TELEGRAPHIC.

JOHN AND THE LAW.

How the Chinese Evade the Geary Act at New York.

THE FIRST TO BE DEPORTED.

A Proposition to Extend the Time in Which to Register Another Year.

NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—The provisions of the Chinese exclusion act are practically nullified at this port. In nine cases out of ten those seeking admittance pass the ordeal of examinations and investigations. Collector Kilbreth, in looking over a lot of alleged merchants, students and actors the other day, said: "There is certainly fraud here," and yet, after a most rigid examination, he was unable to shake the testimony of a single individual. Their documents being seemingly correct, they were admitted.

According to the suspicions of the men most intimately associated with the Chinese cases, there is an organization of smugglers, having headquarters and agents in Hongkong, Vancouver, B. C., San Francisco, New Orleans, Havana and New York. The other cities are merely forwarding stations. Other features which make the scheme possible are the free masonry of the Chinese, kinship, money and a desire to circumvent the exclusion law.

Within six weeks upward of thirty students have arrived here. Twenty-five have disappeared or are found working in Chinese restaurants or laundries. In the same time over twenty actors have reached New York and since the first of the year about seventy-five. There is but one Chinese theater in the city. Some of the actors appear on the stage for a day or two, in the capacity of "police" or "soldiers," or among the "retinue of the mandarin."

Where this smuggling will end, no one can tell. The smugglers, it is said, guarantee the safe delivery of every Chinaman here for from $100 to $250. At the present the rate is at the highest figure, for the investigation is very rigid.

The system of communication kept up between New York and Havana is perfect, and if an unusual question is put to the applicants of being which they cannot answer, in two weeks' time every incoming Chinaman can meet it calmly and smilingly.

THE FIRST TO BE DEPORTED.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 10.—The first Chinaman to have their sentence of deportation under the Geary registration act executed arrived in San Francisco from Los Angeles yesterday, and are now confined in the county jail, where they will be detained until Tuesday, when they will be sent back to the Celestial kingdom on the steamer Chilca. There are five Chinese in the batch, and they came here in charge of United States Marshal Gard, who will see them on board the steamer and will not leave them until he has the captain's receipt for them.

The news that these Chinese had arrived in the city and would be placed on the steamer leaving Tuesday created a sensation among the Chinese of all classes last night. The president of the six companies had a conference yesterday afternoon at the consul general's office and not a few dispatches passed between them and the Chinese legation at Washington.

There are those who profess to know what the local Chinese are about to do, and declare that the consul-general and the six companies are preparing a petition to send to President Cleveland. It will promise allegiance in the future and pray for an extension of time in which to allow them to register. In view of the recent developments the subject is creating much interest here, though there seems no probability of any violence among the classes most hostile to the Chinese.

A PROPOSED EXTENSION OF TIME.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.—It is probable that the protests of the Chinese government against a rigid execution of the Geary exclusion law are to be respected, and that legislation may be enacted which will amend the existing law by extending the limit allowed for registration, although in no wise recoiling from the position heretofore assumed by this government as to the constitutionality of the measure. The new Chinese minister arrived at the national capital last week, and since that time there have been consultations between the President and his cabinet and the representative of the Chinese government.

The result of these conferences is that Congressman Everett of Massachusetts today introduced in the House a bill which extends the time of registration from May 5, 1893, to Sept. 1, 1894. The effect of the bill, if enacted into law, will be to practically nullify the Geary law until September 1, 1893, when it will go into effect with all its ramifications. Its passage, it is thought, will restore cordial relations between the United States and China.

TWO LANDED IN NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, Sept. 8.—Lawyer R. G. Cornwell appeared before Collector Kilbreth today in the case of two Chinese who arrived here from Havana, Monday on the Olivette and were ordered returned Friday by the collector.

The lawyer had just thirty-five minutes to go to the United States circuit court and get a writ and serve it on the collector and notify the steamship company people. When the Olivette was about to sail her captain put the two Chinamen on the dock, despite the protest of the custom officers, who now have them in custody.

Congress Progress.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 11.—The Senate during the coming week will devote itself almost entirely to the discussion of the repeal bill, possibly there may be an occasional break during the morning hours, but the calendar affords very little scope for diversion in this respect.

Vorhees decided more than a week ago that it would be inexpedient to push his bill in the interest of national banks until more important repeal bills shall be disposed of, and his repeal bill has been laid aside to allow the house measure to be discussed until the Senate is ready for action, when, if unconditional repeal is reached, Vorhees's bill will probably be substituted for the bill which comes from the other end of the Capitol.

Senator Hill will not attempt to secure consideration for his anti-federal election law bill until the question of repeal is concluded, the only object of national importance before the Senate except Senator Peffer's resolution concerning reserve of the New York, Philadelphia and Boston Banks.

Other measures on the calendar stand no show according to the present aspect of affairs, to receiving the slightest attention.

In the House there is nothing of importance on the horizon for the coming week except from the ways and means, banking and currency and appropriation committees, which are proceeding under the resolution passed when the adjournment was announced. None of the other House committees have had a meeting. Not a bill has been reported. This leaves the House without a calendar.

INDIAN RESERVATIONS.

Millions of Acres of Land for Cash Settlers.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 8.—The opening of two more Indian reservations is under consideration at the Interior department. The opening of the Chicapoo reservation, in Indian territory, has already been decided upon, and allotments are now being made. The Iowa is to be opened to settlers in a short time, a proclamation opening the land to settlement.

The next reservations to be opened, it is believed, are the Uncompahgre and Uintah Ute, in Utah. Each of these embraces about 2,000,000 acres. In the latter valuable minerals are abundant, while each comprises rich farming land.

Crop Reports.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.—The September report of the statistician of the department of agriculture shows a decline in the condition of corn to 79.9 from 87.9 for the month of August, and 93.2 for July. The change is marked in nearly all the corn states, in contrast with somewhat higher reports for the past ten years. Only three were lower, 10.1 in 1890, 12.3 in 1887, and 7.6 in 1886. The decline was caused by the prevailing drouth. The condition of wheat, both winter and spring, where we 74.8, against 85.3 in 1892. The general average is the lowest since 1891, when it was 72.9.

The Country's Congratulations.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.—Congratulatory telegrams and messages continue to arrive at the White House, expressing the felicity of the public from one end of the country to the other over the happiness which has been brought to the chief executive of the nation and his wife by the birth of another child. Both Mr. Cleveland and her babe are as well as the conditions will allow. The day at the White House was spent very quietly.

GUITEAU'S REMAINS.

He Was Buried Beneath the Floor of the Jail.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10. — Deputy Warden Ross, of the district jail issued a statement today that the skeleton of Guiteau, the assassin of President Garfield, is to be on exhibition at the Medical Museum, as has been generally supposed. Great precautions were taken to prevent the grave from being robbed.

In order to obviate whatever legal difficulties might arise and forestall any claim the sister or brother of the murderer might take, it was decided that he should make a will, bequeathing his body to Dr. Hicks, and it was decided to bury it in the jail. The night of the hanging, after the autopsy, the body remained in a cheap coffin in the chapel of the jail. Early on the Saturday morning following the execution a couple of trusties proceeded to the laundry room just to the east of the engine room, dimly lighted by a small barred grating, and made almost an ideal tomb. The two amateur grave diggers went to work and quickly removing the flooring, dug a grave sufficiently deep.

By the time the body had been brought down from the chapel and the grave finished Hicks arrived to conduct the burial services. There was only a small party that stood about that open grave and listened to the solemn reading of the burial service. General Crocker, who was warden, was present and Charles Reed, the lawyer who assisted in Guiteau's defense, twelve several guards and the two prisoners who dug the grave.

It was a weird scene. A burial in such a sombre place was particularly nerve-trying, and all felt relieved when Dr. Hicks concluded and the carman began to cover up the coffin.

The story that the body had been secretly removed to the Medical Museum was permitted to go uncontradicted, just as stated, because we didn't believe it concerned any one. What became of the brains and other organs of the assassin, which were removed at the autopsy held immediately after the execution, I do not know, except that they are on exhibition at the museum. Whatever else was left of the man who murdered President Garfield lies beneath the floor of the laundry room of the jail.

Mysterious Murder.

KANSAS CITY, Sept. 9.—A shooting mystery was committed today in a prominent office building of the Junction, the most prominent location in the business district of the city. Mrs. Jane Wright, better known as Madame Wright, a well known employment agent, was found dead in her office this evening by the janitor of the building. The body was found on the floor, face downward. The face had been cruelly beaten and was scarcely recognizable through the coal black tresses upon it. The hands and feet were securely tied with stout wrapping cord. Deep red impress of human fingers were on the throat, and the disfigured face and protruding tongue and eyes told how the murder had been done.

To Succeed Josiah Quincy.

NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—Charles Robinson, of this city, is said by those who claim to have authentic information, to be slated as the successor of Josiah Quincy, of Massachusetts, as assistant secretary of state. Robinson, though but 24 years of age, has many a name as an authority on international law, and has written largely on that subject.

Why He Was Lynched.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Sept. 8.—Benjamin Jackson, colored, was lynched near Quincy last night. About a year ago Jackson and Thomas Woodmazer, a prominent citizen, quarreled. The fight so frightened Mrs. Woodmazer, who was in a delicate condition, that she died. Jackson swore he would "fix" Woodmazer. A fell days ago the men threw rat poison into Woodmazer's well. Three of Woodmazer's children died from drinking the poisoned water, and Woodmazer himself is dying. Thirty neighbors visited the family and drank of the water, and many are not expected to live. Jackson confessed the crime before being put to death.

Robbers Identified.

DELTA, Colo., Sept. 10.—The two men who were killed last Thursday while attempting to escape, after robbing the Farmers and Merchants' Bank and killing its cashier, were positively identified today as Tom and Fred McCarthy, father and son. The third man who participated in the robbery but escaped is Billy McCarthy, also a son of Tom McCarthy. These men constituted the McCarthy gang of Oregon, and are wanted there for robbing stages and the United States mails. There is a reward of $3,000 on them on that account.

Billy McCarthy, the escaped robber, is still at large, but the posse has not been given up.

A STAGE DUEL.

Keene Accidentally Stabs Lawrence Lowell.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 8.—During the fourth scene between Mercutio and Tybalt in Romeo and Juliet, at the Duquesne theater this afternoon, Tommie Keene, the Tybalt, accidentally forced his sword into the left eye of Lawrence Lowell, destroying the sight. Lowell was playing Benvolio, and when Mercutio (Keene) stabbed Tybalt (Robert T. Haines), Lowell, who escaped Haines when he fell, received a sword thrust in the eye. The sharp blade narrowly escaped entering the brain.

Miners Cause Trouble.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 10.—About a hundred Italian miners employed in the Bradley mines in the Cherry valley, near here, were discharged yesterday. The firm employed 300 miners and those discharged were mostly single men. Those deposed have organized for the purpose of preventing the others from working. This afternoon they appeared on the streets, armed, and openly threatened to shoot the first men attempting to enter the mines tomorrow.

A Fatal Collision.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., Sept. 10.—This morning a collision occurred on the New York, Chicago and St. Louis Railway, two miles east of Leipsic, O., between two freight trains. Both locomotives were entirely destroyed and fifteen cars of merchandise entirely demolished. Jack Davidson, engineer, was killed, and Percy Unser, his fireman, had both legs broken and scalded so badly that death will result.

Bonanza in Lead.

ARKANSAS CITY, Kan., Sept. 10.—The government booths, at which prospective settlers of the Cherokee strip must register and procure certificates, will be opened for business tomorrow, when the boomers will be allowed to register. The boomers began to line up in front of the booths last evening. Accessories to the line have been made all last night and today, and this evening 500 people were in line, with others falling in every few minutes. The line is about a quarter of a mile long now. It is composed of all nationalities, ages, condition and sexes. Vendors of hot coffee, sandwiches, water, and pie do a thriving business along the line. Counting today's arrivals, there are now about 12,000 encamped hereabouts, awaiting the opening.

FROM FOREIGN LANDS.

How the German Emperor was Received in Strasburg.

Prince Bismarck Seriously Ill.—Another Suspicious Death in England.—Brazilian Affairs.

STRASBURG, Sept. 9.—The emperor of Germany arrived here this morning. His majesty alighted from the imperial train at Neudeck station and rode to the reviewing ground, accompanied by his staff and a guard of cavalry. Arriving at the parade ground the Fifteenth army corps was reviewed. Thousands of people were present. After the review the emperor was entertained by the leading officials of the city of Strasburg.

The emperor was much pleased with the warm greeting.

It is said, in spite of these demonstrations of loyalty, there was an exhibition of disloyalty made during the early part of the day. According to reports, during the night a number of placards, printed in French, were posted up in conspicuous places on the route of parade. These placards, it is said, referred in most insulting terms to the visit of the crown prince of Italy to Strasburg, in company with the emperor of Germany. The police promptly removed all traces of these placards, and are making a vigorous search for the persons who printed them, as well as for those who had taken part in posting them up along the emperor's route.

Bismarck Ill.

LONDON, Sept. 10.—*The Daily News'* correspondent at Kissingen says: Prince Bismarck is too ill to travel and his departure from here has been postponed. The ex-chancellor is seriously ill. He is unable to eat and is generally in a bad condition. He caught a chill recently in receiving a deputation of his Frankfort admirers, and then suffered from an attack of gout, which were followed by shingles.

The Cholera in England.

LONDON, Sept. 10.—No fresh cases of cholera were reported at Hull today and there were no deaths. There are now only two cholera patients in town and they are nearly well. A case of supposed cholera has been found in Lancaster. A woman who kept a fish shop was attacked with sickness and died in a few hours. An autopsy has been made, but the authorities have not made the result public.

The House of Lords.

LONDON, Sept. 10.—As a result of the defeat of the home rule bill in the house of lords, this morning the radical newspapers here generally call for abolition of the house of lords.

Will Inquire into the Matter.

LONDON, Sept. 10.—A correspondent in Rome telegraphs that the Vatican is about to open an inquiry of the most searching character into the latest opinions of Monsignor Rinaldi in the United States, an opposition with Cardinal Gibbons extending to Rome itself.

The Argentine Rebellion.

BUENOS AYRES, Sept. 10.—The news from Tucuman is far from satisfactory to the government. There has been more fighting in the streets of that city. The rebels are in possession of the railroads and have received reinforcements from the surrounding country.

The Next World's Fair.

PARIS, Sept. 10.—An official decree has been issued announcing that an international exposition will be held in France in 1900.

Brazilian Affairs.

LONDON, Sept. 10.—A dispatch has been received at the Brazilian legation here, which seems to throw light upon the situation of affairs in that distributed republic. The message says Rio de Janeiro is in a state of perfect tranquility. The official message adds the Brazilian government is strong, has confidence in the majority of the people, and that it is able to repress any will repress all revolt. Congress, continues the official communication, has just decided it is a state of siege, but, it is added, the government proposes not to be obliged to carry out the workings of martial law.

The official message is regarded here as being somewhat misleading, though it may be not just right of that it is an "official" communication from the Brazilian government, and therefore likely to depict the situation in most favorable colors.

Bald Heads!

What is the condition of women? It may be said with truth, that 50 per cent of all the sickness and suffering of the female sex is caused by Bad Blood, or Blood Poisoned by the Poisonous Matter that should be eliminated by the Kidneys and Bowels. Hence Pimples, Blotches, Boils, Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Dizziness, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Dragging Pains, Bearing Down Pains, Leucorrhœa, Irregularities, Female Weakness, Prolapsus, Falling of the Womb, Ovarian Tumors, Inflammation and Ulceration of the Bladder and Kidneys, Dropsy, Gravel, Diabetes, Bright's Disease, Blood Poisoning, Blood Taints, Scrofula, Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Boils, Carbuncles, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores, Tumors, Cancers, Catarrh, Consumption, Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Constipation, Piles, Fever and Ague, Chills and Fever, Malaria, Nervous Debility, Mental Depression, Loss of Memory, Sleeplessness, Nervous Prostration, Nervous Headache, Neuralgia, Hysteria, Fits, Spasms, Convulsions, Epilepsy, St. Vitus' Dance, Insanity, Dullness, Loss of Appetite, Loss of Flesh, Loss of Power, Lack of Energy, Hot Flashes, Night Sweats, Cold Feet, Cold Hands, Cold Chills, Cold Sores, Cold Sweats, Cold Noses, Cold Ears, Cold Tongues, Cold Hearts, Cold Heads, Cold Everything, Cold Blood, Cold Feelings, Cold Shoulders, Cold Water, Cold Weather, Cold Cash, Cold Comfort