

## LOCAL AND OTHER MATTERS.

## FROM FRIDAY'S DAILY

**THE TAMARIND.**—A young plant, grown from a seed found in the ordinary tamarind cores sold as a medicine at the druggists', was exhibited at the late fair of the D. A. and M. Society, by Mr. William Willis, of this city. If this tree could be grown in our southern settlements and its fruit matured, as well as that of the pomelo granate, specimens of which were among our valuable fruit collection, it would be a great boon to our community. "A laxative, refrigerant and febrifuge," rich in citric acid (acid of lemons), easily prepared and preserved, one of the best preventives to fever would be obtainable at a cheap rate. With the remedial and grateful qualities of this fruit, every frequenter of the sick chamber is furnished, but we want the aperient, cooling and fever destroying fruit for our children during the sultry season of the year especially.

**SAME HERE.**—The Cheyenne Leader thus describes the weather in that city. We think it describes admirably the fine spell Salt Lake City is now enjoying:

"The weather is delightful, warm, pleasant and genial as the face of a good man who loves his race, is kind to his wife and pays for his newspaper. Such weather has a perceptible influence on the minds of sensitive people. When the skies smile, they smile, and when the weather is cold and gloomy and bleak raw winds prevail, they are correspondingly depressed. Almost all of us love the merry sunshine."

**HOME MADE HATS.**—We were surprised and rather sorry to find, in our rambles in the late fair, that the manufacturers of gentlemen's hats in our city, had sent no specimens of their handicraft for exhibition. Though our hatters may be few in number, their productions are no discredit to the cause of home manufacture in Utah. We have lately seen a number of home made hats, offered at a lower price than the imported article, and of a superior quality, while for durability they will outlast a half dozen of the foreign made; at the same time, they are neither clumsy nor heavy. The only objection that can be urged against them is that they are not quite the present fashion and we would just hint to our hat makers that if they would obtain fashionable blocks, and mark their productions "Made de Paris," we believe their hats would sell by the thousands to the people of the Territory.

**CITY CREEK IRON AND BRASS FOUNDRY.**—One of the most substantial buildings lately erected in Salt Lake City is the foundry built by Young & Co., on City Creek, immediately in the rear of the Church Blacksmith Shop, and closing by President Kimball's mill. The building is a rock structure in the form of a T, the foundry being 72 x 23 feet, and 18 feet to the centre of the roof, and the machine shop 52 x 20 feet. It is estimated that the amount of iron casting that can be turned out will amount to 2,200 pounds a week. Brass castings will also be made twice a week.

Brother Z. W. Derrick, so well known to most of our citizens, is in charge of the works.

**CRUELTY TO ANIMALS.**—It is a common adage that "The man of kindness is kind to his beast," and we have excellent reason for believing the remark to be true.

We sincerely believe that the people of our community, as a body, are the most kind hearted and well disposed, to man and beast, of any people in the world; but we deeply regret that there are a few in our midst whose dispositions—by no means the most angelic, manifest themselves in the way they treat the animals under their care.

We are well aware that there are many things connected with teaming in this country that are calculated to try the patience of the most placid-tempered teamster and there may be occasional instances in which a slight administration of the whip is excusable; but the way in which some men treat the animals which God has placed in their charge is wrong, and should be put a stop to. We do not desire to see the time when legislative measures will have to be resorted to to prevent such disgraceful conduct, but we hope that the growing good sense of the people will be a sufficient remedy.

It seems to us poor economy to so overload a wagon that the animals whose duty it is to draw it have to be continually whipped till they are almost dead with fatigue and ill treatment. It is a well known and long established fact that there is a point in a man's physical nature beyond which any exertion, no matter how slight, tends to break down his system. It is the same with beasts of burden. If a horse or an ox has only strength sufficient to pull a ton weight it is clear that to require it to pull a ton and a half would not only be dangerous to the animal, but it would also be bad economy.

If those who are guilty of this obnoxious practice will treat their animals with kindness, they will find that not only will they not lose by the change, but they will discover that even the beasts of the field are capable of gratitude.

**LAMB'S KNITTING MACHINES.**—The importance of introducing labor-saving machinery in our midst is acknowledged by all who study the prosperity of our com-

munity. We have just examined several pairs of knitted stockings, made on Lamb's Knitting Machine by Sister Ashworth, of South Mill Creek Canyon. We are assured that Sister A. knits from twenty to twenty-five pairs per week, in addition to attending to her household duties. This is a great improvement upon the old knitting-needle process.

These machines were introduced a few months ago by Prest. B. Young, and parties who use them speak in high terms of their merits.

**DISTRICT COURT.**—The arguments of counsel in the case of Mrs. Nellie Kay Robinson vs. Salt Lake City, occupied the afternoon session of yesterday. Demurrer of Plaintiff held under advisement by the Court.

This morning, at 10 o'clock, the Court resumed its sitting.

Plaintiff's demurrer sustained in the case of Mrs. Robinson vs. Salt Lake City, and defendants granted leave to amend.

The prisoners, Thomas Brannigan, Chas. Howard and Jack Lavelle, were arraigned upon the new indictment found against them for the murder of Calvin F. Russell, at Wasatch, on the 7th of April last. Upon being asked by the Prosecuting Attorney, "Are you guilty or not guilty?" they severally answered "not guilty;" whereupon, in compliance with motion of the prisoner's counsel, a change of venue was granted.

Pursuant to this change of venue, the Court ordered that the prisoners be taken by the Marshal, on Monday next, to be tried before the First Judicial District Court, Judge O. F. Strickland, the October term of which commences at Provo on Tuesday next, at 10 o'clock a.m.

The case of the people, &c., vs. Charles Popper, for larceny, was continued by agreement of the prosecuting attorney and counsel for the accused.

On motion for continuance in the case of Jos. F. Nounnan & Co., the points for and against were strongly contested by the respective counsel; the attorney for complainants urging a hearing of the case at the present term. A continuance was granted.

A continuance was also granted in the case of Thos. H. Bates vs. U. P. Railroad.

Court adjourned till Monday, Nov. 22

**DEFACING POST BILLS.**—During the past few days we have noticed in various parts of the city that Theatre bills have been defaced in a shameful manner. Some malicious person or persons have been in the habit of late of cutting out certain portions of the theatrical bills. This has not been done on one or two occasions only; but, in certain parts of the city, the names of the cast have been regularly cut out day after day, soon after the bills have been posted, as though done with a design. Who the party or parties are that are guilty of this mean practice we do not know. Surely no grown person can be guilty of such acts, and, if done by boys, they should be checked. If any of our citizens see children or others engaged in defacing these bills, they should reprimand or report them. This is practice that should be stopped.

**LOOKING UP.**—In our late walks round town we have inquired of several of our dealers and home manufacturers, "How's trade," and have been answered almost without exception, "Better," "Very busy," "All we can do" and such like. We are glad of this, and hope that the darkest days of Utah trade have passed away forever.

## FROM SATURDAY'S DAILY.

**LEFT FOR THE EAST.**—The District Court having been adjourned till the latter end of November, Judge Wilson has taken the opportunity offered by the recess to visit his friends in the East. He left our city this morning.

**HONORABLY RELEASED.**—We understand that Elder David Candland has been honorably released from the mission to which he was called at the late Conference, a continuance of his labors at Zion's Co-operative Mercantile Institution being desired as conducive to the interests of that establishment.

**PERSONAL.**—Hon. Brigham Young, Jr., started from this city last evening, with the intention of taking this morning's train for the east. We wish him *bon voyage* and a safe return.

**WILL BE CLOSED.**—Owing to the Military drill the Managers have very wisely decided to close the Theatre after Monday night's performance, until Saturday evening, when a highly interesting bill will be offered to the patrons of the house.

**TREASURE CITY.**—The citizens of this city of the White Pine district on the 14th inst. celebrated the completion of the water-works of their city. The water is conducted six miles over high mountains and deep valleys to the city. The reservoir is ten thousand feet above the level of the sea. This is a gigantic work for so young a city.

**RETURNED.**—Judge Elias Smith returned from Omaha on Thursday evening, having had a pleasant stay of some two weeks in that promising city. We heartily congratulate the Judge upon the improvement in his health as evidenced from his increased rotundity and unusual ruddiness of complexion.

He informs us that the arbitration between President Young and the Union Pa-

cific Railroad did not occur, for the reason that the arbitrators on the part of the U. P. R. did not put in an appearance. The counsel for the U. P. R. did not state whether the Company would make any other effort to evade the payment of the demands in controversy; but, if bonds and written obligations have any force, they are firmly enough bound to pay these dues, the case having gone against the Company by default.

There are a multitude of hard-working men in this community who have aided by their hands, heads, hearts and every means in their possession, to push this great thoroughfare through to completion, who will be but barely compensated for actual service rendered, when those demands are paid in full.

We are pleased to learn from Judge Smith, of the highly improved condition of the road-bed generally between Uintah and Omaha, as also the very reputable manner in which it is at present conducted. He awards a high tribute to the employees of the company, from Superintendent Hammond down to the conductors and brakemen upon the trains. He remarked, which we regard as nothing of special mention, that profanity is strictly prohibited, and that the rule is strictly observed; he has cause to believe from the fact that he heard no oaths or obscenity used by any of them;—a great contrast with the moral status of last winter and spring.

**ARRIVED AT OGDEN.**—The company of Saints, in the charge of Elder J. Lawson, reached Ogden at half past six this morning, all well.

**SHOOTING AFFRAY AT UTAH.**—A correspondent writing from Utah says:

"On the evening of the 14th inst. a row occurred between an Irishman named Martin and Gus Sprowse, which is supposed will result in the death of Martin."

"It appears that these two men were gambling, and disputed about 'the drinks,' when Sprowse slapped Martin in the mouth, they both arose and ran out of the tent. Gus Sprowse fired as they passed out and in a few minutes, while some friends were trying to get Martin away he fired again, the ball striking Martin in the forehead whence it passed downwards and came out below the ear. He still breathes but is not expected to recover. Sprowse immediately left for parts unknown."

**THE DRILL.**—As the greater portion of the corps of this establishment are subject to military duty, and will be absent from the Office on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, for the purpose of participating in the drill at Camp Wasatch, we shall, on those days, only publish a paper half the usual size, which arrangement we hope will be satisfactory to our subscribers, as in that space we shall strive to give our readers every item of important news, that may be brought us by telegraph, or may occur locally.

**BUGGY OVERTURNED.**—Shortly before six o'clock last evening a buggy containing a gentleman, two ladies and an infant, was overturned in South Temple street, almost opposite the residence of President Joseph Young, sen.

It appears that one of the shafts of the buggy became entangled in the collar of the horse causing the animal to back the buggy off the traveled road, down the declivity near Mr. Young's residence, which resulted in the buggy overturning on the top of its occupants. Assistance was promptly rendered by some gentleman passing, and the frightened party were rescued from their perilous position when, strange to say, it was found that none of them were seriously hurt.

**AT SAN FRANCISCO.**—Elder Geo. Nebeker writing from San Francisco on the 13th inst., says:

"Elder Napela and myself arrived here on the 11th inst. after a pleasant ride of fifty-three hours."

We found our friends here glad to see us again. We take passage on the bark *D. E. Murray* which sails to-morrow, and we trust to the Lord for a pleasant passage.

We feel to say again to our many friends in Salt Lake Aloha-hue."

**MESSAGE.**—There is a telegram at the Deseret Telegraph office for W. J. Flowyer. Let him call and get it.

**FATAL ACCIDENT.**—Yesterday morning a fatal accident befel a boy named George Brooks, aged about twelve years, whose parents reside in the 8th Ward of this city. It seems that while out riding near the Warm Springs, from some cause unknown, his saddle turned and the poor boy was precipitated with great force to the ground. The horse was going at a smart pace at the time. Luckily a gentleman was near with a horse and buggy who conveyed the insensible and bleeding youth home. Dr. Anderson was immediately in attendance, but his skill was of no avail, death having resulted, to all appearances, instantaneously, and it is supposed from the appearance of the skull, was caused by a kick from his horse.

## BROWN &amp; CARTLEDGE,

SILK, WOOLEN and COTTON DYERS,

PROVO CITY, UTAH CO.,

Clothes Cleaned and Dyed. Silks, Crapes, Velvets, Feathers &c., Dyed and finished as when new. w31 1m

The London omnibusses carried twenty millions passengers last year.

There are 2,000 professional thieves in Chicago, besides the unprofessionals.

Nashville is going to have a machine for compressing cotton, costing \$30,000. It will reduce a bale of cotton to thirteen inches.

A factory has been opened at Norway, Maine, for the manufacture of pulp for paper from poplar wood. The pulp is to be sent to Massachusetts to be manufactured into book covers, etc.

Jenny Lind is to open a school for opera singers in Paris. She has become quite poor, Herr Goldschmidt having squandered all her property. So at least rumor sayeth.

The body of a young woman, buried in France a year ago, has been exhumed, when it was found that the unfortunate girl had torn her shroud, scratched the coffin-lid with the crucifix, and gnawed her hands, in the agony of burial alive.

Old Father Taylor, of Boston, though aged seventy-seven, is still hale and hearty, and especially active at camp meetings. Lately at Eastham, Massachusetts, he became very much interested in a young man, for whom he prayed thus: "O Lord, perhaps you don't know who the young man is. He is Captain —, son of —, of Harwich, one of our best friends and most prominent citizens."

## Died.

At Provo, Sept. 18, 1869, Elder William M. Wall, aged 48 years. Disease, dropsy and affection of the kidneys.

Deceased was born in Rockingham county, North Carolina, Sep. 3, 1821; received the gospel in Sangamon county, Illinois, May, 1843. He gathered with the saints in Hancock county in the Fall of the same year, settled in Macedonia and experienced persecution and imprisonment for the sake of his friends and the gospel. In the winter and early part of 1846 his lot was cast with the first camp or Presidency of Zion, while struggling through the wilds of Iowa, seeking an asylum in the west. He located near Council Bluffs, and in 1850 led a company of fifty wagons of Saints across the plains, settled at Provo, and was shortly after ordained Bishop of the 3rd Ward of that city. In 1853 he went, with others of his brethren, to strengthen the southern settlements against the inroads of hostile Indians, and located at Fillmore. In 1856 he went on a mission to Australia, where he labored until the general recall of the strength of Israel in 1857. He presided for some years over the settlements in Provo Valley. His late years have been spent in endeavoring to recruit his shattered condition and managing a small settlement in Round Valley. His arm was always ready to protect the feeble and oppressed, and his voice to defend the cause of truth. He leaves a large family to mourn his loss.—(COM.)

October 15th, in the 2nd Ward, Salt Lake City, John Willard, son of P. H. and Phoebe Young, aged 1 year, 6 months, and 23 days.

Funeral services at the house of Bishop P. H. Young, on Sunday, 17th, at 10 a.m. The friends are respectfully invited to attend.

## REWARD OF INDUSTRY.

I do not propose to enter into any suggestions, or great amount in order to induce men of Utah that Emerson's patent



**MOVEABLE TOOTHED CIRCULAR SAW** is the best in every practical point than any other moveable toothed saw now in use, because there is one of the above saws now in operation in Hardscrabble Cañon, near this city, and said saw has proved to me and some other persons, and can and will prove to any person or persons—or any other man—that it performs just what the inventor, J. E. Emerson, claims it will perform—it will cut faster, and smoother lumber, and with less power than any other moveable toothed saw. At the same time it is cheaper than any other make of saw, either solid or moveable toothed. In short, the Emerson Saws can recommend themselves by the quantity and quality of lumber they can cut when operated to full capacity.

I will say that if any one wants to purchase an Emerson Saw, or any information concerning them, they can be accommodated by applying to me in person, or addressing to Post Office Box 115, Salt Lake City.

I will furnish the public with a price list as soon as practicable.

JOSEPH LANCASTER, Consulting, Practical and Mechanical Engineer. w37 2

## STOLEN BY AN INDIAN

ONE Dark Bay MARE, 5 years old last spring, branded on left shoulder with an anchor 7 inches long; bald face, glass eyes, eighteen hands high.

Any person knowing the whereabouts of said animal; will confer a favor by informing

J. L. WHITEHOUSE, Pine Cañon, Tooele County.

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## CAME TO MY PLACE

ABOUT three weeks ago, a Span of Horse MULES, one a Bay with Bon left side of neck; the other Sorrel, no brand.

The owner or owners are requested to prove property, pay charges, and take them away.

JOSEPH ROGERS, East Bench, near 1st Ward, Salt Lake City

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