

RUSSIANS HAVE A CELEBRATION.



Throughout the Empire the People Generally Go Wild Over the Czar's Gift of Freedom.

SOME RIOTING WAS REPORTED

Early in the Day the "Marseillaise" Supplanted National Anthem as Popular Marching Song.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 31.—All Russia today enthusiastically celebrated the emperor's gift of freedom, which the greater part of the people received with deepest joy, though in St. Petersburg, Moscow and other cities Socialists and revolutionists organized anti-government demonstrations and red flag parades, which, with the patriotic demonstrations, led to a number of conflicts between the "reds" and "whites" as the anti-government and royalist factions are respectively termed. On the whole the day passed more quietly in Russia than had been expected. Riots were reported at Kazan, Kishineff and Poltava, and two men were killed.

PEOPLES GO WILD.

In each of the two capitals, St. Petersburg and Moscow, the day was one such as the Russians never before have seen. The Slavic people who, during the long war just closed and the anxious period preceding the announcement of the new era of constitutionalism and anarcho-syndicalism, gave themselves fully to the subversive of the government and spent the entire day in parades and assemblies, which for the first time in the history of Russia were freely permitted. Under the orders of Count Witte and Gen. Trepoff, the troops generally were withdrawn from the streets of the cities and the fullest rein given the people to let out their enthusiasm in demonstrations, which, so long as they were not destructive, were not interfered with.

A SIGNIFICANT OMEN.

It was significant omen that after a fortnight of gloom and depressing weather, symbolic of the gloom of the strike, the sun shone out brightly to-day in St. Petersburg and brought a radiant Indian summer day. The scenes in St. Petersburg reminded the observer of events in an American university town after a great football victory, but a thousand times magnified. From early morning the streets of the capital were filled with a mass of demonstrators, who paraded up and down the long and broad Nevsky Prospect and tramped time and again the route between the principal centers of demonstration—the Kazan cathedral and the university—and the former, augmenting, reached a grand total of fully 200,000 people, while down the Nevsky Prospect late in the afternoon Socialist agitators, consisting of both students and workmen, and members of revolutionary organizations, jumped into the forefront of affairs in St. Petersburg and converted the celebration into a great revolutionary demonstration.

LONG PROCESSIONS.

There were long processions in which hundreds of red flags were carried, and to which every one was compelled to doff his hat. In many of the processions flaunted on the lands of their coats rosettes and streamers of crimson ribbon, and Socialist orators delivered fiery orations from the balconies of the university and the porches of the cathedral, or wherever they could gather audiences. They declared the concessions of the emperor's manifesto were insufficient, and that they must have the freedom of all political prisoners, the formation of a national militia and the banishment of Gen. Trepoff and all the troops under his command 20 miles from the capital.

"MARSELLAISE" WAS SUNG.

Early in the day the "Marseillaise" supplanted the national anthem as the popular marching song. The loyalists attempted to take the lead against the Socialists and Revolutionists by organizing counter parades, in which they carried the red, white and blue banner of Russia and chanted the national anthem, but they were driven off the Nevsky Prospect by the overwhelming numbers of the "reds" every time they appeared.

In the early part of the day great crowds of spectators filled the broad sidewalks and remained until the demonstrations assumed so turbulent a character that the well-intentioned classes fled to their homes and the merchants hastily hoisted up the windows of their stores and shops and barred their doors, fearing an outbreak which might result in pillage and destruction. Such an outbreak, however, did not occur, and the day closed without serious collisions.

CITIZENS TIRED OUT.

The major portion of the citizens tired out by the long celebration of the day of Russian liberty, went early to bed, and at midnight the Nevsky Prospect was deserted, except for crowds of roughs armed with clubs, who paraded the avenue singing the national anthem as well as revolutionary songs and who had frequent collisions with each other, during which shots were fired.

The most serious encounter during the day took place near the barracks of the Semenoff regiment, where a crowd of demonstrators in attempting to march to the technological institute, was stopped by the soldiers, who fired on both sides, with the result that one man was killed and ten wounded. A prominent lawyer and a professor were wounded in a collision at the polytechnic school.

DODGED HATS TO RED FLAGS.

Another fatality resulted from the demand made by the crowd that hats be doffed before the red flags. An officer who refused to obey the demand was set upon and beaten with the staffs of dragoons. He was then arrested and driven a number of shots, killing a person.

In an affray at the Putloff works between strikers and non-strikers several men were badly beaten. Ten or 12 men were wounded in the collisions on the Nevsky Prospect.

During the evening rumors of collisions resulting in heavy fatalities attained wide circulation, but the Associated Press is unable to confirm them and it is officially stated that, beyond the fatalities mentioned above, no one was killed. The authorities, however, are more up-to-date for tomorrow, when the liquor shops, which for the most part were closed today, will be opened, and when the agitators, after today's incendiary speeches may be able to work a portion of the population to the point of a serious encounter with the troops or with the royalists.

The soldiers off duty today mingled freely with the demonstrators and fraternized with the populace.

A number of them, including several officers, placed themselves at the head

the shortage of the failed Enterprise National bank of Allentown will not be less than one and a half million dollars. The funds of the bank, he said, have been abstracted by the deceased cashier, T. Lee Clark, but owing to his fraudulent bookkeeping it has not yet been ascertained what disposition he made of the bulk of the misappropriated funds.

PAUL MORTON THINKS INVESTIGATION GOOD THING

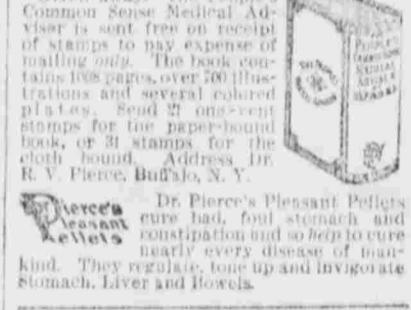
Chicago, Oct. 31.—Paul Morton, president of the Equitable Life Assurance company, believes great good will result from the investigation of the affairs of the insurance companies.

"The result of the present investigation," he said today, "will be beneficial not only to the insurance companies, but to all corporations. The inquiry will have the effect of forcing insurance companies and other corporations upon a firmer and sounder basis. It will promote a better corporation that will insure the safety of investment which the public desires. I do not care to talk about the extravagance which has been exposed further than to say that in my judgment such a thing will be impossible after the present investigation is concluded."

Asked if he thought one result would be the placing of insurance on a cheap basis, Mr. Morton replied:

"I hardly think so. The people do not want cheap insurance, but they do want safe insurance. My observation has been that cheap insurance is neither safe insurance. Insurance has become acknowledged investments, one in which no man does not have to wait for a return before anybody can obtain any gain from it. Being a legitimate and good investment and being a concern as such, the public has a right to demand that it be safe."

"My belief is that this present agitation is going to bring about just that result—the guarantee of a safe investment insurance. Reheater men who run insurance companies will not dare to do anything that will make investment in their companies safer or, for fear of exposure and condemnation by the public."



Given away by the People's Cure Society, this pamphlet, Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pills, is sent free on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing only. The book contains 100 pages of illustrations and several colored plates. Send 10-cent postage stamp for paper-bound book or 5-cent postage for the cloth bound. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N.Y.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pills are said to be good for bad, foul stomach and constipation and so help cure nearly every disease of the stomach. They regulate tone up and invigorate kind.

of one profession, provoking wild laughter.

ENEMY TO TREPOFF.

A feature of the day was the intense animosity displayed by the students against the Trepoff, whose agitators universally demanded his removal, and at a great meeting in the university tonight one student openly called for a volunteer to kill him. Count Witte, however, does not seem inclined to throw him overboard, at least for the present, and has also refused the proposals for the removal of the troops as sheer folly.

The forthcoming amnesty for political prisoners announced by Count Witte served to defeat a number of attempts made by agitators to stir the crowds up to attack the St. Petersburg institution in which political prisoners are detained, and which is strongly guarded by troops.

FOR UNIVERSAL SUFFRAGE.

During the afternoon Count Witte announced to a friend that he was not without hope that universal suffrage would be introduced before the elections for the state duma took place. This announcement when it spread among the Liberals will enroll many of the latter among the friends of the new government against the Socialists, who announce that they will be satisfied with nothing less than a democratic republic on the basis of state socialism.

The agitators force a collision and the army stands firm; the resultant bloodshed will be apt to react against them and to drive all except the radical element into the government camp; assuming Count Witte a strong majority in the duma when it assemble.

WITTE SEES EDITORS.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 31.—Count Witte today summoned a conference of the editors of all the St. Petersburg newspapers and asked them old and co-operation in restoring normal conditions and securing the confidence of the people in the new regime, the purpose of which was to give the fullest measure of liberty outlined in the manifesto.

The count said he had telegraphed to many eminent Liberals to come to St. Petersburg and assist in putting the new administration on a solid and acceptable footing, and when the radical strike leaders told him their arrival was to rely on the sober sense of the St. Petersburg press, without whose assistance in calming the people and government could do nothing positive and would be obliged to content itself with negative, and even reactionary measures.

The editors present expressed the fullest confidence in Count Witte, but declared that they could not publish their papers without the consent of the strike committee. The editors of the radical papers said that to content the people it was necessary to give the fullest amnesty to political prisoners and release Gen. Trepoff, the Commissar and the other military forces from the city.

Count Witte said the government intended to proclaim amnesty. A manifesto was being prepared, but everything could not be done in a day. He added that it would be madness to remove the troops from the city at such a juncture.

WARNING FROM TREPOFF.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 1, 3:50 a.m.—Early this morning, after a conference in which all the generals commanding troops in St. Petersburg participated, Gen. Trepoff issued the following announcement which he is being placarded throughout the city:

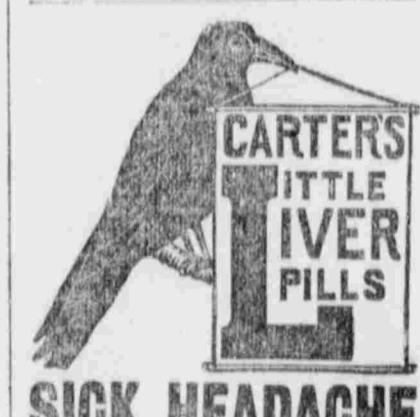
"The day of Oct. 31, unfortunately, did not pass off without violent encounters between the different factions of the population, as well as with police and troops.

"Recognizing the responsibility imposed on me, I again request the populace to maintain order and give warning that all attempts to disturb order will be suppressed with the most peremptory and categorical measures."

TREPPOFF."

Enterprise Bank Shortage.

Washington, Oct. 31.—Comptroller of the Currency Ridgley today said that



Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Heavy Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

CALL FOR, GET.

Use and Take No Other.

Social Bread and Cakes

Repair Work a Specialty.

ALBERT S. REISER,
JEWELER,
12 E. 1ST RO. BELL TEL. 2640-K.
Watches, Diamonds and
Jewelry.
Repair Work a Specialty.

W. W. Hall,
JEWELER,
227 Main Street.

Diamonds, watches, jewelry and silverware. Everything new. All kinds of manufacturing and repairing. J. H. Knickerbocker, the well-known optician, manager.

Both Phones.

Colonist
RATES.

We are now serving our patrons with the best Clothing, Hats and Furnishings the country affords. We've made great preparation for Fall and Winter trade and are prepared to offer great inducements.

Suits \$7.50 to \$35.00
Overcoats \$5.50 to \$35.00
Hats \$1.45 to \$ 5.00

We ask for your trade because we say frankly that we expect to do better by you than other stores will do.

Your money returned if not satisfied.

BARTON & CO.

The Popular Clothiers,
45-47 Main St.

AT BARTON'S.
OUR MEN'S DEPARTMENT.

For we are now serving our patrons with the best Clothing, Hats and Furnishings the country affords. We've made great preparation for Fall and Winter trade and are prepared to offer great inducements.

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