our horror, saw the sole occupant was a woman. Then a universal shout of protest came—too late. She paused an instant from her rowing and silenced our murmurings with a wave of her small hand.

"I am alone," she said. "From all Havana not one regret will follow me. 'Tis better that I should go than a life upon whose tenure hangs the fate of others. Good-by."

We strained our eyes across the water; watched her strokes grow slower and slower, as the awful heat sapped her very life, and finally pause exhausted beneath Castle Morro's walls. Those faithful souls, brave and constant to the last, refused admission, though we could feel the hunger and longing expressed in their long-suffering eyes. At length faint resistance ceased—they eagerly came down to the welcome boat—fairly lifted their angel of mercy on waiting shoulders, and, followed by others bearing the medicine to which many poor fellows will owe their lives, are lost to our view within the castle walls.

The first effect we noted was in the reduction in the number of salutes over the soldiers' graves; then one blessed morning, when a breeze, all but cool, came straight from your northland the distress signal was hauled down, and again the royal flag of Spain floated proudly from the battlements, denoting all was well within. Instantly the bay was dotted with boats. We flocked to the castle and exchanged congratulations with the governor and badly decimated garrison. We learned that undoubtedly not a life would have been preserved had it not been for the brave maiden's timely succor. Now, there, gentlemen, is an incident of a land of heat.

"But what became of the girl?" anxiously inquired the Long Islander.

"She is the happy wife of the governor of the castle and is the idol of all Havana."—*Nashville American.*

Weather Predictions for 1888.

From now on until 1889 the weather will be somewhat changeable, various and eccentric. We may not all live to see it, but the weather will be there just the same.

Beware of the Fourth of July. Plant toy pistols in June, with light top dressing of rich guano and a copy of Walt Whitman's poems. Grand piano legs should be covered clear into July to prevent chilblains.

To those owing back subscriptions the year 1888 will be one of exceptional severity. Orders for ready made prayers should be handed into headquarters of the Salvation Army before the Fourth of July to do any good.

Cyclones, heat and lightning and sciatica will prevail in the upper lake regions, accompanied by great political depression in Ohio.

The leg drama will be suppressed west of the Mississippi river, and Texas dogs will slit their ears trying to run under a barbed-wire fence.

Lower range of morality in all large cities except Chicago. Reason obvious. Lord Tennyson will write a new poem, accompanied by a morbid tendency to suicide in New York, and a fine of \$10 to all who indulge in the pernicious practice.

Emancipation Proclamation first heard of in Philadelphia in June, and news of the death of Lincoln will reach there August 10, 1888. Big rise in the Mississippi river August 1, and \$98,000,000 of theirivand harbor appropriations swept away.

Talmage holds four aces and rakes the pot.

Republican National convention in Chicago nominates Private Dalzell and breaks up in a row.

President Cleveland goes fishing in July.

Charles A. Dana sits down on a cat.

Exploring expedition returns from the north pole, and sets out again after Mrs. Langtry.

The cat dies.

Great thaw in Senator Edmunds in August.

Winter will linger in the lap of spring until arrested by order of Anthony Comstock.

THEY ALL GOT MARRIED.—By one of those unexpected turns of fortune which occur in Albany as often as anywhere, a man who but half a dozen years ago was a hod carrier has become comparatively wealthy. This change of financial circumstances has had the usual effect upon the ex-hod carrier's wife, who enjoys decorating her adlopsi form with what she supposes to be the latest styles. She has also, notwithstanding an utter disability to read, affected a fine literary taste, which she ostentatiously announces whenever possible. Calling upon a lady whom she had been trying to make herself acquainted with, she picked up a book from the table, and, innocent of any knowledge that it was a copy of the Bible, asked the loan of it for a little time, as "she had not the book in her library." The lady readily consented. After keeping it about a fortnight her visitor returned the volume with profuse thanks. "How did you like it?" was asked. "Very well, indeed; but I knew how it would turn out before I was half through. They got married after all."—*Albany Journal.*

OBITUARY.

TWIGG.—Esther Twigg, relict of the late George Twigg, was born in Fishguard, Pembrokehire, 1838, and died in Salt Lake City July 11, 1888. She embraced the Gospel in her native town, being one of the first fruits of the same in the North Pembrokehire Conference, where she performed faithfully every duty that devolved upon her as a Latter-day Saint. Subsequently she with her husband removed to the South Pembrokehire conference, and settled in Sutton, a branch of the Church. There her keen sense of duty manifested itself, her house being a home for the Elders whenever they came that way. There she had the misfortune to bury her husband, whose faithful services will ever be cherished by his co-laborers in the Lord's vineyard. She continued faithful and with her daughter emigrated to Utah in the year 1856, where she lived an exemplary life, and went down like a stack of wheat ripe for the harvest. Funeral services were held in the Seventh Ward meeting-house, where those of her immediate acquaintances spoke of her faithfulness to the cause of God and her reliance in the hope of a glorious resurrection with the just. She leaves two daughters, seven grandchildren and nine great-grandchildren and a host of friends to mourn her loss.—[Com.]

Millennial Star, please copy.

DEATHS.

PALMER.—At Willowbend, Sevier County, June 26, 1888, of pneumonia, Willard Taylor son of Wm. M. Palmer and wife, aged 1 year, 8 months and 13 days. He was buried at Glenwood.

BECK.—At Chester, July 7, 1888, of sciatic rheumatism, Bertha Maria, wife of Hans C. H. Beck. Deceased was born in Aarhus County, Shaaide Jutland, Denmark, Dec. 30, 1841. The remains were interred at Mt. Pleasant.

BECK.—In this city, of inflammatory diarrhoea, March 26, 1888, Maud Beatrice daughter of Joseph and Clara D. Beck of Chester, Sanpete County, at which place the remains were interred. Deceased was born January 13, 1887.

TWIGGS.—In the Seventh Ward, this city, this morning, of paralysis of the brain, Esther, relict of the late George Twiggs. Deceased was born Dec. 27, 1801, in Fishguard, South Wales.

BECK.—At Chester, Sanpete County, July 7, 1888, Bertha Maria, C. H. Beck's wife. Deceased aged 47 years. She was a most estimable lady, a most excellent mother and a good Latter-day Saint.—[Com.]

PETERSON.—On June 27, 1888, at Antonito, Conejos County, Colorado, of injuries received from being thrown from a runaway team, M. Gertrude Trajilla, beloved wife of J. M. Peterson, county judge of Conejos county, and daughter of Juan de Dios Trajilla, and Ma. Lamona Trajilla; born September 7, 1850, at San Antonio de Mera, in Mora county, New Mexico. She was a devoted wife and mother and a faithful Latter-day Saint.—[Com.]

EVERETT.—In Salt Lake City, July 15th, 1888, from effects of accidentally drinking lye water, Farley Monroe, infant son of George and Emma Everett.

ORLOB.—In the Twentieth Ward, this city, July 15th, 1888, of scarlet fever, Esther Alex, daughter of C. A. T. and Jorgeno Orlob, aged 7 years.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

I HAVE IN MY POSSESSION:

One sorrel MARK, 2 or 3 years old, white strip in face, left front and hind foot white, branded resembling H on left shoulder, and B on left thigh.

If damage and costs on said animal be not paid within ten days from date of this notice, it will be sold to the highest cash bidder at the estray pound in Levan, at 10 o'clock on the 26th day of July, 1888.

Dated at Levan Precinct, Juab County, Utah, this 11th day of July, 1888.

AUGUSTUS SHEPHERD,
Poundkeeper of said Precinct.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

I HAVE IN MY POSSESSION:

One red and white spotted COW, about 7 years old; under bit in right ear; slit in left ear; no brands visible.

One red bull CALF with it about six weeks old; lined back; square hole in right ear; slit in left ear.

If damage and costs on said animals be not paid within 10 days from date of this notice, they will be sold to the highest cash bidder at the Hunter estray pound, at 2 o'clock p.m., on the 20th day of July, 1888.

Dated at Hunter Precinct, Salt Lake County, Utah, this 10th day of July, 1888.

ALFRED A. JONES,
Poundkeeper of said Precinct.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

I HAVE IN MY POSSESSION:

One roan HORSE, 7 or 8 years old, branded K on right thigh, and a large scar on the nose just below the eyes.

If the above described animal is not claimed and taken away within 15 days from date, will be sold to the highest cash bidder, at 2 o'clock p. m., July 26th, 1888, at the Charleston estray pound.

Dated at Charleston, Wasatch Co., Utah, July 11th, 1888.

PHILIP EDWARDS,
Poundkeeper.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

I HAVE IN MY POSSESSION:

One bay Mare MULE, about 10 years old, branded resembling JR combined on right shoulder, and T on right thigh, has a short rope around the neck.

If not claimed and taken away within 15 days from date of this notice, it will be sold to the highest cash bidder, at the estray pound, at Lehi City, Utah County, at 6 o'clock p. m., on Monday, July 30th, 1888.

Dated at Lehi, this 14th day of June, 1888.

MICHAEL VAUGHAN,
Poundkeeper.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

I HAVE IN MY POSSESSION:

One sorrel HORSE Colt, 2 years old, no brands, white strip in the face, both hind feet white.

If not claimed and taken away within 10 days from date, will be sold at the estray pound, in Randolph, Utah, July 21st, 1888, at 10 a. m.

JOHN SNOWBALL,
Poundkeeper.

July 10th, 1888.

THE BUYERS' GUIDE is issued March and Sept., each year. It is an encyclopedia of useful information for all who purchase the luxuries or the necessities of life. We can clothe you and furnish you with all the necessary and unnecessary appliances to ride, walk, dance, sleep, eat, fish, hunt, work, go to church, or stay at home, and in various sizes, styles and quantities. Just figure out what is required to do all these things COMFORTABLY, and you can make a fair estimate of the value of the **BUYER'S GUIDE**, which will be sent upon receipt of 10 cents to pay postage.

MONTGOMERY WARD & CO.
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LEGAL NOTICE.

In the Probate Court in and for Salt Lake County, Territory of Utah.

In the matter of the Estate of Thomas Boam, deceased.

Notice of time and place for the hearing of Petition for admission to Probate of Will.

PURSUANT TO AN ORDER OF SAID Court in said matter, notice is hereby given that Thursday, the 19th day of July, A. D. 1888, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the County Court House in Salt Lake City, Utah Territory, in the court room of said court, has been appointed the time and place for the hearing of a petition of Thomas G. Boam praying for the admission to probate of a certain document therewith presented, purporting to be the last Will and Testament of Thomas Boam, deceased, when and where all persons interested may appear and oppose the probate of said will, or the granting of letters testamentary to Thomas G. Boam, William Boam and Eliza both Boam, as prayed for in said petition.

Dated at Salt Lake City, June 15th, 1888.

JOHN C. OUTLER,
Probate Clerk, Salt Lake Co.

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