

Perhaps your neighbor, who never worries about the servant problem, has solved it by simply making a practice of reading the want ads.

UTAH EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 26, 1905. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

When you really "get acquainted" with the want ads, you will wonder how you could have neglected them for so long.

10 PAGES—LAST EDITION.

FIFTY-FIFTH YEAR.

FOURTH DIVISION SECOND SQUADRON

Expected to Pass Penang and Enter the Straits of Malacca Sometime Today.

BRITISH AUTHORITIES ALERT.

Three English Battleships and Two Cruisers Sighted Off Lingtong, Probably Patrolling.

GUARD REGIMENTS TO BE READY.

Will Quell Any May Day Disturbances—Priest Named Nicholas Becomes Father Gapon's Successor.

Island of Penang, Straits Settlements, April 25.—The fourth division of the Russian Second Pacific Squadron, commanded by Vice Admiral Nebogatoff, is expected to pass Penang and enter the Straits of Malacca today.

The British authorities are on the alert. Guard boats at night are patrolling the approaches to Penang.

BRITISH BATTLESHIPS PATROLLING.

Hongkong, April 25.—The British steamer Calchas, from Glasgow for Yokohama, which put in here today, sighted three British battleships and two cruisers this morning steaming southeast off Lingtong island, about 100 miles southwest of Hongkong.

READY FOR MAY DAY.

St. Petersburg, April 25.—As all the guard regiments will be held in readiness in various parts of the capital to quell disorders on May day, (Russian style May 14), the annual parade of the imperial guard which ordinarily takes place in the presence of the emperor and the Champ de Mars has been abandoned.

REPRESENTATIVE BODY TO MEET.

St. Petersburg, April 25.—Several newspapers announce definitely that the representative body promised in the imperial rescript will meet at St. Petersburg in June.

ADVICE TO FRANCE.

St. Petersburg, April 26.—The Novosti advises France to renounce the idea of revenge for the annexation of Alsace and Lorraine and effect a rapprochement with Germany.

FATHER GAPON'S SUCCESSOR.

St. Petersburg, April 25.—Father Gapon has a successor in the person of a priest named Nicholas, who has been making a great stir among the workmen, addressing them nightly in various parts of the industrial districts. The influence of his personality is considered so dangerous that further meetings have been prohibited.

NOTICE TO ZEMSTOVOS.

Proposed Conference Will Not be Allowed.

St. Petersburg, April 26, 3 a. m.—The government has reiterated its notice to the zemstovos that the proposed conference will not be allowed either in St. Petersburg or Moscow.

The peasants of Saratoff province have petitioned Emperor Nicholas for legislation in their favor and especially for educational measures, and the establishment of representative assemblies. The wording indicated that it was drafted by the peasants themselves, unaided by men of education, as is usually the case.

MORE SUITS BY AND AGAINST WEST. FEDERATION OF MINERS

Cripple Creek, Colo., April 26.—More suits have been begun by and against the Western Federation of Miners. Two suits have been filed in the district court against Nelson Franklin, R. P. Sharp, H. P. Dahl, W. M. Bainbridge, H. L. Shepherd, F. A. Phillips, P. M. Woods, J. R. Cunningham, and others, asking for damages in the sum of \$135,000. The plaintiffs in the case are G. F. Scott and Frank Akin. The former sues for \$57,000 and the latter for \$81,000. The complaint in each case states that a strike was started April 11, 1903, and that it still continues; that the above defendants and others conspired together for the purpose of destroying the labor organization known as the Western Federation of Miners; that, further, on August 20, 1904, a mob destroyed the Interstate Mercantile company's property and escorted the plaintiff out of the city. He alleged that his health was injured to the extent of \$50,000 and further asks judgment for \$21,000 for actual damages. The complaint of Scott is similar, except in amount.

Three mining companies, the Granite Gold Mining company, the Vindicator Unconsolidated Mining company, and the Golden Cycle Mining company, have started suit against the Western Federation of Miners to recover \$185,000 alleged to have been lost as a result of the strike. They allege that the order and their officers conspired and combined to prevent the plaintiffs from mining and shipping ore and that it was necessary to keep their pumps running at a great expense, and that when they learned that the pumps were stopped, with the result that the lower levels of their mines were filled with water.

MAY NOT COMPETE.

B. C. Wright Likely to be Out of Lawn Tennis Championship.

New York, April 25.—Beals C. Wright of Boston, the champion doubles lawn tennis player and partner of Holcombe Ward, may not, according to the Times, compete on the American challenging team in England, for the Davis international cup, now held by the Britons.

The conditions which may make it necessary to leave Wright at home hang upon changes in the rules governing the competitions for the cup, which the English Lawn Tennis association has formulated. These changes make it advisable to play only a three-man team for this country, at least in the

IF YOU SEE IT IN THE TRIBUNE—Query?

Knockers' Organ Admits That Its Editor Has Gone Away—Says it is a "Leave of Absence"—Advertising Man Tells Business Men Paper Will Change Its Policy—Lippman Says it Will Not.

CHILD FOUND HER MOTHER DEAD.

Her Money and Other Valuables Gone, Marks of Violence About Her Head and Neck.

TOLD TALE OF BRUTAL MURDER

Death Probably Was Caused by Suffocation, a Wad of Cloth Stuffed Far Down Her Throat.

WILL UNRAVEL THE MYSTERY.

Sheriff's Office Working on a Strange Case of Alleged Suicide At South Jordan.

STRYCHNINE CAUSED DEATH.

Whether it Was Taken as a Medicine or With Deliberate Intent, Is Not Known.

MRS. MAYNARD IS THE VICTIM.

Is the Mother of Seven Children and Domestic Relations Were Most Pleasant.

Deputy Sheriff Ira and David Beckstead were dispatched this morning by Sheriff Emery to investigate an alleged case of suicide at South Jordan in this county. Yesterday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, Mrs. Jane Maynard expired suddenly at her home, No. 19, Mill Road Highway, South Jordan, and an investigation developed the fact that death resulted from strychnine.

Whether Mrs. Maynard took an overdose as a medicine, or whether it was a case of deliberate suicide, is not known. The strange feature of the case, if regarded as a suicide, is that Mrs. Maynard is the mother of seven children, all of whom are young, the oldest being only 17. The husband of the woman was absent at the time, at a sheep camp, and so far as known her domestic relations with her husband have been pleasant. Mrs. Maynard is a daughter of James Shields, and is survived by a large number of brothers and sisters in addition to her family.

MOVE FOR MORE POWER.

Utah Light & Railway Company to Install Steam Turbine Engine.

The management of the Utah Light & Railway company has decided to install a steam turbine engine as an additional source of power at the Jordan station, as this class of machinery runs without vibration and is economical in space as well as in other directions. Manager Campbell, in referring to the engine today, said that it was noticed that the new great condenser which is operated by steam turbines, ran without a tremor, and the machinery took up less room. At present, there is not much saved in the matter of fuel, but steam engineers believe that it will not be long before considerable coal will be saved in new methods of operation to be introduced.

It is the purpose of Mr. Campbell to make the Jordan station a 10,000 horse power plant, the units being added as rapidly as conditions will admit. The lease of the entire output of power from the Utah Sugar company's Bear river plant has been extended, which will solve all problems connected with the station will be held as a reserve and emergency station, increasing by over 2,000 horse power the already extensive capacity of the company. Manager Campbell proposed to make the power plant of his company unsurpassed in the west for efficiency and general reliability.

Jockey Fuller Hurt.

New York, April 26.—Grove Cleveland Fuller of Chicago, the jockey who was thrown from his mount at the finish of the Kentucky Derby, is said to have sustained a fractured knee cap. He is at the Jamaica hospital, and probably will not be able to walk for several weeks.

RUSSIAN MINISTERS TO CHINA.

Peking, April 26.—M. Pokotloff, one of the directors of the Russo-Chinese bank has been appointed Russian minister to China to succeed M. Paul Lesbatsky, who recently, M. Pokotloff has had many years' experience in Chinese affairs, and is considered very suitable for the position. His selection has, however, created some surprise, as he had hitherto held no diplomatic appointment.

WESTERN BOWLING.

Twenty-five Delegates on Hand in Spokane to Organize.

Spokane, Wash., April 25.—Twenty-five delegates representing five cities of the Pacific Northwest, Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, Salt Lake and Spokane have organized the Western Bowling congress. A motion was made by A. W. Harrison of Portland that the congress be organized entirely separate and independent of the American Bowling congress. W. S. Zehring of Salt Lake, amended the motion to the effect that the present rules and regulations of the American Bowling congress, which are older and longer, be adopted by the Western congress. This leaves the western bowlers to decide at the business meeting tomorrow whether they will adopt the new rules of the American congress relative to the weight of ball and the square gutter. There is much opposition manifest to the new American congress ruling and it is probable that it will not be accepted by the Western congress.

ELECTRO-CHEMICAL SOCIETY.

Boston, April 26.—The annual convention of the American Electro-Chemical society has been held at the Massachusetts institute of technology, Dr. Wm. H. Walker presided and elected officers were present from New York, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Schenectady and Boston. Several papers of a technical nature were read.

RUSSIANS DEFEATED.

They Left Two Hundred Dead in the Field.

Tokio, April 25, 2 p. m.—The following official announcement was made today: "On April 24 a Russian force consisting of five battalions of infantry, 16 companies of cavalry, and one battery of artillery, in pressing our advanced cavalry, attacked them in the vicinity of Kalyun. Our Kalyun force attacked the Russians in return, defeated and pursued them north to Mienhuachien. Our casualties were 38. The enemy left about 200 dead on the field.

"Two other Russian forces, one consisting of six battalions of infantry and 16 companies of cavalry, the other of 12 companies of cavalry and one battery of artillery, attacked Changtu and Siao-tatzu, respectively, but retreated north when the other Russian force was defeated at Kalyun."

IF YOU SEE IT IN THE TRIBUNE—Query?

Knockers' Organ Admits That Its Editor Has Gone Away—Says it is a "Leave of Absence"—Advertising Man Tells Business Men Paper Will Change Its Policy—Lippman Says it Will Not.

There was once a bad boy named Frankie. Whose boss said, "Shut up or I'll spank!" So he closed up his shop, and likewise his yawn.

And the public said, "Good Lord, I thank!"

But just when the public is about to congratulate itself most heartily on Editor Cannon's departure and the prospective silence of his paper, the organ of the "Knockers" shrieks itself hoarse in an effort to make the world hear that it hasn't "shut up;" that it "won't shut up;" that its mission is to howl and howl, fiercely. It says its editor, whose unceremonious departure was first announced in the Deseret News, is on a "Leave of absence." Of course he is. That is precisely the way Postoffice Perry, whose last name is Heath, left the same paper some months ago. When the "News" said he was going the "organ" frothed at the mouth and denied it in language that

would smash any other machine shop in the country. Now when it waits until its present, or late, or its late or present editor HAS GONE it has another attack. It facts are announced in advance the Tribune doesn't like it. If they are announced afterward it has a case of the rabies. It is indeed a hard sheet to suit.

In firing type and bombastic English, the organ assures its diminishing readers that Mr. Cannon has not quit his employ; that he is merely on a vacation on "full pay," and that there will not be a change in its policy of knocking things in this state. Business men will note, inwardly digest, and coin a new supply of epithets. At the same time the "News" regrets that it has no better authority than the Tribune concerning its policy and its editor. As already stated the public will remember how it protested the truth of the departure of Heath when he left the state for meadows green and pastures new, and how it declared that he would shortly return to resume his duties. Yet he still lingers amid the pyramids of

STERN FAILED TO IDENTIFY SMITH

As the Man Who Bought the Revolver With Which Caesar Young Was Killed.

PROSECUTION'S STRONG POINT.

Placed Chief Reliance Upon It to Secure Conviction of Nan Patterson.

New York, April 26.—The long expected meeting in court of Hyman Stern, the pawnbroker who sold the revolver with which Caesar Young was killed, and J. Morgan Smith, who, the prosecution alleges, bought the weapon for Nan Patterson, occurred today and night in Stern's failure to identify Smith.

The confronting of Smith with the pawnbroker had been looked forward to as likely to be the sensational feature of the trial, but instead it was tame and commonplace.

When Stern went on the stand Smith and his wife were brought before him. The pawnbroker told the story of the purchase of the weapon and identified the pistol as the one he had disposed of.

Turning toward Nan Patterson, Asst. Dist. Atty. Rand said: "Look at the defendant. Don't you remember the lady who accompanied the man who bought the revolver? Do you recognize the defendant as the one?"

"I cannot say that she was," answered Mr. Stern.

"Look at Mrs. Smith. Was she the one?"

"Now look at J. Morgan Smith. Can you tell me if you judge that Mr. Smith resembles the man who purchased the revolver from you?"

Abraham Levy, the defendant's counsel, jumped to his feet with an objection.

"Why can't he ask," he shouted, "is this the man that bought the revolver?"

Recorder Goff sustained the objection.

Mr. Rand then changed the form of the question, saying:

"Is Mr. Smith the man who purchased the revolver?"

Mr. Stern replied, "I cannot say that."

This ended Stern's testimony and Smith was taken back to the Tombs.

PROSECUTION'S GREAT CARD.

New York, April 26.—It was expected that the prosecution in the Nan Patterson case would play its ace card today. From the time the former show girl first was placed in a cell in the Tombs charged with the murder of Caesar Young, the prosecution has claimed that the presence in court of J. Morgan Smith, the prisoner's brother-in-law, would enable the girl of murder. When Smith appeared before the first trial they bewailed his absence and declared that only his presence was necessary to permit them to put in evidence which would result in conviction beyond a doubt. Failure to reach an agreement at that trial, they pressed to believe, was almost entirely due to the fact that Smith had not been found. Through all the months a ceaseless search for the missing witness, and it is said that the police department in the search for the Smiths, it is believed that the real reason for bringing him back to New York was that Smith might be confronted with Stern, the pawnbroker, who sold the revolver with which Young was shot.

The prosecution claims that the revolver was purchased from Stern by J. Morgan Smith less than 24 hours before the tragedy in the cab. This is flatly denied by the defense and at the last trial Lawyer Levy, Miss Patterson's counsel, told the jury that he wished to God that it was within the power of the defense to produce this witness Smith.

Stern, the pawnbroker, always has been confronted Smith since the latter was brought back to New York, but whether he was able to identify him as the purchaser of the revolver has not been made known to the public. The only intimation on this point which was given by Stern himself, was not conclusive. Before going to the room where he was to meet the returned witness, Stern said he was not sure that he could identify Smith positively. When he came out a few minutes later he remarked, "What I said still goes." Since that time he has declined to make any statement whatever regarding the case.

It was believed, however, that the two men would face each other in the open court and a most dramatic scene was expected.

The skeleton which played so prominent a part in yesterday's proceedings was still dangling beside the witness chair when Miss Patterson came on the stand and testified.

The court room today. It was quickly removed by order of Recorder Goff, however.

The first witness today was a representative of a well-known insurance factoring company, who identified the revolver which has figured in the case

NO SCHOOL LANDS ON RESERVATION.

State is Not Entitled to Select Sections in Uintah District.

GOV. CUTLER IS SO NOTIFIED

In a Communication Received From Commissioner of Washington General Land Office.

UTAH CANNOT TAKE ANY TITLE

But is Entitled to Select Other Lands in Lieu of Such Sections Sought.

Gov. Cutler today received a communication from Commissioner W. A. Richards of the general land office at Washington informing him that the State of Utah is not entitled to select school lands in the Uintah reservation. It will have to forego its rights to select sections 2, 16, 32 and 36, in each township in the reservation, but is entitled to select other lands in the state in lieu of such lands. This, however, practically precludes the state from securing such lands at all as nearly all other land in the state has been selected and there is very little left from which to make selections. This will deprive the state of a number of sections of school lands.

The opinion of the commissioner, which accompanied the letter, will be referred to Attorney General Breiden for advice as to what course to pursue, and it is probable that the state will enter a protest.

The following are the essential points covered by the opinion of the commissioner of the general land office:

"1—Will the State of Utah take title to the four designated school sections of unallotted lands in each township in said reservation?"

"2—If the title of the state to said sections will not vest under the terms of the grant, will the state be entitled to indemnity?"

"3—If the state shall be entitled to indemnity for said designated sections, or any part thereof, may such indemnity be selected from the unallotted lands within the restored reservation?"

"The lands within the Uintah reservation in Utah have always been a part of the public domain, subject to the control of the Congress without agreement or stipulation with the Indians. They are not, and have not been since the act of May 5, 1864, supra, public lands of the United States in the sense that they are subject to sale or other disposal under general laws. There is apparently no room for doubt but that the right of indemnity has existed since May 5, 1862, but under the act admitting the state into the Union and the general act of Feb. 28, 1891, made applicable to the State of Utah by act of May 5, 1902, and there is nothing in any of the acts concerning these lands to indicate an intention on the part of Congress to curtail the grant to the state, and no such intention can be presumed. If a state, therefore, follows that, unless the title of the lands which have become vested to the sections in place, the right of the state to indemnity for these sections is not impaired."

The distinction, if there is any, is that as to the public lands, the right of possession has never been out of the United States, notwithstanding they have by consent of Congress been sold to the Indians in fee and are now to be disposed of for their benefit. The basic principle of the opinion, however, is that both acts, the one making the grant to the state, and the other making a fund for the Indians, should be construed without impairing either the right of the state or the interest of the Indians; and, in the opinion of the court the state must resort to the indemnity provision of the granting act."

Further the Commissioner states that the act of March 3, 1895, directing the disposal of these lands, operated to provide that the sections 2, 16, 32 and 36 within the townships within said reservation. But it did not operate to impair the right of the state to select indemnity for all grants of school sections disposed of prior to the time its grant attached."

"It follows also, that no disposition of the lands can be made that will impair the interest of the Indians, these lands are not subject to selection by the state as indemnity, but must be disposed of in the manner and for the purpose designated by Congress."

"If, therefore, concluded, (1) that the State of Utah does not take title to the sections mentioned within the Uintah reservation; (2) that the state is entitled to select other lands in lieu of such sections, as being lands 'otherwise disposed of by and under the authority of an act of Congress;' and (3) that the state is not entitled to make such selections of land within the reservation and being otherwise appropriated."

EQUITABLE LIFE.

Resolution in N. Y. Assembly Calling for Investigation Fails.

Albany, N. Y., April 25.—A futile attempt was made today to pass a resolution calling for a joint legislative investigation of the affairs of the Equitable Life Assurance society. Objection was made that no resolution was of a resolvable except by unanimous consent.

BLACK AND BALTIC SEAS.

Canal to Connect Them May be Constructed.

St. Petersburg, April 26.—The question of constructing a canal to connect the Black sea with the Baltic has again been taken up by the minister of finance.

NEWT WALKER CAPTURED.

Surrounded, Surrendered, Seeing Resistance Was Futile.

Bakersfield, Cal., April 26.—Newt Walker, who shot Dave Burton, the wealthy mine owner, and a man named Barker on Monday last, was captured today by Sheriff Kelly and his posse surrounded him in a farm house near Kernville today, and Walker, seeing that resistance would be futile, gave himself up.

Dr. William Andrews Dead.

Ann Arbor, Mich., April 25.—Dr. William Andrews, superintendent of the Michigan asylum for the insane, a prominent alienist, died today from heart trouble. Dr. Andrews was the originator of many of the modern methods of treating insane patients.

STREET CARS STOPPED.

Short Circuit in Power House at Ogden Was Responsible.

The lightning struck in the power house at Ogden of the Utah Light & Power company at 10:30 this morning, and while no particular damage was reported, there was a short circuit which shut off enough power to this city, to stop the streetcars and elevator service. However, the trouble was remedied so that the inconvenience lasted little more than half an hour.

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GOING OUT OF BUSINESS.

Utah Store & Hardware Company to Dissolve After 25 Years.

The Utah Store & Hardware company is going out of business, after an active and honored career of 25 years. The company was started in 1880 as P. W. Madson & Company, and in 1881, the company incorporated under the present title was adopted. The company goes out of existence because Mr. Madson is desirous of turning his attention to other things, and is not the time necessary to properly attend to the demands of the hardware business.

Former Salt Lake Laker Takes a Fatal Header from Passenger Train.

San Bernardino, Cal., April 25.—C. C. Whitehead, an insane stone mason of Los Angeles, this evening jumped through the window of the loop line passenger train of the Santa Fe between this city and Redlands and was killed. Whitehead has a wife and two children and parents residing in Salt Lake City.

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