

## TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

St. Louis, June 7.—During the roll call for nominations, when Indiana was named,

## SENATOR VOORHEES

responded and was received with cheers. "The historians of Europe," he said, "described Belgium as the battle ground of all the great wars that had transpired between the European nations. He came from the political battlefield of the United States—the State of Indiana. [Applause.] Who would inquire how it went in battle in any state except in Indiana and a couple of Northern States? Who would ask how went Illinois, or Ohio? That was predetermined. Who would ask how raged the battle except to enquire how large the republican majority was? The inquiry would be—How went the battle in Indiana, New York, New Jersey and Connecticut? Indiana asked for the nominee on the ticket and tendered to the democratic party fifteen electoral votes. Grover Cleveland would be re-elected this fall on the vote of Indiana or he would not be re-elected at all. The safety of the hour was for New York and Indiana to clasp hands. The lines of battle were to be the same this year as in 1880 and the states where victory was to be obtained were the same.

A voice from the gallery—"How about Oregon?"

"Oregon!" replied Voorhees, "take warning by Oregon and rely on Indiana and you will not be deceived. We present to you the name for this ticket of a man physically and mentally strong and endowed with mental and physical life. The key to the situation is Indiana. I challenge every candid man to say what name can bring as many votes to the democratic ticket as Isaac P. Gray." [Three cheers.]

## ALBERT H. COX, OF GEORGIA

seconded the nomination of Governor Gray. He said with true Napoleonic strategy the democratic party should mass its strength at the key of battle and Indiana is the point where the fiercest fight will rage. If the party should present the Columbian of Ohio would it be the wisest thing to do? If we train this great gun over in Ohio, will it do the execution we so much need it to do in Indiana? The nomination of Allen G. Thurman for the vice-presidency would lend a great deal of sentiment, but it is doubtful if it would add any great strength to the ticket at those points where it will be most needed. The nomination of Governor Gray would do for the party that which would make success no longer a matter of doubt, and this convention with his name upon its standard would name not only the democratic party, but it would name the next president and vice-president of the United States. We must do justice to the great democratic state of the great west and she demands and should be accorded this honor.

## E. E. SETTLE OF KENTUCKY,

also seconded the nomination of Governor Gray. He said representing the unwashed and untried democracy of Kentucky, he heartily seconded the Indiana senator's nomination of Indiana's democratic governor to go on the same ticket with that great leader of the democracy of the country—Grover Cleveland. Indiana is a typical democratic state of the west. Indiana's democracy can always be depended upon, and her sons have ever stood in the foremost ranks of the country's democratic statesmen. She has furnished the party in the past with a man who was elected to the vice-presidency, whose life was a shining light to the democracy and whose death took away one of its noblest leaders and most sterling patriots of the nation. The memory of Hendricks will always be green in the hearts of his countrymen. A state which has done so much for the party now asks to be recognized and presents the party with such a man as is needed, who has many years of usefulness before him, and not one who is trembling on the brink of the other world.

## A NEVADA ORATOR.

Nevada put the only poetic orator on the platform and his silvery language rippled forth in such sweet sounds that the delegates and audience roared with laughter and sounded their applause until their hands burned with friction. His State was for Cleveland and Thurman and his delegation endorsed California and Oregon and he might add Utah. This announcement brought the audience to its feet and Mr. Dorsey was cheered with great animation. His reference to the boasted climate of the Pacific Coast where the uninterrupted fields are green and the orange blossoms, the whole year round, earned another round of applause. Then a delegate from the northwest, who was seated in the back part of the hall essayed to cut short the glowing description of the coast by calling time. The audience was divided and with cries of "Go on!" "Sit down!" "Tell us more," the poet of the Pacific delegation stood on the platform vainly striving to make himself heard.

The chairman eventually quieted the noisy delegation and Mr. Dorsey requested the privilege of telling one more story but his voice was drowned by cheers. The humor of the speaker obtained and he closed with a remarkable peroration. He alleged in his flowery metaphor that a thousand quartz mills would pound their ponderous pleasure next November when the wires would flash the news from

every village and hamlet of the coast that Cleveland and Thurman had been proven the popular choice. Mr. Dorsey would have held forth much longer but he paused with his right arm uplifted as the convention manifested impatience, and as he could not gain a hearing he reluctantly retired.

## DRYDEN OF MISSOURI

made an eloquent speech seconding the nomination of Thurman, which created a good deal of enthusiasm. He said he represented a divided delegation, but the country demanded the nomination of the grand old leader, who had fought the battles of the party when she most needed warriors of courage and convictions. He has ever struck winning blows for the party, and he is ready now to sacrifice the rest and ease, well earned by a noble life, to respond to his party's call, and we need the talismanic power of his name and should nominate him.

Governor Green of

## NEW JERSEY

said the shores of the Atlantic reverberated the call of the Pacific coast. New Jersey seconded the nomination of Allen G. Thurman. [Applause.]

Raines of

## NEW YORK

was greeted with cheers when he took the stand to make known the position of his state delegation. New York, he said, had withdrawn herself until this moment from the deliberations of this body in the selection of a candidate for vice-president; but the time had arrived for her voice to be heard in unison with the claim of her fellow-delegations from Maine to the capes of the western sea in behalf of him who was the Plato of the public. The battle line of the coming conflict extended across the continent, for the force of the democracy would reach across the continent, and over the reserve corps would wave the flag of Allen G. Thurman. [Great applause.]

Powell of

## OHIO

Briefly but earnestly seconded Thurman's nomination. It was claimed he said that the universal cry for Thurman was but the sentiment of the heart. That might be so, but it was the grandest sentiment that ever occupied the democratic party.

Dorsey of South Carolina seconded the nomination of Thurman. He said it had been said that President Cleveland was both the candidate and the platform, but he proposed to present to the convention a name for the vice-presidency which is in history and prophecy.

## THOMPSON OF TENNESSEE

also seconded the nomination of Thurman saying the south of all the other sections of this country should hasten to do honor to this Grand Old Man whose arms had ever been raised to defend her stricken people. Her red bandana had been the banner of hope to the despairing, let it now be the banner of victory for the united democracy of the country.

## EX-GOVERNOR THROCKMORTON

of Texas, also seconded the nomination of Thurman in a brief speech in which he said he represented a divided delegation upon the question of the vice-presidential candidate, but he was none the less enthusiastic in his support of Ohio's Grand Old Man. Texas would give the ticket 20,000 majority with Allen G. Thurman as one of the nominees.

## SENATOR DANIELS OF VIRGINIA.

Virginia being called, Senator Daniels ascended the platform and was given a cordial reception. The old and young democrats in the Old Dominion, he said would join in the great acclaim of the American people when they should speak again in November next for Allen G. Thurman. [Applause.] He described the services of Thurman to the democratic party and country and especially commended to California Thurman's attitude on the Chinese question. When Thurman was presiding officer of the Senate, California should send him a golden gavel and Colorado should send him a silver one, for he had always maintained the two metals were on a constitutional par. It was said Thurman was old, but no hair glistened on his brow that was not grown white in the democratic service. The years that circled around his head had each one of them left in its track a new ring of glory.

As Daniels concluded he waved a large bandana and was enthusiastically cheered.

## M'GINNIS OF IDAHO.

When Idaho was called there was a cry for McGinnis, the delegate who had created a ripple of merriment when he announced his name in presenting a resolution. McGinnis responded in a pleasant speech, seconding the nomination of Thurman, saying there should be a ratification meeting to ratify not only the choice of the democracy—Grover Cleveland for the Presidency—but to ratify the grand principles of the democracy in the nomination of its leader for 30 years—Allen G. Thurman. The prospect of democratic success in November amounted almost to a certainty. Blaine had already fled before the advancing columns of democracy and confesses his hopelessness of his party and its candidates.

New Mexico and Utah failed to respond to the call.

The Chairman—This completes the list of states and territories.

## Cries of "Call the roll!"

The Chairman—The clerk will call the names of those placed in nomination for vice president.

The Clerk—The following gentlemen have been placed in nomination for vice-president: Allen G. Thurman of Ohio, Isaac P. Gray of Indiana, John C. Black of Illinois.

Chairman—The clerk will proceed to call the roll of states and territories and the chairman of each delegation is requested by the chair to announce as clearly as possible the names of those for whom the

## DELEGATES VOTE.

The chair also desires particularly to impress upon the delegates of the convention and the visitors the necessity of nearly absolute order.

The secretary called the roll of states with the following result:

Alabama—Black 1, Gray 4, Thurman 15.

Arkansas—Thurman 14.

California—Thurman 16.

Colorado—Black 6.

Connecticut—Thurman 12.

Delaware—Thurman 3, Gray 3.

When the state of Florida was called the chairman of the delegation said, Florida meets California half way, and gives her eight votes for the highest type of American citizen, A. G. Thurman. [Cheers.]

Georgia—Gray 1, Thurman 7.

Illinois—Black 17, Gray 7, Thurman 10.

Indiana—Gray 30.

Iowa was passed at her request of the chairman.

Kansas—Black 3, Gray 2, Thurman 14.

Kentucky—Gray 17, Black 1, Thurman 8.

Louisiana—Thurman 16.

Maine—Thurman 12.

Maryland—Thurman 10.

Massachusetts—Thurman 19, Gray 7, Black 1.

Michigan—Thurman 23, Black 3.

Minnesota—Thurman 13, Gray 1.

Wisconsin—Thurman 18.

Missouri—Thurman 28, Gray 4.

Nebraska—Thurman 8, Gray 2.

Nevada—Thurman 6.

New Hampshire—Thurman 8.

New Jersey—Thurman 18.

New York—Thurman 72. [Great applause and cheers.]

North Carolina—Thurman 22.

Ohio—Thurman 45, Gray 1.

Oregon—Thurman 6.

Pennsylvania—Thurman 60. [Great applause.]

Rhode Island—Thurman 6.

South Carolina—Thurman 18.

Tennessee—Thurman 34.

Texas—Thurman 36.

Vermont—Thurman 8.

Virginia—Thurman 24.

West Virginia—Thurman 11.

When the State of Wisconsin was called every delegate in the hall arose and again began

## A SCENE

which rivaled the uproar of yesterday when Cleveland was nominated. Everybody produced his red handkerchief and every guidon in the hall was decorated with one.

Delegate Taylor of Indiana attached an enormous bandana to the guidon of the Indiana delegation and marched upon the reading desk with it, creating unbounded enthusiasm, and the enthusiasm was genuine. No artifices were resorted to to sustain it at all, and when Flower of the New York delegation after a most vigorous effort succeeded in crowding his way to the reading desk with the guidon of that state, also having attached to it an enormous bandana the delegates became frantic. The uproar was finally quieted in a measure, and the clerk again called the state of Wisconsin, the chairman of which delegation announced 22 votes for Thurman. The state of Iowa gave its 26 votes for Thurman, the Territory of Alaska 2 votes for Thurman, Arizona 2 votes for Thurman, Dakota 2 votes for Thurman, District of Columbia 7 votes for Thurman, Indiana 2 votes for Thurman, Montana 2 votes for Thurman, New Mexico 3 votes for Thurman, Utah 2 votes for Thurman, Washington Territory 2 votes for Thurman, Wyoming 2 votes for Thurman.

Tim O'Leary, a Pennsylvania delegate, brought a live fighting cock in the hall and tossed it in the air. The bird fluttered to the floor, but not before it caught the eye of the convention and the hall became a pandemonium. Delegation banners all decorated with red bandanas were borne from state to state, and about the hall in a frantic manner and thousands of red bandanas waved all over. The demonstration lasted for about ten minutes.

## INDIANA YIELDS.

After something like order had been restored the calling of states was proceeded with, but before it was completed, Patterson of Colorado moved that Thurman's nomination be made unanimous, and the motion was seconded by Shanklin of Indiana in an earnest speech. He would not add, he said, one drop to the flow of perspiration by attempting to start another flow of eloquence. He rose for the purpose of withdrawing the name of Isaac P. Gray and seconding the motion to make the nomination of Thurman unanimous. The delegates from Indiana had come into the convention in good faith and they bowed to the decision of the democratic party. He promised that as the delegates had been for Gray yesterday and this morning they were now from this time forward the apostles of Thurman.

"I make this statement," said Shanklin, "on behalf of the delegation from

Indiana. But there is one impression that has gained ground during the past few days which I wish to take this occasion to correct. In the public prints and from statements of individuals the impression has gone abroad that McDonald was at the beginning of this movement in favor of Thurman. That does the distinguished citizen of Indiana great injustice. He had nothing to do with starting this boom for Thurman. It came from the Pacific, and I hope they will enjoy it as well after the November election as they evidently enjoy it today. My fellow citizens, I now withdraw the name of Mr. Gray entirely, and our Gray handkerchiefs shall be found no more on the benches. Every Indian in the city of St. Louis will return to his home tonight with a red bandana worn across his breast. I now move that the nomination of Allen G. Thurman be made unanimous.

The motion was agreed to and the nomination was made unanimous amid loud cheers.

The chairman then declared Allen G. Thurman as the unanimous choice of the convention.

On motion of Pope of Texas, a resolution was adopted expressing regret at the death of W. S. Hancock, and tendering sympathy to his widow.

Col. Fellows of New York, presented a resolution of respect for the dead statesmen of the party who have passed to the other world since the democratic convention of 1884 (Horatio Seymour, McClelland, Tilden and Hancock) and of regret at their taking off.

The resolution was adopted with a rising vote.

After passing various resolutions of thanks and receiving the names of the national committee members from the various delegations the convention on motion of Governor Green, of New Jersey, at 2:00 p. m. adjourned sine die.

HOLBROOK, ARIZ., June 7.—It is learned that two days ago at Coyote ranch, near Springville, in a shooting between William Magee and Henry Jenkins, the latter was fatally wounded. Robert Thomas, a looker-on, was shot in the leg, shattering the bone. Jenkins lived twenty-four hours. He leaves a wife and three children. Magee was arrested and examined. He was discharged, the verdict being justifiable homicide.

MONTREAL, June 7.—The severest wind and thunder storm known for many years prevailed yesterday afternoon. Much timber was destroyed and many houses were blown down. At Compton the house of O. Perrault was demolished. Perrault's wife and five young children were instantly killed. Other disasters are reported from various points. It is feared the loss of life will be very heavy.

ST. JOHNSBURY, VT., June 7.—The severe wind storm which prevailed yesterday in Eastern Ontario and Western Quebec did great damage. Many small losses are also reported north of here.

BELLOWS FALLS, June 7.—Last evening the most terrific thunder storm passed over this section ever known. The light of burning buildings was seen in every direction. The lightning struck a piece of the town hall Westminster, totally destroying the building and a dwelling owned by Frank Heywood. The town hall was built in 1770. It was in this building that the first legislature of Vermont met.

OTTAWA, June 7.—The destruction caused by yesterday's storm was terrific and widespread. Enormous damage was done to crops and orchards. Hundreds of barns were demolished and outbuildings by the scores. The loss cannot fall short of \$300,000. Three persons are reported killed and a large number seriously injured.

BALTIMORE, June 8.—Harrison Garrett, a brother of Robert Garrett and manager of the banking firm of Robert Garrett & Sons, of this city, was drowned last night in the Patapsco River. His yacht *Gleam*, in which he and a party of friends were coming to Baltimore from Annapolis, was run down by the steamer *Joppa* and sunk, being struck amidships and almost cut in two. According to accounts, all hands on the *Gleam* were rescued except Garrett. When the *Joppa* struck the yacht, Garrett at once became excited and sprang and grabbed the bow chain of the steamer and held on until it parted, then he fell overboard. Although a good swimmer, he did not rise to the surface. The rest of the party were rescued by the crews of the *Joppa* and *Gleam*.

MONTREAL, June 8.—Further details of the thunder storm of Wednesday from surrounding parishes show immense damage, which will probably amount to \$100,000. In certain sections of the country, hardly a barn was left standing.

GRANADA, Nicaragua, June 8.—A cyclone of great severity swept over this place on the night of the second instant. Heavy rains inundated the south part of the city destroying eighteen houses. The train due here on the morning of the third instant, jumped the track at Pearesmada, five persons being killed and five injured.

MITCHELL, Dakota, June 8.—In Bloomingdale, last night, two young farmers, named Bailey and Wilson, quarreled over an old grudge. Bailey fired at Wilson, but killed his own father. Wilson in turn shot young Bailey dead.

WASHINGTON, June 8.—The House committee on commerce has authorized favorable reports on the following bills:

Appropriating \$25,000 for a lighthouse at San Diego.

Conferring on the President of the United States the right to appoint

medical officers for the marine hospital service.

The Nelson bills, conferring state and territorial legislative right to control tolls, rates and within the limits of their respective states or territories.

OTTAWA, June 8.—A report sent here today that an agreement had been arrived at between Canada and the United States government, said to sealing in the Behring this year, and that Canadian going will not be molested.

MONTREAL, June 8.—A fire this morning in the stables of the Montreal Street Railway Company, where it was gotten under control containing 135 horses (all except of which perished) was destroyed the rear of the large stable was building containing eight horses which were safely taken out, firemen were badly burned, humane work. Loss \$100,000.

NEW YORK, June 8.—The Madame and General Dias continued today. George T. resumed the witness stand and cross-examined by ex-Senator He made impertinent answers, questions and became so unmanageable that Judge Gildersleeve threatened with extreme measures. The said he wanted the madame in an insane asylum.

Inspector Byrnes testified madame had acknowledged that Solomon was her brother.

Several artists were called to testify that the madame's spirit was miserable danish, painted in a dinary way.

ST. LOUIS, June 8.—The telephone company threatens to close in St. Louis owing to the ordinance passed reducing the rental of phones from \$100 to \$25 ready they have taken out phones and Commissioner Thompson poses to follow the letter and Mayor Francis' recent order down the wires and poles. The company while assuring they will get out of the business the same time preparing to remove the poles. They are received the right to establish vice from the state and not municipal government. They will not take advantage scheme to evade the law through subscribers whose contracts are pired are willing to pay the full demanded and will do it by or otherwise just so they can use of a wire.

CHICAGO, June 8.—Mme. Charles Gaudzema, the French lady reported to the police Thursday strange story of her adventure State Street hotel while in Dr. Leon Cyr, a French physician had asked her to follow him to Diego, Cal., was sent to the department of the jail this morning and put up at a cheap State hotel. There she alleged assaulted by a party of Germans then sought the aid of M. and dabare, who today went to 12th Avenue, the address given Mme. Gaudzema, in search of the people living there knew of the doctor, and the comforted to the lady. At this so violent that it was thought to send her to the north side of the river.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, June 8.—o'clock tonight American Messenger J. H. Zimmermann, gage Master Joe Ketchum was together in the express and car in the Cincinnati, Indiana Chicago railroad train which here at 11 o'clock. Zimmermann the train left Delhi, a station west of here, called Ketchum to men supposed to be He saw them through the glass of the car door leading to platform next to the locomotive. Both men arose and went to the front door. When within of it the tramps began firing the glass window. Ketchum in four places, two balls entered abdomen and one his left. Zimmermann tried to draw, but it stuck in his hip pocket, retreated to the rear of the car, where he met the tor. The latter pulled the and stopped the train. While going on one of the tramps of the tender where he was engineer and fireman and knocked by two blows from a monkey. The engineer and fireman him off the tender while the at full speed. Before he was overboard, however, the seer attempted to climb on the but he weakened and dodged the sight of the prostrate companion. Before the train more than one robber was jump off and disappear in the mess. All of them were completely covering their faces, police, mounted and on foot, a large posse of citizens, and the river front and, so country to intercept the train. The sheriff is out with a train with thirty police down from here by rail, at o'clock. The Kentucky have also been notified to out. At this hour, 2:40, no has been received in this capture of any of the gang of the man who tumbled off motive engine.

PITTSBURG, June 8.—The signers of Allegheny County fled today by County C. Speer that there was a def 650 in the accounts of