

The *Times* special says the Commune has delegated its powers to a committee of nine, and is organizing a company of aeronauts.

It is reported the Prussians will deliver up the forts on Sunday. Paris will be completely isolated shortly. The insurgents' shells fall short of Valerien.

PARIS, 21, evening.—The cannonading is incessant between Clichy and Neuilly. The general attack has not commenced. The Commune have made immense preparations for defense, raising embankments and fortifications inside and outside the ramparts, and hastening the manufacture of ammunition. The Versaillesists, hold all the offensive positions from Chatillon to Gengvilliers. The Versailles Assembly has passed a law for the payment of rents.

VERSAILLES, 22.—There is an unimportant and slight cannonade between the advanced posts. A decisive battle is imminent. The reported ministerial modifications and supplementary elections to the Assembly are false. Thiers visits the wounded. The Communists have mutinied at Neuilly, burning houses.

The *Journal Officiel* publishes many appointments to the legion of honor. The order equalizes the rewards granted to the army of the Rhine, and those of Paris, the Loire and the North. Changarnier, Bourbaki and Cussy besides receive grand crosses.

LONDON, 22.—A dispatch from Paris says that representatives of the commerce and industries of the capital are about to make a fresh attempt at conciliation, and will go to Versailles for that purpose. The army of the Assembly is strongly fortifying the towns of Teveris, Courbi-vole and Asniers, and the Communists are erecting defensive works at Neuilly, Terallris and Villiers. The *Mot d'Ordre* confirms the entry of the Versailles troops into St. Denis. There has been no cannonading since ten o'clock this morning.

LONDON, 23, 11 a.m.—Another attempt has been made at Marseilles to overthrow the government and introduce the Commune, but it has failed. Some insurgents have been arrested; a large quantity of ammunition which they had concealed in a castle near St. Autouner has been seized.

PARIS, 22.—Porte mailot has been knocked into pieces. The printing office of the *Opinion National* has been invaded and the type scattered, five hundred million francs worth of property has been destroyed within the last few days. The avenues are filled with wagons containing wounded.

Saturday Evening.—It is rumored that the Versailles Government has paid the first installment of the war indemnity, five hundred million francs, and the German troops, in consequence are evacuating the forts north and east of the City.

It is also reported that a detachment of gens d'armes has passed through St. Denis, and five of them are on guard duty at the railway station there. The Commune denies the truth of these reports, and gives out that the gens d'armes who were seen marching northward went no further than Gennevilliers. It is supposed that the Versailles government intends to complete the investment of the city and cut off all communication with the interior. The batteries on both sides are in active operation at Neuilly and Sablonville to-day. Musketry firing is heard at intervals, and fighting is reported within a hundred yards of the ramparts. The Communist forces hold their ground with great tenacity. They complain of the mal-administration of the officers and begin to accuse Cluseret of aiming at the military dictatorship.

The Commune made a requisition on the Gas Co. and enforced it by seizing two hundred million francs at the office of the company.

VERSAILLES, evening, April 23.—Rain without cessation all day. No military event of importance reported. In the Assembly to-day Minister Picard expressed his willingness to agree to the suspension of hostilities for the burial of the dead.

PARIS, 22.—The situation of the belligerents is unchanged. The Versailles troops are building formidable barricades in Neuilly, and constructing pontoon bridges at Sareanis and Fabeaux, Chateau Becon, the pivot of their operations is strongly fortified.

Cluseret has sanctioned a truce to enable the inhabitants to leave Neuilly. Versailles troops have appeared in force at Charenton.

Pyatt has resigned his seat in the Commune.

The Republican league has appointed delegates to make a last effort at conciliation.

VERSAILLES, Sunday.—The cannonade from Fort Valerien on Saturday was mainly directed against the gates of Auteuil and Pont du Jour where the insurgents have established batteries. To-day the guns of the fortress were again turned on Porte Maillot which had been partially repaired.

HOME NEWS.

BEAVER, 21.
The Pioche stage arrived to-day, loaded with passengers, and had on board 500 pounds of bullion.

It is stated that F. D. Chase and Alexander Frazer were examined before Justice Wandell, at Hiko, for the killing of McMurray and discharged.

Michael Cassy, who killed Gossen, was examined before Justice O. C. McDonald and admitted to bail in the sum of six thousand, to appear before the next grand jury.

RICHMOND, 21.
The co-operative store here was broken into, last night, and about fifty dollars stolen. The robbers are not yet caught.

LOGAN, 21.
President Maughan has been very ill for a few days, but is now improving. The weather lately has been very cold and windy.

There is but little prospecting for mines on account of all being busy with crops.

PLEASANT GROVE, 21.
Robert Loder, of this place, accidentally shot himself through the left hand with a derringer, to-day, in American Fork canyon.

A man from Omaha is prospecting for coal in the foot hills between Battle Creek and Provo Canyon. Good specimens of both coal and iron have been found and he says he is going his bottom dollar on it. He has eight men employed.

We have information, from a private source, that the coal discoveries alluded to above range over a distance of two miles in length and that some of the veins are nearly thirty feet in thickness.

FILLMORE, 24.
The semi-annual conference of Millard county convened, at this place, on Saturday, the 22d and 23rd inst., Thomas Callister presiding. The principal topics discussed upon were the erection of Temples, gathering the poor, co-operation and the unity of the Saints. These subjects were handled eloquently by many speakers. The authorities of the church and local authorities of this county were sustained by unanimous vote.

LADY REPORTERS.—In a late number of the *Reporter*, a monthly journal published in London, and printed in the reporting style of phonography, its editor, Mr. Thos. Allen Reed, in an article on "Lady Reporters," stated that he had never known a lady who was a competent phonographic reporter.

In to-day's paper appears a discourse delivered a short time since by Elder Orson Pratt, which, as our readers will see, was reported by Miss Julia Young, daughter of President Brigham Young. After transcription it was submitted to Elder Pratt for revision and he expressed great surprise and pleasure at finding it so accurately reported, there not being an omission from beginning to end.

This little circumstance should encourage our young folks in the pursuit of knowledge. Phonography is a beautiful art and one of the most useful in existence. Its acquisition requires no extra amount of intelligence, but perseverance only. Any boy or girl of ordinary intelligence, who has reached the age of twelve or fourteen years, may acquire the art of writing in the reporting style of phonography by devoting an hour or two each day for twelve or fifteen months. Many young folks have a great desire to learn shorthand, for to be able to write from 120 to 150 words a minute seems something so unusual that when they learn it can be done they are filled with eagerness to learn how.

But in most cases they give out when they find that it cannot be attained in a few weeks, and scarcely more than one in six or eight who commence, persevere in the study until they have mastered the art. This is a great pity, for it really could be mastered by most of those who have a desire for it, if they would only persevere; but persevere they must, for the reply given by the ancient mathematician to the Egyptian King is essentially truer respecting phonography:—"there is no royal road" to its acquisition.

Miss Julia Young and some thirty others commenced the study of shorthand a little over a year and a half ago; nine-tenths of the whole class might now have been lightning writers had they been faithful in studying it; but phonography, after a few weeks' application, loses its novelty and then the labor must be continued or its acquirement is impossible. This is too much for most young folks, and of the number above mentioned about four-fifths fell off. The remainder continued and to-day, are able to write, with ease and pleasure, about 120 words per minute, and to read it with ease when written; and if they continue their practice occasionally at lectures and public meetings they will soon be able to

write from 150 to 175 words a minute. This is an example worthy of imitation, and we hope it will have the effect of stimulating others to do likewise. The books containing full instructions for the acquirement of the art can be obtained for a trifling sum,—not more than two or three dollars. Send to Mr. Ben Pitman, of the Phonographic Depot, Cincinnati, for the *Manual*, *Reporter's Companion* and *Phrase Book*; study and master their contents; they are so plain and explicit that a teacher is unnecessary, and success will crown your labors.

FROM FRIDAY'S DAILY

SANPETE.—By a communication from George Farnsworth, Mount Pleasant, dated April 19th, we learn that the weather has been very cold and stormy in that region lately, causing planting to be very late.

PROVO.—Bro David John writes from Provo on the 20th inst.:

"All is well in Provo. The factory is being pushed to completion with great rapidity. Every man is speculating as to the location of the railway depot in or near this city. The Utah Co. Co-operative stock herd company is unanimously sustained among the people. It is in my opinion the best thing started yet. The soldiers are still; no trouble between them and the citizens. The officers deport themselves in a very gentlemanly manner. Our Sunday schools in this city and throughout the country are healthy and prosperous. Zion is onward in our midst, and God's kingdom will triumph."

FUNERAL OBSEQUIES.—The funeral obsequies of Mrs. Ann Leaver Musser took place at the Thirteenth Ward Assembly Rooms yesterday, at one o'clock p.m. A large number of the relatives and friends of the deceased were present and the Tabernacle choir was in attendance.

The remains of deceased were borne from residence by Teachers of the Ward and followed in order by the members of the Female Relief Society, of which Sister Musser was the Treasurer.

Elder John Taylor offered the opening prayer.

Elder Geo. Q. Cannon and President Brigham Young made interesting remarks upon the resurrection of the dead.

Elder Orson Pratt pronounced the benediction.

A large concourse of relatives and friends attended the remains of the deceased to the cemetery, where President D. H. Wells thanked the assembly for the sympathy shown on the occasion and offered the closing prayer.

PROBABLE CLUE.—Mr. Henry Pusey, of the Twentieth Ward, informed us, this morning, that he had good reasons for believing that the remains spoken of in yesterday's News were those of George Marchbanks, a youth who came to this Territory, with his parents, two years ago last fall, from Southampton, England. The lad was demented and subject to fits and would occasionally wander long distances from home. He was last heard of a few months after his arrival in this city, when he went to Camp Douglas, where some of the officers, seeing his condition and with a view to sending him home inquired of him where he lived, but he could not give an intelligible answer. He was brought to town by a soldier who, being unable to discover the lad's residence, left him in the eastern part of the city. Since that time he has not been seen nor heard from, and the supposition is that he must have wandered off, fallen into the water somewhere and got drowned. Mr. Pusey thinks that if the lately found remains are his, there will probably be near them a piece of cut crystal which he used to carry around in his pocket and by looking through which he used to amuse himself. The parents of Marchbanks, we understand, live in Springville. The time of his being missed and the advanced state of decomposition in which the remains were found seem to agree. Mr. J. S. Brown, who informed us of their discovery, was of the opinion that they must have lain for not less than two years.

THE KANAB REGION.—Elder Jacob Hamblin, who has probably had the most extensive experience among the Indian tribes of the West of any man living, and who not long since received an appointment from government to act as Indian Agent in the Southern part of the Territory, called this morning. He arrived from Kanab last evening. He furnished us the following items concerning that region:

"That part of the Territory is being settled up very rapidly. The people are busy farming, fencing their lots, etc. Cattle have done excellently all winter, there being an abundance of feed for them. Fall wheat looks well and a considerable amount of spring grain had been sown. Great interest was being taken in the planting of fruit and other trees; probably more had been set out there than in any settlement of the same age in the country. A steam saw mill is situated thirty-five miles to the south-east of the settlement where there is an abundance of grass and timber. There is a good road to the mill and it is doing a flourishing business. Some time last November Elder Hamblin made a treaty with the Navajoes, a number of whom visited Kanab a short time since and

gave assurances of their intention to abide by its stipulations; which were to the effect that the Navajoes were not to be treated as Indians, but, should any of them be guilty of stealing or other offences that they be treated according to legal powers, like white men; they on their part, agreeing to assist in the discovery of and to deliver up malefactors. Elder Hamblin feels certain that their assurances are sincere, and that no trouble need be anticipated by the settlers from that source. The Perrer post, which is forty five miles east of Kanab, and which was established a year ago last fall, by Elder Hamblin will still be kept up, and at which place, forty five acres of corn were being put in. The Indians in the immediate vicinity of Kanab settlement are peaceable and industrious.

"The King Washer"

Is strongly made, washes by swift currents of water, quickly, easily, and saves clothes, time and labor.

"The Royal Wringer"

Is acknowledged SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS, in that it embraces all their good points, and is the only one Self-Adjusting.

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A liberal discount made on whole-sale Orders.

ANGUS M. CANNON,

SALT LAKE CITY,

General Agent for Utah.

s23 w12 tr

DESERET PHILARMONIC SOCIETY.

THE Society is now prepared to organize Classes for Tuition in Vocal and Instrumental Music.

An Elementary Vocal Class will be commenced on Thursday Evening next, in the City Hall, at 7-30 p.m.

TERMS:—\$2.00 per quarter, payable in advance.

General Vocal Rehearsal, same evening, in the City Hall, at 8-30 p.m. Admission free to members of the Society.

An advanced Vocal Class, for the study of Higher Branches of the Vocal Art and Cultivation of the Voice, will be commenced on Monday Evening, April 24, in the Council House, at 7-30 p.m.

TERMS:—\$2.00 per quarter, payable in advance.

This Class will afford a splendid opportunity for improvement to Leaders of Chorists and Amateurs.

General Orchestral Rehearsal, for Instrumentalists, same evening, in the Council House, at 8-30 p.m. Admission free to members of the Society.

Instruction on the Piano-forte and Cabinet Organ, in private classes; two lessons per week. TERMS:—Pupils under fifteen years, \$9.00 per quarter; all over fifteen years, \$12.50 per quarter, payable in advance. Leave your names at Calder Bros', Music Store.

Classes for instruction on the Violin, Viola, Violoncello, Double Bass, Flute, Cornet and other Brass Instruments will be formed immediately, upon very low terms. Leave your names at Calder Bros', Music Store.

All who are desirous of joining either of the above classes should attend at the City Hall, on Thursday Evening, and obtain Tickets of Membership. Admission Fee:—\$1.00 per annum.

D. O. CALDER, President.
CHARLES SMITH, Secretary.

d131 s24 w12

ESTRAY!

CAME to my place, April 2nd, a small Brown MARE MULE, branded S on neck, U S on left shoulder, also illegible brand on left shoulder.

The owner is requested to pay charges and take her away.

R. M. CARLISLE,
Big Cottonwood, Mill Creek Ward.

d130 s24 w12 laa

ESTRAYS!

ONE two-year old red and white STEER, crop and hole in right ear, hole split out. One three-year old red HEIFER, crop off left ear, under-half in right, branded J—(on right jaw.

One three-year old red STEER, no ear marks, branded 2 on left hip.

If not claimed within thirty days, will be sold by public auction, at the Stray Pound.

ISAAC GRACE, Poundkeeper.

Nephi, April 25, 1871.

s24 2 w121

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Is now regarded as the STANDARD BAKING POWDER, and the best article prepared for making light, wholesome and delicious BISCUITS, ROLLS, BREAD, GRIDDLE and other CAKES, &c., &c.

It is infallible, and always ready for immediate use. The best YEAST POWDER for use on long SEA VOYAGES to ANY PART OF THE GLOBE.

It is convenient and economical. NO WASTE OF FOOD PREPARED WITH IT. Sold everywhere by GROCERS, SHIP-CHANDLERS and DEALERS.

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