The Evening paper is the paper of Today, the morning paper is the paper of Yesterday.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

5 O'clock -EDITION.-

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 286. WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1893. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH. VOL. XXVI

CITIZENS' VICTORY.

A Glorious Achievement in the Interest of Reform.

GENERAL REJOICING TODAY.

Citizens Elect the Mayor, Recorder, Marshal, Justice of the Peace and Ten Councilmen.

The extra edition of the NEWS issued last night after the polls had closed conveyed to the public as nearly as possible at that time the result of the great election struggle and showed plainly that the citizens had been victorious. The news was received with uncontestable enthusiasm and cheers of without delight. The streets rapidly filled with thousands of people who celebrated the glorious victory until long after midnight. The detailed count was not finished until a late hour this morning and when the judges had completed their labors and returns from all of the polls had been made it was ascertained beyond question that the Citizens had elected their candidates for mayor, recorder, marshal, police justice, three councilmen in the First, three in the Third, three in the Fourth and one in the Second municipal wards. The total vote by precincts is as follows:

CITY TICKET.

	First Precinct	Second Precinct	Third Precinct	Fourth Precinct	Fifth Precinct	Total
Mayor						
E. M. Dickie (C)	347	208	175	158	102	1,000
J. T. Caine (L)	197	180	161	118	102	758
Recorder						
O. H. Jackson (C)	343	205	175	156	102	981
A. L. Allen (L)	197	181	161	120	102	761
Marshal						
A. S. Burton (C)	346	205	175	156	102	984
Henry L. Dodge (L)	194	180	161	120	102	757
City Marshal						
Jesse Pratt (C)	343	206	175	156	102	982
J. D. King (L)	193	180	161	120	102	756
Police Justice						
Jos. H. Smith (C)	346	205	175	156	102	984
H. S. Richards (L)	193	180	161	120	102	756

Majority for Dickie, Chairman Committee for Mayor, 242.
Majority for Dickie, Liberal, 36.
Majority for Pratt, Liberal, 36.
Majority for Smith, C., 228.

First Precinct.

Councilmen	Vote Maj.
Dunn, C.	346 [illegible]
Young, C.	346 [illegible]
Jewell, C.	346 [illegible]
Lawson, L.	193 [illegible]
Musgrave, L.	193 [illegible]
Leary, L.	193 [illegible]

Second Precinct.

Councilmen	Vote Maj.
Thomas, C.	205 [illegible]
Young, C.	205 [illegible]
Gangle, C.	205 [illegible]
Sampson, L.	180 [illegible]
Dinwoodey, L.	180 [illegible]
Cronin, L.	180 [illegible]

Third Precinct.

Councilmen	Vote Maj.
Hansen, C.	160 [illegible]
Burton, C.	160 [illegible]
Merritt, C.	160 [illegible]
Hoffman, L.	161 [illegible]
Sheridan, L.	161 [illegible]
Cronin, L.	161 [illegible]

Fourth Precinct.

Councilmen	Vote Maj.
Clawson, C.	156 [illegible]
Cheney, C.	156 [illegible]
Leary, C.	156 [illegible]
Theisler, L.	120 [illegible]
Stevens, L.	120 [illegible]

Fifth Precinct.

Councilmen	Vote Maj.
Walker, C.	102 [illegible]
Riley, C.	102 [illegible]
Howell, C.	102 [illegible]
Lynn, L.	102 [illegible]
O'Brien, L.	102 [illegible]
Cook, L.	102 [illegible]

Party Votes by Precincts.

Following are the highest party votes by precincts:

CITIZENS.

First ward	346
Second ward	205
Third ward	175
Fourth ward	156
Fifth ward	102

LIBERALS.

First	197
Second	180
Third	161
Fourth	120
Fifth	102

Summary of Registration and Votes.

Following are the totals of the city by precincts:

Total Registration.	Total Citizens votes	Total Liberal votes	Total Registered Not Voting
First	595	353	242
Second	386	186	200
Third	336	161	175
Fourth	276	120	156
Fifth	204	102	102
Total	1797	921	876

CITY LEGISLATIVE TICKET.

	First Precinct	Second Precinct	Third Precinct	Fourth Precinct	Fifth Precinct	Total
For Councilmen:						
F. S. Williams, R.	347	206	175	157	102	987
John E. Booth, R.	347	206	175	157	102	987
Alma R. Burton, R.	347	206	175	157	102	987
John Q. Cannon, R.	346	205	175	156	102	984
A. W. Ivins, R.	346	205	175	156	102	984
E. M. Dickie, R.	346	205	175	156	102	984
E. A. Wilson, R.	346	205	175	156	102	984
H. S. Richards, R.	346	205	175	156	102	984
For Assessor:						
C. H. Hart, D.	197	177	161	120	102	757
C. H. Hart, R.	346	206	175	156	102	985
A. C. McNeil, D.	193	180	161	120	102	756
E. W. Wilson, R.	346	205	175	156	102	984
Ab Kessler, D.	197	179	161	120	102	757
H. A. Smith, R.	346	206	175	156	102	985
Justice Peace, R.	346	206	175	156	102	985
J. Thomas, R.	346	206	175	156	102	985
H. S. Lawrence, R.	346	206	175	156	102	985
J. H. Anderson, R.	346	206	175	156	102	985
R. S. Critchlow, R.	346	206	175	156	102	985
Geo. A. Bain, R.	346	206	175	156	102	985
A. Pepper, L.	193	180	161	120	102	756
C. S. Allen, L.	193	180	161	120	102	756
O. W. Powers, L.	193	180	161	120	102	756
W. F. Rowe, L.	193	180	161	120	102	756
W. H. Shearman, L.	193	180	161	120	102	756
G. W. Hill, L.	193	180	161	120	102	756

Councilor for Legislative Council—Williams, R., 31; Parker, L., 31; Smith, L., 30.
Councilor for Legislative House of Repres.—Jennings, R., 31; Allen, L., 31; Stevens, L., 30; Hatch, L., 30; Parsons, L., 30; Hall, L., 30.

County Sheriff and Superintendent.

PRECINCTS.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mountain Dell	[illegible]	[illegible]
Big Cottonwood	[illegible]	[illegible]
Hunter	[illegible]	[illegible]
South Jordan	[illegible]	[illegible]
Draper	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bluffdale	[illegible]	[illegible]
North Jordan	[illegible]	[illegible]
Herriman	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lone Peak	[illegible]	[illegible]
Alta	[illegible]	[illegible]
East Mill Creek	[illegible]	[illegible]
South Cottonwood	[illegible]	[illegible]
Granite	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ophir	[illegible]	[illegible]
Rush Valley	[illegible]	[illegible]
Tooele	[illegible]	[illegible]
West Tooele	[illegible]	[illegible]
Grantsville	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lake Cottonwood	[illegible]	[illegible]
Stockton	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ophir	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lake Cottonwood	[illegible]	[illegible]
Stockton	[illegible]	[illegible]
Upper Bowery	[illegible]	[illegible]
Total from precincts received	[illegible]	[illegible]

THE LEGISLATURE.

Council.

First Council district, Rich and Cache counties. Candidates, J. T. Hammond, R., C. H. Hart, D., of Logan. Returns not complete, but those now in show the election of Hart.

Second Council district, Ogden city. N. A. Kresten, R., is elected by a vote 1,057 against 1,037 for Saunders Smith, D.

Third Council district, Box Elder county and Weber county outside of Ogden. Candidates Peter Lowe, R., of Brigham City, and John Sharp, D., of Ogden. Returns not all in, but far as received, Lowe is in the lead, but the precincts yet to hear from may easily change this result.

Fourth Council district, Salt Lake City, elects F. L. Williams, R., C. W. Taylor, R., and H. S. Booth, R.

Fifth Council district, Davis, Morgan and Tooele counties, the greater part of Utah county, and four precincts of Salt Lake county. Candidates, Alma Hague, R., and H. P. McCune, of Provo. Returns are not complete. Those now in place Hague elected, but reports to hear from may reverse the situation.

Sixth Council district, seven precincts in Salt Lake county and five precincts in Utah county. Candidates, John E. Booth, R., and E. A. Wilson, D., of Provo. Returns not in, but those received show Booth to be elected.

Seventh Council district, Summit and Uintah counties and part of Salt Lake county. Candidates, Alma Eldredge, R., and W. W. Cluff, D., of Coalville. Returns not complete, but those now to show Eldredge's election.

Eighth Council district, part of Sanpete and Utah counties. Candidates, A. A. Tuttle, R., and C. H. Lund, D., of Sanpete county. Returns not all in, but those received show that Lund is elected.

Ninth Council district, Wasatch, Emery, Grand, Sevier and Millard counties. Candidates, Orange Seely, R., of Emery county, and Joshua Greenwood, D., of Millard county. Returns are incomplete but show Seely's election.

Tenth Council district, Beaver, Piute, Iron, Garfield, Washington, Kane and San Juan counties. Candidates, C. F. Childs, R., of Beaver, and Robert Allen, D., of Iron county. Returns not complete, but show Allen's election.

The showing thus far is:

Republicans 4.
Democrats 4.
Liberals 2.

Doubtful 2; with present appearances favoring the Republicans.

Both Liberal councilors are Republicans in national politics.

House of Representatives.

First Representative district, Cache and Rich counties. Candidates, M. W. Merrill, R., W. R. Walton, R., Joseph Sumson, D., Aquila Nebeker, D. The returns are not complete, but indicate the election of the Democratic candidates, Nebeker and Sumson.

Second Representative district, Box Elder county. Candidates, W. H. Hansen, R., A. D. Hubbard, D. Returns incomplete. Hansen is assured to be seated, but the other precincts may change the situation.

Third Representative district, Ogden city. Candidates, Joseph Stanford, R., A. J. Warner, R., J. N. Parkins, R., M. H. Brough, D. Stanford and Warner are both elected by nearly 200 majority.

Fourth Representative district, Weber county outside of Ogden. Candidates, David McKay, R., Geo. F. Hunter, R. The vote was close, with McKay ahead and some small precincts to hear from.

Fifth Representative district, Salt Lake City. Six Liberals were elected: Pignian, Powers, Allen, Mason, Parsons and Hall.

Sixth Representative district, Davis and Morgan counties and three Salt Lake county precincts. Candidates, E. P. Ellison, R., and Davis Stoker, D., of Davis county. Returns not all in, but show Stoker's election.

Seventh Representative district, seven precincts in Salt Lake county, and five precincts in the north part of Utah county. Candidates, Ira D. Wines, R., of Lehi, and D. O. Rideout Jr., of Draper. Wines is elected.

Eighth Representative district, eleven precincts in central Salt Lake county. Candidates, S. W. Sears, R., and R. E. Miller, D. Returns not complete, but those in show a majority of 7 for Sears. The other precincts are claimed by Republicans, and the Democratic candidate concedes that they will change the result.

Ninth Representative district, Juab and Tooele counties and Bingham precinct, Salt Lake county. Candidates, C. R. Mallinis, R., and Geo. L. Stookey, D., of Tooele county. Returns are not complete, but show to show the election of Stookey.

Tenth Representative district, Sanpete and Emery counties. Candidates, A. R. Emery, R., and John McDonald, Dr. of Park City. Returns incomplete, but sufficient to show that Emery is elected.

Eleventh Representative district, four precincts of Utah county, inclusive of Provo and Springville. Candidates, Hugh G. Sharp, R., and Abe Robertson, D., of Springville. Both sides claim the district.

Twelfth Representative district, two precincts in Utah county, two in Sanpete county, and one in Juab county. The candidates are F. D. Hoyt, R., of Payson, and John Moore, D., of Spanish Fork. Returns are incomplete, but indicate the election of Moore.

Thirteenth Representative district, the greater part of Sanpete county. Candidates, Jesse Johnson, R., of Spring City, and C. W. Peterson, D., of Fountain. The returns are not complete, but indicate Johnson's election. Otherwise it precincts may change the result, though there are few votes, as Johnson's majority on the returns is too big.

Fourteenth Representative district, Wasatch, Emery and Grand counties. Candidates, A. C. Hatch, R., and J. R. Mann, D., of Heber City. Returns incomplete, but show that Hatch is elected.

Fifteenth Representative district, Sevier and Millard counties. Candidates, W. H. Clark, R., and J. J. Stewart, D., of Richfield. Returns are still not sufficient to show that Clark is seated by a considerable majority.

Sixteenth Representative district, Beaver, Piute and Iron counties. Candidates, R. W. Heyborne, R., Iron county, and T. J. Talbot, D., Beaver county. Returns not complete, but show Talbot's election by a considerable majority.

Seventeenth Representative district, Washington and Kane counties. Candidates, Martin Slack, R., and A. W. Telles, D., of St. George. Returns not all in, but there is sufficient to show a heavy majority for Telles.

The result for the House of Representatives, so far as shown, is:

Republicans 8.
Democrats [illegible].
Liberals 6.

Doubtful 2, with appearances favoring the Democrats in one instance—the Sevier district—and the Republicans in the other—the Eighth.

Thus [illegible] Liberals are Democratic or Populistic politics and three are Republicans.

Election Returns.

P. L. Williams and W. S. McCornick were congratulating each other today on the fact that one of them had beaten Pat Maloney and the other Samuel Gompers in yesterday's contest. Mr. Williams says he will now suggest the organization of a mutual admiration society.

The ladies of the Second municipal ward served an elegant lunch to the judges and workers for the Citizens' movement yesterday.

Ten straight Democratic legislative and Citizens' municipal tickets were thrown out by the judges of the Fifth precinct last night for the reason the name of the Citizens' congressional nominee from the second precinct, Hall, had been omitted as it is believed they may when the final returns be made the Liberal majority in that district will be reduced ten votes.

AMUSEMENTS.

FRANK DANIELS.—Judging from the many favorable criticisms accorded the production of spectacular Little Puck at the hands of comedian Frank Daniels and his clever company, the story play has been improved and brightened up till it is almost a new comedy. Little Puck will be given you each those nights at the Theater tonight and tomorrow night.

Beaten by Negroes.

S. H. Lukins, Jos. M. Kirkman and Verne Avery while going home after the parade about one o'clock this morning were set upon and shamefully beaten by a gang of negroes. Avery received serious injuries and was conveyed to the police station. Sometime afterwards a colored man named Stevie was attacked by the same crew. He threw his revolver and they started off pell mell. He fired two shots at them but it is evident that neither of them took effect.

Fire in Levy's Cigar Store.

A fire, the origin of which is unknown, was discovered in Sam Levy's cigar store on East Temple between First and Second South streets last night about 11 o'clock. The department was called out and worked industriously to extinguish the blaze but was unable to locate it for some time. The loss will probably reach $1200. The property was fully covered by insurance.

Probate Court Today.

In the matter of the estate of Joseph James, deceased, Thomas J. James was appointed administrator on filing a bond of $[illegible]. George D. Pyper, I. H. Lewis and S. A. Alderson were appointed appraisers.

Box Elder Election Returns.

Special Dispatch to the News.

BRIGHAM, NOV. 8.—In the city election, Judge Pardoe, D., is elected mayor. The Democrats also elect the marshal, recorder and two councilmen. The Republicans get three councilmen.

Additional returns on the legislative ticket are as follows:

Three Mile Creek, Democratic, 27, Republicans, 19.

Bear River—Democratic 46, Republicans 28.

Curlew Fort—Democrats 21, Republicans 18.

Deweyville—Democrats 16, Republicans 29.

Corinne—Democrats 18, Republicans 27.

Mantua—Democrats 33, Republicans 28.

So far the Democrats are 60 ahead in the county with six precincts to hear from, but it is conceded that the Democratic majority will not be lessened. Hubbard is elected and Stewart has a majority of the votes in our county.

THE ELECTIONS.

They Do Not Accord With the Predictions of Either Party.

UNPREPARED FOR THE RESULT.

Tables from Sheets Picked Up at Sea—Without Food Three Days—Weeks, the Defaulter.

WASHINGTON, D. C., NOV. 8.—The results of the election have been a surprise to all parties here. In fact they are not accord with the predictions of either Democrats, Republicans or Populists. The only gain of consequence for the Democrats is the defeat of the Populists and the election of Paul Cull in Virginia, where they were terrorized by Populist threats. This, however, is only small comfort in the face of the overwhelming slaughter elsewhere. They expected defeat in states where the free silver element is strong, but they were not prepared to be swamped under in some strong states like Massachusetts and New York. All prominent Democratic leaders ascribe the rout to two causes—dissatisfaction of farmers over the financial situation and the apathy of disappointed office-seekers.

The defeat in Iowa is greatly regretted, not so much on account of the meeting of the election of Republican United States senator as in the political removal of Governor Boies from the list of eligible presidential timber. The Populists are much disappointed at their showing, but claim that later returns will be better for them.

About the only jubilant note in the Democratic ranks are the silver men, who are in a position to say to the President, "I told you so." They will take this as a text and at the opening of the regular session they will be prepared to renew the fight on silver more vigorously than ever, if possible.

It is not believed the President is discouraged by the landslide, as he is known to believe that time will vindicate his policy.

OHIO.

CINCINNATI, NOV. 8.—McKinley carried this county by 10,[illegible] majority.

DES MOINES, NOV. 8.—Frank D. Jackson, Republican candidate for governor, is elected by about 10,000 plurality, or 9000 more than Harrison for President in 1892. Only about one-third of the precincts are heard from, but they are widely distributed and show a steady average, so there is no doubt about the result. The balance of the Republican ticket is elected by large pluralities.

Six hundred precincts give Jackson 73,[illegible] votes to 63,[illegible] for Boies, a Democratic gain of 14,000. Chairman Fuller of the Democratic committee concedes that Jackson is elected by 20,000. He lays the result to the celebrity cry of the Republican party and claiming that the land items are attributable to the Democratic administration, and the laboring man voted for a change.

Chairman Blythe says: "Iowa went Republican because it is for protection and because of the liberal position the party took on the liquor question."

The legislature will be Republican. The Republicans elected seventeen out of twenty-four senators and sixty-five out of 100 representatives.

The Populist vote in the state will hardly exceed 25,000. The Prohibition vote is not more than 14,000.

Returns and estimates from all except fourteen counties give McKinley a plurality of 86,[illegible]. The other fourteen counties last year gave a Democratic plurality of 3,[illegible]. Estimating a like Republican gain in each county would make McKinley's plurality in the state 67,[illegible].

In reply to inquiry from the general manager of the Associated Press as to the causes of the result in Ohio, Governor McKinley said today the campaign was fought out between himself and Neal on the question of tariff and free trade pure and simple, from beginning to end, and that the result was a verdict of the people of Ohio on those questions.

Later unofficial returns from the state at Republican headquarters indicate McKinley has carried the state by between seventy-five and ninety thousand plurality, the largest in the history of the state since 1869, when Brough had a hundred thousand over Vallingham, then an exile in Canada.

Chillicothe, the home of Neal, McKinley's opponent, went Republican for the first time.

Telegrams of congratulation are pouring in on McKinley from all parts of the country, wishing him equal success in 1896. Republican papers are out with the name for the next President. The legislature will be Republican by about two thirds in both houses.

At Democratic state headquarters the result is conceded to be such as give them no occasion to look after the returns.

Revised figures at the Republican headquarters indicate over 80,000 plurality for McKinley and three-fourths of the state legislature.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, NOV. 8.—The Republicans claim, from the nearly complete returns, 19 Republican senators to 7 Democrats and 63 Republican representatives to 34 Democrats. The Populist and Prohibition votes also removed the Republicans who have carried some counties which they never carried even during the war.

At 2 p. m. numerous of returns estimate McKinley's plurality at a hundred thousand. Chairman Dick, however, only claims 85,000.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, NOV. 8.—The election in this state is a clean sweep for the Republicans and every hour adds to the thoroughness of the Democratic defeat.

Birdsall is elected in the city of Syracuse over Mayard by probably over 3,000 and the rest of the Republican state ticket wins by 20,000. The senate, which is now Democratic, will have a Republican majority of six, the assembly of seventy, in the constitutional convention there will be 116 Republicans and 70 Democrats.

Tammany carried New York City by 80,000. Except some Republican districts in Brooklyn which are overwhelmingly long with over 15,000 plurality, Dudley Republicans to a few districts by 5,000.

Jersey City—The latest returns indicate the majority of the anti-race track candidates. The Republicans have a majority in the Legislature which stands 35 sure—Republicans 11, Democrats 16, possibly—Republicans 19, Democrats 21.

A dispatch to Governor Flower this afternoon stated that the Republicans had secured control of both the senate and assembly.

KENTUCKY.

LOUISVILLE, NOV. 8.—In Kentucky the Democratic state ticket held their own in the state legislature, Democrats better elected by at least the same by increased majorities. The Populists were not so green. Populists, the leading Populist of the state, was beaten for state senator by a large majority. Probably one Populist is elected.

The returns so far show of 138 legislators, 111 Democrats, 7 Republicans and 20 doubtful. Most of the doubtful are in the Republican districts, with an overwhelming majority in favor of the election of Lindsay to the United States Senate. The Democrats swept the city on the municipal ticket electing a mayor by 6,000 majority.

LOUISVILLE, KY., NOV. 8.—Returns received tonight from Ky. show all gains of the state indicate a falling off in the Democratic vote throughout.

IOWA.

DES MOINES, NOV. 8.—The returns continue to be pleasing to the Republicans, conceding to Populists and independent to Democrats. The most surprising thing in the election is the emptiness of the Prohibition and Populist vote of the state. The Prohibitions are only claim 10,000. General Weaver estimates the Populist vote at from 25,000 to 35,000 when all the returns are in. Other Populists put it at 20,000.

NEBRASKA.

OMAHA, NOV. 8.—The returns are still very meager. The error is still in doubt. The Republicans claim the election of Harrison for supreme judge by a small plurality.

COLORADO.

DENVER, NOV. 8.—The state is almost entirely Republican in the county sections. Equal suffrage carried.

MASSACHUSETTS.

BOSTON, NOV. 8.—Massachusetts shows tremendous by 30,000. All of the Republicans on the state ticket have won.

Returns to date indicate Greenhalge's plurality will be 32,[illegible].

ILLINOIS.

CHICAGO, NOV. 8.—Returns up to 12 o'clock indicate the success of the entire Republican judicial ticket with the possible exception of Krall, who was supposed to have some numerical leanings.

Judge Gary, on whom Governor Altgeld made the fight, is elected by hosts of votes, and has the lead of the latest by two to four thousand, chiefly by the aid of Democratic votes. The board of county commissioners will be colored.

PENNSYLVANIA.

PHILADELPHIA, NOV. 8.—Pennsylvania elected a Republican state ticket by probably 5,000.

PHILADELPHIA, NOV. 8.—Returns to this state so far as received gives Jackson, R., for state treasurer, 28,072, Outhwaite, D., 20,[illegible].

The Republicans had everything their own way in this city. County candidates are elected by an average of 25,000 plurality.

KANSAS.

TOPEKA, KS., NOV. 8.—Twelve returns and to the overwhelming defeat of the Populists in this state by the Republicans. The Democratic and Populist vote cut but a small figure. The indications are that the Republicans have elected county officers in ninety out of 105 counties in the state.

TOPEKA, KAS., NOV. 8.—Notwithstanding adverse reports, the Populists claim they have carried the state and that full returns will carry out their over-election predictions. Chairman Breidenthal says returns published are from cities and please sent telegraph stations and that the country, where the Populist strength is, has not been heard from at all.

Jerry Simpson expresses the greatest confidence that the Populists have carried the state and will show gains of 10 or 15 per cent over the vote of 1892. Senator Peffer says the contests say they have reports from both city and county and that both show Republican gains.

INDIANA.

INDIANAPOLIS, NOV. 8.—General Harrison says: "I am much gratified with the result of the election."

ex-President.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

ST. PAUL, NOV. 8.—Scattered reports from South Dakota confirm last night's reports of decided Republican victory.

AFTER EXILE.

Three Days at Sea Without Food—Five More Coming.

SAN FRANCISCO, NOV. 8.—Three whaling barks arrived here last night. One of them had on board five refugees from the penal colony of Sakalin, and five more who were with them will arrive in a few days by another vessel. They were passed on to a boat at sea after being without food three days. The supposition is that they sailed two of their guards in order to effect their escape. They have friends here who will endeavor to secure them and prevent their extradition to Russia.

The Burned Steamer.

TORONTO, NOV. 8.—Full particulars of the burning of the steamer Pilmer and loss of the tow Goose Island, last night, have not been received. It is known that the vessel took fire and was soon wrecked in Bruce, despite every effort to extinguish them. The number on board is not positively known, but not less than twenty lives were lost and seven saved.

Nobiliche Again Released.

CAPETOWN, NOV. 8.—A British column from Fort Tull, with Bechuanaland police, defeated the Matabele on November 2, with heavy loss. The British loss is eleven killed and two wounded.

Sixty Ten Years.

NEW YORK, NOV. 8.—Francis H. Weeks, the infantry recently bounced back from United America, was sentenced today to ten years imprisonment on the charge of [illegible].

Absolutely Off.

VANCOUVER, WASH., NOV. 8.—Ex-Secretary J. C. Dalton is unknowingly dead and unknown to this city. He suffered severe exile last night.

DYNAMITERS IN SPAIN

A Bomb Exploded in a Crowded Theater.

SCENES OF TERRIBLE DEATH AND DESTRUCTION. A Second Bomb Fell Harmless Nearly in a Lady's Lap.

BARCELONA, NOV. 8.—A dynamite bomb thrown by some anarchists into the midst of a crowded theater is the latest outrage and disaster in Spain. The Liceo theater, a magnificent building, the largest of its kind in Europe was filled last night with a distinguished audience estimated to number 4000. The opera of William Tell was being given. While the performance was in progress two dynamite bombs were hurled from the top most gallery into the midst of the stalls. One exploded with a detonation which shook the building to its foundations and scattered death and destruction on every side.

A second bomb fell into the lap of a lady and rolled thence harmlessly to the floor. A scene of confusion and terror followed. The audience rose to their feet in a panic, scarcely realizing what had happened. Women in building with the cries of pain and shrieks of fear and of vengeance. The terror and panic increased as the audience room filled with the smoke and dust from falling plaster and with the brown glass falling on the panic-stricken audience adding to the panic and confusion. Men scrambled over prostrating terror, the fears of other people being trodden overcome all friends and the audience made a mad rush for the exits, women and children receiving no consideration in the fierce struggle and were trampled under foot and crushed and left with other wounded and dying behind as they sought the open air. Only a few of the brave men remained behind to care for their loved ones who were lying helpless and bleeding on the floor.

When the gorged exits were finally cleared a horrible sight was presented to those who mustered enough courage to return to the house of those unable to help themselves. The stalls were the terrible sight. There was a mass of solid wreckage, amid which lay a large number of dead bodies, some mangled beyond recognition. When the wreckage was finally cleared away fifteen bodies, six men and nine women, all frightfully torn and disfigured, were taken out. Most of them were members of one family who, it is supposed, formed a gay theater party in honor of the birthday of one of their number. In the stalls groaning with pain, by many ladies and gentlemen, wounded by fragments of the comic splinters of wood, pieces of glass and bits of iron. Several of them were so seriously hurt that they cannot recover.

Attention was next turned to the exits and stairways where the terrible crush, following the explosion, occurred. Here lines dead and a large number of seriously wounded were picked up. Physicians were hastily summoned to care for the wounded, while the bodies of the dead were hurriedly raised and removed from the building. Among the dead is an American named Figuine and his wife, who were wedded. Great crowds surrounded the theatre all night and the utmost consternation prevails over the evident inability of the government to cope with the situation. The bomb thrower escaped. The police are making a general round up of the anarchists in the hope of getting some clue to the dastard who threw the bomb. The bomb which did not explode is an exact counterpart of those used by the Paleras anarchist who tried to assassinate General Martinez Campos.

Republican Majorities.

Special Dispatch to the NEWS.

PROVO, NOV. 8.—Returns from nearly all precincts show J. E. Booth, Republican, Sixth Council district and Ira D. Wines, Republican, Seventh Representative district, elected by small majorities. The Seventh Representative district is where Democrat, Republican and Robertson, Democrat, are candidates, is still in doubt.

Lobengula so He Is.

Word-pictures, however, unable to form a tolerably clear conception of Lobengula. He is now an enormously fat old man of sixty years of age. His height is not more than five hundred inches, but owing to his excessive girth he seems to be shorter than he is in reality. The description of him recall a picture in Judges, which describes how Eglon, the king of Moab, a very fat man, met his death by the dagger of Ehud. When Lobengula rise upon his beautiful couch receiving the visitors, he rests his hands upon his thighs, which are almost rolled to the prodigious paunch. Notwithstanding his corpulence, he is amazing to an observers not an unsightly match. He used to wear trousers and a dirty coat, but he has long since traded to the more picturesque costume of his own people. When in full dress he wears a broad ornamented black felt hat with a bunch of monkey skins round his waist and a sword by his side. Sometimes he arrangeds this by twining some white cotton round his shoulders. When he dresses—which was in his young days, for he is now too fat and gouty for that exercise—he was crowned in monkey skins and black ostrich feathers.—*Modern Geography Review.*

The county commissioners of Mineral county, says the Denver News, have requested Governor Waite to appoint an arbitrator to decide a vexed question which the commissioners of Mineral and Rio Grande counties are at loggerheads. The point at issue involves questions concerning the jurisdiction of the two counties and the right of Mineral county to collect taxes from certain territory. The Rio Grande county claims carried the war into Gunnison county and have applied for an injunction before the district court to restrain Mineral county from levying tax there. The law provides that in cases of disputed boundary line the governor may appoint an arbitrator.

RYAN AND THE WARRANT.

He Turned Up This Morning at the U. S. Marshal's Quarters.

THE SUM TO BE RAISED DEFINED—HIS BOND FIXED AT $[illegible]—THE BOOKMAKER BEING SAID WRITING.

The ex-superintendent of waterworks, by name W. H. Ryan, was so sick at home when Deputy Marshal Tillinghast went to arrest him the other day on a warrant, charging embezzlement while in the city employ, that the officer allowed him to remain on his giving a faithful promise that he would surrender as soon as he felt better. Ryan felt better, and this morning showed up with a sort of "Here I am" at Marshal Brigham's office. The embezzlement bond had been previously fixed by the Third district court at $[illegible], and Ryan now intimated that he was nearly prepared with his bondsmen and understood he to be there with them at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

Shortly before this time the defendant turned up and gave the names of the surcities—Bauer, C. L. Stalker and George Sudell. The parties arranged to be at the office of U. S. Commissioner Pratt at 4 p. m. to go through the requisite legal formalities.

A Welcome.

An entertainment will be given in the Seventh ward assembly rooms this evening, complimentary to Elders A. C. Thom and Frank B. Woodbury, who returned recently from missions. The program will consist of songs, recitations, [illegible], etc. There is no charge for admission.

Work of Thieves.

A night or two ago Mr. John Wagstaff, who lives in Farmers ward, lost between thirty and forty bushels of fine potatoes. He had dug and sacked them the day before, and piled them up, as they were very convenient for the thief to haul away. No trace of where they were taken to could be had. They were carried to a wagon on Twelfth South and no doubt placed upon a wagon there, where all trace of them was lost.

TO SKIM THE WATER.

A Frenchman's Proposal to Construct Atlantic Liners on Rollers.

A very remarkable system of ocean transport has been brought out in Paris by a French engineer (Monsieur Hazin), who was a fellow-student of President Carnot and is already well known as the author of several useful engineering inventions, including the so-called Hazin dredge, which has been applied to works of magnitude, both in England and in other countries. M. Hazin's proposal is to construct an Atlantic liner on eight rollers, * * * and he claims to show, by the working of models and by algebraic formulæ, not only that his idea is practicable, but that it can be successfully applied to secure a greater speed in transatlantic navigation than any hitherto reached. Without adopting M. Hazin's ideas, or even admitting their practicability, we have thought it worth while to call attention to them as embodying a new departure in methods of propulsion, of which we may in the future witness a more or less modified outcome in actual practice.

The basis of M. Hazin's proposal is the theory that the eight wheels, or rollers, on which his vessel is fixed will so far diminish the resistance offered by the waves that a much greater speed may be developed, and he places the possible speed to be maintained on an Atlantic voyage at fully thirty miles an hour, which would enable the passage from Southampton or Liverpool to New York to be accomplished in little over 100 hours. The rollers enter the water to the depth of eight meters and revolve slowly within a platform placed seven and a half meters above the water, thus forming a rolling instead of a gliding body, as in the case with the ordinary system of propulsion. The rollers do not, however, actuate the screw propeller whereby the vessel is actually moved, special machinery being provided for this purpose. M. Hazin claims to have settled by experiments that the stability of the roller type of vessel is at least as great as that of the ordinary type, and believes that the construction of the hulls of ship will be much less costly than that of the usual description. It is proposed to put M. Hazin's plans to a practical test by constructing a vessel 153 meters in length and 30 meters in breadth, with pontoons 24 meters in diameter and 13 meters thickness, and they will be mounted on shafts 0.75 centimeters diameter. Twenty-eight are estimated to make 22 revolutions per minute, and will, it is believed, easily achieve 37 kilometers or 23 miles an hour, with a force equal to 10,000 horses, at which 250 horsepower is assigned to rotation and 7500 to propulsion. One of the leading maritime concerns in France is stated to have taken up the project with much favor.—*London Engineering Review.*

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