The Evening paper is the paper of Today, the morning paper is the paper of Yesterday.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

5 O'clock ~EDITION.~

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 34. THURSDAY, JANUARY 2, 1896. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH. VOL. XXIX.

NIHILISTIC PLOTS.

Russian Anarchists Keep Their Plans from the Public.

ON ACCOUNT OF IMPERIAL SPIES.

But Those Who Profess to Know Think the Czar Will be Attacked by Assassins.

CHICAGO, Jan. 2.—A local paper says:

Nothing certain concerning the purpose of the revolutionary element among Russians in Chicago can be learned. They not only keep their plans to themselves but endeavor to mislead the public and the spies of the czar's government by specious rumors.

Their friends among the reputed anarchists of other nationalities, while professing to have knowledge of nihilist plots admit it would be strange if there should be no attack made by the fanatics upon the young czar. Adolph Jansac said that the Russian revolutionary party was not likely to turn about from its old line of action because the situation in Russia was just the same as when the war against autocracy broke out. As to anything phenomenal in the number of imperialist spies abroad he could not tell. When any man became suspected of trying his utility consul, and he was recalled, but no incident of that kind had occurred lately.

"We must wait until we hear of something before we can tell what is doing," he said, "for no one can guess what will happen before it happens."

WENT OUT TO KILL.

A Story of Fall, Confession and Vengeance.

NEW YORK, Jan. 2.—The Journal today says:

Erwin Hallenbach's motive for calling at William T. Robinson's home on Monday morning before dawn, arousing him from sleep and trying to kill him, have been discovered. The incidents that preceded the attack are a dark story of a wife's downfall, her confession to her husband, his purpose to kill Robinson, to kill his wife and to then kill himself.

It transpires that Mrs. Hallenbach accompanied Robinson to the South Ferry hotel on Saturday last. It is contended that this is the only occasion that Robinson took her there or anywhere else. Hallenbach received information from one of his friends who had been watching Mrs. Hallenbach, of her visit to the South Ferry hotel with Robinson, and the name under which they registered.

He accused his wife of disloyalty and she confessed her guilt. He then loaded two revolvers and put extra cartridges for each in his pocket. He also put a knife in his pocket. As he has since told a friend, he had formed a plan of vengeance. Hallenbach then ordered his wife to direct him to Robinson's house, and Monday's sensational affair, in which Robinson was shot three times through the body, and his brother, John, received a wound in the hand, followed.

ATTACKED THE WRONG MAN.

A Chicago Magistrate Kills a Footpad.

CHICAGO, Jan. 2.—Justice Jarvis Blume, of the West Chicago avenue police station, was passing underneath the alley "L" structure at Thirteenth street at 1:30 o'clock this morning, in company with his daughter May. Two masked men sprang from the shadow of the structure and attacked the magistrate. One of them threw his arms about Mr. Blume's neck and tried to strangle him. The other made an attempt to find his pocket book.

Justice Blume has had experience with robbers before and knew what to do. Making a feint to assist the robber, he drew his revolver and fired without an instant's warning.

The man uttered a cry of pain and tried to run. He went a few steps and fell with blood streaming from a wound in his abdomen. Before the police arrived the man was dead.

Seeing the man fall, Justice Blume turned his revolver upon the other man who was trying to escape and fired several shots after him. None of the bullets took effect so far as is known.

The magistrate had been spending the evening with some friends at the Stanford hotel, Thirteenth street and Michigan avenue, and remained after the cable cars had stopped running. With his daughter he was walking over to State street when attacked.

After the shooting the two went to the Harrison street police station and told what had occurred. The patrol wagon was sent out at once and the man found lying on the spot where he fell. The dead man was taken to the morgue. No clue was found in the clothing that would lead to the man's identity. Among the papers in his pocket was a vaccination certificate made out to John Kelly. Letters also were found which bore various names, as follows:

M. E. F. Wells, Youngstown, Ohio; John Gingle, 477 Penn Avenue, Pittsburg, and O. B. Sheppard, Altoona, Ohio.

Justice Blume was attacked by footpads three years ago in Desplaines street between Washington and Madison streets. He was then a justice at the Desplaines street police court and was on his way home from the police court about 1 o'clock in the morning when attacked. He was carrying a revolver in his outside overcoat pocket. In order to save himself he fired at the footpads. At first it was thought he had shot one, but the two men escaped and nothing was ever heard of them.

The Obituary List.

NEW YORK, Jan. 2.—Miss Alice Twombley, the eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. McK. Twombley, died at the home of her parents at Madison, N. J., last night, of pneumonia. Mr. and Mrs. Twombley's second daughter, Ruth, has been very ill lately and at one time her condition seemed so serious that there was a possibility of no holiday party at Biltmore, but an operation for an abscess just back of the ear proved successful and the other members of the Vanderbilt family were able to join the house party of Mr. George Vanderbilt at Biltmore, Asheville, N. C. Miss Twombley's illness did not seem to be of a threatening nature, consequently her death is the greater shock. She was only 18 years of age.

CHICAGO, Jan. 2.—John H. Blair, born in 1800, and who was at one time famous and wealthy, died yesterday at the home for incurables. Blair was a famous painter half a century ago. His skill is attested by the fact that his portrait of President Tyler is hung in the White House gallery. He was the first painter of war panoramas and was eminently successful in that branch of art. He was the first to paint any great panorama in this city. It was pictures of birds of all the world and to accomplish this work he circled the globe twice.

NEW YORK, Jan. 2.—D. S. F. Forshay, of the banking house Zimmerman & Forshay, died suddenly last night.

Tournament of Roses.

PASADENA, Cal., Jan. 2.—Bright, warm weather like a June day in the east brought out thousands of people in Pasadena to witness the seventh annual tournament of roses. Five hundred people participated in the parade. A large number of six-in-hand coaches, four-in-hand double and single teams literally covered with roses, calla lilies, marguerites, water lilies, carnations and smilax were in line. A single coach utilized four thousand carnations in decoration. The parade of bicycles decorated with flowers was a feature of the procession. The coaches and carriages scattered roses along the line of march and threw flowers to the spectators. The tournament was viewed by 15,000 people.

Afro-American Celebration.

NEW YORK, Jan. 2.—Hereafter the Afro-American citizens of this city will celebrate the anniversary of President Lincoln's emancipation proclamation. About two months ago several young men organized the Young Men's Civic league, the purpose of which is to keep up interest in "Emancipation Day." The first celebration was held last night when about 300 colored people assembled in the old St. Mark's church and listened to speeches.

THE MANITOBA SCHOOLS.

Parliament Called to Settle the Vexed Question.

OTTAWA, Jan. 2.—Those who have taken a census of parliament assert that the government will be defeated, temporarily at least, in any attempt to restore the Roman Catholic schools of Manitoba. Parliament meets today and the members are all here. The session was called for the express purpose of settling the disturbed educational questions of the Northwest. Other cabinets of the Dominion government have not been loose to deal with the proposition, but the issue at this time cannot be avoided.

The general Dominion government requested the legislature of Manitoba effect some sort of compromise on the school question. The Greenway government reported to the Ottawa after the legislative session at Winnipeg, that the people of Manitoba, in a large majority, declared their opposition to sectarian schools, and rejected any requests to concede even minor points.

Under the act admitting Manitoba to the confederation of provinces it was provided that separate schools for the children of Roman Catholics might be maintained from public moneys so long as the province chose. After twenty years of separate schools the government of Manitoba, in 1890, passed what was known as the public schools act, establishing the one system of popular education for the whole province and taking away government support of parochial schools. Sir McKenzie Bowell, premier of the Dominion, now that the question has been transferred to the general parliament says his government will stand or fall on the issue and will yield no point. The real fight for the schools is led by Archbishop Langevin, who is himself of determined, uncompromising character.

The bill which will precipitate hostilities will be introduced as soon as parliament convenes. It provides for the restoration of Roman Catholic schools in Manitoba, with the right to conduct religious exercises and instruction therein. Clark Wallace, comptroller of customs, and also sovereign grand master of the Orange order resigned from the cabinet as the best method of expressing his views on the school question when he learned the nature of the bill to be offered. Canadians say the outcome of the school fight is problematical. The ministry may not survive, but it is by no means certain that a cabinet made of radical Orangemen would endure any great length of time. It is said the A. P. A. order of the United States is practically conducting the anti-Roman Catholic fight here.

A Southern Pacific Scheme.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, Jan. 2.—Arturo Monsm, general manager of the Monterey and Mexican Gulf railroad, passed through here yesterday with President C. P. Huntington and other officials of the Southern Pacific, looking to the sale or lease of the Monterey and Mexican Gulf railroad to the Southern Pacific company. It is a well-known fact that the Southern Pacific has been negotiating for some time past for the sale or lease of the Monterey & Mexican Gulf line. The acquisition of this line and its operation in connection with the Mexican International railroad, which is owned by the Southern Pacific, would give the latter corporation the most valuable railroad system in Mexico. August Trerz, the president of the Monterey & Mexican Gulf line, is now in Belgium, and it is stated that he has empowered Mr. Monsm to close the deal in behalf of the Belgium bondholders.

A representative was recently sent from New York to make a report to President Huntington and it is said to have been highly favorable for the purchase of the property.

A Railroad Changes Hands.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 2.—The following notice has been posted by President W. E. Guy, of the St. Louis & Eastern R. R. company:

St. Louis & Eastern company, owning and operating also St. Louis & Peoria railroad, St. Louis & Chicago railway.

To Connecting Lines and Agents:

The St. Louis & Kansas Railway company has acquired by purchase the railroad property known as the North & South railroad, (a line extending from Mount Olive, Ill., to Springfield, Ill.)

The lease of this property to the Chicago, Peoria & St. Louis Railway company expired December 31, 1895, and the North & South railroad (otherwise known as the St. Louis & Chicago) will, commencing January 1, 1896, be operated by the St. Louis & Eastern Railway company.

WILLIAM E. GUY,
President.

The Bond Bill Discussed.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—The Senate finance committee adjourned at 12:30 until tomorrow. No action was taken and no vote had. The bond bill was discussed, but the tariff bill was not taken up. Senators White and Wolcott were not present.

Senator Vest was not present, so the free silver men and the anti-silver men were tied. After the regular meeting of the committee, the Republican members held a conference, so also did the Democrats. Senator Jones (Nev.) went with the Democrats so the conference was considered a silver conference more than anything else. The silver men unanimously decided to insist upon an amendment in the nature of an entire substitute, providing for the free coinage of silver and the elimination of all authority for the issuance of bonds. Senator Jones (Ark.) was delegated to prepare a measure in accordance with these views, to be submitted to the full meeting of the committee as soon as it can be completed. There is hope that the bill can receive its final consideration at the hands of the committee in time to permit reporting to the Senate tomorrow, but this may not be accomplished. The absentees will be paired when the vote is reached in the committee.

Coudert Accepts.

NEW YORK, Jan. 2.—Frederick R. Coudert Jr., said today that his father had formally accepted the Venezuelan commissionership tendered him by President Cleveland.

Perished in the Fire.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Jan. 2.—At four o'clock this morning the residence of John H. Hibbard, 1375 East Long street, was discovered on fire. Mr. and Mrs. Hibbard, a son Allen, aged five, and Baby Dorothy, Miss Fay Hibbard and Miss Grace Hibbard Lee, sisters, of Barnesville, Ohio, perished in the smoke. Hibbard was secretary of the Central Ohio Natural Gas & Fuel company, and connected by marriage with the Deshler, Huntingtons and others of the wealthiest families of Columbus. Four sons less than 18 years of age, and a colored servant escaped by jumping from the second story windows.

London Exchange Uneasy.

LONDON, Jan. 2.—When business opened on stock exchange today it was noticed that the operators felt a decided uneasiness, due to the serious news from the Transvaal republic. Kaffirs and the securities of the British Chartered companies opened 3¼ lower. De Beers opened 3½ lower, gold fields, deferred, 3⅛ lower, East rands 3½ lower.

Kaffirs subsequently rallied on receipt of a Berlin dispatch saying that Dr. Jameson and an expeditionary force had arrived at Johannesburg and that he was in friendly communication with President Krueger. Consols dropped ⅛.

Later the excitement on stock exchange caused by recent events in the Transvaal republic subsided and Kaffirs recovered to within ½ to ¾ of Tuesday's prices.

The Overland Flyer.

OMAHA, Jan. 2.—The improvement in the Overland limited services inaugurated was the occasion for a large gathering of local railroad men this morning, when the California flyer via Union Pacific and Northwestern arrived at the union depot at 8:10 o'clock. Several hundred people inspected the new palace combination cars. It was the first trans-continental passenger which ever left Omaha without a separate baggage car and smoker. The elegant appointments of the new cars are expected to contribute largely to the comforts of the Overland limited.

The business of the Overland flyer has improved seventy per cent since the service was inaugurated.

The Sultan Will Listen to the Powers.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Jan. 2.—The Turkish government has accepted the offer of the representatives of the powers to mediate between the Porte and the insurgents of Zeitoun, who are surrounded by Turkish troops.

EXPLOSION IN ST. LOUIS.

A Building in Ruins and Several Persons Injured.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 2.—Just before 1 o'clock the boiler in the basement of a building, 809 north Second street, occupied by the Anchor Peanut company and the agency of the Excelsior Fireworks company, exploded with terrific force shattering the building and burying several persons in the ruins. The building was also set on fire.

Those injured as far as known at this writing are: Frank Hoger, cut about the head and face; Will Brandenmeier, cut head, face and body; Christ Kraft, deep cut over right eye; Horace Dorr, cut about the lower part of the face; L. Dorr, cut about the head and face.

Three alarms were turned in and firemen and other willing workers are now subduing the flames and searching the ruins for the dead and wounded.

The business houses of Little & Becker Printing company, Standard Wire company, and Levison & Blythe, stationers, were involved and some of the employes of all these stores are supposed to be wounded. Among the men in Little & Becker's place, Frank Samuels, Henry Green, James Halowell and Hugh Allen are cut more or less badly about the head and face by flying glass.

At 1:30 two men were located in the ruins by firemen and efforts are now being made to get them out. It is not known whether they are dead or alive.

A BATTLE ON CUBA.

The Spanish Forces Supposed to Have Been Defeated.

THE CUBANS MAKING FOR HAVANA.

"Official" Statement to the Effect that the Insurgents Were Put to Flight.

HAVANA, Jan. 2.—An engagement between the Spanish troops and the insurgents has taken place at El Estante, south of Alfonso XII, not far from the frontier of the province of Havana. The official announcement says the troops captured the insurgents' position, but the loss to the enemy is not known. It is admitted that two Spanish officers and four soldiers were killed and nineteen wounded. The insurgents, following their usual tactics, did not attempt a decisive engagement, but after a skirmish proceeded westward, devastating the country. The authorities here, in announcing this skirmish, added the significant statement that the troops were moved closer to the province Havana, which would indicate that the Spanish forces are once more in retreat. Later in the day it was announced here that further fighting between the Spaniards and the Cubans had taken place in the vicinity of El Estante, which leads the people here to believe the insurgents to have been in pursuit of the Spanish troops in that vicinity. The latter were commanded by Col. Glavis, who was also in command of the troops in the first engagement in that vicinity, which seems to be a confirmation of the supposition that the Spaniards were worsted and that the Cubans are making for the frontier of the province of Havana.

It was announced this afternoon that Felippe Rodriguez, the insurgent leader, had been killed in the battle.

The Trinidad Dispute.

NEW YORK, Jan. 2.—The Herald's correspondent in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, sends word that it is reported in official circles that the government will send a note to the British minister tomorrow to the effect that Brazil will reject the proposal to submit to arbitration the dispute over the possession of the island of Trinidad.

Raid on Moonshiners.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Jan. 2.—Deputy U. S. Marshal Watkins made a raid on moonshiners in Harvey county last night, capturing two stills and eight men. Two moonshiners are supposed to have been killed. The raid was made from Center Point. The stills were found in a gulch in a lonely strip of country. The posse by a forced march surrounded the men, surprised them at work and captured them after a sharp fight. The largest of the stills had a capacity of 100 gallons a day, the smaller turning out fifty gallons daily. The eight distillers were lodged in the penitentiary.

AN IMPARTIAL FINDING.

The Venezuelan Commission Free in Its Investigations.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 2.—It is authoritatively stated in behalf of the administration that the Venezuelan commission will be absolute master of its own procedure, fixing the time and place of its meetings and determining for itself whether or not it shall visit foreign countries; what class of evidence may be taken into consideration and how the interested governments may be represented before the tribunal. This independence of action is deemed necessary to assure to the commission's findings that degree of weight and respect among other nations that can be attained only through a knowledge that the body is free from any restraint or obligation to the United States government. Our government will occupy a status of exact neutrality in the proceedings.

Hanged for Murder.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 2.—Albert Woodley, the murderer of his intended wife, Jennie Buchanan, was hanged today.

A Failure Announced.

PEORIA, Ills., Jan. 2.—Peter Scherts, in the banking and lumber business at Metamora, and in the grain business at Metamora, Low Point and Cazenovia, made an assignment this morning. The liabilities are $100,000; the assets over $150,000.

NEW YORK, Jan. 2.—The schedule in the assignment of Howard K. Harras, stock broker, show the liabilities are $155,283, and the nominal assets $286,081; actual assets, $122,785.

The Stanley Bradley publishing company has assigned to B. W. Knight.

DO NOT WANT WAR.

New York Business Men Adopt Peace Resolutions.

NEW YORK, Jan. 2.—At a meeting of the chamber of commerce today, the committee on foreign commerce and revenue laws, consisting of Francis B. Thurber, Gustav H. Schwab, Stephen W. Carey and William H. Robertson reported the following resolution: Resolved, that the chamber of commerce of the state of New York, being profoundly impressed with the gravity of the situation, which threatens the peace, now and happily so long existing between Great Britain and the United States, appeals to the common sense and common interests of the people of both countries to avert the calamity of war, by resort to arbitration or other friendly negotiation which so often has been found to be a sufficient and satisfactory mode of settling international disputes and to which both governments stand committed by profession, precedent and the humanitarian spirit of the age.

Accompanying the resolution was an address in the same letter as the resolution which recited many instances in which controversies between the United States and foreign nations had been settled by arbitration.

Carl Schurz spoke in favor of the resolution and submitted a proposition for the appointment of a board of inquiry or advisory council, to be composed of men of international renown, which was accepted as an addition to the original resolution.

Charles Stewart read from the reports of Secretary of War Lamont to show we are not in a position to resist the operation of a great navy like that of Great Britain.

After several others had spoken the resolution and accompanying address were adopted with but six dissenting votes.

The Philadelphia Strike.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 2.—The men who have been canvassing the conductors and motormen regarding another strike report the sentiment nearly unanimous in favor of strike. It is believed another big tie up will be ordered to begin tomorrow morning.

Eugene V. Debs has been sent for.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES.

Comparative Statement for the Month of December.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—The monthly comparative statement of receipts and expenditures of the United States shows that during December the receipts aggregated $20,198,881, as follows: Customs, $12,169,162, internal revenue $12,650,771, miscellaneous $1,389,981. The expenditures amounted to $28,814,315, leaving a surplus of $474,825. The figures for the first half of the present fiscal year ending December 31, show a deficiency of $15,884,757, as against a deficit of $27,564,435 during the first half of the last year. For the last six months the receipts from customs show an increase over the corresponding period last year of $12,377,000. There was during the same month a loss in the returns from the internal revenue of about $9,275,000.

FIGHTING IN TRANSVAAL.

Dr. Jamison Driven Back from Johannesburg by the Boers.

Secretary Chamberlain Summoned to the Colonial Office for a Conference.

LONDON, Jan. 2.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company this evening says Dr. Jamison has been severely defeated by the Boers before Johannesburg. The same agency adds the news is confirmed and that the secretary of state for the colonies, Chamberlain, has been summoned to the colonial office, where a conference will be held tonight. It is added the defeat of Jamison is such as to compel him to retreat across the frontier.

LONDON, Jan. 2.—The Times, of Africa, asserts that Queen Victoria has peremptorily ordered the Duke of Fife, husband of Princess Louise of Wales, to resign his directorship of the chartered British South African company.

The Duke of Fife denies that he has been ordered by Queen Victoria to resign the directorship of the chartered British South African company.

Secretary of State for Colonies Chamberlain has issued the following statement regarding the events in Transvaal:

The high commissioner is leaving Cape Town this afternoon for Pretoria to deal with the situation in furtherance of a peaceful and satisfactory settlement in obedience to my requisition.

CHAMBERLAIN.

The Chartered company directors have telegraphed to the managing director at Cape Town directing him to immediately inform Dr. Jamison that the company dissents from and objects to the action he has taken, and requires him to return immediately to the company's lands.

APOLOGY TO GERMANY.

BERLIN, Jan. 2.—It is reported here in official circles that the German government has been informed by the government of Great Britain that the latter strongly disavows the invasion of Transvaal republic by the British Chartered South Africa company's forces and has sent the most positive orders to Cape Town and to officers concerned for the chartered company's representatives to withdraw from Transvaal territory immediately.

A dispatch from Pretoria announces that the British agent has telegraphed the governor of the Cape colony that the commanding general has positive information that eight hundred Bechuanaland troops with six Maxim guns and other cannon, carrying the British flag, have arrived near Rustenburg and are on their march to Johannesburg. The dispatch added that the president of the Transvaal republic regards this invasion as a serious violation of the convention with Great Britain and hopes that immediate steps will be taken to stop any further advance of the intruders, as he cannot allow his country's rights to be violated in this manner.

The governor of Cape Colony reports: "I declare if the report is true that the steps were taken without my sanction or previous knowledge. I immediately wired my disapproval of the action and directed the troopers to retire without delay."

DR. JAMISON'S DEFEAT CONFIRMED.

LONDON, Jan. 2.—The colonial office has received confirmation of the repeated defeat of Dr. Jamison. After sustaining great loss of life he surrendered.

Secretary of State for Colonies Chamberlain has telegraphed President Krueger asking for generous treatment of the prisoners and the wounded.

State Agricultural Meeting.

The State Agricultural society held a special meeting in the probate court room in the joint city and county building at 10:30 this morning. The opening address was delivered by President A. A. Mills, professor of agriculture at the Agricultural College at Logan.

Discussion was next indulged in by Vice President Hector Bennion, of Taylorsville, and N. Jensen of Mill Creek, Salt Lake county.

Secretary Phillip A. Dix then discussed "the principles and law applicable to agriculture and what to avoid" followed by several others from outside points. The society meet again this afternoon.

WITH THE MINING MEN.

Trading More Active Today Than Heretofore—Several Transfers Made.

Today's proceedings at the mining stock exchange were characterized by greater activity, business and vim than has shown itself since the organization of the enterprising association. The enthusiasm manifest, however, seems to confine itself to certain members, whose names appear in nearly every day's report, the other members apparently being somewhat backward in coming forward.

Herman Hill figures very conspicuously in each day's call, and he could very appropriately be termed "the giant" of the stock exchange. DeWitt B. Lowe also has shown himself to be full of push and energy and proves a very valuable adjunct to the organization. He was laboring under the disadvantage of a bad cold today and hence did not do much in the way of making himself heard. Other very active members are Culbers, Thompson, Ryan, Husson, and by the way, Judge Morris Sommer has begun to work his way to the front.

Contrary to expectations, the result of Tuesday's election for members was not made public today, but the announcement was made that Secretary Hill would mail to the successful candidates a communication apprising them of their election, providing, however, that they had complied with the rules and regulations and put up their initiation fee of $25. This morning's call fixed the following figures:

LISTED STOCKS.

Mines.	Bid.	Asked.
Anchor	$ 1 15	$ 1 30
Ajax	50	
Alliance		15
Bullion Beck		
Centennial Eureka	84	90
Daly	2 00	2 25
Daly West		
Eureka Hill		
Golden Gate		
Geyser		
Horn Silver	2 50	
Mercur	5 00	5 25
Mammoth	1 42	1 50
Marion		
Ontario	9 00	10 00
Old Jordan		
Sioux Consolidated		2 00
Silver King		
Sunshine	2 40	2 40
Utah	1 20	

The promiscuous call for unlisted stocks brought out Geyser for which was asked $1.60 with a bid of $1.42½.

Dalton was offered at 10½ cents, but could not secure a bid higher than 9 cents.

Fifteen cents was bid by Thompson for every share of Eagle, but holders of the stock demanded 40 cents.

Little Pittsburg opened at 3½ cents, and after a sale of 1,000 shares at that figure, more of it was offered at 3¼ cents, but there were no takers.

East Golden Gate was offered at 50 cents; the highest bid made, however, was but 47½.

One dollar and five cents was offered for Raver, but $1.17½ was the figure asked.

New American Natural Gas received a bid of 9 cents, but the price asked was 10.

Offers for stock in the Crown Point mine at Park City were fixed at 37½ cents, while $1 was the figure wanted.

Fifty cents was asked for stock in the Utica Gold Mining and Milling company, but no bids were made.

Stock in the Regan at Park City was offered at 60 cents.

Rio Grande Western stock was called for, but none was offered and no bids were heard.

The State Bank of Utah was offered by Hill at $72, while Lowe volunteered to sell 5 or 10 shares at $70.

Deseret National Bank stock was in demand at $195, but holders of it asked $262.

Two dollars was bid for stock in the Lucky Boy Mining company of Idaho, while $2.50 was the price asked.

Morris Sommer offered to sell 1,000 shares of Mercur City at 55 cents, but it was not wanted at that figure.

TRANSFERS OF STOCK.

Sales were made as follows:

Hill to Carter 300 of Mammoth at $1.47½.

Hill to Springer 200 shares of Sunshine at $2.40.

Hill to Hudson 500 of Sunshine at $2.40.

Hill to Thompson 1,000 of Little Pittsburg at 3½ cents.

The listing Exchange is about to visit Mercur for the purpose of examining mines desired to be listed.

"Nathan Ddu" Dead.

PROVO, Utah, Jan. 2, 1896.—Last evening, at the residence of his son-in-law, Captain Cannan, J. T. Rowland (Nathan Ddu, of Leyell) died from general debility. He was born at Leyell, Wales, December 7, 1818. For many years he was a resident of Mill Creek, Salt Lake county, but for the past two and a half years he lived with his son-in-law at Provo. He was extensively known among the Welsh people as a poetic writer.

The funeral will be held tomorrow, Friday, at 1 p. m. at the Third ward meeting house, Provo.

University Suspension.

All formal exercises in the University of Utah will be suspended on Monday, January 6th, on account of Inauguration Day. By order of the president.

D. R. ALLEN,
Secretary.

Coal for the Poor.

A carload of coal for the poor has been received by ex-Governor A. L. Thomas, as president of the Associated Charities in this city, from John J. Cortes, of Ogden, through the agency of the Halm-Hamberger coal company. The fuel will be distributed to the poor.

INAUGURAL PROGRAM

In-Coming Chief Justice Will Administer the Oaths.

COMMITTEE SO DECIDED TODAY.

Not Yet Known Who Will Read the Presidential Proclamation—Other Inaugural Items.

The executive committee of the State inaugural ceremonies met at the office of Chairman George M. Cannon at noon today and decided the "knotty" problem as to who should be given the honor of swearing in the state officials. The solution or settlement came in the committee concluding that the incoming chief justice should perform that pleasant and important task. The reading of the Presidential proclamation will form an interesting part of the Tabernacle proceedings, and the matter of selecting some citizen to act in that capacity was again discussed by the committee but without final disposition.

THE GOVERNOR'S PROCLAMATION.

Acting Governor Richards's proclamation as announced in Tuesday evening's News is as follows:

Whereas the people of Utah have formed and adopted a Constitution and have elected officers for a State government agreeable in all respects to the Constitution and laws of the United States, and,

Whereas, The canvass of the returns of the votes cast for and against the adoption the Constitution has been certified to the President of the United States and it is confidently expected that his proclamation will soon be issued admitting the Territory into the Union as a sovereign State; and,

Whereas, The Constitution for the new State fixes the Monday next after the day upon which the President shall issue his proclamation of admission as the day upon which the administration of the territorial government shall terminate and the Governor and other officers of the State shall enter upon the discharge of their official duties; and,

Whereas, The inauguration of the State government will be an occasion that has long been desired and one that should be celebrated by the whole people with thankful hearts and appropriate rejoicing that we have been freed from the imperfections of the territorial system and are permitted to enter the glorious Union of American states;

Therefore, I, Charles C. Richards, acting Governor of the Territory of Utah, in pursuance of the authority conferred by law, do hereby designate and set apart the Monday next after the day upon which the President of the United States shall issue his proclamation admitting the state of Utah into the Union, as a public holiday for thanksgiving and rejoicing, and I advise and earnestly request that on that day all unnecessary business be suspended; that the schools be closed and that suitable arrangements be made for old and young to celebrate inauguration day in a manner becoming a free, intelligent and patriotic people.

NATIONAL GUARD ORDERS.

Adjutant General John Q. Cannon has issued general orders No. 8 as follows:

The various organizations of the National Guard are authorized to participate, as such, in the inaugural parade incident to the installation of Utah's first State's officials, to take place in this city probably on January 6, 1896. Owing to the fact that the troops are not supplied with overcoats, and to the further fact that the weather on the occasion may be so inclement or severe as to cause the abandonment of the proposed parade altogether, it is deemed imprudent to order to this city any organization from a distance, though this will be authority for any such to take part if so desired. The brigadier general commanding will, however, give the necessary orders for the participation of companies A, B and D, First infantry; troop C, First cavalry; First battery, Light artillery, and the signal corps, all stationed at the capital, and of company H, First infantry, stationed at Farmington; and will have these organizations in readiness for the parade at the hour and place designated by the marshal of the day. By order of the commander-in-chief.

LINE OF MARCH.

The parade will be under the direction of Grand Marshal Burton and staff, and will form at 10 a. m., on State street, right resting on Third South at the Knutsford corner. The line of march will be north on State to Second South, thence west to East Temple, thence south on East Temple to Third South or Market. Countermarch on East Temple to Second South, thence west to West Temple to First South, thence east to East Temple, thence north to the Temple block.

The formation of the parade will be substantially as follows:

1. Squad of police.
2. Marshal and aides.
3. Sixteenth United States infantry band.
4. Gen. Penrose and staff.
5. Sixteenth United States infantry.
6. Pedersen's band.
7. General Staff.
8. Brigade commander and staff.
9. Utah National Guard, infantry, signal corps and artillery.
10. Governor-elect and State officers, Troop C, N. G. U., as special escort.
11. Held's band.
12. G. A. R.
13. Indian war veterans and old Utah militia.
14. Veteran fire department.
15. Detachment Salt Lake fire department.
16. Band.
17. Knights of Pythias.
18. Masons and Odd Fellows.
19. A. O. U. W.
20. German societies.
21. Scandinavian societies.

PROMENADE CONCERT.

The promenade concert will be held from 8:30 to 8:30 p.m., and the music, which is as follows, will be rendered by a select orchestra composed of members chosen from Christensen's and the Knights of Pythias band, Anton Pedersen, director:

1—Tannhauser, March..........Wagner
2—Overture, Nabuco..........Keler Bela
3—Selection from Weber's Freyschutz..........Moses

DANCING PROGRAM.

Grand March at 9:30, Inaugural..........Anton Pedersen

1—Lancers, "Indigo"..........Moses
2—Waltz, [illegible]..........Hengl
3—[illegible] Quadrille..........A. G. Weih
4—Two-step, Manhattan Beach..........Sousa
5—Plain Quadrille..........Wiegand
6—Waltz (Blue Waltz)..........Strauss
7—Centennial Lancers..........Christie
8—Schottische..........Dick
9—Plain Quadrille..........Faust
10—Waltz (Blue Danube)..........Strauss
11—[illegible]..........Herman
12—Two-step, Liberty Bell..........Sousa
13—Lancers "Gipsy Baron"..........Schlepegrell
14—Varsouvienne Waltz..........
15—Wentworth..........Weih
16—Berlin Polka..........Virginia Reddie
17—Waltz..........Home, sweet home