THE EVENING NEWS.

PUBLISHED DAILY (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED) AT FOUR O'CLOCK.

Monday, - - September 15, 1879.

[COMMUNICATED.]

WAR ON THE WORK OF GOD.

WAR has again been declared against the Kingdom of God, or to speak with greater exactness, a new campaign has been inaugurated, for ever since the day of its establishment in this dispensation, the warfare has been constant and unrelenting. True, now and again, there has been a short lull in the conflict, yet neither truce nor treaty, but simply a short respite from active operations that the hosts of the adversary might gain fresh vigor for future onslaughts. The campaign now threatened is to be carried on under new commanders and with somewhat different tactics. The weapons to be used—falsehood, vile abuse, threats and violence—are the same, but they are to be handled with greater skill and by more practiced warriors. The highest authorities in this nation are to command in person, and they call upon the most powerful kingdoms of the world to join them in the unequal contest with the man-child in the wilderness. Great Britain, Germany and other powers are solicited to become active allies in the attack upon the Saints of the Most High, and to take their stand with Gog and Magog as the enemies of the Messiah.

To descend to particulars, Hon. Mr. Evarts, Secretary of State for this puissant nation, it is said, has issued a political circular to several of the prominent European powers, with regard to "Mormon Emigration," which places him in a very ridiculous light, and is a striking manifestation of how rapidly wisdom is departing from the rulers of this nation. "Whom the gods would destroy they first make mad," and the utter imbecility of the suggestions made in Secretary Evarts' circular certainly goes to show that destruction cannot be far removed from a nation whose representative men are so bereft of common sense. Mr. E. proposes to the governments he addresses to stop Mormon emigration from their shores, but he very cunningly avoids suggestions to them, how this very intricate piece of folly is to be carried out. Does he imagine that the powers addressed (England notably) will so far change their policy and their laws as to establish a religious espionage upon all who leave their shores, and compel each emigrant to declare that he is or is not a Latter-day Saint; for "Mormonism" neither changes the color of a man's skin, the height of his stature or the manner of his speech? He appears, he acts, he talks like the rest of his fellow-countrymen, and the fact that he believes in the divine mission of the prophet Joseph Smith must be proven either by his own admissions or the testimony of others. If the latter, then comes the consideration of increased taxation, for fresh powers will have to be given the courts, and new officers appointed that every man, woman and child charged with the heinous offence of believing in a God of present revelation and the still greater crime of intending to make their homes in Utah, will have to be tried and proven guilty or not guilty. This will touch a tender spot, and in the present distressed state of some of these countries, their taxpayers will be very loth to accommodate Mr. Hayes and his cabinet, by helping him at their expense to carry out his pet project and give vitality to Mr. Evarts incomparable circular.

There are three points affecting this foolish manifesto that need a passing allusion—why it was issued, its ostensible object and its real intent.

Why was it issued? We will reply, the originating cause of the promulgation of this circular, like the forging of every other weapon formed against Zion, is the undying hatred of the father of lies to the spread of truth and righteousness upon the earth. He fills those who shut their eyes to the light with this same spirit and makes them the willing instruments of his will. The desire to destroy the holy priesthood of the Most High, to overthrow the Kingdom of God and bring to naught His word and will, is the primal, though unrecognized cause of the bringing forth of this abortion.

Its ostensible, but not real object, is to prevent any more Mormon emigrants landing on United States soil. We cannot think that any of President Hayes' cabinet, including the learned Secretary of State, ever imagined that that object could be accomplished by the means suggested. We give them credit for a flickering ray of reason sufficient to enable them to realize that the means was not sufficient for the end. But, an attack on Mormonism was regarded as the proper thing for certain selfish purposes, the issuance of such a circular would certainly draw attention to the subject, and hold the attention of the masses, whilst the true inwardness of the whole matter was being quietly worked out with their aid, but without their comprehension.

The true intent of the circular is to make the Latter-day Saints odious, to make them "a reproach and a proverb, a taunt and a curse," upon the lips of mankind generally and their fellow citizens in particular. To do this, Mr. Evarts ("if the newspapers who represent him are to be believed) brands all "Mormons" as criminals. No matter how pure in life, how full of good works, how zealous for the welfare of humanity, how faithful to the cross of Christ, how rich they are in the love of God, they are all sullied with the damning name of criminal, for believing in and practicing the principles of that unchangable gospel which God gave of old through the ministry of his holy prophets, and the sacrifice of his only begotten Son. To accept this gospel is the head and front of their offending, the beginning and end of their crime; all the rest is suppositious, imaginary and unfounded.

But what need of this hubbub, whence this sudden spasm of pretended virtue? Dare we say it, yet it is most true. The programme is from begining to end a shrewd political dodge, intended to strengthen the party of the administration and weaken its democratic opponents.

An election for President of the United States is near at hand, the strength of the two parties who dominate in political matters is nearly equal. The growing wealth of Utah, the industry, intelligence and probity of her citizens render her admission as a sovereign state necessary to the well-being of the Union. But it is feared by Mr. Hayes and his associates that if admitted she would give her vote to Democratic aspirants. To thwart such a consummation an appalling outcry has to be raised, and by fraud and falsehood the minds of the people have to be filled with hatred and contempt for her citizens, so that it shall become an unpopular thing for any one to suggest her admission. In this way, the framers of this document hope to prevent this act of justice being done to her by a Democratic Congress, and by so doing deprive that party of Utah's vote at the forthcoming election. On the other hand they hope to increase the Republican vote in the various States by obtaining the expressed sympathy if not the active co-operation of the European powers in their attack on the "Mormon" people. This adventitious aid being desirable in securing the votes of many new citizens of this country who were originally natives of the nations invited to participate in the crusade, it being very reasonable to suppose that love of fatherland and patriotic pride would in this case commingle towards the desired end. The prestige of international support, would be a trump card in a winning hand.

A crusade like unto the present was inaugurated against the people of Utah by the political managers who engineered the election which made Abraham Lincoln President of the Republic. It was deemed necessary then to embitter public opinion against the Latter-day Saints, and it was done in the manner so well understood to those who hold the nation's power, patronage and purse; and who are adepts in creating and moulding public opinion. An army was organized and sent out west, its object was to destroy the people of Utah. It reached here and passed on one side, and the intended victims still lived and prospered. But the Union was severed, and the Democratic party destroyed. After long years and the sacrifice of millions of lives and treasure, the Union was re-established in name, but the Democratic party who worked the infamy have never regained their former prestige and power, and never will, unless they make amends for the wrongs then done. The mantle of religious persecution then fell upon the shoulders of the Republican party, and they have worn it daintily and with pride, and to-day are imitating the tactics of 1857-8. The same methods are being adopted, the same hatred is being created, the same spirit of destruction is being aroused; and furthermore, the end will be the same. Every sect, clique, party, or nation that hurls defiance at the Kingdom of God will be broken to pieces but His people will be established for ever and ever.

BY TELEGRAPH.

PER WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

EASTERN.

The Swimming Match.

NEW YORK, 15.—In giving details of the swimming match, near Coney Island, yesterday, the *Sun* shows how the California champion came to grief. Webb tried to swim away from Daily, and the Californian spurted. The Englishman did his best and the spectators on shore and on the decks of barges cheered frantically as they watched the struggle between the two men. It lasted only about a minute and then Webb slowly forged ahead. Daily seemed to get discouraged, and splashed rather awkwardly, though, for the most part, an exceedingly graceful swimmer, in his efforts to come up with his sturdy opponent. But despite all his exertions, he fell further and further to the rear, and finally gave up the struggle for the supremacy in speed, although he still swam on. As he turned the stake boat at the close of the fourth lap of his fifth mile, he struck it with his knee, and immediately afterward throw his arms above the water, and cried "another county heard from." Everybody laughed, but the swimmer had joked without being at all in a jocular mood. Turning to his wife, who sat in the boat with Captain Hoolley, Webb's trainer, he told her that he had broken his knee cap, and must abandon the contest. He was quickly taken into the barge, and there it was found that he had cut his knee badly. His face was purple, his lips were blue and his body was trembling. He looked like a man utterly worn out and exhausted, but he said he felt well.

General News.

PHILADELPHIA, 15. — Charles McKeogh, aged seven, died in Manayunk, to-day, of hydrophobia. He was bitten by a hound two months ago.

New York, 15.—Adolph Bernhardt, aged 17, hanged himself today. His stepmother had forced himself and brother to leave the house, and his sorrow at being separated from his father caused the act. He left a letter for "Dear Papa."

Columbus, Ohio, 15.—During an altercation in the northeastern suburbs of this city, to-night, Andrew Fleming was fatally shot by James Kerr. The affair occurred near the Panhandle round-house, and Kerr boarded the eastbound freight train immediately after the shooting, and escaped.

St. Louis, 15.—Mrs. Bonesteel, residing at Shawnee, Jackson Co., Mo., killed two of her children (little girls), yesterday, by giving them morphine, and then tried to commit suicide by taking the same drug, but not having enough to produce death, she attempted to kill herself by hanging, but was discovered before life was extinct. It is supposed the cause was mental derangement caused by domestic trouble.

The *Herald* says of Talmage's reception: A genuine "boom" is in preparation. It will be in far better taste than the proposed excursion to welcome Grant, for the tabernacle people will have no private axes to grind.

The *Herald* also has an article on the Chinese in New York, from which it seems there are, besides 300 laundries, 50 Chinese grocers, 20 tobacconists and 10 druggists, with enough Mongolians in other callings to demonstrate the adaptability of the race. From the article itself, the following is extracted: For the past two years, the Chinese population of New York has shown a remarkable increase. With some cause for dreading the supremacy of the workingmen's party in San Francisco, and fearing the unfavorable opinion of the new constitution of California, they have been emigrating to eastern cities, principally to New York, Boston and Philadelphia, in large numbers. In 1875, there were only one hundred and fifty-seven Chinese in New York, but the census next year will show many thousands, most of whom have been exiled by the "brutality of California mobs." In 1875 the Chinese were scattered here and there throughout the city, having no particular place of rendezvous. Since that time headquarters have been established, which now assume the dimensions of a good sized colony. This is mainly due to the efforts of some leading spirits, who persuaded the Chinese residents of San Francisco to establish a branch of one of the famous six companies in Mott Street. It induced all arriving "heathens" to rally in this neighborhood, which is known as "New China." In Jersey City there are three factories which employ Chinese labor alone. One of them is a shirt factory, another a shoe factory and the last an establishment for the manufacture of cheap cutlery.

A beer saloon has been opened in Hoboken, by two Chinamen. In Brooklyn there are about fifty laundries, six cigar stores and one grocery. From statistics furnished by the most intelligent and best informed of these people, the population of New York has received an addition of upwards of 2,500, including two females. The Chinese residents of Brooklyn number over 250, and two females. Jersey City and Hoboken boast of about 200. About ten per cent. of these arrived in the city from Havana. The rest came overland from California. Over ninety-five per cent. of the total Chinese population are regularly engaged in some honorable business. Every few days the San Francisco companies send out a batch of about one hundred Chinamen. About fifty of these come to New York, twenty to Boston, and twenty to Philadelphia. The rest scatter at will.

The article further declares that the Chinese have purchased lots in several of the cemeteries, including Greenwood. They are marrying extensively, generally Irish women, and a China Celtic generation is springing up.

Political Notes.

The *Times'* Washington special says: Senator McDonald admitted that the turbulent condition of the New York democracy was having a discouraging effect upon the party throughout the country. Its effects, together with the democratic defeats in California and Maine, would be felt in Ohio.

The *Times* says: The last election restores California to the list of republican states for some time to come. The fact that there were more than two state tickets in the field this year, and that the republican candidates were elected by a plurality instead of a majority of votes does not affect the main proposition, that this is a decided republican victory. One of the peculiarities of California politics is a multiplicity of candidates for office. If it required a majority of votes to elect the governor in that state there would never be an election by the people. As it is, the two states which lead off in the fall elections for 1880, California and Maine, have gone republican. This is only a "boom" which has not amounted to anything yet.

Jay Gould at Work.

CHICAGO, 15.—Jay Gould spent the afternoon and evening yesterday, consulting with officials connected with the railway lines under his control. Although he refused to be interviewed on the subject, it is learned that his conference was with reference to a scheme for the consolidation of the Wabash, the St. Louis, Kansas City and St. Joe and the Council Bluffs railroads, the compact to take effect Oct. 15, subject to approval by the various stockholders. He was also consulted regarding the apportionment of the southwestern business to be given to the consolidated line with reference to opening a branch line for freight and passengers in this city, which step, it is said, was determined upon. A reporter asked, "There is a kind of impression among the people here that you mean to divert much of the Pacific business from this city, and send it by way of Toledo, over your new Wabash, St. Louis and Pacific line." Gould said, "This impression is all wrong. I know the importance of Chicago, and have no desire to discriminate against her. When I invested in the Wabash it was done on condition that the line be extended to Chicago, as I did not think the property would be worth much without such an outlet." He stated that rumors current, to the effect that Vanderbilt has obtained control of the Union Pacific, and that Gould would go out of that road and extend the Kansas Pacific to Ogden, were incorrect, and that he does not believe that Vanderbilt holds one share of Union Pacific stock.

Mr. Gould leaves for Denver on Tuesday and will possibly go as far west as Ogden.

The War in South America.

LIMA, via Panama.—The *Huascar* attacked *Autofagasta* on the 28th of August. An engagement of four hours duration ensued. The *Huascar* silenced the enemy's fire, and dismounted their principal battery. The *Atlas* was damaged and her commander wounded, and several men killed.

Yellow Fever.

MEMPHIS, 15.—Thirteen new cases were reported this morning. Seven deaths.

New York.—Langstaff, President of the Howard Association is here, asking help in the society's Memphis work. Of 23 members in 1867, 20 have since died of fever. The expenses of the association are $1,000 daily. The total of contributions received this season is under $17,000. It is expected the epidemic will continue two months yet.

WESTERN.

Grant's Reception.

SAN FRANCISCO, 14.—In reply to telegraphic inquiry, a cable dispatch from Yokohama announces that the steamer *City of Tokio*, on which Grant is a passenger, was not under orders to make other than ordinary time, and consequently it is probable that she may not arrive here before next Sunday, although the Pacific Mail authorities say it is probable she may make port as early as Wednesday. To provide for that contingency, preparations for Grant's reception will be so expedited that everything will be ready at a short notice. The work of decorating the streets and buildings will be commenced tomorrow, and to-morrow afternoon the various committees will meet to conclude arrangements.

FOREIGN.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Afghan War.

LONDON, 15.—A dispatch from Ali Kheyl gives the following account of the massacre of the British legation at Cabul. Four thousand men attacked the residence in which the British Embassy was quartered. The mutineers brought up artillery against it. Major Cavagnari was stabbed in several places, and all the bodies of the dead were mutilated. The Afghan loss exceeded 300. The Ameer had other troops who remained faithful to him, but made no efforts to interfere, owing to intimidation by the priests.

A telegram from Lahore reports that the Ameer begged for the lives of the members of the Embassy.

The Indian government has not yet asked for reinforcements, but the term of service of the troops in India, whose terms have expired, will probably be extended.

A correspondent at Lahore reports the assertion that the mutineers are advancing on Jelalabad and Cabul, and that the Mohunds are threatening Gen. Roberts at Ali Kreyl, who has telegraphed for four more regiments.

A dispatch from Rangoon says the British gunboat has not gone to Mandalay because it was feared it would be fired upon. The British residents and staff will remain at Mandalay for the present.

A Simla dispatch says, that although the Afghan mutineers have declared their desire to fight, they are wholly unorganized and without leaders.

Nawab Gholam Hussien, the native envoy of the Indian government to Cabul, who was *en route* for Cabul at the time of the massacre, has returned to Shutargarda Pass.

Gen. Roberts hopes to arrange with the heads of the tribes for the safety of the roads through Shutargarda Pass.

Advices from several points, the most important being Khurum and Khyber Passes, represent that the tribes show no signs of hostility. The Khan of Khelat has placed the resources of his country at the disposal of the British.

Every special dispatch received from Afghanistan reiterates the complaints concerning the transportation difficulties.

A telegram from the Viceroy shows that Shutargarda Pass was only completely occupied on Thursday evening. The necessity of occupying this point was urgent, and the British troops were stationed only 25 miles distant, it is inferred that the Indian Government, through a desire to economize, at the close of the last campaign, must have utterly disbanded and disorganized the transport service. Camels have become practically extinct in the Kuram Valley, because of the great mortality among them.

The additional regiments which Gen. Roberts telegraphed from Ali Kheyl are to strengthen his line of communications, as the tribes, though not hostile, show great excitement.

The force which is advancing on Cabul will consist of 2,500 Europeans and 3,000 natives. The attention of the commissariat is almost exclusively devoted to supplying this force. The other columns will be held in reserve for the present. There is a large proportion of sick among the European troops on the frontier, except those regiments which are in a particular healthy situation.

Russia's Aspirations.

The St. Petersburg *Golos* considers the present a favorable opportunity for Russia to consolidate her strength in Behora. The *Golos* says: We would admit England's right to occupy Cabul and Candahar, provided Herat was transferred to Persia, and Russia received a strip of territory on the left bank of the Attrek, which would serve as a basis for her advance on Merv.

Vendomosti, a Russian semi-official paper, suggests that the opportunity is a good one for Russia to deal England a deadly blow in Central Asia.

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LADY HARRIET, MISS AMY SHERWIN
Nancy, - - - Miss S. E. Olsen
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Lionel, - Mr. M. H. McAllister
Plunkett, - Mr. F. P. Chandler
Sheriff, - - Mr. Jas. McCurdy
Footman, - - Mr. C. Barrell

Chorus, Maids, Farmers' Wives, Farmers, Servants, etc.

Miss Sherwin will introduce the "Last Rose of Summer."

To conclude with Sullivan & Gilbert's successful Comic Opera in one act, entitled

TRIAL BY JURY!

Plaintiff, - MISS AMY SHERWIN
Defendant, - - Mr. W. H. Foster
Judge, - - - Mr. J. D. White
Associate, - - Mr. Van Horne
Usher, - - - Mr. Jas. McCurdy
Council for Plaintiff, - Mr. R. G. Whitney
Foreman of the Jury, - Mr. C. P. Huey
Jury, - Messrs. Borner, Barrell, Durst, Frost, Owen, Spencer, Sutherland
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STYLE 3.—Same as style 2, with additional mouldings, $200.

STYLE 4.—7 Octave, upright, rosewood paneled case, front round corners, extra fancy fretwork, richly carved legs, three strings, full Agraffe, $180.

STYLE 5.—7½ Octave, upright, full Agraffe. A most elegant piano. $200.

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STYLE 1.—Five octave, 2 full sets reeds, 9 stops, walnut case, of new and beautiful design, with extended top, ebonized pilasters, artistically traced and elegantly gilded lines, ivory keys, for $60; other styles, with 2 full sets reeds, at $51, $56, $75, according to style and finish of case.

OR[illegible] STYLE 5.—[illegible] per cent. on [illegible] handsome walnut case, back finished same as front, $75; other styles at $100 and $105. These prices are for the Organs shipped at the factory.

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