

of Khyber rifles (native levies) had deserted. No news has been received of the remainder of the garrison, and there is no confirmation of the report that the Afridis have massacred three hundred of this force. All Muzjid was burned by the enemy.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 25.—Prof. W. W. Campoelli, of the Lick observatory will head the expedition to India, made possible through the generosity of the late Colonel C. F. Crocker, to observe the next total eclipse of the sun. The Lick expedition will be only one leaving the United States. The time of the eclipse will be in California just before midnight on January 21, 1893, but in India it will take place three-quarters of an hour after noon on the 22nd.

NEW YORK, Aug. 25.—A dispatch to the Herald from Buenos Ayres says the Herald correspondent in Montevideo, Uruguay, sends word that a battle has taken place between the government troops under Gen. Benavente and rebels commanded by Gen. Lamar. No details of the fight has been received.

The diplomatic commission have reported in favor of an agreement with provisions to submit to arbitration the question of the Amshir territory.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Aug. 25.—An extensive inquiry into European crop conditions, conducted by the Orange-Judd syndicate of agricultural papers, including the American Agriculturist of New York, the Orange-Judd Farmer of Chicago, and the New England Homestead of Springfield, Mass., indicates that the food crop situation abroad is very grave. Estimates of Europe's (including England) needs of wheat imports range at the way from 300,000,000 to 400,000,000 bushels of Europe's wheat crop for 1894 and 1895 averaged about 1,500,000 bushels. In the famine year of 1891 it was only 1,200,000,000. The impression is gaining ground that Europe's wheat crop this year is even less than in 1891. But this is not the worst of it. Europe usually produces as much rye as she does wheat. It is the bread grain of the masses. The rye crop of the principal European countries has averaged about 1,800,000,000 bushels annually for 1890, '95, '94 and '93.

MONTVIDEO, Aug. 25.—During a fête which was held here today President J. Adolfo Borda was shot and killed by an assassin.

The weapon used by the assassin was a revolver.

Beor Borda was elected president of Uruguay of the term extending from March 1, 1894 to 1898. The fête at which he was assassinated was being held in celebration of the independence of Uruguay, which was achieved on August 25, 1825.

LONDON, Aug. 24.—It is admitted, even in official circles, that the news from India is of the gravest description. All those who are familiar with the situation attach the greatest importance to the rising of the warlike Afridis, who are estimated to number 15,000 fighting men. The Afridis, however, only form a part of the insurgents.

JACKSON, Cal., Aug. 6.—The boarding house of the Union Consolidated mine at Welland, eight miles east of here, was burned to the ground last night, and Mrs. Craighead, wife

of the proprietor, and two of her grandchildren, aged 8 and 10 years, perished in the flames. Some hours after the occupants had retired for the night, the watchman of the mine discovered that the kitchen, in the rear of the house, was on fire and awoke the inmates.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Aug. 25.—Patrick Dolan, district president of the United Mine Workers of America, was arrested in Washington county this afternoon, while leading a body of marchers past the Allison mine of Cook & Sons, near McGovern station.

Ever since the strike started the miners have been making daily marches from their camp to the mine. From the mine to the railroad there is a tramway, under which runs the public road, known as the Washington pike. This morning, with a band at their head, about 400 marchers tramped along the pike and passed under the tramway. On their return they were stopped by deputy sheriffs and told that they could not pass under the tramway, but must return to their camp by crossing a field and coming down the railroad. The marchers became enraged and for a time it looked as if there would be serious trouble. The marchers held a conference and decided to remain where they were and communicated with President Dolan by telegraph.

PRICE, Utah, Aug. 25.—The Price Weekly Advocate will tomorrow publish the following:

About twelve Uintah Indians reached Price yesterday with their horses, wagons and trailers, for the purpose of hauling their freight to their homes on the reservation. In conversation with the Uintahs on the subject of disposing of some of their lands to the Uncompahgre Utes, provided members of the latter named tribe desired to purchase lands from them upon their thrifty and crop-producing reservation, these Indians said in substance: That they had no lands for sale to either the Uncompahgre Ute Indians or anyone else, and that it was now a matter of talk among their tribe whether or not they should proclaim such an edict, for the reason that they understood full well that the last session of Congress said the allotment of lands to the Uncompahgre Utes should be upon the Uncompahgre reservation, or elsewhere, and that the Uintahs had no land for sale upon their reservation, if it was the supposition that their reservation was the "elsewhere."

SIMLA, Aug. 28.—News has just been received here of another insurgent success. The Daula zail, on Thursday last, captured the police post at Mohomed Sah, which wasarrisoned by a detachment of border police. The garrison retreated to a new post held by a detachment of the Second Punjab infantry.

As the flying column commanded by Colonel Richardson which left Hangu on Thursday to reinforce the post on the Samana range, which was attacked by insurgents, was returning after repulsing the enemy, the enemy rallied and attacked the British force on the plain. The tribesmen, however, although in great strength, were again driven off with heavy loss.

On the British side Capt. Blair Smith and Lieut. North of the Scotch Fus-

iliers and eight men of the Punjab Infantry were wounded.

The latest news from the front is not of a more hopeful character than that received in the last few days, though it is true that the attempted raid of the Kohat district has been repelled and that the Orakzai have taken to the hills. But against the temporary success of the British arms must be set the very serious state of affairs prevailing at Quetta, Beluchistan. There is little doubt that if the fort there is attacked the chances of the garrison's safety are slight. The fortifications are practically worthless and the place is said to be inadequately manned. The commander in chief cannot too speedily dispatch a relief force to Quetta, for that post is almost entirely isolated.

Another note of alarm is another incomprehensible one in view of the gallant defense made in the case of Forts Ali-Muzjid and Lund Kotla. It comes this morning from Jamrud from which place a dispatch announces that the British military authorities deemed it wise to disarm the Khyber rifles forming part of the garrison of that place. The situation of the outlying garrisons on the Samana range is, next to Quetta, the center of interest in view of the urgent need for reinforcements and Colonel Gordon tomorrow will lead a column of troops through the Kohat pass into the Aman district. On the other hand there is a hopeful sign in the well authenticated report that discussions have broken out among the Afridis.

BERLIN, Waa., Aug. 28.—The factory of the Putnam Shoe company, the largest manufacturing plant of this city, was burned this morning. Loss \$40,000; insurance \$30,000. One hundred men are thrown out of employment.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Aug. 30.—Two deputy U. S. marshals are dead, two are seriously wounded and two more are missing as the result of an attack upon a posse of officers by a gang of desperate moonshiners in Searcy county.

The wounded are the Rentro brothers. The names of the missing men are not given, but they are supposed to be deputy sheriffs of Searcy county. Taylor, one of the murdered men, was 60 years of age and was the wealthiest man in Searcy county. Dodson was a well known deputy and has been a terror to moonshiners for years.

The six officers were on a moonshiner's raid when the terrible affair occurred. They had approached to within thirty yards of an illicit distillery when they were fired upon from ambush. Taylor and Dodson fell at the first volley, dead in their tracks.

The shooting occurred thirty-five miles from Russellville at a point ten miles south of Wilt Springs. The locality is in the mountains and has for many years been a favorite rendezvous for moonshiners and counterfeiters.

The news of the terrible tragedy was brought to Russellville this morning by Dr. Pack who came after the coroner. The men who did the shooting are supposed to be a gang of moonshiners led by Horace Bruce and John Church, two of the most desperate characters in that part of the state.