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steller universe and every other product of divine workmanship—is true to its laws and will always vindicate its own action. The forces of persecution may threaten its destruction and the floods of calumny and misrepresentation may for awhile menace its existence, and the right, for a time, be fettered and crippled here, as it has been elsewhere. The prophet Isaiah clearly describes our situation when he says: "And judgment is turned backward, and justice standeth afar off; for truth is fallen in the street, and equity cannot enter." But notwithstanding all these influences, truth—

"Like Moses' bush will mount the higher And flourish unconsumed in fire," for God will stand by the right; but we must be found in the right ourselves, seeking to do His will, observing His law, and keeping His commandments. Many of you have just cause of complaint. I can readily understand, however, when that feeling is given way to, how it surges and works until the basest passions of humanity are aroused.

This affair as I understand it was not what may be called a "Mormon" arrangement. Other people than ours were engaged in it. I wish that neither had taken part in it. I wish we could live together in peace. I wish we could promote one another's welfare and happiness. I wish all could speak the truth and pursue a course that would receive the approbation of all intelligent and well-meaning men, and above all that all could secure the favor of God our Heavenly Father. Laws are made for the unruly and for the transgressor, for the violators of peace and for the disturbers of society, so that the virtuous, and upright and honorable may be protected, and we will try to maintain these principles.

Let me say a few words in favor of law and good order. There are thousands of honorable men in this land as well as in other lands who deprecate evil and are desirous to see correct principles carried out, and whose opinions we are bound to respect. When I see things wrong I will speak about them. When I see things right I will acknowledge them. In our late election we may have been robbed of many rights, but we have not all been robbed of our franchise yet. What attempts may be made hereafter is not for me to say.

At present under the circumstances you have had a fair election. What shall we do then? Maintain the laws, stand by the Constitution and institutions of our country, and protect all men of every creed, of every color, and of every clime in their rights. And although we have suffered severe grievances we do not wish to be turbulent. We do not wish to be Nihilists, or Fenians, or Regulators, or Ku-Klux, or disturbers of society, but we wish to abide by the laws of the land and to work righteousness. We are opposed to misrule of every kind, and to everything that produces discord, anarchy and confusion. It is for us to be true to ourselves, true to our religion, and true to our principles, moral, social, and religious; to seek to carry out everything that would tend to impart happiness to society, and elevate ourselves in the nation; and to contend manfully for the freedom of ourselves and our children, and for all honorable men. This is our mission; it is not to engender anarchy and confusion as some suppose. I have said enough perhaps in relation to this matter. As a large congregation of people have assembled on this occasion, I thought it proper to speak as I have done. Suffice it to say, there is ought to be engendered against this people a spirit of persecution, and what has transpired has arisen from that thing, and it does not find its source in the low, but in men who ought to be the sustainers of law and order and the institutions that govern us. And the same men would re-ignite the fires of Smithfield and re-enact the deeds of St. Bartholomew in order to effect the destruction of this people. We understand all this, and while they feel so toward us, we will endeavor to maintain the right. And as long as we do this God will protect us, and He will put a hook in the jaws of our adversaries and say to them, as He said to the waves of the mighty ocean, thus far shalt thou go and no further, and here shall thy proud waves be stay'd.

I feel to condole with the family of our dear departed brother. All is well with him; he has gone to an-

other state of existence, and we, too, shall follow. I pray that the peace of heaven may be with the family and relatives of our departed friend, and that their lives may be made happy and comfortable. And I pray you, my brethren and sisters, to observe those principles that are calculated to save and exalt in the presence of God. In the name of Jesus, Amen.

PRESIDENT JOSEPH F. SMITH,

In behalf of the relatives and the hosts of friends of the deceased, expressed gratitude to Brother Charles H. Wilcken, who at the imminent risk of his own life struggled to save that of our departed brother, in which attempt he was himself seriously wounded. For his brave and disinterested action he was entitled to the thanks of the community. Brother Smith implored the blessing of God upon him and all brave men who were willing and ready to risk their own lives to save those of their friends.

The choir sang a selected hymn, the music of which was composed for the occasion by Brother A. C. Smyth.

The benediction was pronounced by President Wilford Woodruff.

The vast congregation then left the building, and the procession was formed in accordance with the programme published in yesterday's issue. There were three bands in the cortege—the Twenty-first Ward, Firemen's and Seventh Ward. The remains were followed to the cemetery by a funeral procession that has seldom been equalled in extent of proportions in the history of the community, there being seventy-six vehicles filled with mourners. Most of the leading stores in the central part of the city were closed from 9 to 12 o'clock, in accordance with the informally expressed desire of Mayor Jennings, and before and after the ceremonies the streets were thronged as at General Conference times.

At the cemetery the dedicatory prayer was offered by Counselor D. H. Wells.

FROM WEDNESDAY'S DAILY, AUG. 29,

**Street Accident.**—Between 11 and 12 o'clock to-day as Mr. Reed, proprietor of the 76 saloon, was crossing the street car track near the Old Fort, in the Sixth Ward, his buggy was tipped over and he was thrown out violently upon the ground. He was severely cut about the head and bruised about the body. The horse and vehicle sustained but little damage.

**Death at the Depot.**—Last evening an invalid from the north arrived at the Utah Central depot, on his way to one of the hospitals here for treatment for lead poisoning. Officer Wm. Calder was making arrangements for his removal to his proposed destination, when he was beckoned by an employee of the railroad to hasten to the car, where the sick man was, and reached it just in time to see him die. In his pockets were \$28.80 and a silver watch. On his person was found a little memorandum book with the address—Mrs. Julia Delaney, 855½ Market Street, San Francisco. His coupon railroad ticket showed his name to be John Delaney, and that he had just come from Halley, Idaho.

Coroner Taylor held an inquest over the remains to-day, the verdict being in accordance with the foregoing facts.

**Southern Utah Mining.**—An esteemed St. George correspondent informs us that, on Friday, the 17th inst., a party of gentlemen accompanied General Pace to see his mining prospects in Tutsagubet Mining District, which are creating quite a furore in Southern Utah.

The latest discovery is a claim called the "Red Warrior," situated about half way up a steep mountain. The vein is six feet, between walls, composed of grey carbonate ore, and dips into the mountain on an angle of about 45 degrees. They have uncovered it a distance of about twenty feet in length, and it crops out at intervals along the entire location. The ore assays from 15 to 70 per cent. lead, and from five to fifty dollars per ton in silver, on the surface. The company are putting men to work to develop the claim and intend shipping a ton of the ore north to have it thoroughly tested. All who have seen the prospect pronounce it one of the finest in that part of the country. The company have incorporated with six locations, all of which they propose to develop as fast as practicable.

## FATAL ACCIDENT.

A YOUNG MAN SHOT AND KILLED BY A COMPANION.

On Sunday last several young men from Tooele went out deer hunting. About half-past ten a. m. one of them, Robert Skelton, saw something moving in the brush ahead of him, and supposing it to be a deer, took aim with his rifle and fired, but was horror-stricken to find that he had shot one of his companions, Alvin Henson, a young man aged about seventeen years, the ball passing through the right arm, entering the body a little behind and just above the right hip, and coming out in front. Young Henson was taken home, and died about half-past five on Sunday afternoon. The accident caused quite a feeling of gloom in the city of Tooele. The funeral services were held on Monday.

## ORDER OF THE COMMISSION.

ADOPTED AUGUST 25, 1883.

Whereas, it has been brought to the attention of this Board that a candidate voted for for a county of five, and another for the Council of the Legislative Assembly, each having received the highest number of votes for said offices respectively at the election held on the sixth day of August, 1883, are polygamists. Therefore,

**Resolved,** That this Commission will meet at their rooms in Salt Lake City on the 5th day of October next for the purpose of considering these and any other cases of like character that may be presented.

**Resolved further,** That charges of ineligibility against any officer elected must be submitted in writing and sworn to (either positively or from information and belief) and be filed with the Secretary of the Commission on or before the 15th of September, 1883, who will notify the complaining party and the accused party to appear before the Commission at a time and place to be designated and adduce their evidence. The Secretary is required to publish this order in the principal newspapers of the Territory.

By the Commission.  
ARTHUR L. THOMAS,  
Secretary of the Territory.

## A VISIT TO COLORADO.

BUSINESS OBSERVATIONS OF A UTAH MAN.

The other day we had the pleasure of meeting a friend who had just returned from a trip through Colorado, going by way of the D. & R. G. and returning by the U. P. He made the discovery that the produce outlet for Utah in that section will be exceedingly slim this fall. The potato market has been somewhat injured by unwise shipping from here, and a large quantity of produce will be raised throughout the State, besides the fact that shipments are being made from other points. As an instance, oats are offered to be placed on the cars at Kansas City at 60 cents a hundred, and the distance is but little more than from here. Cabbage raised in Colorado has lately been sold in Denver at from 50 cents to 75 cents a hundred pounds. Potatoes are being raised in considerable breadth, and within a week there is a prospect of the Greeley raised articles being on the Denver market at one dollar a hundred pounds. It is evident from the statements of our friend, who is intelligent and reliable, that the market for Utah products in Colorado will be exceedingly slender this season. He is of opinion that it will re-open for a short time next Spring, but will be sure to nicker up again toward the fall, as the agricultural interests of Colorado are advancing with wide strides. Farming is opening up there on a large scale, as the land is not broken up into comparatively small parcels, as is the rule in Utah.

Artesian well-boring for the cultivation of the country is all the rage, and is being conducted with a good deal of success. We have before noted the fact that a well of that description was obtained some time ago directly under the Tabor Opera House, Denver. A specimen of the water from this living fountain is exposed at the Opera House in a glass vessel and placed in comparison with a sample of filtered water of the Platte River, the odds being greatly on the side of the product of the well.

The cultivation of lucern that has proved such a boon to the people of this Territory, has been conducted only to a limited extent in the Centennial State, but it is to be largely sown as soon as practicable. In some individual cases as great a breadth as a hundred acres will be planted on one farm.

Returning to the subject of markets for Utah produce, there will always be limited openings, as this Western country develops its varied interests, but a stupendous or commensurate avenue does not exist at present, neither does it appear to live prospectively, except in cases of contingency that may and doubtless will arise of crop failures outside, while abundant harvests crown the labors of the husbandman here. The situation is but another strong plea in favor of home industries, to the establishment of which the people generally should turn a more engrossing attention than they have ever given it. The most conspicuous boom in that direction at present is the making of iron, the extensive conducting of which will prove a great material benefit to the people. The matter is placed in such a shape by the company lately organized that the community can readily come to its aid, the shares being one dollar each. Let the people step up and provide the sinews and the production of iron will be the inevitable result. Besides this, there are numerous home industrial avenues which might be profitably instituted, always keeping in mind to take a course to sustain such as are already established.

FROM THURSDAY'S DAILY, AUG. 30,

**A Broken Leg.**—On Monday last George Murray, one of the workmen employed at the Church quarry, in Cottonwood, met with quite a severe accident. As a large rock was being hoisted by a derrick it swung outward and struck his leg, breaking it. He was brought to the city and taken to the Deseret Hospital. Brother Murray is from Provo Valley, where his family reside.

**Want the Body Forwarded.**—A telegram having been sent to the address found in the memorandum book of John Delaney, who died at the Utah Central depot on Tuesday night, an answer was received this morning. The friends of the deceased express a desire to have the remains forwarded to San Francisco, and arrangements were in progress to-day, looking to their shipment to that point.

**The Grand Organ.**—The grand organ of the Tabernacle is about to be completed. Brother Henry Grow informs us that a heavy shipment of pipes and other apparatus has just been received for it from Steere & Farmer, of Springfield, Mass. The bill for these new materials, including freight, amounts to \$2,049. Brother Grow purposes putting the newly arrived pipes and other articles in place without delay.

**Fire on a Farm.**—On the 25th there was a fire on Fairview Farm, about ten miles west of Logan, the premises being those of Bishop Farrell, of Smithfield. The cause was a common one—a couple of small children and a bunch of matches. The flames consumed a quantity of grain, farming implements, buildings and other property, the entire loss being estimated at \$8,000. Much sympathy was felt for Bishop Farrell, who thus had the hard earnings of years swept away within an hour or two. The *Journal* gives full details of the affair.

**Demented Boy Lost.**—The day before yesterday Mrs. Rasmussen, of Brighton Ward, sent her boy, aged about thirteen years, out to fetch in the cows. He never returned, and although an unremitting search has been maintained from the time of his disappearance no trace of him has been found. He is stoutly built, of light complexion, and, being of weak intellect, is able to talk but little. His name is Soren Rasmussen. Any information that will lead to his restoration to the family will be thankfully received by his distressed and anxious mother.

**Railroad Report.**—A seemingly well-authenticated rumor comes from Helena that the Wickes and Clancy branch of the Northern Pacific Railroad will be built through Butte, thus giving that company an independent line to this city, and making our Northern Pacific connection at Helena. Some color of substantiation is given to the rumor

by the argument that without some ulterior object the Northern Pacific management could not have been induced to build a branch to Wickes, from which point it is claimed that Butte can be reached in a distance of 30 miles and with comparatively little tunneling.—*Butte Miner*.

**Dropped from a Train.**—On board the north-bound train that left Logan at about 2 a. m. last Sunday was a man named Benton, a German, aged probably about 35 years. He states that he was sitting on the front steps of the caboose when he lost his balance and fell. The wheels of the car injured his left hand and left foot. The accident occurred near Battle Creek, and the injured man was sent back to Logan by the next train. He sent for Dr. Behle, who attended him immediately. The patient desired to be taken to the Logan House, but the proprietor objected. The Dr. who boards at Fred. Neilsen's restaurant and whose office is in the same building, stated the case to Mr. Neilsen. The latter told the Dr. to bring the man along, money or no money, if he was in such a fix as represented. The patient was accordingly taken to a room in Mr. Neilsen's place, and the Dr. proceeded to amputate the first joint of two fingers on the left hand, and the first joint of three toes on the left foot. The patient is still at Mr. Neilsen's and is doing well.—*Utah Journal*.

**Likeness of Oliver Cowdery.**—Brother Julius F. Wells has succeeded at last, after numerous ineffectual efforts extending over a period of one year, in obtaining a likeness of the late Oliver Cowdery, for the purpose of having a steel engraving portrait executed for the Fifth volume of the *Contributor*, the first number of which will be issued in October. The likeness is a daguerrotype taken four years previous to the death of the subject. It was obtained by Brother James H. Hart, from Dr. Johnson, who resides in South-west City, near the mine dividing Arkansas from Indian Territory, some distance from railroad communication. While at the gentleman's residence Brother Hart had an interesting interview with Mrs. Johnson, daughter of the late Oliver Cowdery, and her mother, relict of the deceased. Dr. Johnson talked as if he would like to come westward and locate in the Rocky Mountain region.

Brother Hart also visited David Whitmer, at Richmond, Mo., and had a very agreeable time with him.

**Back From Abroad.**—Last evening we had the pleasure of a call from Elder Joseph A. West, who reached his home in Ogden last Sunday from his mission to Europe. He left this city for England on the 11th of September, 1882, and on arriving in that country was appointed to the London Conference. For the first two months he was assigned to the Whitechapel District. During that time he labored with considerable success, and had the pleasure of adding thirteen new members to the Church by baptism. He was then appointed to preside over the Conference, a position he occupied until his release to return home. He was a vigorous, enterprising and successful missionary, as evinced by many of his active operations about which details have occasionally appeared in the News. While abroad he took the opportunity of making a brief tour on the Continent of Europe, visiting France and Italy. He traveled over Great Britain pretty thoroughly, among his pleasant trips being a visit to Scotland.

Brother West left Liverpool for New York on the 11th inst., on the splendid Steamship *Alaska*, of the Guion line, which made the quickest western Atlantic trip on record, the time being seven days and forty-three minutes. We bid Brother West a hearty welcome home.

**JNO. A. BAILEY AND M. K. PARSON,** Land Agents and Attorneys, Salt Lake City—Write to them enclosing stamp and they will give information FREE about Land Matters.

**Ayer's Ague Cure** is the only remedy known, which is certain to cure Fever and Ague permanently, by expelling the malarial poison which produces the disease. It does this surely, and leaves no ill effects upon the system. Nothing is so thoroughly depressing and discouraging as the periodical return of the alternate chills, fever and sweating, peculiar to this disease.