The Evening paper is the paper of Today, the morning paper is the paper of Yesterday.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

5 O'clock EDITION.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 177. THURSDAY, JUNE 21, 1894, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH. VOL. XXVII.

THE INCOME TAX.

Debate Opened in the Senate on the Tariff Bill Appendix.

BILL LEADS THE OPPOSITION.

Defiants Against the Repudiation of Democratic Promises in Favor of Populist Ideas.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—There was a fairly good attendance in the galleries in anticipation of the opening of the income tax debate when Vice-President Stevenson called the Senate to order today.

Bills were passed as follows: To authorize a commission to draft a code of laws for the district of Alaska; to promote the efficiency of the navy and define the boundaries of three judicial districts in Alaska and regulate the jurisdiction of United States commissioners.

As soon as the clerk had read the first section of the income tax provision of the tariff bill, Hill, who assumed the leadership of the opposition to these provisions, delivered a carefully prepared argument.

Hill contended that it would have been good politics to have avoided this unnecessary issue. "I protest," he said, "against the repudiation of the promises of the Democratic party in order to adopt and carry out the policies of the Populist party. The most disastrous defeat ever experienced by the Democratic party in Oregon was the result of an effort to substitute its new fangled Populist principles for the good, old principles of true Democracy. If this is the best leadership we can present in this great crisis, I for one must decline to follow it. I repudiate the spurious Democracy which species and prophets who are not mere camp followers of the Populists." In imposition of an income tax, Hill said, would drive New York, New Jersey and Connecticut into the Republican column, there to remain.

Higgins followed Hill.

Chandler rose to present the terms used by Allen yesterday replying to its charge that Allen had given the matter on condition that he would vote for the bill. Allen, replying, said he proposed to do what he considered proper in spite of the "low, dirty insinuations of the senator from New Hampshire." Then Allen renewed his expressions of yesterday. Chandler replied that this only proved true what he before said that the senator was not capable of understanding the courtesy which should characterize the debate in the Senate.

The senate at 5:40 o'clock began voting on the first amendment to the income tax, fixing a date when it shall cease.

Gladstone's Successor in Parliament.

EDINBURGH, June 21.—The Liberals of Midlothian have selected Sir Thomas David Gibson-Carmichael, Bart., as candidate for the seat in Parliament, which Gladstone, who has held it since April, 1880, has only consented to retain until next election.

New York Change.

NEW YORK, June 21.—Stock market opened irregular. A raid was made against Chicago gas, which fell off 1½; Wells Fargo express declined 1; sugar 1 received 1.

The market was firm until 11:15, when a selling movement caused sugar to break 1 3-8; Chicago gas one; Illinois Central & Michigan 3-4; sugar subsequently rallied 1-2.

For the Entertainment of Wheelmen.

DENVER, June 21.—The executive committee of the League of American Wheelmen has outlined a program for the entertainment of guests during the six days of the national meet in August. Following the meet it is proposed to organize a grand tour of the wheelmen from Denver to Colorado Springs and Manitou.

OWLS AT SEA.

Two Patagonian Specimens Board a Ship 800 Miles from Shore.

NEW YORK, June 21.—The ship Commodore Allan has just arrived from San Francisco. While the Allan was rounding Cape Horn on her voyage to this port, two owls were driven with a flight against northwestern winds and settled in the ship's rigging for a rest. This was on the morning of March 26 when the Allan was plowing among the extreme strip of South America. The day was a fine one and the wind was singing lustily through the ropes. Birds of all kinds straddled out to sea from Patagonia, but never before in the recollection of Captain Merrill, who has been on voyages for forty years between the ends of the continent, did the morning owl allow himself to be within 200 miles from land. One of the young sailors skipped up the rigging and was about to take hold of one, when both flew down on the deck. They were perched around the ship for an hour before they were taken.

Third Mate Carnahan caught one and attempting to get the other drove it big with a hawser. It died a few days ago but the first bird is alive and has its contender with its foil. It weighs a little more than a pound and has a long beak and its color is gray. The sailors believe the bird is a rare specimen of the Patagonian owl. He has caused a "Murphy" owing to a partial growth of hair around its neck.

Low Price on Wool.

BOSTON, June 21.—The United States American Wool and Cotton Reporter says:

Wool was never so low as at present. The general value of wool the world over has never so low, and the price offered has reached the lower price ever known. Yet the increased crop of a extra ten for the season just closing is slightly in excess of 400,000 pounds. The crop of this country, after including pulled wool, promises to be about the same as that of 1893. The market has not improved.

Values are uncertain and very difficult to determine in the absence of demand. The quotations for Ohio XX is 29 cents and Michigan XX 27. Texas California pulled, Australian and carpet wools are all dull, receiving only very limited demand. The sales for the week in Boston amount to 1,718,600 pounds domestic and 120,000 pounds foreign, making a total of 1,838,600 pounds. The receipts from January 1 to date show a decrease of 19,705 bales domestic and 18,756 bales foreign.

THE STEEL TRADE.

Mills Resume and Can Material in Store Abundant.

NEW YORK, June 21.—The *Iron Age* today says: The partial resumption of work has given a number of mills an opportunity to resume work and the supply is therefore more liberal. Still the quantity of new material available for soft steel is yet very limited. It will remain so until the coke ovens is finally settled. The Connellville interest has advised some customers that they could count upon a regular supply from now on, but the fact remains that on Saturday last less than 800 ovens out of 1,200 were running. Not is it certain whether scenes of violence will not precede the final compact.

THE REBELLION IN SAMOA.

Insurgents Attack a Village Intending to Kill Mallietoa.

Skirmishes Reported Between the Opposing Forces and some Loss on Both Sides.

AUCKLAND, N. Z., June 21.—Advices from Samoa, dated June 14, reached here today. The British warship Curacoa and the German warship Bussard, visited the locality of the rebel camp recently and notified them that the shots and fire guns were surrendered, no attack would be made on them by the government forces. The rebels were also informed that if they resolved to reject this proposition and fight they were at liberty to have their women and children taken on board the Curacoa and Bussard. After some deliberation the rebels sent ten chiefs and fifty warriors unarmed on board the ships. After the departure of the war ships, the rebels re-occupied the fortress and openly defied the government forces. On Sunday following, the rebels fired upon the village, where Chief Malietoa was supposed to be attending divine service and advanced upon the village itself. The rebels, however, were repulsed by the government force with a slight loss on both sides. It was evident the intention of the rebels was to attempt to kill Chief Malietoa, but he was absent at that time.

When these dispatches left Samoa, skirmishes were taking place between the rebels and the government forces, but there has been no severe fighting.

LINCOLN'S STORM.

A Gale of 84 Miles an Hour Swoops the City.

LINCOLN, Neb., June 21.—The storm which visited Lincoln last night was the worst in its history and gave rise to the rumor outside that the city had been destroyed.

The velocity of the wind was 84 miles per hour. There were no fatalities. The loss of shade trees was very heavy.

SEA SERPENT YARN.

But the Sailors Are Willing to Swear to What They Saw.

NEW YORK, June 21.—The American ship A. J. Fuller, Capt. John D. White, brings a choice sea serpent yarn. The ship has just returned from a cruise around the world.

First officer James Dunn asserts that on Monday, May 28, at 3:30 a. m. in latitude 7.40 north, long. 46.56 west, which is in mid-Atlantic, he saw some specimens of this animal of enormous size. In describing his experience Mr. Dunn said:

"We had been becalmed all day when suddenly the singlest water filled with gulf weed became a writhing mass of serpents. Some of them raised out of the mass the head of a monster reared fully ten feet into the air. With a shout of the men over the side, who scrambled in haste to board, I fired two shots from my Smith and Wesson without effect and then filled my Winchester, while one of the seamen went aloft to arouse the captain. On the captain's arrival the monster had disappeared. At first the serpent appeared to be more body but when the head sank out of sight about two dozen serpents, all over twenty feet long, appeared. The head of the monster was similar in shape to that of an ordinary snake with a large flat mouth, dark red tongue and a coating of slimy hair over the whole head. The color was a dark green."

Those who saw the strange monsters of the deep are willing to satisfy doubt by taking their oath as to what they saw.

Speed of Carrier Pigeons.

MILAN, Mo., June 21.—H. D. Davenport, of this city, released twenty-five Chicago carrier pigeons at 5 o'clock last evening. A telegram received yesterday they arrived safely in Chicago at 8 o'clock, having traversed a distance of 355 miles in three hours.

The Widow Had Another Admirer.

GREEN LAWN, L. I., June 21.—The circumstances surrounding the romantic marriage of the widow Chenie, a 18 year old Wm. Castle, a Canadian farm hand, has assumed an unlooked-for phase. It now transpires that Mr. Chenie had been receiving the attention of Thos. Wells, her father-in-law. Wells threatens to make things uncomfortable for the newly married couple. Wells says he allowed his wages to accumulate thinking that the widow would remain single. He is now sorry he did not, and since she is now married he has given up all hope in that direction.

MOUNTED COMMONWEALTHS.

A Troop of Seventy Leaves for the National Capital.

SPOKANE, Wash., June 21.—A commonwealer troop of cavalry of seventy members left here today for Washington City. They took the Northern route, expecting to meet a troop from Walla Walla.

NOW IT HAS COME!

The Great Load Suit Against the Union Pacific.

GOVERNMENT DEMANDS A RETURN

Of Lands Granted to the Railway and Asks That Patents to Declared Null and Void.

A suit of exceptional interest was filed in the Third district court this morning by District Attorney Judd, bearing the signature of Attorney General of the United States Richard Olney.

In title it is the U. S. of America, plaintiff, vs the Union Pacific railroad, Oliver W. Mink, E. Ellery Anderson, F. R. Conant and John W. Deane, receivers, and the Union Pacific Coal company, a corporation.

The complaint which is very voluminous, sets forth that by the act of Congress approved June 2, 1874, it was provided that in the adjustment of all railroad land grants, whether made directly to any railroad company or to any state for railroad purposes, if any of the lands granted be found in the possession of an actual settler whose entry or filing had been allowed under the preemption or homestead laws of the United States subsequent to the time at which, by the decision of the land office, the right of such road was declared to have attached to such lands the grantee upon a proper relinquishment of the lands so entered or filed for should be entitled to select an equal quantity not mineral and within the limits of the grant, and otherwise appropriated at the date of selection to which they should have relinquished title to same as though originally granted. Next it is set forth that the line of this disputed railroad company, in the land districts hereinafter described, was definitely fixed on Oct. 24th, 1868, in the Salt Lake land district of Utah Territory; and plaintiff avers that at the times of such filings of the line there was intruded under the apparent laws of the act of Congress of July 1st, 1862—first, the sixth principal meridian second, the Salt Lake meridian. (These lands are described in the complaint in detail.) It is then averred that although such lands were apparently within the grant made by Act of Congress, such was not the real fact; but that, on the contrary, they all had been long prior to the time of location "held, reserved, or otherwise disposed of by the United States" or "occupied and homestead claims had attached thereto;" they were excepted out of said grant and did not pass thereby to the defendants. (A list of the entries on the respective tracts is given in full.) Notwithstanding (says the complaint further) the facts stated, and which it is alleged were well known to the railroad company, said company declared that said lands had been, upon investigation, found to be in the possession of the actual settlers whose entries or filings had been allowed under preemption or homestead laws subsequently to the time at which the defendants' line of road had been definitely located, made claim and procured from plaintiff, under the act of June 22, 1874, a patent for other lands in lieu of those hereinbefore described. Said patent was issued by plaintiff August 1, 1879, and conveyed thereon certain (described) lands in Summit county, Utah.

It is next stated that the issuance of such patent was done through inadvertence and mistake on plaintiff's part, and without any consideration whatever on the part of the defendant company; that the lands so selected were not subject to selection under the laws of the United States, that the defendant company has been requested to surrender the patent and reconvey the lands aforesaid to plaintiff, in accordance with the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide for the adjustment of land grants made by Congress, to aid in the construction of railroads and for the forfeiture of unearned lands, and for other purposes" (approved March 3, 1887), but has refused and still refuses to comply with the demand. Plaintiff is further informed and believes that subsequent to the delivery of said patent the defendant railroad company conveyed by deed some interest in a portion of the lands in controversy to the defendant Union Pacific Coal company.

Hence it is prayed that said patent be adjudged to have been issued to the railroad company without authority of law and to be void; that defendants be required to surrender the same for cancellation and to reconvey the land to the United States; that the U. P. Coal Company be required to set forth all and singular whatever interest it may claim to have in any of the lands, and that whatever conveyances or re-conveyances have been made to them be declared null and void; that if any of the said lands have been so conveyed or alienated as to put it beyond the power of this court to compel a re-conveyance to plaintiff, then a decree is prayed for against the defendants for the full value of the lands in money by way of compensation.

On Account of Illness.

By reason of Prof. Kerr's recent illness, he will be unable to act as instructor in the summer school. Prof. Iverson will take his place in the branches heretofore assigned to Prof. Kerr.

TUSCARORA BURLESQUE.

The Much Talked-of Parade and the March to the Encampment at Calder's.

The much talked-of Tuscarora procession was seen winding its highly and variously colored length over the principal streets of the city this afternoon. It was made up of a strange and considerable collection, consisting of citizens of Asia, some genuine Chinese logos, mail catchers, cowboys, Indians, real and otherwise, Russian laplanders, athletes, bow and bell ball teams, bicycles, Hall's band, etc., etc.

About 5 o'clock the pageant headed by the river of enchantment at Calder's Park, where high carnival will be held for the next four days.

ONLY SLIGHT DAMAGE.

A Small Fire and a Singular Commotion with an Exploding Policy.

There was a small fire at the residence of Mrs. Graves at No. 135 East Seventh South street at 11:25 this forenoon. The house is a two-story brick and was insured by the Home Fire Insurance company. The policy expired at 12 o'clock today, and, though five minutes after the fire started.

The insurance representative promptly decided to send one of his agents down to see Mrs. Graves with a view to securing a renewal of the policy. The insurance representative was largely inside the gate when the alarm was given and assisted in the extinguishing process. The department was called, but had no occasion to use any of their apparatus. The fire started in a box of clothing upstairs. After the excitement was over Mrs. Graves gave the insurance man an audience and renewed the policy in short order. The loss will be less than $50. Here is another pointer to insurance men in general and one that can be depended upon to use to advantage.

Ensign-Whitney.

In the Temple today, Mr. Horace Ensign Jr. and Miss Mamie Whitney were united in the holy bonds of wedlock. This evening a reception is tendered to the members of the two families, will be given at the residence of the bride's sister, Mrs. Alice H. Pryer, and the happy pair will settle down in the smooth matrimonial groove at their new and cozy little home in the Eleventh ward. Mr. Ensign is one of the best known of our local singers and teachers of javelins in the divine art; Miss Whitney is a vivacious and stylishly young lady, the sister of Bishop Whitney and Mr. H. O. Whitney. We join in congratulations over the event.

Many Teachers Left.

More than one hundred teachers left this city over the Union Pacific last night for San Francisco, where they will spend a part of their vacation.

Marriage License.

The county clerk issued a marriage license today to Thomas W. Gilbert, 40, of Salt Lake City, and Diana Fugal, 23, of Pleasant Grove.

A Light Day.

One order was made in the Probate court this morning. It was in the matter of the estate of Wm. J. Woodbury, deceased, hearing having been had on administrator's account, which was allowed.

Estate of David O. Calder, deceased. Hearing continued till Wednesday, June 27.

A Diamond Ring Sensation.

The diamond ring story circulated this morning is denied at the jewelry store of Joslin & Park, who allege that there is nothing over which to cause worry or create a sensation. Mr. Wrigley called at the store a few days ago and was permitted to take with him for inspection a valuable diamond ring. There was a little delay in returning the gem, but it came back all right.

Married.

June weddings are proverbially numerous. Among those occurring this month is that of Sterling Williams, son of Sister Zina Y. W. Card and grandson of President Brigham and Sister Zina D. H. Young. The young man takes as his wife one of Logan's sweet daughters, Sister Alfonia Bates. The young couple were married today, June 21, in the Salt Lake Temple, by Elder F. M. Lyman. They depart for their Canadian home early next week, leaving behind them a host of loving friends and well-wishers.

Cigar, Etc., Store Attached.

Under an order of attachment issued from Commissioner McNally's court in the suit of Chas. Lavagnino vs P. Dini, the stock in trade of the defendant, who has been running a cigar and general store at the corner of Franklin avenue and Third South street, was attached by one of Sheriff McQueen's deputies today. The amount of the debt was $134.12.

United in Marriage.

John F. Davis and Miss Elizabeth Saville, of this city, were united in marriage in the Salt Lake Temple today. This evening they will be tendered a reception at the future residence, No. 154 North Second West street.

AMUSEMENTS.

HOPKIN'S TRANSCONTINENTALS appear at the Theatre Friday and Saturday evenings. The show is a strong one of the variety order and should do well.

STUART ROBSON plays Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, and charges one dollar and a half for the lower portion of the house. The Comedia and the Comedy of Errors are well worth the price, but it remains to be seen how many theater goers think so under present circumstances.

A NIGHT OUT last night made a big hit at the Lyceum. Last night saw the heaviest audience which has yet assembled at the new place of entertainment.

THE SUPREME COURT.

One Opinion Delivered and Three Cases Argued Today.

SUIT BROUGHT TO QUIET TITLE.

A Promissory Note on Which J. H. Blazer's Name Appears—Ruling in a Appeal.

One opinion only was handed down from the Territorial Supreme bench this morning. It was in the case of Richard Flint, respondent, vs A. H. Nelson et al, appellants, and was rendered by Judge Smith, Judges Merritt and Bartch concurring.

This was an action upon a negotiable promissory note made by the defendants to plaintiff and was tried in Judge Miner's court—Fourth district. The answer of defendants denied that Flint was the owner of the note, alleged that it was made without any consideration and that plaintiff obtained possession of it wrongfully; that its delivery was by mistake, as plaintiff well knew. The evidence as to what occurred at the time of the delivery of the note, said their honors, was squarely conflicting. The jury found for the plaintiff, and there was no question made here but that the testimony supported the verdict. When several makers of a note placed the same in the possession of one of their number and he delivered it to the payee, he acted as the authorized agent of all, and the payee took it, if for value, charged with no other equity than that brought to his knowledge. In other words, he could be in no wise charged with what had transpired between the makers in his absence, and of which he had no notice. To admit any other rule would be to permit every surety upon a promissory note, or other writing, to escape liability by moving self-serving statements made in the absence of the obligee, and of which he had no knowledge. The court thought all such statements were inadmissible, and the fact that they were made just at the time some one or more of the makers signed the note did not render them competent to alter or vary the plain import of the written obligation. After setting forth reasons in detail why the judgment of the lower court could not be reversed their Honors affirmed the same, with costs to the respondent.

SOLD FOR TAXES.

The first case argued was that of Jens Olsen, plaintiff and respondent, represented by Attorneys J. R. Boyle and C. S. Kinney, vs. Hyrum Bagley, defendant and appellant, for whom Attorney Critchlow made the arguments.

Appeal from Third district—Judge Zane.

Olsen brought suit against Bagley to quiet title to forty acres of land situate in Salt Lake county, the same being valued at $3,000. The latter answered setting up title in himself, showing that the land in question had been sold by the commissioner of Salt Lake county for taxes to the probate judge for the benefit of the county, that the county sold it to Jacob E. Bamberger, and that Bamberger then sold it to Bagley for $1,000. Issue being thus joined a trial was had by reference to Judge Anderson as referee. His finding was in favor of the plaintiff, which was confirmed by the district court, and against this an appeal is taken.

A PROMISSORY NOTE.

Jacob A. Dupes, appellant, vs Frederick W. Ross, respondent.

Attorneys F. H. Stephens and Benner N. Smith for the former; Attorney Frank Pierce for the latter. This was an appeal from the Third district—Judge Merritt.

On April 1st, 1891, J. H. Blazer and wife gave to appellant their promissory note of $600, payable April 1, 1894, and secured the same by a trust deed in favor of Frank H. Stephens, trustee, on a certain lot of real estate in Salt Lake city. Part of the indebtedness was unpaid, and on April 12, 1894, appellant brought suit in chancery to foreclose the trust deed. The respondent filed a general demurrer to the appellant's bill and also a special demurrer that Dupes could not foreclose the deed in chancery. The court sustained the demurrer, appellant refused to amend and the bill was dismissed for want of equity. The present appeal is from the judgment of dismissal. The only question presented in the record is—has a trust deed be foreclosed in chancery?

OVER AN ASSESSMENT.

The Mammoth Mining Co., plaintiffs and appellants, vs Juab Co. and H. P. McCune, defendants and respondents. Bennett, Marshall and Bradley for the appellants; Attorney G. Adams, Judge O. W. Powers and E. D. Hoge for the respondents. Appeal from First district—Judge Smith—from an order overruling appellant's motion for a new trial.

The facts substantially are that some time before the making of the assessment by the assessor in Juab county that functionary delivered to the Mammoth company an assessment blank or statement to be filled up by them as provided in the Revenue law of 1890. This the company neglected to do within the time prescribed by law, whereupon the assessor proceeded to make an estimate of the value of the appellant's property, which consists of certain mining claims in Mammoth Hollow, Juab Co.

The case was tried before the court without a jury in Nov., 1893, judgment being in favor of the defendants. Motion for a new trial was made and overruled, and upon this the appeal now comes.

BEFORE ANOTHER COMMITTEE.

Clerk Bacon's docket contained the following entry today: "For reasons satisfactorily appearing therefor to the court, the application of Tom Ferguson for admission to the bar of this court is withdrawn from the regular committee heretofore appointed for this term, and is referred to a special committee, consisting of Hon. Hy. P. Henderson, Hon. W. H. Dickson and C. C. Day, Esq., for examination and report.

RULINGS.

In the case of Elizabeth H. Turner et al vs Salt Lake City, appellant, the application by counsel for the appellant (Judge Rich) to fix the supersedeas bond was denied, and it was ordered that proceedings be stayed thirty days.

Return of Lieutenant Wells.

For years past a bright young Salt Lakeer, Bryant B. Wells, left this city for a term in the United States Military academy at West Point, New York. In that good institution hard study and rigid discipline are required of the cadets, and during the four years of constant toiling the students are permitted to have but one leave of absence, which does not come until the first half of the senior year has been completed. Two months Mr. Wells came home for his vacation, and yesterday he returned on a six months' furlough, having completed the course of study, been graduated, and received the rank of second lieutenant in the U. S. Army, upon all of which he is receiving the warm congratulations of his many friends. Early in next month he expects to be assigned to duty probably at Fort Douglas or at Omaha, with his own preferences naturally in favor of the former.

The *Richfield Journal*, which came to hand today, has an excellent picture of one Gil Case, and in the first row is seen to excellent advantage Utah's young officer.

An Appeal Taken.

A transcript on appeal was filed today in the Third district court, from the judgment of U. S. Commissioner Greenman, in the case of Geo. A. Lowe, plaintiff, vs Harry Hardy, J. H. Hinman, and F. M. Bishop, trading as the Midland Investment Co. It was an action to recover $182.75 on an account, and went in favor of the plaintiff for the amount claimed, interest and costs.

Joe O'Brien Still in Jail.

The case of Joe O'Brien charged with forgery was to have come up in the police court this morning at ten o'clock. O'Brien was brought out at that hour. He seemed to have completely recovered from the effects of his attempts at suicide, but was not ready to plead and again asked for a postponement of that unpleasant duty. His request was granted and he was sent back to his cell to remain until tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock, when he will once more be brought in rib to face the music of the law.

Sparring Exhibition.

Bob Thompson, the champion light weight pugilist, has erected a fifty foot tent on the Tuscarora "Midway Plaisance," at Calder's Park, where he will give a big sparring exhibition tomorrow. He will also continue a course of training at the resort during the encampment.

Trotting Stock.

There are now at the Church Farm, below this city, a number of high-bred trotting horses, headed by Autocrat, a son of noted sleepers; also blood mares, colts, etc., etc., and a visit thither would be well worth the time of any lover of good horses. They will remain at the farm till the 20th inst., when it is understood the whole string will be brought to the city and sold.

Delighted With Saltair.

A party of six prominent gentlemen, among who were George D. Smith, general agent of the Pennsylvania Railroad, went out to Saltair last evening and remained until 10 o'clock. Mr. Smith leaves Utah tonight. He expressed himself as being greatly delighted with Saltair.

MILITARY MATTERS.

Cadets from the University of Utah.—Other Items.

General G. M. Ottinger received the following today:

UNIVERSITY OF UTAH, June 19, 1894.

The Adjutant General Utah N. G. Salt Lake City, Utah.

Sir—In accordance with orders of the War Department, I have the honor to inform you that the following cadets of this University have been reported to the Adjutant General U. S. Army, as distinguished in the military department:

1892—William Calderwood, C. E. Christensen and William D. Neal.

1893—Eugene T. Hyde, Benjamin C. Naylor and George N. Sheridan.

1894—James L. Gibson, William S. Wade and Gerald R. Yearsley.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant, W. E. WANSITT,

First Lieutenant, Sixteenth Infantry.

General Ottinger will go to Richmond, Cache county, in a short time to muster in two companies of infantry.

An application came in today from Grantsville for the organization of a company of infantry at that place. Another Park also desires a company.

A company is to be mustered in at Cannonville, Garfield county, as soon as Gen. Ottinger can get there to attend to the business. Cannonville is the town farthest south that has reported for membership in the Utah National Guard.

It is hardly probable that the uniforms and equipments of the militia will arrive in time for any parade on the Fourth. Official notice of their shipment has not been received yet.

A STRANGE SUICIDE.

Mrs. Sarah Hill Cryder, Fires a Bullet Into Her Head With a Revolver.

WAS A RESIDENT OF MILL CREEK.

The Killing Was Incredibly Secret Quiet and Unexpected.—An Early Runaway Marriage.

The residents of Mill Creek and vicinity had the peace and quiet of their neighborhood rudely and unpleasantly disturbed shortly before 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon by the suicide of Sarah Villate Cryder, who on returning from Salt Lake to her home placed a shotgun revolver to her right temple and fired a bullet into her brain, the ball emerging at her left temple.

The deceased was 15 years of age, and was the daughter of J. A. and Emily Hill, proprietors of the well known pleasure gardens which bear their name. A little more than two years ago she ran away from home and was married to Charles Cryder at Farmington, Davis county. Cryder had come to Utah from the East some time before and as he grew intimate with his future wife the girl's parents became pronounced in their opposition to the union, hence the consummation of the marriage under the circumstances mentioned.

Since the commencement of her wedded life Mrs. Cryder has been in poor health a good deal of the time and was frequently the victim of severe attacks of fits. She sought relief at the hands of various physicians and only yesterday came to this city for treatment. She was accompanied by her husband, and as they were driving along Ninth East street, about three quarters of a mile from home it appears that she was seized with an epileptic fit. Mr. Cryder drove rapidly on, caring for her as best he could under the circumstances. On reaching the house she had recovered, and he lifted her from the buggy and assisted her to the door, where he claims she asked him, she had told him that it was the last time she would ever take a fit. Mr. Cryder did not seriously consider this remark, significant as it was, and drove to the barn, where he proceeded to put his horse away. He had hardly finished the task when he heard a pistol shot and hastened to the house with all possible dispatch. In the sleeping chamber on the bed lay Mrs. Cryder, with her clothing on but her shoes removed. A revolver at her side and a terrible wound in her right temple extension clear to the left told briefly the story of self-destruction.

Mr. Cryder was greatly agitated and on looking around discovered a piece of paper on which were written the words: "Dear Charlie, papa and mamma." These were followed by an unintelligible scrawl in which it is thought the poor woman endeavored to relate that she was weary of a life with an affliction such as she was born. The neighbors were notified and the news of the shooting quickly spread. There is the utmost sympathy felt for the bereaved husband and parents. The deceased left no children. An inquest was held by Coroner Taylor today. The funeral will take place at 10 o'clock tomorrow.

According to the statements of the proprietor of the Wonderland saloon at the corner of Twelfth South and Fifth East streets, he is a representative of the News. Mr. and Mr. Cryder called at his place of business yesterday afternoon while on their way home. They met a number of acquaintances there and each had a glass of beer. Mrs. Cryder, he says, pinned a pink rose on the coat lapel of one of the members of the party and said that she would never be troubled with fits again. She then bade them all good bye in a manner that seemed to them as though she was about to depart on a long journey.

Onyx Bank Company.

Articles of incorporation of the Onyx Bank company have been filed with County Clerk Meiry. It is intended to carry on a wholesale and retail liquor business. The capital stock is placed at $15,000, divided into 15,000 shares of the par value of $1 each. The incorporators, with the number of shares taken by each, are as follows: Harry E. Edwards, 800; John McNally, 1,000; William H. Hanby, 800; Isaac Neibel, 1,11-9; S. McCallum, 1; John McNally, president; William H. Hanby, vice president; Harry E. Edwards, treasurer, secretary and general manager.

CLAWSON GETS OUT.

He Tenders His Resignation as a Member of the Copper Plant Committee.

Councilman Clawson is of the opinion that he has not been properly or courteously treated in the matter of the meetings of the copper plant committee, and with that idea in view has written a letter of which the following is a copy, to the chairman, Mr. George A. Lowe.

SALT LAKE CITY, June 20, 1894.

George A. Lowe, Esq., Chairman, etc.

Dear Sir—I hereby tender my resignation as a member of the copper plant committee, as I decline to serve with gentlemen who do not consider it necessary to notify me when meetings are held. Respectfully,

STEPHEN CLAWSON.

Mr. Dennis's Condition.

It is learned from Mr. Dennis's attending physician that his condition remains unchanged, and that he is now at a critical stage in his illness.