

dian bureau, and says, "The Board of Indian Commissioners have assumed this duty, they delegated a committee of their board to supervise your awards. On the occasion referred to this committee was present and performed the duties assigned to it, and as I am informed, you made no award without its concurrence. In addition to this you had the advice of Hon. B. R. Carvon, assistant Secretary of the Interior, who was detailed to this duty by this Department, and who concurred with the committee of the board of Indian Commissioners in all instances. Under such circumstances, I cannot, without very satisfactory evidence of error or injustice, feel justified in overruling the decision of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs. After a careful review of the case as presented by the protestants, of your report, by the opinion of the assistant attorney-general, I found nothing in the case which, in my opinion, would justify me in overruling your decision in reference to these awards, and I therefore affirm it."

LONDON, 28.—Sir James Duke, Lord Mayor of London in 1848, and for many years a member of Parliament, died to-day, aged 88.

LONDON.—The betting just before the start was 4 to 1 against Doncaster, 7 to 2 against Kaiser, and 2 to 1 against Gangforward. Twelve horses ran. The race was finely contested. All the animals started well together, Beadroll heading to Tottenham corner. At a distance of two hundred yards from the finish Doncaster, Gangforward and Kaiser were nearly abreast; when a hundred yards from the stand Doncaster spurred and came in amid the wild cheering of the multitude, winning the race by half a length, time two minutes and fifty seconds.

MADRID.—The *Gaceta* promulgates a decree which prohibits the granting, hereafter, or the use in official documents, of titles of nobility.

The republicans have sent a deputation to Espartero, urging him to accept the Presidency.

The Spanish government has authorized the creation of another society for the abolition of slavery in Porto Rico.

LONDON.—Austin Byron Bidwell, the alleged bank forger, was brought up at the Guildhall to-day, and formal testimony was taken establishing his identity and he was removed to jail.

In the libel case of Keene vs. Archbishop Cullen, the plaintiff was awarded one farthing damages.

A bill has been filed in Chancery against the Anglo-American Cable Co., to prevent the amalgamation of its stock with that of the Newfoundland and the French Atlantic Telegraph Company.

BRUSSELS.—A terrible boiler explosion occurred in a crowded workshop here to-day; fourteen persons were killed outright and many injured, some of whom will die.

CONSTANTINOPLE.—Thirty houses have been destroyed by fire in Stamboul.

ST. JOHNS.—The Newfoundland government have notified the New York, Newfoundland and London Telegraph Company, that if they will not abandon their monopoly of landing cables on Newfoundland, they, the government, will exercise their pre-emption right.

QUEBEC.—Recent heavy rains have swelled the river and caused an immense destruction of property. The Gosford railway bridge, over the Jacques Cartier river, is reported swept away, also the government dam at the mouth of the St. Maurice river, and a number of extensive saw mills.

Ralph Waldo Emerson, on his return home, to Concord, yesterday, met a cordial welcome from his townsmen, many of whom turned out in a body, and forming a procession with the school children, escorted him to his new house, which had been erected during his absence. Emerson was much surprised and gratified, and expressed in his characteristic way his thanks to his fellow-citizens for their kindness and sympathy at the return of an old man and his daughter.

Everything was quiet among the carpenters to-day, and the employers and employed look at the situation from a common sense standpoint. Large numbers have already obtained the eight-hour system, and others will probably follow, but the movement cannot become universal, as there are too many unemployed men ready to work ten hours. The recent proposition of the builders to the carpenter society, to make a nine hours compromise

at the present rate of wages to last for five years has been rejected.

It is stated that many professional thieves have left the east and west since the passage of the act authorizing their arrest as suspicious characters.

The Sunday school anniversary parade in Brooklyn to-day, was attended by the largest turnout of young people ever known. They paraded in five divisions, in different parts of the city, aggregating some 50,000, with banners and bands of music. After the parade they adjourned to various churches, where refreshments were served. One division, comprising over fifteen thousand, paraded in Prospect Park, and an equally large division on Clinton Avenue.

The Woodhull & Claflin obscene publication case is set down for the 2nd of June.

Henry Burns received \$10,000 from the Cunard Co., to-day for four bales of goods delivered by their agent to the wrong party.

NEW YORK.—The trot for a purse of \$2,000, to-day in Fleetwood Park, between Huntress, W. Allen, and J. W. Connolly, attracted a large crowd; the race was won by Jno. Connolly in three straight heats, time 2:23, 2:24, and 2:24. Huntress was second in the first two heats, and distanced in the last.

CHICAGO, 29.—A Washington special says that the Attorney General, speaking of the elaborate bill in equity filed by the United States, in the District Court of Connecticut, against the Union Pacific Railway Co., and others, says it proceeds on the ground that the directors of that road were trustees, managing that trust for the benefit of the shareholders, mortgagees and bondholders, including the government and public, and that for the fraudulent abuse of that trust which the government charges, they are liable to the jurisdiction of a court of equity to correct all past abuse of trust and to prevent future ones. The non-payment of the capital stock, in direct defiance of the law, the fraudulent contracts made with said associations, and the general corruption which has attended the management of their trust, have so wasted the assets of the road that it is now bankrupt, and if the first mortgage bondholders were to foreclose, the interest of the government as to the second bondholders would be destroyed. It is upon these grounds, well established in courts of equity, that the United States intervenes to protect its own property and to see that the interests are not sacrificed by the company. The government feels very confident of complete success.

SAN DIEGO, 27.—A special from Tucson, dated 22, says the latest from Sonora, says all is quiet, except a few depredations by outlaws. The writer mentions the fact of a recent desertion of soldiers from Lowell, taking government horses and guns to Sonora. The prefect of Magdalena took their guns and horses from them and sent them back to Tucson with a letter to Governor Safford, stating that no charge for trouble would be accepted. The Apaches raided into San Pedro settlement last week, and took a band of horses, divided the plunder and scattered to their different reserves. This is the old game. Gen. Crook has placed Major E. H. N. Brown in command of Camp Grant; Major Brown is a good Indian fighter. He has ordered all the trailers to follow up each redskin to his wigwam.

FAIRCHILD'S CAMP, 27.—F and H troops of the 1st cavalry, under the command of Colonel Perry, will leave to-morrow for the Pit river country, to interrupt Jack, should he attempt to escape from Clear Lake; also to find out the state of the Indians in that region. About twenty Warm Spring Indians are attached to the command.

One warrior, one squaw and four children, came in at eleven this morning, and gave themselves up.

General Ross and staff, of the Oregon volunteers, and Captain Rogers, with a detachment of their commands, are in camp looking after the Indians now under guard.

Three companies of Oregon volunteers are in the field now, and one is being organized in the Klamath Basin. Captain Holland's company D, is stationed in Goose Lake Valley; the others are to be stationed along the State line, on the alert for straggling parties from the lava beds.

We hear from Klamath that the Indians have been much excited about the killing of two Indians at

Silver Lake by the settlers. The agent, accompanied by Applegate and twenty reservation Indians, are now there investigating the affair.

PORTLAND, OR., 28.—An intense feeling has been created in Oregon, over stories in circulation calculated to damage the character of Senator Mitchell. The Senator publishes a card this morning, saying that a full explanation will be made as soon as letters and dispatches from Pa., where the scandal originated, can be procured. His intimate friends claim that he will fully establish the falsity of the charges brought against him.

FAIRCHILD'S.—Capt. Hasbrouck, commanding a squadron of cavalry left camp yesterday a.m., on a scout. Gen. Davis, accompanied by John Fairchild, and six mounted men and the four principal Indian prisoners, viz., Bogus Charley, Shack Nasty Jim, Steamboat Frank, and Curly Headed Doctor, left yesterday p.m., for parts unknown. The Indians were well armed with carbines, and furnished with plenty of ammunition and good horses.

Gen. Davis and party arrived safe at Lost river, and camped there last night.

Major Mason, commanding the infantry, is in charge of all the Indian prisoners now in confinement.

HALIFAX.—\$9,000 has been subscribed for the relief of those made widows and orphans by the Drummond colliery disaster.

NEW YORK, 29.—Jay Gould is said to be about leaving this city for the west, to participate in the election of directors of the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad Company. The bulk of the stock is said to be held by Jay Gould, Horace F. Clark, Augustus Schell and their allies.

The horse disease, which visited this vicinity last fall, has reappeared at the stables of the Coney Island car line, Brooklyn. Seventy horses are now sick, and there have been two fatal cases.

Startle was driven, to road a wagon, on the Fleetwood course yesterday, and made the first quarter in 34 seconds, and the second quarter in 33, making the half mile in one minute 7 seconds, the fastest half mile ever trotted to a road wagon by any horse except Dexter.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—In further contradiction of Gen. Custer's report, Jno. G. Goresinan telegraphs: "To the best of my knowledge and belief, not one of the Yankton Indians has left the reservation to join the hostile Indians on the Upper Missouri."

SAN FRANCISCO, 29.—The police, last night, made an extended raid on Chinatown, on the houses of ill-fame, and captured fifty-six of their inmates, now in prison.

BOSTON, 29.—The Massachusetts House has passed the bill which appropriates two hundred thousand dollars for the completion of the Hoosac Tunnel, and requests the Gov. and council to report the most favorable use of the tunnel to the next general court.

At the Labor Reformers' Convention, to-day, it was voted that a convention of the labor reform party be held at Worcester, August 3d, 1873, to nominate a State ticket of candidates for the senate of Massachusetts from different districts. Prest. Jones made a few remarks characterizing the two parties at present in the country as the party of the past and the party of spoils. The convention was thinly attended.

The sheriff's jury decided George Francis Train sane, and he will be released from custody to-morrow.

WASHINGTON, 29.—The post office department to-day suspended the printing of the postal cards because the card board submitted was not equal to the contract requirements.

In the National Agricultural Congress to-day, the committee on miscellaneous business, reported the following resolutions, which were rejected by a large majority:

"Resolved, first, that all efforts on the part of organizations and classes to increase or decrease the value of labor or the produce of labor are judicial in their influence, and against the interests of the farmers; second, that the eight-hour law passed by Congress and now applied to labor performed for the government, is unwise, unjust, and a disturbing element in the management of the business of the whole country, and ought to be repealed."

The committee on transportation made a lengthy report, which, after considerable discussion, was referred back to the committee, to be modified and reported again to-morrow.

WASHINGTON, 30.—P. M. Cresswell has examined the postal code to see if it would admit of the free transmission of newspaper exchanges and of newspapers published within the county, and he has arrived at an adverse conclusion.

The counsel for the defendants in the Credit Mobilier suit will, in a few weeks, enter a demurrer to the bill in equity, taking the ground that the act under which the bill is drawn is unconstitutional, and that Congress cannot enact for the benefit of the government, what is denied to individual suitors; that the act is in direct violation of existing laws under which the defendants have the right to ask protection and, until they are placed on an equality with the plaintiffs, there can be no equitable proceedings. This will carry the case to the supreme court. It is admitted that this objection of the defendants may quash proceedings.

NEW YORK.—During a quarrel last night between John Burns and wife, in Brooklyn, the latter was so severely beaten that she died soon afterwards; her husband was arrested.

The trot at Prospect Park, to-day, for a purse of \$2,500, between Gazelle and Judge Fullerton, was witnessed by about 10,000 persons. The race was won by Gazelle as follows: Gazelle, 1, 2, 1, 1; Fullerton, 2, 1, 2, 2. Time, 2:21, 2:30, 2:26, 2:29. Rain fell after the first heat and continued throughout the race.

George Francis Train, it is said, will sue the city for false imprisonment, and claims \$100,000 damages. An increase is reported in the numbers of horses sick in the Coney Island car stables, Brooklyn, and the disease is said to be spreading to other stables where a large number of horses are kept.

BOSTON, 30.—A fire broke out in the upper part of Haley, Morse & Co's large furniture warehouse, 411 Washington street, and is spreading with fearful rapidity; the wind being strong from the N.W., the principal direction of the fire is now toward Harrison avenue, Hudson street, and South Cove. The fire departments from adjacent cities have been called on. The streets in the vicinity of the fire are blocked with moving goods.

NEW YORK, 30.—A dispatch from Boston says Boyleston market took fire, but the flames were extinguished. The fire is now apparently under control.

BOSTON, 30.—When discovered, the fire was in the upper floor of Haley, Morse & Co's warehouse, among the workshops, and the flames were issuing from the roof. Piles of light material packed away were like so much tinder, and before the alarm could be given, great volumes of flames were rolling up fifty feet into the air, and clouds of smoke were rising. The heat was intense, and in twenty minutes the upper stores of the building, from front to rear, 200 feet deep, were a mass of flames. The fire worked back into the stable of George F. Barry, on Burnstead Place, which runs out of Boyleston street, near Washington street, and destroyed it. Eventually the walls of the immense edifice fell to the ground, and crushed to atoms the extensive gallery of Jourdan, with all the stores beneath, on the opposite corner of Fayette Court. The flames soon spread to another great building adjacent, and that was also destroyed, including numbers 403, 405, and 407, Washington street, premises occupied by Rhodes, Ripley, & Co., clothing; J. W. Beckett, pianos; George Foster, hats; F. Sibby, dry goods; and George F. White, millinery. The flames have crossed Washington street. Chickering's splendid granite building, with its immense front, and the Globe Theatre are in ruins. The fire has also caught the steeple of the Presbyterian church at the corner of Beach and Harrison avenue, and the spire is a mass of flames.

11 a.m. Rear of Chancery street is threatened both from Haymond place and Essex street, and the fine square bounded by these streets and Washington street, which is not already destroyed, is being abandoned by its occupants. Chief Durrell expresses confidence that the fire will be speedily stopped. The loss already amounts to several millions.

Continuing its course southerly from the place of origin, the fire soon attacked the International Hotel, G. Richards proprietor, 415 Washington street which fell an easy prey. The flames were irresistible. The next building to fall a victim

was the large four story stone front edifice occupied by Kelly's billiard rooms, 419, George Thomas and Co., tailors 412, and Montgomery and Co., confectionary store, 423.

11, 30 a.m. The fire on Beach street in the Presbyterian church, has been extinguished. The military were called out and the crowd in the vicinity of the fire are being forced back, giving the fireman more room to work. The fire is now believed to be fully under control.

The Freeman's National Bank has not opened their vault, and they have reason to believe that all their securities are sound. The day being a holiday, the report of the fire was telegraphed to surrounding towns, and brought thousands of persons to the city, every train inward bound being crowded with anxious business men and sensation seekers. There could not have been less than a hundred thousand persons near the fire when at its height.

On Washington St., east side, Chickering & Son, piano, loss \$100,000; insurance \$87,000; R. C. Palatt and Son, furs, \$20,000; Patrick Donahue, Catholic bookstore, \$40,000; insurance; Globe Theatre, Arthur and Cherey, lessees, \$150,000, insurance between \$70,000 and \$80,000 on the properties and a large amount on the building. Carrobec and Winch, pianos, \$12,000, Edward L. Slocum, furs, \$25,000; Boston Directory, \$5,000; Mrs. H. Curtis, costumer, \$15,000; Mons. Borel, teacher of French, \$5,000; John Earle & Co., tailors, \$15,000, insured; Bryant Stratton & Co's Commercial College, \$8,000, insured; Post, No. 113, Grand Army of the Republic, \$15,000, insured \$7,000; Damon & Temple, gents' furnishing goods, \$15,000, insured \$15,000; Alex. Crawford, restaurant, \$15,000; Billiard Hall, \$5,000; Washington street, west side, Emerson & Co., piano, \$6,700; Plumer & Boynton, dry goods, \$7,000; Given & Holmes, dry goods, \$11,000, insured; John Raessle, lager beer saloon, \$15,000, dry goods, \$10,000; R. Newman & Son, G. R. Richards, International Hotel, \$50,000; J. W. Brackett, pianos, \$10,000; George Foster, agent for hats, caps and straw goods, \$35,000 to 40,000, insured \$36,000; Geo. F. White, millinery, \$20,000; F. T. Libby, \$15,000; John M. Maguire, gents' furnishing goods, \$1,000; Burnham's photographic gallery, \$5,000; Montgomery & Co., confectioners, \$10,000; George Thompson & Co., dry goods, \$28,000, insured almost fully; F. W. Whethell & Co., apothecary, \$5,000, well insured; G. A. Milton, dry goods, \$10,000; R. Newman & Son, tailors, \$10,000; G. C. Chase & Co., \$10,000; Mullen, Ide & Co., \$15,000; Wm. C. Reeves, gents' furnishing goods, \$12,000; Ferrald & Co., \$15,000; King & Bennett, bleaching, \$5,000; Boyleston Band, which was located in the 2nd story, was damaged slightly by water; Bumstead, Court, Bowry and Cox, stables, \$13,000 Essex street; B. S. Row & Co., boots and shoes, \$15,000, insured \$9,000; Folsom & Martin, furnishing goods, \$17,500, fully insured. In outside agencies. Atherton T. Brown & Co., Brown's Bronchial Troches, loss \$50,000, insured \$30,000. George Turner, boots and shoes, loss, 75,000, insurance 10,000; Charey, Hall and Scott, Messrs. Cashing and Ladd, loss \$50,000, insured \$30,000; J. H. Pitcher, Globe cafe, loss 8,000, no insurance. Ninth regiment headquarters, loss slight. Clard, Wheelock, & Co., furnishing goods, loss \$100,000, insurance, \$50,000; John B. Regad, boots and shoes, loss 7,500, insurance 3,000; Brimmer Place, C. D. Hower, Trustee of Hobbs Heers' three houses \$75,000. Boyleston st. north side, on the Boyleston road, Monroe & Sons, custom made clothing, Knapp's wine, beer and billiard cellar, J. F. Swain & Co., watch, clock and jewelry dealers, Boyleston dining room, glass tablets manufactory, and Emerson, Leland & Co.'s paper collar warehouse, were all wet through and more or less touched with fire. The loss on the buildings destroyed, at the assessor's value, foots up to \$569,500, and deducting 20 per cent. as salvage on building materials, the actual loss in real estate is \$455,600. The total loss is estimated at \$1,250,000. The insurance is mostly in eastern of foreign companies.

TUCSON, Arizona, 24.—At last accounts Major Brown was close after the Apaches that raided on San Pedro; he had followed them with the stolen stock across a corner of the San Carlos and on to the White Mountain Reservation.