

their way east. The railway men refused to let the train move out and blocked the way. The army held possession of the train for five hours—until 11 o'clock, up to which time both parties remained firm. City Marshal Davenport finally succeeded in inducing the industrialists to leave the train, negotiating to provide them with provisions, etc. It was agreed that the army should move out on foot this afternoon toward the mouth of Weber canyon. Whether they will attempt to board another train there is not known.

Governor West spent last night in Ogden and went down to Salt Lake on the 9:10 train this morning. While standing on the platform at the depot before boarding the train for the capital, he was approached by Freight Agent Corsee of the Union Pacific and a number of Junction City business men who appealed to him to dispossess the industrialists of the stolen train.

The governor after inquiring fully into the particulars of the affair replied that in his opinion the matter should be laid before the chief of police at Ogden. That official could call upon the sheriff of Weber county and later the United States marshal could be appealed to for aid if necessary. So long as these officials had not exhausted their forces he did not feel disposed to call out the militia.

PROVO, Utah, May 16.—The industrialists camped at Mr. Cok's place in the southern portion of Springville last evening. A large barn was placed at their disposal, in which they found shelter from the rain. The people of Provo furnished them with provisions enough for two or three days and some bread was taken over today. Some of the industrialists left for the East last night over the R. G. W., although the officers say they intend to remain in camp till they learn the result of Carter's examination. Three deserters who remained in Provo were arrested last night for vagrancy.

FROM THURSDAY DAILY, MAY 17.

A detachment of California, Oregon and Montana industrialists slipped into the city last night on a Union Pacific train from Ogden. After reaching here they kept well under cover and were sleeping in a box car when the police dropped into their resting place and placed them under arrest and took them to the city jail, where they passed the day.

This afternoon the men were taken before Justice Smith and found guilty of stealing a ride on the railroad and trespassing on the railway company's property. They were all released on their own recognizance to appear in court tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock. At that time it is expected they will have all departed from the city.

PROVO, May 17.

The labor of the citizens' committee in moving the industrialists to Springville is greatly appreciated by the people generally. The citizens were generous in furnishing supplies for the army, preferring to supply their wants at the camp ground to having them scatter through town soliciting food. Lieutenant Miller, who is in charge of the industrialists at Springville, informed City Marshal Storrs of that city that it was against orders for any

of the men to leave and solicit food from the citizens, and asked that arrests be made of any who broke this regulation or that any infraction of the order be reported to him.

On Tuesday while the citizens' committee were gathering up the supplies for the army, subscribed by business men and others, for the purpose of taking them to Springville, three deserters went into Mr. Freshwater's store and succeeded in making him believe they were authorized to receive a box of groceries that gentleman had subscribed. They were seen going away with the box and as soon as they found they were discovered they brought the goods to the commissary wagon and turned it over to the men in charge.

The twenty recruits for the army, who had promised to go with them from Provo, as was stated by members of the army, failed to show up when the industrialists left for Springville, and not a Provo man left with them.

FROM FRIDAY'S DAILY MAY 18.

Adjudged guilty of contempt of court by Chief Justice Merritt, this morning, "General" Carter and four others of the twenty-seven defendants jointly charged with him have been fined in sums varying from \$100 to \$10 each, with five days' imprisonment in addition; while fifteen more are required to undergo the "jailing" without any fine. The remaining seven have been set at liberty. The crowd present in court while the judge was passing sentence was the largest ever seen in the Dooly building at one time, and immense interest and curiosity were evinced in the result. There was scarcely standing room during the forty-five minutes that the proceedings lasted.

Judge Merritt, upon taking his seat on the bench at 10 o'clock, at once delivered judgment all eyes being fastened upon his honor as he proceeded to pass sentence as follows:

Carter, 5 days' imprisonment and \$100 fine; the defendant to stand committed one day for each dollar he does not pay.

Nowell, 5 days' imprisonment and \$25 fine. Same order in regard to the fine.

Lowry, Gregory, and Day, 5 days, \$10 fine each. Same order as to fine.

The defendants Crouch, Covington, Rhodes, Van Buskirk, Morrow, Eblin, Smith, Griffin, Shaffer, Hogesen, Thompson, McRae, Mitchell, Faught and Keene, 5 days' imprisonment each—all for contempt of court.

The remaining defendants whom I have not named are discharged.

A moment later Judge Merritt added: "Take the prisoners, Marshal, and clear the court room; it is crowded too much."

Strangely enough, there seemed to be some doubt as to whether the defendants would be required to serve their time in the penitentiary or within the walls of the county jail, as the judge did not state the place in passing sentence, and it was not until Attorney Houtz returned into the courtroom and made the inquiry about ten minutes later that it was learned the penitentiary was meant.

"General" Carter received encouragement from a number of sympathizers as he left the courtroom, but did not appear inclined to talk very much.

Both he and his men were, however, in the best of spirits.

After the sentence had been pronounced a gentleman advanced toward Carter and whispered to him that the full amount required to pay the fines would be raised by subscription among certain citizens of Salt Lake, and counseled him and his followers to be of good cheer.

The defendants were taken direct from the court into the grand jury room and there they remained in charge of a couple of bailiffs until their removal to the penitentiary this afternoon.

In a short interview with a NEWS reporter, Carter said that what had now happened would not damp the army's ardor in the least. While they were anxious and determined to obey the law, and had no desire whatever to trespass upon the rights of others, yet they were resolved upon carrying out their lawful object. If the railroad companies now refused to carry them in squads, then they would cover the ground on foot. He declared most solemnly that he was utterly ignorant of any preconceived plan to steal the train last Saturday morning, and expressed an opinion that there had been treachery on the part of certain persons outside the army's ranks.

Information received in this city this morning regarding the movements of the gang of industrialists who were dislodged from the stolen fruit train at Ogden on Wednesday, is to the effect that they reached Echo, at the head of Weber canyon, last night, and pitched their camp there.

It appears that they prepared to capture the first eastbound freight and this morning an opportunity presented itself. They soon had possession. The railway employees refused to go on or permit the cars to go without them. A good deal of parleying ensued. According to reports which are very difficult to obtain, the industrialists were beaten by some clever maneuver on the part of the train men and were frustrated in their efforts and determination to ride.

Last evening a company of Oakland industrialists arrived in Ogden city. They are under the command of Wm. Watson, who says they compose the third regiment. They camped on the old industrial camp ground, where Chief Davenport called to see them. He also procured food and sent them. It is said they will take up their march for the east this afternoon. The captain states that there will be another company of two hundred arrive here today.

PROVO, May 18.

Wednesday afternoon a man who gave his name as Louis Smith came over from Springville with Deputy Sheriff Hall. He was placed under arrest by City Marshal Storrs, of Springville, next morning, on the charge of carrying concealed weapons. Smith was a member of the industrial "army," and was pointed out by "Lieutenant General" Miller to the Springville officers as a man who carried concealed weapons and also as a man who "knew too much" and one whom the "army" would have to get rid of themselves if the officers did not arrest him. Upon his arrest he was taken to the city jail in Springville and after a short deten-