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TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

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GENERAL JOHNSTON

Dies of Heart Disease Aggravated by a Cold Caught at General Sherman's Funeral.

INTRODUCING AMERICAN CATTLE IN ENGLAND.

Italy Hesitates to Accept Germany's Invitation to Join the Zollverein.

By Telegraph to the News.

GENERAL JOHNSTON DEAD.

Cause: Heart Failure Aggravated by a Cold.

WASHINGTON, March 21.—General Joseph E. Johnston died shortly after 11 o'clock tonight. The general had been suffering for the past three weeks with an affection of the heart, aggravated by a cold caught some days after General Sherman's funeral. The physicians had been trying to keep his strength up for some days, but his convalescent age has given little hope for recovery, from the beginning of his illness.

The general did not seem to suffer to the least and was conscious to the last. The immediate cause of death was heart failure, the result of degeneration of the heart due to a severe cold. At times for about two years General Johnston has shown unmistakable signs of a general breaking down. He mind often became so bewildered that he could not tell where he was or how he came there. At the beginning of the last illness Dr. Tolmie was summoned and succeeded with much difficulty in arresting the progress of the disease for a time.

Prior to a week ago yesterday the general seemed to be improving, but on that day he went down stairs without assistance, over-exerting himself. Since that time he continued to grow worse until about 6 o'clock this evening, when the doctor found him perfectly comfortable and apparently a little better. There was no warning that death was so near. Governor McLane, of Maryland, entered the room a little after 11 o'clock and as he approached the bed heard an almost inaudible sigh and General Johnston was dead. The funeral services will be held in this city and the interment in Baltimore.

General Johnston was the last, save General Beauregard, of the six full generals of the Confederacy. He was born at Cherry Grove, Va., in 1807, graduated at West Point in 1829, was appointed Second Lieutenant of the Fourth Artillery and saw active service in the Black Hawk Indian expedition. He was promoted in 1836 Aide de Camp on General Scott's staff in the Seminole war. He participated in all the important battles connected with Scott's campaign in Mexico, was twice brevetted for gallantry during this war and was mustered out of service as a lieutenant-colonel of volunteers. He was reinstated by Congress in the army with the rank of captain of geographical engineers. He was commissioned quartermaster general of the army in June, 1860, but resigned the following April to enter the Confederate service, in which, as major-general of volunteers, he assisted in organizing the men in quarting into Richmond. His subsequent service throughout the war is well known. After this war he became successively president of a railroad company in Arkansas, an express company in Virginia and an insurance agent in Louisiana. He was elected to congress from the Richmond district in 1877 and next saw public life as Commissioner of railroads during Cleveland's administration.

AMERICAN CATTLE.

Plans for Introducing One Brought into Great Britain.

CHICAGO, March 21.—The unusually large purchases of cattle in Canada during the past week by American capitalists brought to light here today the first complete public knowledge of the results of the unseen by international campaign that has been quietly but effectively waged by Secretary of Agriculture Rusk to afford relief to American cattle-growers, by opening up markets abroad, and, according to the statement of one of the largest dealers in Chicago, success has already been attained, while a much greater widening of the foreign outlet is close at hand.

The Canadian purchases, it appears, were simply in the nature of preliminary tactics to secure the unrestricted entry of American cattle into Great Britain. Canadian cattle, though inferior to the American product, are legally unfettered by British enactments, and the Americans who have just bought more immense Canadian herds, propose to utilize the Canadian animals to familiarize the people of rural England, Scotland and Wales with beef from this side of the Atlantic. This Canadian venture is certain to result in loss to the American interested, but they are confident that the resulting prejudice will be when, under plans laid down by Secretary Rusk, American beeves are freely introduced and slaughtered at will throughout Great Britain. At present American live stock can only be landed or killed at three ports, and but, too, under harassing restrictions. Dead meat, which is imported in its purpose in Great Britain, the result already reached through him in France, Germany and the Netherlands, leave no doubt, is any nothing of the fact that the essential features of the plan have now just been formally embodied in the United States statutes, the Federal meat inspection law.

Months ago, it is learned, Secretary Rusk put to work on an experimental scale exactly the inspection provided in the bill. He secretly inspected certain shipments and certified the animals. Against this certificate the authorities at Paris, Antwerp and Berlin, having have been unable to maintain the time-honored pretense that the cattle, being American, were as a matter of course diseased. Beginning December 20th, six different shipments have been landed up to date at Hamburg, aggregating 1307 head. Shipments to Paris thirteen in number, commenced arriving August 6, and now have reached a total of 881 head. At antwerp the shipments began still further back, May 5th. That port has received two consignments altogether, 2322 head, Great Britain is now the sorbet stronghold, to use the opinion of which he is using sent all the surplus energy of the American cattle-growers out by secretary Rusk.

ITALY AND THE ZOLLVEREIN.

The German Offers not Readily Accepted.

ROME, March 21.—The German government continues its efforts to draw Italy into the European zollverein against the protectionist States. In the present state of Italian politics and finances, however, this government hesitates to respond to Germany's offers, being doubtful of the wisdom of sacrificing her trade with France and America, which in 1890 amounted to $180,000,000, for the constantly decreasing trade of Germany and Austria, which amounts to only $50,000,000. Rinia thinks that the coming conference between German and Italian railroad officials will be the first step toward a solution.

Blaine Suspicious Towards Canada.

TORONTO, Ont., March 21.—The Globe's Ottawa special says: Sir Charles Tupper, minister of finance, Mr. Foster and Sir John Thompson, minister of justice, are ready to start for Washington at any moment to have an informal talk over the question of reciprocity with Messrs. Blaine, Secretary Rusk and the British Minister. It appears that Secretary Blaine has given it to be understood that he will not recommend the appointment of a commissioner on behalf of the United States until he is satisfied with some substantial proof that the Canadian and British delegates are not going to Washington with some impracticable scheme, trumped up to carry out pledges made to the electors of Canada during the late campaign, without any serious belief that the negotiations would come to anything. From what can be gathered, Blaine has communicated to MacDonald through the British minister, that he will not enter into a formal conference until Canada's representatives have informally discussed the question with him.

Concerning Medicines.

MILWAUKEE, March 21.—The National League of Musicians concluded its session today. A resolution was adopted asking the government not to allow army and navy bands to be contracted in opposition to civilian musicians. A lengthy preamble and resolutions were adopted regarding the admission of musicians under the alien contract law, asking the Treasury Department for a construction of the term "artists" under that law, and not to deprive a body of men with instruments in their hands and gaudy uniforms on the street, to be orderly, while at the same time declaring the materials they use "working men's tools."

Morgan and the Catholics.

PHILADELPHIA, March 22.—Indian Commissioner Morgan was interviewed today in relation to the rumor that the President had demanded his resignation on account of his discriminations against Roman Catholic Indian teachers. "General Morgan said he had not heard from the President on the subject, although he did not leave Washington until Saturday. "The whole matter," said he, "arises from the failure of a Catholic Indian agent named Jennings to secure reappointment at Green Bay, Wisconsin, about a year ago.

The Sheriff Takes Possession.

KANSAS CITY, March 22.—The stock of W. H. Dickinson & Co., book dealers and stationers, the largest concern of the kind west of the Mississippi River, was taken possession of tonight by the sheriff under a chattel mortgage held by the Union National Bank. The assets are about $100. The liabilities are not known.

Want to Fight.

MINNEAPOLIS, March 22.—Charles Kennedy's backers have deposited a $500 forfeit with the Twin City Athletic Club for Kennedy to fight Ryan at 140 or Kerrigan at 135, give or take two pounds. Some 150 men are preferred, but all other 140 and 150 pound men are embraced in the challenge.

Anti-Parnellites Hold a Meeting.

DUBLIN, March 22.—A Federation meeting was held in Queenstown today, and addressed by Timothy and Maurice Healy, Williams Lane and other members of Parliament. The speakers met with a hearty reception. Timothy Healy, in his speech, asked where Parnell's successor challenge was now. For two days they had been engaged in bellowing, but had failed to make the fox break cover.

News from France.

PARIS, March 22.—The Banque de Paris is negotiating a loan for China.

Minister Roche has directed the railway companies to stop granting reduced tickets to persons from foreign countries. This order will lead to a diversion of through traffic from the French railways, yet the ministry was obliged to give way to the protection clamor.

An Important Decision.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., March 22.—An important decision was rendered by the State supreme court in upholding the constitutionality of the law in requiring commercial agencies to deposit $2000 with the state treasurer as a guarantee for any judgment obtained for misrepresentation as to the firm's credit. The case will be appealed to the United States Supreme Court.

Storage of Silver.

LONDON, March 22.—The London Produce Clearing House Company will begin tomorrow a system of registration of contracts for future delivery business in silver. The company undertakes the storage of silver in its vaults, issuing warrants against the metal. A day [illegible] of 250 per 10,000 ounces is required.

A RAVING MANIAC

Endeavors to Break Into the White House, but is Captured and Sent Off.

A DESPERATE SHOOTING AFFRAY AT PETER'S RUN.

Arrangements of the Funeral of the Late General Johnston Honorary Pallbearers.

By Telegraph to the News.

AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

An Insane Man Seized on the Premises.

WASHINGTON, March 22.—A little after 8 o'clock this evening, special officers Smith and Bell, stationed at the White House, were very startled by a great crash of glass. It took them but a moment to reach the window through the broken glass and from the shatter of which they saw a man jump to one side as though to escape, but before he could effect his purpose the officers seized him and threw him to the floor of the porch. He was a young man, twenty-five years of age, and had on no clothing except his trousers, undershirt and shoes. He had the appearance of being a raving maniac and fought the officers like a demon. His screams brought the President and some members of the household to the upper windows, where they were told, in answer to the President's self-possessed inquiry, that an insane man had attempted to break into the house, but was secured. In answer to a telephone summons, a patrol wagon was soon on the ground and the prisoner was put in the patrol wagon. He has been identified as Harry Martin, a stepson of Senator Vance. He has the reputation of being one of the bad characters of the city, but his insane outbreak, which was accompanied by the utmost weakness is drink, and he is suffering from something akin to delirium tremens.

A SHOOTING AFFRAY.

One Person Killed and Several Wounded.

PITTSBURG, Pa., March 22.—A desperate shooting affray occurred in a house at Peter's Run, near McKeesport, tonight, resulting in the killing of one negro, the serious wounding of another and the slight wounding of two policemen and a woman. Six weeks ago a girl named Lottie Hill entered Stettle's jewelry store at Homestead and began pricing the jewelry. While the proprietor was thus engaged, three men forced an entrance into the rear, struck the proprietor down, cleaned out the store and escaped with $300 in cash and jewelry. The Gilkinson detective agency was given charge of the case, and not long after the girl was arrested in Harrisburg, she confessed, and acting on her instructions last night Chief Detective Gilkinson, with Detectives Murphy and two McKeesport policemen, went to the house of the leader of the robbery, A. G. Budd, at Peter's Run. The girl must have warned Budd, for when Gilkinson threw open the door, Budd threw up a revolver and fired, killing Gilkinson. Detective Murphy leaped over his prostrate form and facing Budd, a terrible duel at short range followed. Budd emptied one revolver, and his wife, who was in the room, ran to his side with another. Murphy, though badly wounded, had also emptied his pistol, and seeing the dead body of his chief drew his revolver and renewed the fring, firing blindly into the smoke, however, while the cutgrar entered all his shots beside the door. Suddenly the woman screamed and immediately after Murphy fell with a bullet in his breast. During the parade that followed the two policemen at the second fire to their ranks Budd escaped. A review of the room showed Gilkinson dead, Murphy shot in the face and breast, while the woman received a shot in the arm and the two policemen were slightly wounded by flying bullets. The woman was taken to jail, while telegrams were sent all over to intercept Budd. He is a noted crook.

JOHNSTON'S FUNERAL.

He Will Be Interred in the Green Mount Cemetery.

WASHINGTON, March 22.—Funeral services over the remains of General Joseph E. Johnston will be held at St. John's Episcopal Church Tuesday morning at 11 o'clock. The interment will be in Green Mount cemetery, Baltimore.

The honorary pall bearers will be Senator Morgan, Alabama; Senator Daniel, Virginia; Hon. John B. Gordon; General John G. Parker, U. S. A.; General Charles W. Field; General Harry Heth; Rear Admiral Rodgers; Rear Admiral Schley; General J. D. Wright; General Ben Brent; Colonel Archer Anderson of Baltimore; Colonel Edwin Harris; Hon. J. C. Bancroft; Hon. Thomas Hall; Hon. J. Pleasants of the navy. The active pallbearers will be taken from members of the Ex-Confederate Association of this city.

There were a great many callers today at the residence of the late General, including Generals Schofield and Howard, Secretary Proctor, Hon. A. A. Sterrett, Hon. Thomas Hughes. A large number of telegrams of condolence were received. T. T. Sherman, on behalf of the family of the late General, has sent the following to the press from New York: "The family of General Sherman desires to tender to the relatives of General Johnston assurances of their profound sorrow and sympathy."

A SENSATIONAL STORY.

An Account of the Murder of a Society Girl.

NEW YORK, March 21.—The World today (Saturday) publishes a remarkable story which occupies six columns of space. It begins by recounting the circumstances of the death by poisoning of Helen Potts on February 1 last. The World's story goes on to say: "It may be remarked that after Mrs Potts' death it came out that young Carlyle Harris, the young medical student who prescribed the deadly pills for the girl, had been a visitor at Asbury Park during last summer, and there had organized and conducted an association secretly against the laws of that religious and rigorous community. In violation of the borough ordinances liquor was sold in the club room, and it was made a rendezvous for poker players. The place became so offensive to the residents that officers of the Asbury Park Law and Order League decided to raid it. On August 21 last, the managers of the club were arrested on warrants furnished by two New York detectives. Harris, among others, was arrested and taken before a local justice of the peace. His trial has not yet come off. The name under which Harris was indicted was C. W. Harris. The parents of the dead girl have secured a copy of a marriage certificate, showing that Charles Harris and Helen Nicodemus were married on September 23, 1889. The date of the record was February 16, 1891. Mrs. Potts then went to Harris and he made affidavit acknowledging that he married Helen Potts and been secretly married.

"Now comes the startling part of the story. It is in the form of a letter from Harris to Mrs. Potts, dated March 17, of the present year. In it she says she was summoned to her daughter's bedside last August and found her daughter's life hung by a thread between a scandal, committed a crime. Helen, after hovering between life and death, was sent to the Commonwealth Hotel, where she was secretly married, the girl in the fall of this year.

"In that portion of the affidavit where the death of Helen is the school is referred to, Mrs. Potts says: 'When we were on our way to my seat child he seemed me that it was the drugg's awful mistake, but when they were taking her to her bedside and I saw him take a capsule from his pocket as if he had known it must be used as evidence, I heard him say he had the prescription filled and pointed to the carefully marked student's prescription. I was so filled with horror I dared not look up, and I saw the capsule he put in the bright from on that if the right capsule had been used first and the poor girl had gone to sleep at the usual time, she would have passed away in the fall of the girl, and he had would agree with those remaining in the box.'

"Helen's uncle also swears that four operations were committed on the girl. The mother also makes a long written statement in which she says: 'Soon after the marriage Dr. Harris received a letter from the young girl, in which she says she knew he was in no position to offer marriage to her, but offered her heart and fortune to him. I swear Side was the beginning of the tragedy that cost my daughter her life and her name.' The only inference to be drawn from the story is that Harris, the medical student, secretly married a well connected and admired society girl who foolishly became enamored of him and married him."—*Herald.*

Musical Director of the World's Fair.

CHICAGO, March 22.—Theodore Thomas, who arrives in Chicago tomorrow, will probably be asked to accept the position of musical director of the World's Fair. This has been recommended by the joint committee on ceremonies and the Commissioners, and is regarded with favor by the Exposition directors. Professor William L. Tomlins will be choral director.

Another Actor Leaves the Stage.

CINCINNATI, March 22.—John Mackey, the actor, died of pneumonia at the Richard Mansion tonight. He has been ill only a few days.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Gibraltar, March 21.—The jury in the case of the relatives of the steamer Chgoia disaster, rendered a verdict of "accidental death."

Rome, March 21.—The Anchor Line steamer Anglia left Palermo with a number of Italian immigrants on route to New York. She will take from Gibraltar the 230 men and two women survivors of the *Chgoia* disaster and seventy-five other survivors elected to return to Italy.

Paris, March 21.—The budget committee today, after listening to statements by M. de Freycinet, Minister of War, and M. Roche, Minister of Commerce, severely criticised the government's supplementary credits and ordered them to return an amendment. The group of the left action of the committee was that the government should have foreseen the emergencies for which the supplementary credits were asked when the budget was framed.

Dublin, March 21.—Parnell held a long meeting today with the leaders of the Cork election committee in regard to Maurice Healy's acceptance of Parnell's invitation to Healy to resign his seat in Parliament and then seek reelection and test the popularity of their respective causes.

Dublin, March 21.—While David Sheehy, Member of Parliament for Galway, was addressing a meeting at Sligo today, Timothy Harrington and other Parnellite members attempted to hear Arthur Lynch, Member of Parliament. Immediately attacked Harrington. He was thrown on the ground and severely handled in the fight which ensued. Finally the police separated the combatants.

London, March 21.—The Swedish ship Sandor Reder, Captain Wick, from Cardiff, March 9th, for Rio Janeiro, foundered in the recent heavy gale which swept over England. Fourteen of the crew were lost.

Brisbane, Queensland, March 21.—The union steamers have cut the telegraph wires and have attempted to wreck railroad trains conveying troops to the scene of the troubles between union and non-union shearers.

Memphis, March 21.—The person who last night represented himself to be Detective O'Malley of New Orleans proves to be an imposter.

New York, March 21.—Memorial services were held this afternoon for the eleven Italians who were lynched at New Orleans.

AGAINST PARNELL.

The Catholic Priests Denounce His Meetings from the Altar and Pulpit.

STATEMENT OF CAPTAIN MCKENNA OF THE "UTOPIA."

Foundation Stone Laid of the Kaiser Wilhelm Memorial Church at Berlin.

By Telegraph to the News.

PARNELL MEETINGS.

The Priests Denounce Them from the Altar.

DUBLIN, March 22.—The priests of Drogheda denounced from the altar this morning a Parnell meeting announced to be held in town in the afternoon. The result was a practical boycott of the meeting, only the deported contingents being present. Parnell repeated his usual statements.

Meetings were held this afternoon in several places in North Kerry. At all of these places Parnell was denounced from the pulpit in the morning.

The Kaiser Wilhelm Memorial Church.

BERLIN, March 22.—The laying of the foundation stone of the Kaiser Wilhelm Memorial Church took place today. The ceremony was witnessed by the Emperor and Empress, Grand Duke and Grand Duchess of Baden, General Von Moltke, Chancellor Von Caprivi and the cabinet ministers.

Captain McKenna Makes a State ment.

GIBRALTAR, March 22.—As the lighter on the steamer Utopia, which was covered from the wrecked steamer Chgoia Captain McKenna made a statement. He said, owing to the thickness of the weather, he could not estimate precisely the length of the Alsace's foreloch and bring the rate. He did not know the fleet was to the top. None of the men on board saw the man of war Curlew and the conditions of the anchorage until the twins was starboarded.

The jury unanimously decided that the cause of the disaster was accidental. One hundred bodies were recovered today. A hundred and thirty-one of the survivors have been returned to Naples.

NUTTLETON'S CIRCULAR.

A Change in the Form of Special Tax Stamp for Liquor Dealers.

WASHINGTON, March 22.—Acting Secretary of the Treasury Nettleton has issued the following circular, announcing a change in the form of special tax stamps for retail liquor dealers: "Letters are frequently received, stating that in many cases of the special tax retail liquor dealers claim to hold a permit or license from the United States for carrying on their business; that in many cases where the law prohibits public drinking places, the law is openly violated by persons claiming to do business under a license from the United States, and that the fact greatly retards the enforcement of wholesome restrictive laws and promotes disorder. It should be unnecessary to state that the United States Government does not issue a license or a permit to any person to any state to carry on the business of a retail liquor dealer. Congress having levied a revenue stamp tax of $25 per annum on the business of retail liquor dealers, the Commissioner of Internal Revenue endeavors to collect this tax wherever and by whomever the business is carried on; but no assistance of permission is given by the United States to legitimate such business in any place contrary to local legislation. A change has been made in the form of the United States stamp issued to retail liquor dealers as evidence that they have paid such tax."

The new form, which goes into effect July next, reads: "The United States stamp for special tax, internal revenue. Receiver from ..... the sum of ..... dollars for special tax on the business of retail liquor dealer ..... for the period represented by the coupon or coupons hereunto attached," and across the face of the stamp is inscribed the substance of U.S., Revised Statutes.

"This stamp is simply a receipt for tax paid the government, and does not excuse the holder from any penalty or punishment provided by the law of any State for carrying on said business within such State, and does not authorize the commencement or continuance of such business contrary to the laws of such State or in places prohibited by municipal law."

It is believed that this action will leave no ground for further misapprehension.

The Presbyterians in Japan.

WASHINGTON, March 23.—The report to the Department of State from the United States minister to Japan says that, after long deliberation, the native Presbyterian Church in that country has seen fit to recast the doctrinal sections of the Presbyterian Church, and even to make additions to the apostles' creed. He further says that it is a frequent and common claim by Christian people that the spirit and meaning of Christianity to its broader scope has never been properly presented among the Western nations, and that the time has come to be transported to Japan for final development and perfection; consequently he apprehends that the changes noted will be followed by other and more radical changes.

In South America.

WASHINGTON, March 22.—The Bureau of American Republics furnishes the following information: The President of Chili has given a guaranty equal to a year's pay to all officers of the navy of that republic who refuse to join with their comrades in the revolution.

Recent newspaper advices from Valparaiso report that nearly all of the traffic upon the railways of Chili has been suspended because of the coal famine in that country. The price of coal on the 17th of January was $35 a ton, and the supply almost exhausted. Unless the blockade is soon raised railway traffic and all industries requiring fuel will be entirely suspended.

The minister of the British legacy of Bucharest on the 19th states that the government of Roumania has appointed a committee to prepare an address to the Roumanian people, which will be issued, setting forth the commercial situation of the kingdom, its trade relations with the United States and the necessity for general action in the direction of a reciprocity treaty.

Shortage of Appropriations Wanted.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., March 22.—The committee which has been investigating the shortage in the Treasurer Wood-ruff Family completed its labors. The total amount, including State and school scrip, to be explained and accounted for is $93,745.85.

For Inspection of Hogs.

WASHINGTON, March 22.—An application has been received by Secretary Rusk from the Minister of Belgium for an inspection of hogs designed for export Gilds under the recent act of Congress providing for such inspection by adopting in the place of the Belgian rules for inspection by the Secretary of Agriculture of the condition of cattle-carrying vessels, the Belgian minister has given a step forward in the farming and stockraising interest beyond anything it is now possible to estimate. Foreign competition, it is believed, will now be forced to the wall in Belgium, and an immense demand will be created for American hogs without importation. It is generally conceded that by this act between a few millions will be saved in the country.

Work of Burglars.

FRANKLIN, Pa., March 22.—The residence of N. P. Tobin, the leading merchant prince, was broken into early today, and Tobin's premises were ransacked in the usual way. The burglars were in a crouched position, the heel resting in a pool of blood, with finger marks on the floors, showing that one of the burglars had cut his foot on a broken bottle. Burglars were found about the place, and he probably discovered them in his house. Two years ago a great amount of silver was stolen from the residence of Tobin's daughter, Mary, in Long Island Sound, and the mystery remaining her violent death was never explained.

Cut Her Throat.

CLEVELAND, March 22.—George Harris, a minor living near Caldwell, last evening cut his wife's throat with a butcher knife while she was preparing supper, and then attempted suicide. Mrs. Harris died, and her husband cannot recover. The cause was jealousy.

Capture of a Burglar.

PITTSBURG, March 21.—Burglar Filamentos, or Andrews, as he is better known, with a dozen other aliases, who killed Chief Detective Gilkinson and badly wounded two others last night at Peter's Run, was captured in sight of Braddock. A satchel full of jewelry was captured near Andrews' house, and on his person was a large quantity of money. He had been drinking and had a naked knife concealed in his vest, intending to suicide if surrounded by a mob.

Indians Robbed.

TROY, N. Y., March 21.—While 114 Indians were holding a meeting last night to protest against the men's throat New Orleans the building was broken into and robbed of all the money belonging to the band. Pistol shots were fired, but no one was injured. The reserve police force dispersed the large crowd which gathered.

He Got a Slave.

CHICAGO, March 22.—Charles Bulton, a negro in the employ of the Fire Alarm Telegraph Company, shot an Italian barber shop last night and, seating himself in a chair, called upon any member of the Mafia in the shop to come and take his scalp. Bulton said that he had a hand in selling the New Orleans trouble. The Italians, upon hearing this, fell on the excited negro and had Bulton so badly cut up with razors and chairs that he will probably die. Three of the barbers have been arrested. Bulton, it is believed, was not in New Orleans at all, and was simply trying to be funny.

Verdict of Manslaughter.

HIGGS, S. D., March 22.—This morning the jury in the Hundley murder case returned a verdict of manslaughter in the case of Sheriff Frank Fred Hundley, who killed his father last June. Hundley was a leading democrat and Chairman of the State committee.

Hall and Fitzsimmons.

BALTIMORE, March 22.—Willmer Muldoon, who arrived from San Francisco with John Lynch, last night, will tomorrow publish a challenge to Fitzsimmons, present champion middleweight of the world, to meet Jim Hall, the American middleweight. Muldoon says he is authorized by Joe Thompson and Joe Harris, American bookmakers, to back Hall for from $1,000 to $5,000 a side. Fitzsimmons is in city and said tonight that he would probably accept the purse of $15,000 for a fight offered by Adam Antoine, Tex., club.

Chicago, March 22.—Prospect of a fight between Hall and Fitzsimmons, judging by indications here, appears to be dim. A dispatch from Hall's camp at Hot Springs, Ark., stated that Fitzsimmons's defeat posted here would have been correct by last Wednesday. Up to tonight, however, nothing further has been heard from Hall or his backers.

Fools at a Meeting.

SPRINGFIELD, O., March 22.—A panic that came near resulting in several fatalities occurred tonight at a religious meeting in the Grand Opera house. Miss Ivory was engaged in a test and failed. The house was crowded and there was a rush for the aisle, when someone hollowed "police" or "fire." There was a tremendous rush for the doors, the people scrambling as if to reach the outside. At this point the clerk started up a Roman Candle to Lee Mr. Ivory. The fire ceased quieting the congregation. A score or more persons were badly injured.

EUROPEAN POLITICS.

Alliance Between France and Russia, an Unknown Combination in Germany.

THE KAISER'S VISITS MINISTER VON BOETTICHER.

Stanzers Bought by Czar.—The Belgian Strike Organization Defeated.—World's Fair Exhibit.

By Telegraph to the News.

FRANCE AND RUSSIA.

The Two Countries Plans an Alliance.

BERLIN, March 21.—A dispatch from St. Petersburg states unofficially the conclusion of a formal treaty of alliance between France and Russia. Until recently the two countries contented themselves with a mere entente cordiale. The first of the treaty proposed to Paris in 1887, and agreements to its terms, the Grand Duke Nicholas and Vincent and other members of the imperial council, in the part in France and which was then rejected by the Czar, who again proposed it in 1890 after the fall of Bismarck. France, in the meantime, had adopted the republican form of government in that country, and was again rejected. It was finally received by Alexander III, who, realizing the international importance of this course on Russia's part, it is expected that its terms will cause some interest continental French and Parisian opinion is at this time, as a result of this alliance.

The Czar, it is stated, has signed a treaty of alliance upon President Carnot, and the grand cross of the order of St. Andrew, the highest Russian decoration, and bestow it on the members of the cabinet. The decoration has been conferred upon Ribot, who is considered power in opposition to any cordial understanding with the Russian throne.

GERMANY IN THE SOUTHERN INCIDENT.

The Kaiser visits Minister von Boetticher, Chancellor Caprivi also, and was called upon the minister. Both visits were designed to signify that Von Boetticher retains the confidence of the Emperor and the Government. It implies also a determination of the Emperor to stand by the minister whom Bismarck is attacking. The ex-Chancellor is a persistent sulker, and will never forgive Von Boetticher's ingratitude in going with his (Bismarck's) enemies on the eve of his fall. It was definitely through Bismarck that Von Boetticher secured a donation of 50,000 marks several years ago, which established his family in comfort, although his bankrupt brother-in-law, Von Boettichers friends say the money supplied the gift was from the private purse of Prince Bismarck and not from the treasury fund under the disposal of Prince Bismarck as Chancellor.

The fact is that Von Boetticher took the money from Bismarck, without asking him from what source it had been obtained, and afterward received from the emperor the order of the high grace of the decoration of the Black Eagle for helping to bring about the downfall of Prince Bismarck. The ex-Chancellor is said to have made his decision home to the Reichstag a movement to republish the use of the Guelph secret service fund. The prosecutor of a renewal of friendly relations between the Emperor and Prince Bismarck became more remote, owing to his Majesty's consolation overtures of Von Boetticher.

THE CHILIAN GOVERNMENT.

has sought, through its agents in Hamburg, several steamers. It is announced that these vessels will be fully equipped as cruisers and will be employed by the government to operate against the insurgents.

THE SOCIALIST SCHEME

organization in Hamburg suffered a severe defeat in the collapse of the strike of dockers, which affected 15,000 workingmen's vessels in 20,000 marks. The Hamburg organization was established the most powerfully organized and disciplined of the Socialist organizations under the socialists' influence.

CHICAGO'S EXHIBIT.

Mr. Loeffler, Chicago Fair commissioner, is now in this city making arrangements for the Chicago exhibits in the Columbian exhibition. He is receiving very encouraging reports from all sides, and there is a great desire manifested in the city of traders and manufacturers everywhere, to send specimens of their goods to America.

Ordered off the Reservation.

SIOUX FALLS, March 22.—The Indian farmer at Great Crow Agency, claiming to be acting under orders from the Department of the Interior, is warning all settlers off the reservation. Many prime to stay the cover. The reservation will not be thrown open until the President issues a proclamation.

The Southern Pacific Federation.

NEW ORLEANS, March 22.—The Picayune's Austin, Texas, special: The question of federation among the railroad organizations of the Southern Pacific lines from New Orleans to Los Angeles, on the sections of the lines of the San Antonio and Houston divisions, and at a meeting yesterday for the purpose of discussing the matter no conclusion was reached. It is possible that no finality can be attained, for the enmity between the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers and Firemen and the Order of Firemen is so strong that they decline to federate. Chief Hogan of the Brotherhood of Railway Conductors is here trying to get up a federation. Another meeting will be called in a few weeks.

Challenge to Jack Schaefer.

CHICAGO, March 22.—Jacques Carter tonight issued a challenge to Jack Schaefer for a four-handed balk line billiard match for $500 a side and the championship of the world. He has posted a forfeit $250 with the Brunswick-Balke Collender Company.