

BIALYSTOK AFFAIR BURNS ITSELF OUT

No Further Bloodshed Reported
And No More is
Expected.

SITUATION MORE DISQUIETING

Leaders of the Proletariat Believe
Time for Striking a Blow
Has Come.

St. Petersburg, June 17.—The Bialystok affair at Bialystok apparently has burned itself out. No further bloodshed was reported today and no more is expected, even by the radicals, who are satisfied that the authorities are now in control and will do everything possible to prevent a renewal of the excesses.

This confidence is based on the action of the governor of Grodno, who is hated and distrusted by the bureaucrats and who, after investigating the situation at Bialystok, took the unprecedented step, in order to prevent a spread of the massacres, to telegraph the authorities of all towns within the Jewish pale denying the alleged official reports that the disorders were due to a Christian procession by Jewish revolutionaries. This measure, aided by the Catholic clergy who today throughout Russian Poland addressed their congregations, inspiring them not to believe reports spread broadcast for the purpose of stirring up bloody excesses, was efficacious in calming the agitated spirits among the Christian population. The Catholics of Warsaw cancelled a great religious procession which was to have been held here today in order to avoid the chance of a conflict.

The general situation, however, is hourly growing more disquieting, and the country seems to be on the verge of another gigantic upheaval. In St. Petersburg and Moscow the populace is greatly excited, and nothing is now talked of except a general political strike, which would bring the government to its knees. The proletariat leaders, who have been preparing for months for a blow, believe the moment has come to strike. The agrarian troubles are now sufficiently extended and disorders in the army are rife. The government has openly refused to accede to the demands of parliament and a rupture is imminent there.

The ultimate plans of the leaders depend upon the success achieved, but if the government is brought down it is not doubted they are determined that they and not parliament will take over the reins of government and forever enjoy the fruits of victory.

The strikes in St. Petersburg and Moscow, with which the movement was started, have been ostensibly on economic grounds, really are political. The committee of unemployed is only a revolutionary organization, the last fall's committee of workmen in disguise. The hakers of St. Petersburg and all other towns struck today and only the black bread eaten by the poor was sold.

The streets were filled with crowds of workmen.

A correspondent of the Associated Press was stopped today in one of the suburban towns by a workman who demanded money without the slightest embarrassment. He announced that those who had money might as well divide it as the workmen soon would be able to take what they wanted.

The government appears to be waiting for the blow to fall before raising its hand, and it is reported that the decision of several ministers to raise the question of a more active policy during the cabinet meeting yesterday was apparently fruitless. Heavy patrols have been placed in the streets and the railroad stations are being guarded by troops, but no action has been taken to stop the agitation. The emperor is reported to be spending most of his time playing tennis at Peterhof.

It is significant as indicating the progress of the revolutionary sentiment that a general strike is expected to be inaugurated on the Nicholas railroad between St. Petersburg and Moscow, which was the only line out of Moscow that was not affected during the uprising last December.

The workers in the shops of the Syzran and Vlasnia railroad have already struck, but apparently the demonstration is premature.

The Reich today again appeals to the emperor to try to save the situation by dissolving Premier Gorevsky and placing members of parliament who enjoy a measure of public confidence in control of the government. Admiral Alexeff, commander of the fortress at Cronstadt, has received a grim warning in the shape of a coffin, which was delivered at his house.

**FIVE LUMBERMEN DROWNED
IN SHOSHONE RIVER.**

Cody, Wyo., June 17.—Five lumbermen were drowned in the Shoshone river near Wapiti today, while attempting to cross in a boat. They were engaged in a gang working on a log jam and had been warned by the foreman not to attempt the trip.

The dead: Joseph Hedding, Green Forest, Ark.; Robert Hendrickson, Hope, Ind.; John Hartley, John Finnegan, Joseph Barry.

The boat contained 11 men and camped in midstream. Six of the party were rescued with difficulty. None of the bodies of the dead had been recovered at nightfall.

ENTERTAINED BY TAGGART.

French Lick, Ind., June 17.—Three hundred and fifty people, comprising the National Editorial association, were the guests today of Thomas Taggart, chairman of the Democratic national committee. Tonight a concert was given.

**CARTER'S
LITTLE
LIVER
PILLS**

SICK HEADACHE
Positively cured by these
Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Bile, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pk. 10c. Small Dose, 10c. Price.

Hot weather is enervating to
most anyone. Those feel it
least who use

HUSLER'S FLOUR

en in Mr. Taggart's hotel for the entertainment of his guests.

TRONDHJEM PREPARING FOR KING HAakon's ARRIVAL

Christiania, June 17.—Trondhjem, yesterday a city of fishers, today is a capital. Many of those who will participate in the coronation of King Haakon have already reached the city. The population and others are crowding north by steamer and train. The gaily over the confirmation of the country's new independence will reach its full tide Tuesday when King Haakon, Queen Maud and the baby crown prince, Olaf, reach Trondhjem. All over the country flies the flag of Norway—the white bordered blue cross upon a field of red, testifying to the fealty of the people.

One hears tales of the royal couple, publicans object to the new monarchy. They insist on calling Haakon "Mr. King," but undoubtedly the great majority genuinely welcome the new order of things with weakened patriotism which money, power and other accomplishments by the whole nation.

King Haakon, Queen Maud and Crown Prince Olaf are continuing their journey northward along the coast. Today was spent in the vicinity of Molde, where the majesty gave a banquet tonight. Today began with a demonstration by the fisher fleet at Alesund. Ninety steamers, 50 motor boats and scores upon scores of small craft participated. The royal yacht, the Helga, at first steamed through the fleet and was wildly cheered, and then the fleet formed in two long columns and steamed up the fjord, the Meimdal leading. The families of the fishermen lined the boats. The crowd of about 8,000 at the conclusion of the passage, all the vessels passed in review before the Helga. King Haakon expressed his pleasure at the honor conferred upon him and at the picturesqueness of the parade.

The royal family will journey to Christiania tomorrow. They will be the guests of the municipality at a state dinner. Trondhjem will be reached Tuesday evening.

The sea journey northward is proving most popular and comfortable. A great heat wave is sweeping over the southern end of the Scandinavian peninsula, and the railway coaches resemble bake-ovens.

A majority of the vessels of the visiting fleet will reach Trondhjem by Wednesday. Although many of the royal delegates and embassies will arrive there Tuesday, some officials and statesmen already have departed for Trondhjem, and others will follow tomorrow.

The announcement that Emperor Willem will visit King Haakon in July was received with great satisfaction. It will be the first visit of a foreign ruler to the newly established kingdom, and therefore strongly appeals to the people.

FIRE IN ST. LOUIS.

St. Louis, June 17.—Two early morning fires today did damage estimated at \$100,000 by completely gutting a five-story office building and burning a large livery and undertaking establishment this morning. Fifty brasses were incinerated in the latter. The office building was occupied by the Philip Carey Manufacturing company, the local office of the Charles Fisher Mattress company of Chicago, and the Grand Spring Water company.

FATAL AUTOMOBILE ACCIDENT.

Asbury Park, N. J., June 17.—Henry Isaacson, chauffeur for Peter A. Fogarty, was killed yesterday when the automobile in which he and his employer were riding was in collision with another automobile driven by Isaac T. Strauss, a leather manufacturer of Newark, N. J.

GEN. HOWARD PORTER DEAD.

Haverhill, Mass., June 17.—Gen. Howard Porter, one of the leading able men of this city, died suddenly today of cerebral hemorrhage, aged 55 years.

S. F. POSTOFFICE.

Report on Conditions During the Great Disaster.

Washington, June 17.—Postmaster-General Cullerton has received final report from the postmaster at San Francisco detailing the postal conditions during the great disaster here and pointing out the amount of mail loss was comparatively small. The postmaster reports that on May 14 the records of the cancelling machine at the San Francisco postoffice showed collections of mail within 5000 letters of the heaviest collection on record in the office, while the stamp sales were within 200 of normal. The postmaster says, however, that the mailing of second class matter was but a little over 20 per cent of the amount before the earthquake. He adds that there has been no falling off in the amount of registered mail received. There were 240 employees of the postoffice whose homes were burned out in the fire, many of the men being left destitute, but so far as known only one employee, a carrier, lost his life, while one other is missing. The postmaster-general has written the postmaster specially commending the action of certain employees and has called the attention of the secretary of the treasury to certain officers in the custodian service of that department.

SAN FRANCISCO REFUGEES.

Adopt Resolutions Calling for Abolishment of Soup Kitchens.

San Francisco, June 17.—Three hundred refugees from the camps located throughout San Francisco combined in the adoption this afternoon, of resolutions calling for the abolition of the soup kitchens and a return to the former plan of sending out rations to the destitute of the city. It was also declared the sense of the meeting that the refugees are being oppressed by those in charge of the supplies donated and calling for a committee appointed by Mayor Schmitz to supervise the army forces. While there were numerous charges made by speakers at the open-air session that took place in a vacant lot at Fillmore and San streets, the main cry was that home life is being destroyed by requiring husband and wife to be separated during the day and that such a course is destroying the manhood of the citizen.

A SCHURZ MEMORIAL.

Committee of One Hundred to Take Charge of the Project.

New York, June 17.—The committee of one hundred of New York citizens organized to take measures to establish an appropriate national memorial to the late Carl Schurz, has been completed. The membership committee, a little representative list of men identified with various public affairs with which Mr. Schurz was active in touch, Joseph H. Choate is to serve as chairman. Gustav H. Schwab as vice chairman, Isaac N. Seligman as treasurer and John D. Rockefeller as secretary. It is the purpose of the committee in cooperation with similar committees in other cities to raise a fund, part of which will go toward providing an appropriate bronze memorial, but the bulk of which it is expected will serve as a foundation for the erection of one of more of the public edifices to which Mr. Schurz devoted his activities. It has been decided also that a memorial meeting should be held for the fall, and that the committee assemble on Nov. 14. Mr. Choate will preside and Grover Cleveland will be one of the principal addresses.

FOREIGNERS ARE VERY DISSATISFIED

With Conditions in Manchuria
Brought About by the
Japanese.

ARE AT GREAT DISADVANTAGE.

Complain That Obstacles of All Kinds
Are Placed in Their
Way.

Peking, June 17.—Widespread and growing dissatisfaction is being manifested by American and European merchants, banks and shipping firms against the Japanese administration in Manchuria. The Japanese occupation, under the Portsmouth treaty will continue until next April, and in the meantime foreign commerce is almost blocked, the Japanese merchants gaining advantages which make it increasingly difficult to compete with them. Foreign goods enter Manchuria through Port Newchwang, where the regular Chinese customs duties are levied, while the Japanese import through Daini and Mukden and Antung are nominally opened to foreign trade, but foreigners are not permitted to go inland without Japanese passes, while many Japanese merchants, miners and promoters are allowed to travel the country free. Foreign merchants' complaints that obstacles are placed in the way of shipping goods to the interior from Newchwang as the Japanese control of the railway gives them special advantages.

Antung and Mukden at present are practically worthless bases for foreign trade because of the difficulty in distributing goods from those points. The foreign merchants are further handicapped by the circulation of war notes to an amount estimated at between 20,000,000 and 25,000,000 yen, which can be used only in Japanese trade.

Large and flourishing settlements are located at Mukden, Antung and other places. Consul-General Samson visited Mukden and Antung to arrange with the Chinese the details for the opening of those points to foreign trade under the American treaty of 1903. It is believed the Chinese are stubbornly trying to insist on regulations similar to those whereby Tsingtau and Shantung were recently opened, which gives China a greater control of foreign settlements than in the old treaty ports.

HARRY PILLSBURY DEAD.

He Was a Great Master of Chess and
At One Time Famous.

Philadelphia, June 17.—Harry Nelson Pillsbury, the chess master, died here today of apoplexy after an illness of many months. Pillsbury was born Dec. 1872 at Somerville, Mass., where the body will be taken, the funeral to be held there next Tuesday.

Pillsbury learned the rudiments of chess when he was 16 years old at the Beachaples Chess club in Boston. His first notable victory was a score of 5 to 4 in a match with John N. Barry of Boston in 1891. In 1893 he won the New York City tournament with a total score of seven out of a possible nine. He was first prize at the Hastings tournament against many of the strongest players of the world. This victory logically made him one of the quartette of the then most famous players named to compete at St. Petersburg—Lasker, Steinitz, Tchigorin and Pillsbury. His score with the world champion, Lasker, was 2½ to 2½. In 1897 Pillsbury won from Showalter, the American chess championship, which he confirmed by a second match with Showalter in 1898. In all Pillsbury played in 14 international chess tournaments and was a prize winner in all except at Cambridge Springs, Pa., in 1904, when he was 31. Pillsbury showed his chess genius not alone by match and tournament play. At blindfold chess, it is said, his record has never been equaled. At Moscow he played 25 games without sight of the boards and at Philadelphia 20 games, which she repeated at Vienna.

THOUGHT WAR WAS ON.

London, June 17.—The first period of the manœuvres closed Saturday. An official report of the full results attained has not been issued, but it is claimed that they are gratifying in regard to the strength of coast defense and mobility of divisions. Several wheat laden sailing ships, including

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the
Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*

YOU WANT
Townsend's
LEMON
The strongest made of that
can be made.
At All Grocers.

Sherwood's
Market,
740 and 751 State.
Choice Meats, Fruits,
Groceries, Hay,
Grain, Straw, Salt.

Orders by Phone or Drivers Receive
Careful Attention.

CLAYTON
MUSIC
COMP'NY
Utah's
Leading
Music
House
109-111 MAIN STREET.

CALL FOR, GET.
Use and Take No Other.
Social Bread and Cakes

the Russian bark Fahrwhol, were captured southwest of Queenstown. Their crews were greatly surprised and supposed that an outbreak of hostilities had taken place, when first they were surrounded by ships.

INSULTED THE WIFE. KILLED BY THE HUSBAND.

Mexico City, June 17.—Nicaraguan society is excited over the case of Dr. Julian Irias, who killed Dr. Alta-Mirano, a politician, and cabinet minister. Irias had occasion to visit Costa Rica and left his wife in care of Alta-Mirano, who was his intimate friend. During Irias' absence Alta-Mirano is alleged to have grossly insulted Senora Irias, and when Irias returned he demanded an explanation, when Alta-Mirano stabbed Irias in the arm. Finally Irias killed Alta-Mirano with a pistol. The tragedy occurred in Alta-Mirano's house. Irias will be tried, but has the sympathy of Nicaraguan society.

FIRE IN ST. PAUL.

The Ryan Annex Building Gutted by
Fire, Loss \$500,000.

St. Paul, Minn., June 17.—The six story Ryan annex building was completely gutted by a fire which was discovered shortly after 8 o'clock this morning and which burned fiercely all day. The estimated loss to the building and the stocks of the occupants is between \$450,000 and \$500,000. The fire originated in the basement of the store occupied by the Palace Clothing company, supposedly from a defective electric wire. Several fragments were badly cut by flying pieces of glass and 37 were overcome by heat and smoke. Ten of those were taken to the hospital and the rest to their homes. All of them will recover with the possible exception of Lieutenant William Edwards, who tonight is said to be in a critical condition. The Ryan hotel is across the alley from the burned structure, but it was not damaged in any way and there was no alarm among the guests.

DON'T !!!

Don't let your child suffer with that cough when you can cure it with Ballard's Horehound Syrup, a sure cure for Coughs, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough and Pulmonary Diseases. Buy a bottle and try it.

B. B. Langlois, Ryhalis, Miss., writes: "I have two children who had croup. I tried many different remedies, but I must say your Horehound Syrup is the best. Cough and Croup medicine I ever used." Sold by Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept., 112 and 114 South Main Street.



THE GENTLEMAN'S ROADSTER

The Pope Toledo Runabout

IMMEDIATE DELIVERY.

Ask for Full Particulars.

UTAH AUTOMOBILE CO.,

L. C. Snow, President, 17 Market Street.

THE KEELEY ICE CREAM CO.

Make special prices to ward socials, dances, parties, etc. Prompt service. All Phones 2224.

—26 RICHARDS STREET.

\$1 TO \$1.50 PER ACRE Range Land!

Union Pacific R. R.
Co. offer for sale in
Utah large and small
tracts. Easy 10-year
terms. Only one-tenth
of purchase price down.

Your last chance to
purchase Good Sheep
and Cattle Land.

Particulars of
**UNION PACIFIC
LAND AGENCY,**
15 W. Second South, Salt Lake City

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For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
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CLAYTON
MUSIC
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Utah's
Leading
Music
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109-111 MAIN STREET.

CALL FOR, GET.
Use and Take No Other.
Social Bread and Cakes

Married Women

Every woman covets a
shapely, pretty figure, and
many of them deplore the
loss of their girlish forms
after marriage. The bearing
of children is often destructive
to the mother's shapeliness.
All of this can be avoided,
however, by the use of Mother's Friend before baby comes, as this
great liniment always prepares the body for the strain upon it, and
preserves the symmetry of her form. Mother's Friend overcomes all the
danger of child-birth, and carries the expectant mother safely through
this critical period without pain. It is woman's greatest blessing.
Thousands gratefully tell of the benefit and relief derived from the
use of this wonderful
remedy. Sold by all
druggists at \$1.00 per
bottle. Our little
book, telling all about
this liniment, will be sent free.

The Bradford Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

Mother's Friend

Time Table in Effect May 30th, 1906.

Salt Lake, Lv. 6:30 a. m. 2:40 p. m.

Extra Lagoon to Knoxville, 10:00 p. m.

(Sunday) 8:30 p. m.

Lagoon, Lv. 7:10 a. m. 2:40 p. m.

10:30 p. m. (Sunday) 8:30 p. m.

Sunday and Holidays special through

trains to Lagoon and P. m.

SIMON HAMBERGER,
President and Gen'l Manager.

SALT LAKE TIME TABLE

Time Table in Effect May 21, 1906.

SALT LAKE BEACH

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