

ture on the subject of naturalization and compliance with the laws of the land, in almost every settlement in this Territory south of Salt Lake City. I have heard Elder Erastus Snow, in his annual visits to all the southern settlements, lecture the people on these subjects. I have heard him reprove men who had neglected, or failed, (through dishonest judges) to get their papers, telling them to get their papers at all cost. He has advised men to go clear from St. George to Beaver, which they did, with no other business than to get their papers, a distance of 110 miles. And doubtless the next bench incumbent will swear them illegal, and will want his fees for more of the same stock.

Yours very truly,
SAM'L L. ADAMS.

Baptizing—Business—Saltaire.

HULL, March 8th, 1877.

Editor Deseret News:

I am pleased to state that since my last, informing you of the baptisms at Halifax, the work has taken a new start in Hull where I have been laboring, both by fireside and in public, during the past week.

On last Sunday I held two meetings, in what is known as Forester's hall in this town. On the evening following I baptized two ladies, and on the evening next following, a gentleman. They are intelligent and highly respectable citizens of Hull. I also re-baptized two others, who felt it a duty to renew their covenants, in order that they might enjoy a greater degree of the Holy Spirit.

LEEDS, April 19th, 1877.

Since my last, informing you of the baptisms at Hull, which I had the pleasure of administering in the Public Baths of that noted town, I am happy to state that in the midst of the darkness which prevails, a few can be found who are willing to listen to the words of life, and are diligently investigating the truth.

Times here are very dull, and far-seeing men think that England has seen its best days. It certainly does appear that her decadence has commenced, and many hearts are dreading the near future. The cause of decline is owing to the increased competition abroad.

England does not enjoy the almost undisputed manufacture for other nations as she once did. Those nations are entering the field of manufacture themselves, and every year diminishes, slowly, it is true, but certainly, the manufactures of this country.

Capital and labor evince the antagonism of by-gone years, having entered the field, not as brothers of a common interest, but as wily foes ready to pounce upon each other at every opportunity. The result of this condition, produced by the repeated strikes of labor in its imperious demands on capital, is witnessed in high wages, preventing the English manufacturer, successfully, to compete with foreign importations, and some manufactured articles, of foreign make, are actually sold here at less than the outlay for wages to produce them would be. Many of the factories are running on short time, and even the notable Saltaire works are so running. I paid a visit, on invitation recently, to this neat little town, and the following may not be altogether uninteresting.

Saltaire is a combination of the name of the owner, Sir Titus Salt, and the river Aire, adjacent to which it is situated, and is about four miles from Bradford, in the delightful valley of the Aire. The area of that part of the estate known as "the works" is estimated at six acres, and the several floors in the mills, warehouses, and sheds form an area of 55,000 yards or eleven and a half acres. The mammoth building itself is composed of light-colored stone, in the Italian style of architecture. The south front of the mill is 545 feet in length (exactly that of St. Paul's in London) and 72 feet above the level of the rails. This part has a very commanding appearance. It is six stories high. The engine houses are in the centre of the building, on either side of the principal entrance. The four first floors are thus divided, but the top room, which runs the whole length of the building, is one of the largest, and perhaps the longest in the world. The floors are based upon arches of hollow brick, supported by long rows of ornamented cast iron columns, and massive cast iron beams. The roof is of iron, and the windows are large and formed of immense squares of plate glass. The warehouses are 300 feet in length, and extend northward from the centre of the great front line, ending at the canal, so that the end of the warehouse rises 90 feet from the level of the water, or 18 feet higher than the main front. On each side of the warehouses the ground is occupied by extensive sheds roofed with sloping skylights.

The western side contains rooms for sorting, washing, and drying wools, and for reeling and packing. Underneath is an enormous tank or reservoir, and filter, with 500,000 gallons of water, into which, through a number of conduits, the rain is carried, and, after filtration, applied to the process of manufacture. Upwards of 4,000 hands are employed at these works, the vast extent of which may be, to some measure, realized on reflecting upon the capabilities of one department. In the weaving shed are 1,200 looms; the length of the shafting is 9,870 feet, or nearly two miles, and weighing nearly 700 tons; the engines working these shafts are equal to 1,250 horse-power, reckoning a pressure of thirty pounds to the square inch; and the looms in this one weaving shed are capable of producing 300,000 yards or nearly eighteen miles of alpaca cloth annually. The works are unquestionably of a "save time" character. Not a minute is lost in removing the material from one branch to a higher branch of manufacture. The construction of the works involved an increase in the population of the immediate vicinity of 10,000 souls. The dwelling-houses built for the operatives are replete with every convenience conducive to the health, comfort, and convenience of the inhabitants. On no account is the air to be polluted with smoke or the water deteriorated by impurity.

All the improvements of modern art and science have been used in the erection of this model town. Healthy dwellings and gardens, with wide streets (though not so wide as ours), capacious squares, abundant ground for recreation, a large dining-hall and kitchens, baths and wash-houses, a covered market, schools, mechanic's institute, church, etc., are characteristics of Saltaire.

The children I saw playing outside looked remarkably clean and healthy, and some of the operatives, I am told, are distinguished lecturers on science. The whole presented evidence of what capital wisely employed can do for the poor, and if some of our Utah capitalists who are confining their monetary matters within the confines of a mere mercantile idea, and the covering of real estate by two per cent. per month loans, could be induced to invest their money in such manufactures as the Territory needs, permanent prosperity would crown Utah's future, for both manufacturer and laborer.

What we throw away is here utilized and converted into treasures of wealth. Thousands of men find employment in collecting the articles of rags and bones only. In Utah the bones are thrown away as useless. Here that portion of the bone adapted to manufacture is thus used and the remainder ground and sold as a fertilizing material. I mention this as only a single instance of many such manufactures.

Your Brother in the Gospel,
C. D. EVANS.

Organization of Tooele Stake.

TOOELE CITY, June 27, 1877.

Editor Deseret News:

Pursuant to appointment a two-days' meeting was held here, commencing on Saturday, June 23rd, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of organizing a stake of Zion for this county. There were present of the Twelve Apostles, John Taylor, Geo. Q. Cannon, Lorenzo Snow, Erastus Snow, and F. D. Richards, likewise Elder F. M. Lyman, Bishop E. Woolley, Elder Jacob Hamlin, and a goodly number of elders from the various branches in the county.

After singing by the choir, and prayer by Bro. Woolley, the brethren of the Twelve addressed the congregation (which was very large) on the importance of the present movement.

Sunday, June 24.

After the meeting was opened Elder John Taylor proceeded to organize the Stake of Zion for Tooele County as follows—

Moved, seconded, and carried that F. M. Lyman be President of the Stake, James W. Ure his First Counselor and William Jeffries his Second Counselor.

Moved, seconded and carried that John Rowberry be President of the High Priests' Quorum, Robert Meiklejohn his First Counselor and Abel Parker his Second Counselor.

Moved, seconded and carried that the following brethren be members of the High Council—H. S. Gowans, John W. Clark, Geo. Craner, Robt. McKendrick, Robt. Skelton, Geo. Whittle, Orson P. Bates, A. G. Johnson, Aroet Hale, Jeter Clinton, S. W. Woolley and Swain Nelson.

Moved, seconded and carried that Norton R. Tuttle be Bishop of Tooele City, Thomas Lee, Sen., his First Counselor, and Thos. Atkin, Jun., his Second Counselor.

Moved, seconded and carried that Edward Hunter be Bishop of Grantsville, Wm. C. Rydalc his First Counselor and John Rich his Second Counselor.

Moved, seconded and carried that John C. Sharpe be Bishop of Vernon Settlement, Joseph Bennion his First Counselor and Joseph Harker his Second Counselor.

Moved, seconded, and carried that William Moss be Bishop of E. T. City, with John Maxwell his first Counselor, and Joseph Yates his Second Counselor.

Moved, seconded, and carried that George W. Burrige be Bishop of St. Johns, with David H. Caldwell his First Counselor, and Francis De St. Gear his Second Counselor.

Moved, seconded, and carried that Moses Martin be Bishop of Lake View, with Thos. Howls First Counselor, and Joseph Steel Second Counselor.

The above organization was sustained without a dissenting voice.

The brethren appointed to the various offices were called on to express their feelings briefly, which they did, expressing their willingness to magnify their callings.

The brethren present were then ordained and set apart under the hands of the Twelve present.

Bro. Taylor said he would adjourn this conference till to-morrow at 10 o'clock to meet at Grantsville, when those not present could be ordained and the rest of the business attended to, and recommended all who could conveniently attend to do so.

The choir sang an anthem and the meeting dismissed with benediction by Elder Jacob Hamlin.

JOHN SHIELDS, Sen., Clerk.

—The Plattsmouth (Neb.) *Herald* of June 14, J. A. Macmurry editor, says of this region, "No people but Saints, long suffering, industrious and patient, could or would have tried to redeem this region from the terrors of a desert and made it a habitable country. The average Nebraska farmer would have cursed himself to perdition, and growled the hair all off his head before the first crop was raised."

—The Washington *Star* of June 13 says, "A party of western publishers called on Secretary Sherman Monday and protested against the action of the Treasury department in stopping the issue of small bills. They represented that it has produced a scarcity of small change which seriously interferes with their business. They mentioned one publishing firm which has received four hundred dollars in one week in postage stamps. Many protests of a similar nature are coming in from every quarter."

An Iowa woman went to church one Sunday and "experienced religion." Arriving home she called her children around her and said: "I am pious now, and I am going to give you two days to get religion. If you don't get it in that time I'll whale your hides off. I have learned my duty. Do you hear me?"

The self Binder has arrived. Call at Mattison & Johnson's and see it. w13

NOTICE.

In the matter of the Estate of Ezekiel Lee, deceased.
To the creditors of the said deceased.
ALL PERSONS having claims against the estate are hereby required to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers within ten months after the first publication of this notice, to us, or either of us, at our respective residences in the 19th Bishop's ward, Salt Lake City, and Peoa, Summit County, Territory of Utah.
FANNY F. LEE,
Salt Lake City.
ORRIN S. LEE,
Peoa, Summit Co.

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THE WORLD RENOWNED WILSON RECEIVED THE GRAND PRIZE MEDAL AND DIPLOMA CENTENNIAL EXPOSITION 1876.

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Its competitors receiving only an award for some special features of their machines

The World-renowned Wilson Shuttle Sewing Machine

Has Unlimited Capacity to do all kinds of Family Sewing and Manufacturing.

ITS PATENT AUTOMATIC "OUT OFF" on the hand wheel prevents the machine from running backwards, and obviates the necessity of taking the work from the machine to wind thread on the bobbins, which must be done with all other Sewing Machines, to the great annoyance of the operator, especially in tucking, hemming and ruffling. It does one-third more work in a given length of time than any other Sewing Machine.

IT CANNOT GET OUT OF ORDER AND THE ADJUSTMENTS ARE ABSOLUTELY PERFECT.

BUY THE WILSON
AND SAVE FROM
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A CHEAP SEWING MACHINE.

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GREAT REDUCTION!

THE NEW FAMILY SEWING MACHINE WILL HEREAFTER BE SOLD FOR CASH.

At FORTY DOLLARS!

And all other Styles of Genuine SINGER MACHINES at Equally Reduced Prices.

Though these Machines have been so Largely Reduced in Price,

THE QUALITY WILL BE MAINTAINED

At its highest standard. The public is cautioned against buying IMITATION MACHINES, which are always made in a very inferior manner, and sold by IRRESPONSIBLE PARTIES, whose guarantees are worthless. ALL GENUINE SINGER MACHINES are sold through authorized agents at a less price than any other good Machine can be sold for, and always bear the patented Trade Mark of The Singer Company distinctly printed on the arm of the Machine.

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I have now in stock a full line of Harvesting Machines—including the

Haines' Header,

which is the leading machine of its class, being simpler, stronger in construction and more durable than any other header in the market. Will do more work with less expense than any other Harvester Manufactured.

Call and examine it, or send for circular.

I also have a complete stock of the

New Improved Buckeye Reapers and Mowers and Elward Harvester.

which have never failed to give the best of satisfaction to every one using them.

Also full stock latest improved **SULKY HAY RAKES.**

GEO. A. LOWE,
Half block south of Theatre,
Salt Lake City, UTAH.

MOUNTAIN WARBLER!

THERE being several hundred copies of the above Song Book remaining unsold, they can be obtained at the Deseret News Office for 25 cents per copy.
WM. WILLES,
S. L. City, March 31st, 1876.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

I HAVE in my possession:

One sorrel MARE, five or six years old, strip in forehead, left hind foot white, branded D Y on left thigh.

One sorrel yearling MARE, small star in forehead, no brands visible.

One mouse colored HORSE MULE, branded T on left thigh, T and a blotch brand on left shoulder, two scars on left hip, saddle marked.

Which, if not claimed within ten days from date, will be sold at the Tooele City Estray Pound, at 2 o'clock p. m.

T. W. MORGAN,
District Poundkeeper.
Tooele City, July 2nd, 1877. dsy

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