in in Boston and vicinity, ral paid their passage, but ght little with them in the way

usebold goods.
c steamer Parrhia, from Livil, which arrived this morning, rought a large number of the class of immisrants.

iladelphis, 15.—Sixty-nine ed farmers, from Mayo and ay, arrived in the steamship The Rev. B. S. Kelly, of ay, was also a passenger. He een sent to this country by the Bishop of Tuam to raise Bishop of Tuam to raise by for the relief of his distressed

RWICH, Conn., 15.—Olney Burof Foster, R. I., while making indly call upon Daniel and y Burlingham, at Killingly, ecticut, suddenly shot Daniel, lly injuring him. In the strughich ensued for the pistol, y was dangerously wounded.

ess returned to Rhoda Island

he was arrested. While
taken to jail, Killingly asked
allowed to jump over-board,
a would save the State trouble xpense. Burgess killed him-

w York, 16.—A dispatch from am's Ranch, Texas, states that mense meteor fell yesterday, ying the house of L. Garcia illing him, his wife and five en. Every window in the was shattered and all the shaken. The meteor is stilling, and covers an acre of

PAUL, 16.—Officials of the ern Pacific are responsible for atement that large slaughters will be established at various of the Yellowstone country of the Yellowstone country the line of that road with a to the shipment of dressed the east, and that by this great saving will be made in et shipment of live stock. CAGO, 16.—The President of North Chicago Rolling Mills

that the mills would be again ration in from three to six as, or not at all. They would started while present prices ued. Four thousand men peen thrown out by the stop-titlese mills. He thinks one-of the rails needed this year eady in the market and exthe opinion that the cutlook orers now out of employment

ory dark one. PAUL, 16.—The work in the es is practically suspended. It nated that the total cut of logs streams above here is 435,-O feet, or 50,000,000 in excess amount cut in any former

WAUKEE, 16.—The evidence Scheller case is now all in ac case will be submitted to ry this afternoon.

FOREIGN.

DON, 12.-Norman, Gailagher, , Wilson, Curtin and Auswers taken to Bow Street Poourt this morning in the prison riven at a rapid pace and ac-nied by a guard of armed poad mounted constables. A prowd followed the prisoners Court House. The whole was lined with policemen, and precaution to prevent rescue The prisoners appeared percalm.

prisoners were arraigned be-adge ingham. Smythe, Gould burney appeared for the de-

nd, opening for the prosecu-eclared there was no doubt in I the evidence obtained by the itles that a conspiracy is in nce in America, the purpose ich was the destruction of ge in this country; that the worked by the conspirator was nite; that some men now on in court were from the United for the purpose of putting scheme into operation; that ad furnished means and men blish the recently discovered ite manufactory a Birmingand that Gallagher, Wilson orman visited the manufact-Whitehead, at his place in r gham, with the purpose of bg to London a supply of exu important link in the chain idence concerning Norman. 22d, a man went to Euston b to live; he remained 14 days, n April 2, went to Birming-saying he was going to get the He did not return at the ted time. His plan was, and doubt, changed while in

Street Hotel, where Gallagher had a room for Norman. The latter telegraphed Gallagber the 6th of April, that he would return to his quarters in Euston Square. He did come back, and at Euston Square a man took the box brought by Norman containing some bags of hitro glycer-ine, and left them at a place in Southampton street where the police subsequently made the arpolice subsequently made the arrest, Poland proposed to show that Norman and Wilson repeatedly bommunicated with Gallagher, known as Fletcher. Wilson visited Gallagher, saying his tailor telegraphed on the 3d of April, 'Tam sorry I can't see you to-day; I must call on Alfred," supposed to mean Whitehead; "will see you to-morrow." The man who was known as Wilson went to Birmingham Wilson went to Birmingham with an empty portmanteau, and returned with nitro-gly cerine in it. Norman's statement that he was a clerk; etc., had been regarded by a gentleman from the United States as a tissue of falsehoods. To show that Gallagher was really a dispenser of the funds of the society, Poland pointed out the fact that he had in his possession when arrested £115 in English notes stamped by a New York firm in the same way in which the note taken from Norman was stamped. It was clear, there-fore, that he was one of the principal conspirators, and not an innocent clerk or even the dupe of a sharp rascal. Gallagher himself brought the sinews of war from the United States. Gallagher himself communicated with all the subordinate conspirators. Gallagher telegraphed Whitehead on the 27th of March, promising to see him soon. Curtin, on arrival in London, reported by letter to Gallagher, not being advired of the latter's arrest. When the officers captured Curtin, a certain diary of his recorded the places visited since his arrival ed the places visited since his arrival in England. The list included Glasgow, Blackburn and Liverpool. It would appear in evidence that Curtin was also one of the chief persons of the conspiracy. The papers in Gallagher's luggaga referred to Ansburgh, whom Gallagher visited. O'Connor went to the United States.

Two years ago, and letters showed he had established relations with O'Donovan Rossa, McClure, and Devey. He returned to this country a short time since under the name of Dallin. Certain of his actions let to the country as a short time since under the name of Dallin. tions led to suspicion that he was not a person to be trusted at large and he was put under surveilance. On the 3rd of April he was observed taking observations of persons in Parliament.

Poland intimated that he would ask to have the prisoners remanded for a week so he might become informed of the proceedings in other parts of the Kingdom where similar cases are being examined. He also intimated that the charge against these men would be changed from the comparatively simple one on which they are now arraigned to the more serious offences of conspiracy, by a band of men to effect the objects of their conspiracy regardless of the loss of life which would result. It was a question only a magistrate could decide, whether they were not indictable for conspiracy to murder. It is possible, furthermore, that at a future stage of this proceeding a charge would be lodged against them under the treason and felony

Gould said he watched the case for Gallagher, whose counsel would be engaged hereafter.

A lot of papers were put in evidence, including the catalogue of a chemical firm in Birmingham. The latter was found at Norman's lodgings, and contained full directions for making dynamite.

The proprietor of the hotel where Norman was stopping when arrested was brought face to face with Gallagher, and testified to the best of his belief he was the person who, under the name of Fletcher, visited Norman.

A daughter of the hotel proprietor from whom Gallagher engaged rooms for Norman, positively identified him as Fistcher.

The proprietor of the hotel at which Ansburgh stopped identified Gallagher as the man who who had

visited Ansburgh.

A clerk at the Charing Cross Hotel, where Gallagher boarded, failed to recognize any of the prisoners as the men who visited Gallagher.

The pelice at Wakefield arrested a man known as McNulty, believed to be a Fenian.

The Government contemplate asking the Commons for extra compensation to pay the police as a rehe should take a package of in connection with the kiscoveries of lycerine to Southampton dynamite.

LONDON, 12.—There was a meet-of the Irish members of Parliament to-day. Parnell was not present, owing to the condition of his health. A resolution was adopted declaring that it was advisable at the present juncture that Parnell should remain in England to attend to his parllamentary duties.

Private inquiries at Galway and Ennis, Ireland, show the existence there of societies similar to the Invincibles. The information is regarded as important.

The society for the relief of dis-

tressed foreigners gave its annual banquet this evening. £3,200 was subscribed in aid of the society.

Birmingham, 12 —In order to render the examination of Whitehead secure from interruption, it was carried on in the jail where he was confined instead of the police court, It was announced by the magistrate that a request had come from the Home Office, London, that White-head be remanded for eight days. The prisoner, through his counsel, consented, and he was accordingly sent back to jail.

In the trial of Braby Counsel de-nounced Carey's villainy in having betrayed men whom he had seduced into the commission of crime. The informers, he said, contradicted each other on important points. The rule was, an infamous informer's testi-mony unaccompanied by any other evidence, should be accepted. Interested evidence must be corrobora-ted by disinterested testimony. In this case such evidence was lacking. Annie Meagher deposed that she was with Brady at her uncle's home on the 6th of May, at 5 p. m., and again from 6.45 until 8 p. m. The keeper of a public house named Little, deposed that Brady was in his house at 4 p.m., and again at 3.45 on the evening of the 6th of May. Cross-examination, however, elicited the fact that Little's house was a regular rendezvous of the Invinci-

At 6 the court adjourned. It expected the verdict will be rendered early to-morrow.

As Brady was conveyed back to prison there were hisses for Carey and cheers for Brady. The demon-stration was so marked that the police arrested two of the offenders.

Cork, 12.—Inquiry is proceeding here with great secrecy regarding the dynamite conspiracy. Arrests will undoubtedly follow.

Paris, 12.—Garnier Bensil, former French consul at Shanghal, commit

It is stated the Count de Chambord suffers from incipient disease of the heart.

Bordeaux, 12.—A fire this after-noon completely destroyed the mili-tary bakehouse and a large quantity of provisions and military stores. The flames are not yet under control.

Berlin, 22.—As the resolve of Vice Admiral Von Batsch to retire from active service becomes more fixed despite the Emperor's letter asking him to remain, the deepest regret is manifested in naval circles. Admiral Von Batsch retires because his endeavor to bring the navy late the hands of experienced scamen proved unsuccessful.

St. Petersburg, 12.—A Ukase has been issued by the government, ordering increased vigilance to be observed on the frontier, to prevent suspicious persons entering the country. It is supposed that this precaution is taken owing to the approach of the time fixed for the

coronation of the Czar.

At the trial of Nihilists one prisoner, Borelaski, turned informer.

No reporters were admitted. One of the accused stated that the work on the mine in the Little Garden

Continued night and day.

Dublin, 13.—The Judge finished his cherge at 3.13 when the jury retired. They were absent but a short tired. They were absent but a short Bordeaux, 14.—Loss by fire in the time, and when they returned to the military bakehouse was £10,000, court-room announced that they found Brady guilty of the murder of Cavendish and Burke. Brady was immediately sentenced to

Berne, 13.—Reports have been received here to day that the villages of Silvestre, Ticino and Salvatore in Italy are on fire.

London, 10.—A telegram from Hong Kong dated the 11th says: the French minister to China had arranged the Tonquin affair satisfactorily in December, but the new French ministry rejected the arrangement, the result will probably be a long and costly war for France. China will use the best troops and they will probably be a commanded they will probably be commanded by European leaders and perhaps have the assistance of a European

A few months ago, large quanti-

tles of American wheat were bought for forward delivery, it havwheat were ing been assumed by the purchasers that the continuance of bad weath-er would cause a rise in prices. On the contrary, there has been a decline of five shillings per quarter. Heavy losses are thus caused, and in London and the provinces a number

of failures are probable.

LONDON, 13.—The race for the
Newmarket handicap for three-year olds and upwards was won by Duke Beaufort's Faugh-a-Ballagh. Lord Garche's Alison second, and General Owen Williams Cohort, third. Seven started.

The Metropolitan Board of Works recommend that because danger is to be feared from explosions, that workmen entering the sewers of

London be carefully watched.

New Orleans, 13.—The steamship Venezue'an, from Liverpool, via Mexico, went ashore 400 yards to the westward of the South Pass this morning, in ten feet of water.

She draws fourteen feet.
London, 14—It is stated that the formal identification by Carey dur-ing his examination in the case of Joe Brady, of Tynam's photograph as the picture of the man known as Number One, has caused the govern-ment to take active steps to secure

Tynsm's arrest. Four detectives are said to have gone in purent.

The Evening News reports that 2,000 persons have been arrested at Moscow for being engaged in plotting against the life of the Czar.

Paris, 14.—A wild paule was caused in the Produce Exchange by the death of Bierdermann, one of the largest oil brokers of Paris. No quotations made on exchange yesterday, and a general collapse of the market is feared. It is stated that all engagements of deceased will be met.

London, 14.—The queen has finally decided to go to Oaborne Nest Tuesday, and in consequence of this intimation of Her Majesty, several detectives have arrived at Cowes, and the authorities are extremely vigilant in scrutinizing suspicious persons and guarding against any danger to the Queen. They have arrested a number of persons, but the prisoners in all cases proved in-

Panama, 14.—No fu ther fighting has occurred among the canal laborers and no farther trouble is expected. The next importation of aborers will be from the Sandwich Islands. The seven men imprisoned on suspicion of the \$50,000 robbery from the Panama railroad, were set free, there being no evidence against them.

Earthquakes are of almost daily occurrence, but no serious damage thus far. The fire at Iquiue destroyed ten blocks. The fire did not reach the business portion of the city, stopping at the market place. All the officers of the depots of the railway; the Parish Church, the Fourth of July Hotel, the Cable Company's offices and private dwellings; Messrs. Lorez Jamieson, Dawson, Curvalio, James, Massardo, Carlos, Gallagher and a number of others dwellings were burned to the ground. It is said a vast amount of property research. amount of property rescued from the amount of property rescue to that the burning buildings, was stolen. The loss is estimated at \$1,500,000; insured \$500,000. Many families are rendered homeless.

Yokahama, 22.—The Japanese investigations in Corea fix the populations of 2,000,000 the capital.

lation at 7,289,000, the capital, with suburbs, 200,000. Itz Hirobumi, Privy Counseior, now traveling in Europe, has been instructed to attend the coronation of the Emperor of Russia.

Fifteen vessels are at Teuton, ready to load stores, for the Anam expedition, in the event of an unfavorable answer to the ultimatum of Capt. Kergarler.

Berlin, 14.—The Nord Deutsche Zeitung praises the promptness with which the British House e of Commons passed the bill in regard to explosives, and compares unfavorably the long debate on the Socialist law in the Reichstag. The condition of Bismarck's

health is less favorable. He is not likely to appear in the Reichstag

again. The German, Australian and Italian governments are about to consider the unlawful use of explosives and plans for the destruction of life and property generally. Italy has informed Germany that henceforth no substance capable of being exploded can be conveyed over any Italian rallway in quantities weigh-

expresses the warmest thanks to the governor of Yakutsk for assist-ing the crews of the Jeannette and Rodger 8

Pasth, 14.—Sponga, who shot him-self when arrested for the murder of Count Von Ezskely, is fatally

Antwerp, 14.—There is great ex-eitement among port laborers over an attempt to introduce an improved system of unloading grain, favored by the municipal authorities. The laborers are determined to pre-

The laborers are determined to prevent its adoption.
Copenhagen, 14.—The Folkething adopted, 72 to 20, an address to the King, expressing a want of confidence in the Miniatry.
Cork, 14.—Featherstone, Carmondy and O'Herlihy, arrested for consplicacy to murdar, were before

conspiracy to murder, were before the magistrate again yesterday. Evidence was produced of finding on Featherstone a document head-ed "Cure for Gout," but which was really a receipt for manufacturing explosives; also, a letter in O'Her-liby's writing asking Featherstone to forward two carboys of nitric acid from Glasgow.

The Crown asked that the prison-

ers be further remanded.

Paris, 14.—Cazot, Minister of Justice under Gambetts, is appointed
President of the Court of Cansation The appointment is regarded as an indication of the liberal tendencies

of Minister Ferry.

Physical Right Rev.
Jno. Tuigg, Bishop of the Pittsburg diocese of the Roman Catholic, Church, who was stricken with paralysis yesterday, is in an unconclous condition and not expected to live over night. live over night.

live over night.

PHILADELPHIA, 15. — Michael
McAndrews, who was shot in his
own saloon by policeman Botorff,
died to-day. Jno. Scott, last night,
"assaulted policeman Barger who arrested him for fighting, was probably fatally shot by Barger.

New York, 15.—The two-story
building, 279, 231 and 283, Breadway, occupied by the Bradstreet
Commercial Agency, Remington &

Commercial Agency, Remington & Son, rifle manufacturers, and Halls Safe and Lock Co. was gutted by fire to-day. Loss, about \$170,000; partly insured. The Bradstreets recently had their stock insured for \$100,000, and this will probably cover the loss if the books were not deatrox ed. destroyed.

John Green shot and killed his

uncle, John Winchester, at Jacksboro, Texas, yesterday. The shooting was the result of an old feud. James Wyrick and Joshph Blackerby, of the same place, had a diffi-culty about some sheep, during which the former killed the latter.

CHICAGO, 15.—This afternoon Renan Nowak, a Bohemian cabinet maker, went to the house of his di-vorced wife for the purpose of getdren, a boy four years old. Bhe refused him admission, when he drew a revolver and fired through the window, at which she was eitting, shooting her in the head, the ball lodging in her brain. He then turned the pistol on himself and blew his own brains out, falling dead on the doorstep. A letter was found in his pocket giving directions to the Knights of Honor to use the insurance on his life for the educa-tion of his children. The shooting was evidently premeditated. The woman can't live through the night

Dublin, 15.—The mother of Peter Tyeran, No. 1, says she believes her son was a superior officer of the Invincibles.

Although a true bill was returned against II of the prisoners charged with the Phoenix Park murders, it is believed that only three will be tried on the capital charge.

It is stated that Delaney and Mo-Cafferty will plead guilty. Peter Carey will depose on Monday that he was sworn in as an Invincible by his brother. They will be tried after Curley.

London, 15.—An English vessel with a large cargo of dynamite, has sailed from Antwerp for England;

the police are awaiting its arrival.

Barnard Gallagher, arrested at
Glasgow on the charge of being connected with the dynamite plot will
be brought to London. He denied

having turned approver.

Cosk, 16.—Three gunboats are now cruising off this port waiting to intercept a vessel from America having on board a consignment of informal mechanics. infernal machines.

Vienna, 16.—The President of the Beichsrath has received a letter warning him that an attempt will be made soon to destroy the parliament italian railway in quantities weighing over 100 pounds.

Bt. Petersburg, 14.—The Emperor by a cordon of mounted police.