

## BY TELEGRAPH.

PER WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

## AMERICAN.

**BOSTON, 5.**—The wool market is steady, and there is a good demand, especially for reasonable grades of Pennsylvania fleeces:—40@42 for X and XX. Michigan X fleeces, 39@40, and No. 1 fleeces, 42@45. Unwashed fleeces are in demand. Western Territory and Texas wools are most inquired for, and may be quoted at 18@23 for low coarse, 25@35 for good average lots, 32@45 for choice selections of fine and medium. California wool is quiet at 25@32 for northern spring; the latter price being for choice. Combing and delaine selections are in demand at 42@45 for fine delaines and 46@48 for fine and No. 1 combing. Pooled wools are in demand at 42@45 for choice Eastern and Maine supers, and 25@40 for common to good. Foreign wool is quiet and sales are confined to small lots of Australian and Mediterranean carpet at previous prices.

**WASHINGTON, 5.**—A route agent reported to the Postoffice Department that a mob composed of Democratic roughs surrounded the postoffice at Higginsville, Mo., Saturday last and threatened to demolish the office and mobbed the postmaster, who was compelled to fly for safety to Kansas City. Acting Postmaster General Hatton has instructed Inspector Edgerton at St. Louis to proceed immediately to the scene of the disturbance and report the facts in the case to the Department.

**RENO, 5.**—Governor Kinhead has withdrawn from the contest for Governor. The *Gazette* says this is a victory of the people against the machine.

The Republican State Convention met at 10 o'clock. The platform as adopted refers to the history of the party, endorses Arthur, calls for the enforcement of the anti-Chinese laws; promises to defend the public school system against sectarian influence. The railroad plank demands from Congress such legislation as will place the people of Nevada on terms of equality in respect to transportation charges with the communities especially favored by the railroad monopoly. Another plank pledges the party of Nevada to such a course of legislation as will extend to the railroad and all other corporations doing business in the State the same protection and the same rights and privileges before the laws as are accorded to individuals—no more, no less. It calls for postal telegraph service; for silver coinage to be placed on the same basis as gold; for laws to secure the purification of the jury box; to reduce the State expenses; for the codification of the mining laws. A clause was introduced calling for a constitutional convention to reduce the expenses of the State and prevent discriminations by railroads.

**HARRISBURG, Pa., 5.**—A wreck occurred about midnight between three freight trains on the Pennsylvania Railroad near this city. Twenty-seven cars were wrecked and two men reported injured. The wreck was caused by one train running into another while the third ran into the first wreck. All travel is blocked.

**PITTSBURG, Pa., 5.**—The first mills to announce their intention of resuming are non-union mills are those of the Amalgamated Association. Those that have decided to prolong the strike are Wilson, Walker & Co., and Sprang, Chalfant & Co. They start this week.

**TOMBSTONE, A. T., 5.**—Information is received from Sonora that an important civil crisis is about to explode. A state of dread and uncertainty exists along the Sonora Valley. Nearly every grog shop in Tombstone has been cleaned out by Mexicans, who are flocking in by dozens, buying up all the arms and munitions that can be obtained, and rushing back again. It is understood that Governor Ortez has ordered a draft of all able bodied men in the State to sustain him.

**DENVER, Col., 5.**—The *News' Silver Cliff, Col.*, special says: The Custer County bank closed its doors this morning. The liabilities are \$40,000; assets, very small. This bank was owned by Hartzell Bros., and was run in connection with the Bank of Salda, which suspended yesterday. There is great excitement among the depositors of both towns. The whereabouts of the Hartzell Brothers is unknown, and the cause of the suspension is a mystery.

**SAN FRANCISCO, 5.**—In the case of one of the alleged Chinese mer-

chants, who arrived here on the steamer *City of Rio Janeiro*, from Panama, and who was not permitted to land, Judge Field, in the United States Circuit Court, to-day, decided that merchants coming from countries other than China may land without certificates.

**CHICAGO, 5.**—The democratic county convention to-day selected delegates to the Springfield State convention next Thursday, and unanimously adopted a resolution opposing sumptuary and prohibitory legislation, and instructing their delegates to abide by this resolution.

**NEW YORK, 5.**—The new play, "Chispa," a vivid picture of California life, was produced last night with success before a crowded house at Haverly's Fourteenth Street Theatre.

The *Tribune* says of the play: Chispa originated in California, and was first acted there. It is a melodrama in six acts, and tells a tiresome and highly improbable story by means of forced incidents capriciously arranged, and diffusive talk poured forth in prodigal monotony. It begins with starvation, death, robbery madness, murder and prayer which grossly trenches upon irreverence if not blasphemy. It subsequently involved two other murders and several halfbred escapes, and in fact is peppered to the last degree with the ginger of crime and gore. The persons are mostly disagreeable laborers who work in mines, and whose appearance is suggestive of the need of soap and water. Its language is all of one kind, being a verbose and ugly compound of platitudes and slang. All civilized persons hope that California is not the place it has been represented to be in the plays concerning it that are so liberally and resolutely inflicted upon the East. It is difficult to understand why that noble state should have thus been singled out for caricature or why American people are interesting according to the ratio of their dirt, ignorance, turbulence and slang.

**LITTLE ROCK, Ark., 5.**—The election passed off quietly in all portions of the State heard from, the dispatches showing an unusually large vote. The democratic State ticket is evidently elected by about the usual majority. Indications point to a slight increase in the republican and greenback membership of the legislature. Prohibition figured prominently in a number of counties on the legislative and judicial tickets.

**Memphis, Tenn., 5.**—The *Avalanche's* Helena, Arkansas, special claims that the election there to-day was carried by bulldozing in the face of 20,000 republican majority.

**NEW YORK, 5.**—Gen. Rosecrans uttered the word "boosh" in one of the Fifth Avenue Hotel parlors, when a reporter had finished reading a certain paragraph which appeared in one of the papers this morning. The item in question was to the effect that several members of the democratic congressional committee held a meeting last evening for the purposes of devising measures for raising money to carry the democratic party successfully in the congressional contest in Maine and several other States. The General, however, would not deny that some sort of a meeting between himself and Senator Gorman and others of the committee had been held, but he would not say anything more about the conference than that it concerned Maine.

**PENSACOLA, 5.**—One more case is reported and two deaths, mentioned last night as having black vomit. The total cases to date are twenty, deaths eight. In a meeting of the Board of Health to-day, it was decided to submit at once requisitions for aid to the National Board of Health. The bark *Soleato*, which left this port August 10th, with two sick seamen on board, and from which vessel the yellow fever in Pensacola undoubtedly originated, arrived in Havana several days ago. The seamen are reported as having died at sea on the voyage, and the mate died just before leaving this port and was buried at sea.

**Brownsville, 5.**—The epidemic is still raging. During the twenty-four hours ended yesterday morning, there were seven new cases and six deaths, and at ten o'clock, seventy-eight new cases and six deaths. Two hundred new cases are reported in San Bernardino.

**Tamaulipas, Mexico, 5.**—This is a town of 4,000 inhabitants. There are several cases of yellow fever, and much sickness among the ranches.

**Brownsville, Tex., 5.**—The report at 10 o'clock this morning showed seventy-seven new cases and four

deaths. Relief has been furnished to 344 families. The number of patients in the hospital is ten. The fever is on the decrease.

**Matamoras, 5.**—Four deaths are reported in the last twenty-four hours. The river is very high and still rising. The weather is threatening a storm with northerly winds.

**OMAHA, 6.**—Responsible officials of the Union Pacific state that on a recent visit of General Manager Clark and Freight Agent Shelby to San Francisco, traffic arrangements more equal and advantageous to both companies than ever before made were consummated with the Central Pacific and that ties of permanent peace have been established. This it is believed will set at rest the rumors of the Union Pacific being left out in the cold by other alliances made by the Central.

**A Frankfort, Mich., special says:** Capt. Mathews, of the Life Saving Station, reports that he found bottom side up a steamer's upper cabin, corresponding to an Anchor Line boat. The agent of the line in Chicago thinks the description does not tally with that of their boat. The *Annie Young*, however, is overdue, and may possibly have met with disaster.

**A Lincoln, Neb., special says:** The condition of stock was never better than now. The mild weather of last winter, fine pasturage this summer, and good care, have done wonders for cattle.

**WOODSHALL, 6.**—The President and party arrived from Newport this morning.

**NASHVILLE, 6.**—Mrs. Sarah J. Young, a respectable woman, aged 46 years, was outraged on Saturday, near Union City, by a negro named Winston Wade. Last night a mob of a hundred men hung him to a tree.

**GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., 6.**—A special says: The Democrats and Greenbackers fused in the fifth Congressional district and nominated Julius H. Houseman, democrat and banker.

**SYRACUSE, N. Y., 6.**—The State Constitutional amendment committee representing the various temperance organizations of the state will convene at Syracuse Oct. 14th, in order to take steps to secure submission to the popular vote of the prohibition amendment to the state constitution.

**OSWEGO, 6.**—The ninth annual meeting of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of the state of New York convenes to-day. A large attendance is expected.

**NEW YORK, 6.**—In the pigeon shooting match in New Jersey yesterday, between C. Dustyn, champion wing shot of Detroit, and D. Guthrie, of California for 250 dollars a side, Dustyn won by a score of 74 to 71.

**LOUISVILLE, 6.**—At a meeting of the Tariff Commission held here this morning, an argument in favor of the removal of the tax on alcohol used in the arts and other industrial purposes was made.

**COLUMBUS, S. C., 6.**—The trial of Capt. Haile, for the killing of W. R. Blair, a prominent greenbacker, began at Keshaw Court to-day.

**SARATOGA, 6.**—In the Social Science Association, a paper of Walter Channing, of Boston, on the "Board of Health" was read, followed by a communication by Dr. Baker, on the same subject and the discussion thereof. The Rev. J. S. Prime of the *New York Observer* said, drunkenness is a crime, and he protested against its being called a disease. He said the best remedy the State can apply is to prohibit the sale of the liquors which produce intemperance. A paper of Dr. D. T. Lincoln on the sanitary condition of boarding schools, was presented by the secretary. Another paper was read on the same subject by Dr. Henry B. Baker, Secretary of the Michigan Board of Health. These were briefly discussed by Secretary Sanborn and Leroy Parker, President of the Michigan Board of Health. Dr. A. M. Blodgett, of Boston, read a paper on the management of chronic inebriates and insane drunkards.

**CHICAGO, 6.**—The receipts of grain are heavy again to-day, aggregating nearly three-quarters of a million, and being 247,000 for wheat alone. The weather is also fine and all crop reports are favorable, showing the wheat safe from the weather, and only thing that may occur to corn is from early frosts. Prices are nevertheless made strong. The advance is all around, corn being particularly buoyant. It is believed one cause of the advance was the decision of the arbitration committee yesterday, which is regarded as favorable for high prices and cornering operations, as well as for the strict en-

forcement of all commercial obligations incurred on 'Change.

A special train bearing the Marquis of Lorne, and Princess Louise and party, arrived about noon at the Rock Island Depot. They visited Pullman early in the morning and reaching the city, were driven direct to the hotel without ceremony or reception. At the hotel 21 rooms were reserved for them. They have arranged to spend the day quietly in the city and proceed to San Francisco via the Rock Island Road tomorrow morning.

**WASHINGTON, 6.**—The signal office reports the cyclone referred to yesterday is now in South Cuba, moving in a northwesterly direction into the Gulf.

The following telegram was just received from Ooglaamic, Alaska, dated July 29th, 1882, via San Francisco, Sept. 6th:

**Chief Signal Officer Washington:** The party are all safe and well; all the work has been carried out. The steam whaler *North Star* was crushed by the ice and sank a few miles from this station, July 8th. The crew were fed and clothed here until the ice broke up. Bowhead delivered the mails.

(Signed) RAY, Lieut. Commanding Signal Service of Port Barrow expedition.

**WOODSHALL, 6.**—The U. S. steamer *Dispatch* arrived here this morning, having on board President Arthur. At noon the U. S. Fish Commissioners' steamer *Fish Hawk*, took the party with Prof. Baird and Major Ferguson, U. S. Fish Commissioners and the scientific party of the U. S. Fish Commission on board. The steamer then proceeded to Menemsha Light, and trolled and dredged for specimens, arriving in port at 6 p.m. The Presidential party with other invited guests dined with Major Ferguson on board the steam yacht *Lookout*. The *Dispatch* leaves in the morning for the east.

**CHICAGO, 6.**—It is the general opinion among railroad men here that the recent reported purchase of the Hannibal & St. Joe Railway by Gould is not really to strengthen the Wabash system, but it is in the interest of the Union Pacific that this course is taken in retaliation on the Burlington road for extending its lines to Denver in competition with the Union Pacific.

**HELENA, Montana, 6.**—The Indians fired the prairie on the land of Coles and Freeman in the Creek region in northern Montana and the whole country is ablaze. It is a great stock region and the cattle are being driven before the conflagration in immense herds. The winter range for a scope of many miles is in danger of being destroyed, which is a severe blow to the stock interests of Northern Montana. The Piegans are supposed to have set the fire, as 1,500 are away from their agency. They refuse to return unless the government increases their rations.

**SARATOGA, 6.**—There was a spirited and earnest debate in the Social Science Association on Wayland's paper, on progressive spelling in which the Rev. F. H. Jones, of Massachusetts, Prof. Baldwin and Francis Wait, of Yale College, Hon. J. A. Kingsbury, of Waterbury, Conn., and Francis B. Sanborn participated. At the evening session a paper was read by Rev. A. S. Mayo, strongly urging liberal aid to education by the government, especially in the Southern States.

**NEW YORK, 6.**—Most of the principal stores on Fulton Street, from Nassau Street to East River, were last evening for the first time lighted by the Edison Electric Light, and there were a few other places in the First district, which extends from Spruce to Wall Street and from the East River to Nassau Street, that were also lighted by the system, which can now be continually supplied from the first Station, at Nos. 255 and 257 Pearl Street. Meters have been placed in very many of the buildings throughout the entire district, and the light will be supplied as regularly as possible, each building requiring inspection by the board of underwriters before the light can be supplied. The lights are rather more brilliant than gas and are so arranged that the light can be turned on or off at will as in ordinary argand gas burners. The cost, the agent said last evening, would be a trifle less than the same amount of gas light. It has taken us a long time, said the superintendent last evening, but we have had to do what every one said could not be done, that is to subdivide the light in each house to any extent. We

have laid our mains through nearly all the streets of the district and have placed the wires very generally in buildings. We put in wires at our own expense and supply the lamps. If after a certain period of trial our customers desire to continue to use the light we charge them for the fixtures, but not otherwise. This is our first attempt to light the whole district, although we have for some time been furnishing light to a few banking offices in Wall Street. Now, however, we propose to keep up a continuous supply. The light, the superintendent said, was the safest possible. You may wrap one of the lights in the finest of cambric, and then break the globe with a hammer and the cambric will not be scorched. The instant the air comes in contact with the flame it goes out. We have our lamps on the steamer *City of Worcester*, and shall light the iron steamer *Pilgrim* on the Fall River Line, with them, and in fact are now negotiating with that company to place lights on all their steamers.

The Drexel building, containing 100 lights, the *Times* office, Park Bank, and the *Herald* office, were among the places lighted last night by the electric current from the station on Pearl Street.

Edison said further that 18 miles of pipe would be laid in the downtown district. Six miles are already laid.

**LITTLE ROCK, 6.**—Slack, the republican nominee for governor, who resides here and is very popular personally, has carried the county. He will doubtless lead the republican ticket in the State by 1,500 votes. The returns show increased democratic majorities in the State ticket, whose majority is larger than was anticipated. The greenback vote is very small.

**Boston, 6.**—The latest returns from Vermont show that 103 towns give Barlow, republican, for governor, 18,905; Eaton, democrat, 6,951; Martin, greenback, and scattering, 776. Barlow's majority over all is 11,177. Seventy-eight towns in the first congressional district give Stewart, republican, a majority over all of 4,951. Forty-nine towns in the second district give Poland, republican, a majority over all of 1,725. The legislature will show a decrease in the republican majority.

**Burlington, Vt., 6.**—Election returns come in slowly beyond precedent, much less than half the state having been heard from. The returns indicate a republican vote of 35,000, and a democratic vote of 15,000. The vote is very light. In the second district only five towns have been heard from. Less than half of these give Poland 7,488, Fletcher 5,452, Grant and scattering 2,802. The indications are that there is no choice, which will necessitate a new election. In the first district Stewart is elected by 10,000 majority.

**White River Junction, Vt., 6.**—Twenty-nine more towns in the second district give Pollard 3,131, Fletcher 1,044, Dunbar and scattering 440, Grant 684. Poland's majority over all is 1,163, or an aggregate majority in 107 towns of 2,188 over all, with fifty-two towns to be heard from. The complexion of the first district is not changed by the additional returns.

**EUREKA, Nev., 6.**—The Democratic State Convention assembled at 12:30, and was called to order by A. Mahony, Secretary of the State Central Committee. A temporary organization was effected with Hon. Geo. W. Baker, of Eureka, chairman; J. A. Mahoney, of Storey, Secretary. A committee on credentials was appointed and the convention adjourned for one hour.

At the evening session the committee on platform reported. The platform reaffirms the platform of the last National Convention; it affirms that railroads should be made to pay their just burdens of taxation; calls for the passage by Congress of the Reagan bill, and of laws by the State Legislature, to regulate freights and fares on railroads within the State; resolves that the financial condition of affairs of the State, require the calling of a constitutional convention to reduce the expenses in the State and county governments; that a board of equalization should be created; condemns the efforts of the Republican party to destroy our dominant interest in their attacks upon silver; that the maximum rate now permitted of 20 cents per mile for each ton of freight and 10 cents per mile for each passenger carried by railroads between points within the State should be reduced at least one-half; that the legislature should protect individuals and localities against