

Chilpaneingo, Mexico, April 15-This city has been completely destroyed by an earthquake. The known dead mumber 11 and the badly injured 27. The greatest panic prevails and people are fleeing to the open country. The earth continues to rock at half-hour intervals and many minor shocks are

be in its direct line. The following message was sent to the federal telegraph office in Mexico City from Chilapa: "Our boys are working in a public garden. A terrible panie provaits, as the earth continues to tremble at reg-ular intervals. Sond us tents that we may establish our office out in the country."

All communication from the west coast has been cut off since the move-ment of the first big shock and it is not known to what extent that region suffered. The nearest large town, Acepuico, 131 kilometers to the south, west of this place, has not been heard from.

from. Both the volcanoes of Colima and This earth-Jorullo are in this region. The carth-quake, it is feared, may cause these mountains to become more active and to destroy much property and many lives lives.

SHOCK OF WIDE EXTENT.

SHOCK OF WIDE EXTENT. Mexico City, April 15.—The federal telegraph office here has informed the Associated Press that last night, carthquake has interfered with the working of the wires in all parts of the republic south of a line drawn from Acapulce on the west coast to Tampico on the guif coast. From the messages received at the telegraph office up to noon it appears that the entire south half of the re-public, including the lower country and the Mesabo belt, felt the shock last night.

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and the Mesabo belt, felt the shock last night. Messages from as far north as San Luis Potosi and south to San Juan Bautista, in the state of Tabaseo, re-port feeling the shock in varying de-grees. At no place, however, has loss of life or great destruction of property been reported except in the state of Guerrero. The boundary line of the northern zone of the earthquake ex-tended across the country in a north-westerly direction for over 400 miles and south over 600 miles. The National Bank of Mexico has received a telegram saying that 500 lives were lost in the destruction of Chilapa and Chilpancingo. In govern-mental circles the report is not credit-ed. It is admitted that both effect were leveled to the ground, but it is not thought that the death list will even approximate 500, owing to the fact that the houses are built of stone in order to resist earthquake shocks. The federal authorities here have been annealed to by the governers of

most remarkable shock of earth

STUDENTS HAVE A ROW.

BITTEN BY A SPIDER.

What will your rating be?

THE PACIFIC FLEET.

Navy There is One.

by the swinging canes.

to discover who is responsible for the discrepancy in finences. The government report states that the coins are found to be underfine to the extent of 5 cents on every \$20, gold pieze. The discrepancy was dis-covered by the Bank of England as-sayer, who bassed on a shipment of \$1,500,000 made to England in Janu-ary. The entire lot was at once con-demned and reshipped to the United States. The discrepancy in the total gold coinage at the Denver mint, amounting to \$3,195,000, is \$7,184,50. The government agents who are in-vestigating are Benjamin F. Butler, computer of the United States mint; Frank P. Dewey, assayer of the mine bureau of Washington, and Jacob B. Ecclelett, assayer of the Philadelphia mint. the most remarkable shock of earth-quake ever recorded at the students' observatory at the University of Call-fornia was registered at the Omey-elemograph at an early heur this morning. The shock lasted for more than half an hour and on that ac-count it is believed that the local sta-tion is much nearer the center of the shock than the castern stations, where the duration of the guake was much longer.

mint.

intervals and many minor shocks are intervals and many minor shock are intervals and intervals in the work of destruction begun by the first earthquake.
Word hus reached here that the town of Chilapa, 42 kilometers to the heat and injured.
The population of Chilapancingo is 7,498, and until the panie into which the citizens have been thrown abates it will be impossible to state the number of casualties.
The population of Chilapa is 15,400.
No word has been received from Tistia, and it is feared it also has been destroyed. According to the movements of the carthquake Tixtia would be in its direct line.
The following message was sent to the federal telegaraph office in Mexico

FAMINE IN CHINA.

Funds Received From United States Used to Buy Dried Potatoes.

Sharighal, China, April 15,--The sum of \$5,000 received from the United States by the families relief committee today was used to purchase half a million pecuals of dried potatoes, which were rathed to the front.

Through blood poisoning caused by a spider bige, John Washington of Bosqueville, Texas, would have lost his leg, which became a mass of running score, had he not been persuaded to try Bucklen's Arnica Salve. He writes: "The first application relieved, and four boxes healed all the scores." 25c, Guaranteed at Z. C. M. I. Drug Store. ushed to the front. A dispatch was received today from a Chases official offering to put, for the just time in history, steamboats above he locks on the Grand canal, thus eut-ing down the time for the transporta-ion to the famine district from this

city for eight days. Further particulars of the distress existing show that people are eating the green scunn from ponds, white clay and BILL TO EXCLUDE JAPANESE

the hulls of rice. Tha reliaf committee has been able to secure enough milk for one depot to feed 100 bables until the harvest. The committee, however has been com-pelled to leave about 400 other bables in that district to die.

ONLY THREE SAVED.

Gibraltar, April 15.-The British steamer Andulusia from Swansea, for Barcelona, foundered April 18 off the Spanish coast. Her captain, first officer and a saller were picked up and brought here. The rest of the crew are believed to have been drowned.

DOING BUSINESS AGAIN.

DOING BUSINESS AGAIN. "When my friends thought I was about to take leave of this world, on account of indigestion, nervousness and general debility," writes A. A. Chishohm, Treadwell, N. Y., "and when it looked as if there was no hope left. I was persuaded to try Electric Bitters, and I rejoice to say that they are curing me. I am now doing business again as of old, and am still gaining daily." Best of all tonic medicines. Guaranteed by Z. C. M. I. Drug Store. 50c. be materially-lessened.

COIN MINTED AT DENVER NOT UP TO STANDARD. Indictment.

Chleago, April 15 .- Chicago's police department contributed thousands of dollars to the Democratic campaign fund in the recent mayoralty campaign, and has contributed in a like manner to whichever party was in power as long as the older officers of the force can remember, according to revelations

can remember, according to revelations made today before the civil service commission by police officials. Among the officers who offered this testmony to the commission were In-spectors Revere and Keily, Capt. Mc-Cweeny and Lieut. Jenkins, Capt. Mc-Sweeny, who several days ago refused to talk on the subject, confessed freely today that he had alded in the collec-tion of large amousts of money to be tion of large amounts of money to be used in the recent campaign. According to the civil service com-

According to the civil service com-mission every man who engaged in the collection of the fund, even each pa-trolman who contributed is liable to irdictment by the grand jury under the provisions of the civil service act. One of the sections in the act provides that any person disregarding any of the provisions of the law shall be fined not less than \$1,000, and may be impri-soned in the county jail for a term not exceeding six months. The commission has announced its intention to sift the matter to the bottom, but it is said will not prosecute the under officials, who, it is asserted, merety carried out the command of Chief of Police Collins. Capt. McSweeny told the commission that when he was ordered to subscribe to the fund he was provided with as many blank envelopes as there were STUDENTS HAVE A ROW. Scattle, Wash, April 15.—When the funior class at the University of Wash-ington entered the assembly half to attend the regular Monday exercises this morning, wearing their traditional junior pluga, they invited an assault that proved the fiercest class fight tradi-tion. Chaits were smashed under the string-gling mass, heavy cance were broken over the heads of the junior assailants, clothes were torn and a number of the collegians were injured about the head by the swinging cenes.

The fund he was provided with as many blank envelopes as there were men at his station, into which the money was to be put. "I was instructed to deliver all the envelopes to the inspector," said he, "and I did so. They all contained inoney, A few had \$10 bills, and a great many \$5 bills."

many \$5 bills." After Capt. McSweeny's testimony Inspectors Revere, Kelly and Wheeler were sent for. Revere and Kelly re-sponded at once, but Wheeler could not be found and he will be subpoended to appear before the commission tomo-row. FROM BRITISH COLUMBIA.

row. On hearing from the commission that Jenkins and McSweeny had told com-plete stories of the election assess-ments. Revere said that in all he col-lected \$3.700 from the officers and men-under him. Kelly adm.ted having ob-tained \$2,500 from his men. Both inspectors said no lists had been kept of those who did not subscribe and that no special favors were given those who contributed to the fund. The two inspectors testified that if had been Washington, April 15 .--- The department of commerce and labor is watching with interest the outcome of a measure recently introduced in the parliament of British Columbia de-signed to exclude Hindus and Japan-

two inspectors testified that it had been the custom, no matter what party was in power, to levy assessments on the olice stations.

signed to exclude Hindus and Japan-ese from that country. Although the Hindus are British subjects, the Brit-ish Columbians do not regard them as desirable citizens. But according to information received here, the measure really is directed at the Jap-anese. It provides that no person shall be admitted to the province who can-not subscribe to a simple educational test in the English language, and that the steamship company bringing them over shall be held accountable for their deportation. The advices receiv-ed here are that the proposition surely will be incorporated into taw and in that event the concern felt by the im-migration officials over the smuggling of Japanese into the United States will be materially-lessened. inspector Kelly was asked if he con-sidered Chief Collins' request for con-tributions as a command. "Yes: I took it as an order," replied Kelly, "but I could have disobeyed if I wanted to."

Both the inspectors testified that the money had been given to E. H. Roach, formerly commissioner of public works.



STANDARD OIL CO.



The federal authorities here have been appealed to by the governors of the districts of Bavos and Chilapa for tents, as the inhabitants are now liv-ing in the open. The governor of Guerrero has dis-patched military engineers and troops to the stricken district and the work of rescue and sanitation is being car-ried on in a systematic manner. The federal authorities here hav

ried on in a systematic manner. Both cities are so isolated that it is impossible to obtain accurate and ranid intelligence of the disaster.

RECORDED IN BERKELEY. Berkeley, Cal., Aprill 15 .- Perhaps

Denver, April 15.—Department heads of the new United States mint in this city and three government agents connected with the mint head-quarters began today checking up the coinage of the mint and making the annual settlements, several weeks in advance of the usual time for these settlements. This action, following the government report that gold coins from the Denver mint have been found to be under value in fineness of gold, though up to grade in weight, means that the government has begun action

Chicago, April 15.—Despite over-whelming proof of the violation of the Elkins law, 'as shown by the verdict of guilty returned against it in the United States district court, the Stan-dard Oll company has by no means given up. No legal technicality is to be overlooked by its attorneys, and the case will be kept in the courts as long as possible. Within a few days Judge K. M. Lan-dis will be asked to fix the time when he can hear arguments on a motion for a new trial, notice of which was served on the court immediately after Washington, April 15 .- For the first

the jury had returned its verdict. If this motion is over-ruled the defense will present a motion in arrest of judgment judgment.

on this occasion Dist. Atty, Sims and bis special assistant, James H. Wilker-son, will be called upon to reply. The argument of the defense will be that in accepting the six cent rate, the Standard Oll company committed only one violation of the Elkins act, and that the contention of the government that each car of oil shipped constituted an additional offense is not good. To this the government will reply that, as only one offense can be punish ed by no more than \$20,000, and that the amount derived by the Standard Oll company in the counts charged in the indictment was \$23,000 the fine is by no means commensurate with the

by no means commensurate with the crime

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Co.,

46 S. MAIN.

by no incars connictistrate with the crime. "If \$20,000 is the most the govern-ment can fine a violator of this law," said an assistant district attorney, "it will have little effect in stamping out evils it was enacted to remedy. In this case we took shipments of cars only in 1903, but that represented only a fraction of the number shipped by the Standard from its refinery at Whiting to St. Louis under the secret rate. I venture the total rebate, for that is what it really was, could not have been less than \$500,000. And this its only one case."

have been less than \$500,000. And this is only one case." Should Judge Landis sustain this motion in arrest of Judgment, the de-fendant company undoubtedly will pay the fine and prepare for a similar line of battle in the seven remaining in-dictments. If the motion is defied, the case will be appealed either to the court of appeals, or to the United States supreme court.



Newark, N. J., April 15.-Chief of Po-lice John Adams shot and killed him-self in Branch Brook park today.

NEW YORK'S TRANSFER TAX CONSTITUTIONAL.

Washington, April 15.—New York's fransfer tax law was today declared obstitutional by the supreme court of the delted States in the case of Win-theor Chanter and other beirs of the bron Chanter and other beirs of the transfer Kelsey. In which the decision was against Mr. Chanler. The case from the states in the decision with the will of members of the Astor family about 54,-00,000 worth of property left her by members of the Astor family about 54,-00,000 worth of property left her by freetons given by him before his decision was agained thus presented with brons given by him before his decision the quession thus presented with brons the the transfer tax law which im-poses a tax under certain conditions sure the due state to devising the brons the herefore held the law to pulso was banded down by Jastie pulson was banded by by busie pulson was banded by by by by by by pulson was banded by by by by pulson was by by by by by pulson was by by by by by by by pulson was by by by by by by by by by pulson was by pulson by b



