TELEGRAPHIC.

KOLB WRITES A MESSAGE.

A Long and Almost Revolutionary Document.

He Recommends His Followers Not to Pay Their Taxes—Anarchy Threatened in Alabama.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Dec. 4.—B. F. Kolb, who claims to be governor of Alabama, today completed a message to the legislature which he signs as governor, and which will be transmitted to that body tomorrow. The message is also addressed to the people of Alabama, and is a long and to many respects revolutionary document, as it recommends that his followers do not pay their taxes for a while. He further says:

"I further advise those collectors who value the cause I represent and which will assuredly prevail, to delay all payment of state taxes into the state treasury until an impartial hearing has been had of our complaint under a fair and honest contest law."

When it is remembered that the tax collectors in thirty-eight out of sixty-six counties in the state are Republicans, it will be seen that if they take his advice the Kolb government will find strong support and Alabama will be threatened with anarchy.

He further reviews the provisions of the Constitution, and says:

"Because the legislature of 1892-93 did expressly revoke the sections of the civil code, however imperfected, which seemed to allow a contest of election of governor and other state officers by refusing on demand to retain them or to substitute others of a reasonable and practical nature, you are perfectly justified in declaring there can be no election of governor or other state officers under the constitution of Alabama binding on you, which is tainted with fraud at the ballot box."

He then urges the legislature to enact contest laws, and advises his friends to organize clubs to assist in the general object of his appeal. The message concludes:

"If Colonel Oates and his faction fear not the truth, if they merit equity and are ready to abide by justice, they will hesitate at nothing to remove the odor of disfavor from his title to the office he has seized by arms."

Indicted for Perjury.

NEW YORK, Dec. 4.—Michael Ryan, the grocery clerk who was on trial before the Lexow committee, was today indicted by the grand jury for perjury.

THE PEACE NEGOTIATIONS.

China's Envoy Not Received in Tokio—Loans.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—A dispatch from official Japanese sources giving an account of Commissioner Detring's peace mission was received here today by a gentleman in the diplomatic service. It is as follows:

Mr. Detring, commissioner in the Chinese custom service at Tien Tsin, arrived at Yokohama on the 26th of November and expressed the wish to personally deliver to Count Ito a letter from the viceroy, Li Hung Chang. As under the circumstances the proceeding was considered anomalous and contrary to usage, Count Ito refused to meet Mr. Detring.

At the same time Mr. Detring received telegraphic orders from Prince Kung, president of the Tsung Li Yamen, recalling him to China. Accordingly he left Kobe on the 30th of November, but before going sent the viceroy's letter to Count Ito by post. The object of the letter was to ascertain the conditions upon which peace may be restored.

NOT MAKING RAPID STRIDES.

LONDON, Dec. 4.—According to advices received from an excellent authority upon the subject of negotiations for peace between China and Japan, the negotiations are not making as rapid strides as supposed. It seems certain that Japan intends to insist upon stronger and more tangible proof of China's submission before talking of peace.

Saloonkeepers Testify.

COLUMBUS, O., Dec. 4.—The court of inquiry investigating the conduct of Colonel Colt at Washington Court House, reconvened today and examined a large number of saloon keepers and bar tenders. They testified that the Columbus soldiers were drinking and many of them were drunk on the day of the shooting, but that all the Washington Court House soldiers were teetotalers. They did not believe Colonel Colt was intoxicated.

Armenians in Exile.

ATHENS, Dec. 4.—The Armenian refugees who escaped from the districts of Armenia, where the massacres said to have occurred, and whose terrible tales and experiences of Turkish atrocities were cabled yesterday, are now located here in a small window-less room. They sleep on the floor four or five together and are entirely destitute. Their compatriots in this city are all poor people, but they are helping them so far as they are able with clothing and food.

The refugees are fine, stalwart men, who wandered separately to the mountains, avoiding all roads, as the Turks are doing everything possible to prevent the escape of Armenians, who may tell of the atrocities perpetrated by the Turkish soldiers. The refugees are all agricultural laborers. The Armenian committee is starting a fund for their relief.

THAT BOND STORY.

Only a Play for the Benefit of Former Legal Rights.

CINCINNATI, O., Dec. 4.—The Enquirer's Richmond, Ky., special says:

The students of the Berea University are to have a mock trial on December 14th and last night engaged in taking one of the students and robbing him of valuables that they had loaned him for the occasion. Then, putting him on a wood pile, they put a supposedly inanimate carriage and fast near him. The carriage was a piece of rubber hose and the loan a shoestring. The supposed robbers then ran and the man on the wood pile got off and threw the rubber hose in a rain barrel near by and it all winds up by the supposed robbers being arrested by two students who act as marshals, and their mock trial comes off December 14th.

This was done for the benefit of the students who are studying law and to show their ability. Some people have distorted the circumstance into a true story and spread it broadcast in the newspapers of the country as an attempt to blow up the college building.

OLNEY'S REPORT.

Matters Discussed by the Attorney General.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—The attorney general's annual report to Congress shows the efforts with which the department of justice has had to deal during the past year have been in some particulars of unusual interest and importance.

In speaking of the Supreme Court the attorney general says that at no remote day it will be "an unfitting time for the proceedings with which the sessions are rendered as it was once for the delays inevitably accompanying these," and predicts that the court "on the dismissal of a few years will be able to dispose of its docket in a session of two or three months, while the justices will be able to devote a reasonable amount of time to the circuit court of appeals and to thus materially add to the efficiency and prestige of those courts."

The facts concerning the claim presented by the United States to the executrix of the estate of Leland Stanford are briefly stated in the report. It is shown that under the constitution of California, each stockholder is individually and personally liable for his proportion of all its debts and liabilities; that the Central Pacific road is a California corporation and in the year 1887 absorbed the Western Pacific Railroad company, which was also a California corporation; that all was given both corporations by the United States in the shape of subsidy bonds, and as security of which, and the interest paid thereon by the United States, there will eventually result, when the subsidy bonds shall have all matured, an indebtedness to the United States aggregating, in round numbers, $60,000,000; that Leland Stanford at the time the subsidy bonds were advanced, owned stock in both the railroads to the extent of one-sixtieth of the whole stock, and hence became liable to the United States to the extent of one-quarter of the indebtedness.

The report states the claim involves complicated and enormously contested questions, both in law and fact, as to the merits on which it is impossible to form any reliable judgment in advance of a thorough judicial investigation.

Mr. Olney devotes several pages of his report to the Pullman strike, to the cause of it, to the part the officers of the department of justice was in it, and free only when the railroads of the country became involved and the passage of the United States mails and the movements of interstate commerce was offered with.

In commenting on the claims of the Union Pacific Railroad company as a debtor at the United States, reference is made to Judge-at-Ham. George Bradley, special counsel for the United States. In this connection the attorney general quotes at length the report he made to Congress on April 20th last, explaining the repetition of said report as follows:

"All the reasons therein stated for immediate congressional action looking to a reorganization of the Union Pacific Railway company still exist—indeed have only increased in force by a lapse of time."

THE LEXOW INVESTIGATION.

Commissioner of Street Cleaning Examined by Mr. Goff.

NEW YORK, Dec. 4.—The first witness called before the Lexow committee was Charles E. Dumeux, bookkeeper of the Prison Clothes' society. He did not, however, have some of his books when Mr. Goff thought a recess copy, and his examination was adjourned until this afternoon.

Edward H. Hayler, real estate dealer, was then called to the stand.

The witness stated that he had been engaged in selling and buying Austrian notes for ten years. Mr. Goff put a number of questions designed to show that the witness had been permitted by the police to conduct a swindling business. He was dismissed, with orders to produce tomorrow the books used in his transactions.

Mr. Andrews, commissioner of street cleaning, was sworn and entered a general denial of the charge of bribery while an excise commissioner, brought by a witness named Tomlinson.

Mr. Goff pressed Andrews for an explanation of why a license should have been refused one person and granted to another, known to be the representative of the first, to conduct a saloon upon the same premises.

After recess Mr. Goff excused all witnesses except those connected with Commissioner Andrews's case, until tomorrow.

Then Mr. Goff wanted to know if there had been a hearing before the full board on the application of Lambert. Andrews could not remember. Lambert's application had been refused. Witness said there had been a hearing in the Lewis case, but Mr. Goff could find no record of it and called a witness to show that he had set the records in the case.

"I said you always wrote applications for refusing licenses. Why was none written for refusing the applications Tortini and a long one written of this Kelt case?" asked Mr. Goff.

Mr. Andrews evaded the question.

Ike Fuller and Andrew White was then put on the stand.

"Did you ever see that man, August Lewis, before?" asked Mr. Goff, while Lewis stood beside him.

"I never did."

"Did you ever go with him to the excise board to vouch for him?"

"No, sir, I never did."

White was then let go. He looked relieved. Mr. Andrews took his place on the stand. He reiterated his conviction that White had vouched for Lewis, which White again denied.

Inspectors Collins and Haggerty were compelled to resign from the excise department on account of theft and sale of an old license in order that the purchaser might secure an old one.

"How did these men obtain these things?" asked Mr. Goff.

"I don't know."

"They stole them, did they not?"

"I presume they did."

"And yet, after this breach of the rules of the committee they were only asked to resign?" said Mr. Goff, sarcastically.

"Yes."

"And the matter was kept hushed up as much as possible?"

"I believe it was."

Commissioner Andrews testified he had recently deposited $1,000 at the Lincoln bank which he had borrowed of Senator George Gallett. Mr. Goff manifested some surprise.

"Now, as a matter of fact, was not that $1,000 another bribe?" he asked.

"No, sir, it was a loan."

"Was it not a loan in consideration for contracts Flanken got from your department?"

"No."

"Has he any contracts with your department at all?"

"Only in some contract in the lower bay."

"And was this $1,000 ever paid back to Flanken?"

"Yes."

"How was that done?"

"I borrowed $1,000 from Thomas J. Dunn to pay it."

"Well, why did you borrow the money from Dunn?"

This brought out the fact that Commissioner Andrews secured his present situation through Charles W. Dayton, from whom he borrowed several thousand dollars some years ago.

The hearing was adjourned until tomorrow at 10 o'clock. Mr. Goff said to the witness: "If we need you again, Mr. commissioner, we will send for you."

Los Angeles Republican.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Dec. 4.—For the next two years the city of Los Angeles will be under Republican rule. Frank Rader, the mayor-elect, will go into office with 2,000 plurality. Democrats secured four of the nine councilmen and two of the nine members of the board of education, one of which is a Democrat, and the other a Populist.

To Protest Against the Trust.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Dec. 4.—A meeting of the Sugar Planters' association has been called for tomorrow to protest against the alleged conspiracy of the sugar trust to get control of the sugar crop of the state to prevent the planters from selling their product elsewhere and forcing them to sell to the trust on its own terms.

KENSINGTON MURDER MYSTERY.

Facts in the Case so Far as Ascertained by the Detectives.

LONDON, Dec. 4.—The detectives of Scotland yard are busily at work ferreting out the bottom facts in a sensational murder mystery which involves, indirectly, a number of the most aristocratic families of Great Britain. On November 20th last, it was announced that a mysterious murder had been committed in Kensington, a populous suburb of this metropolis, when the body of a woman, well dressed, young woman, named Dawes, belonging to the aristocratic class, was found in a much trampled thoroughfare.

Suspicion centered upon a young man of excellent family, named Reginald Saunders, a relative of the famous Colonel Edward J. Saunderson, the orange leader.

One of Reginald Saunderson's aunts is Lady Edith Catholine Minch, wife of the Hon. Henry Fowler Charles Seymour Minch, eldest son of the fourth Viscount Minch.

Another of his aunts is Lady Maria Henrietta Fitzpatrick, whose husband is a member of the Earl of Munster and a grandson of William IV.

The young man, it appears, is only 23 years old, tall and handsome, but far from strong-minded. He was sent to school for the protection and education of gentleman of weak intellect at Hamptonwick. Saunderson, according to the police, left that institution November 20th, saying he intended to attend divine service at a local church. But no one was heard of again until he appeared at the house of one relative at Belfast, some time after the murder. The theory of the police is that Saunderson, after leaving Hamptonwick, came to London and met the Dawes woman. The evidence which directly connects Saunderson with the murder is the fact that by the dead woman's side the police found a knife and a cherry-wood stick, which were subsequently identified by the people of the institution at Hamptonwick as having belonged to Saunderson. The police were soon in possession of the following facts:

For months past the English newspapers have been devoting much space to the trial of a man named James Canham Mark, charged this morning, a married man at one time employed as a clerk at the London docks, who was charged with the murder at Southend, England, on June 24th last, of a young woman, Florence Dennis, with whom he had been on intimate terms. Saunderson, it seems, was deeply impressed by the accounts of the trial, which he read in the newspapers. He would eagerly peruse everything published on the subject, and seemed to brood over the case.

The police, it seems, first got on the track of Saunderson in Belfast and took him into custody. But while the prisoner was being conveyed to Dublin en route for London, he escaped, but was recaptured yesterday at Kilwhandra, near Armagh.

There are several points in the story of the Kensington murder mystery which are yet unexplained. Was the unfortunate woman who met her death in the Holland Villas road a chance acquaintance of Saunderson, or has he known her for some time?

The general opinion seems to be that she was an accidental acquaintance with whom the prisoner met after his arrival in London, and that his mind having become completely unhinged from brooding over the details of the Southend murder, he felt impowered to kill the woman and so cut her throat and fled, leaving the knife and walking stick behind.

It has transpired that one of the places visited by Saunderson was Monkstown. While there he wrote an unsigned letter, in which he admitted his guilt. This letter fell in the hands of the Scotland Yard authorities and was one of the clues that led to his arrest.

CONJUGAL JACKPOT.

Detroit Bachelors Form a Society for Mutual Benefit.

FREMONT, Mich., Dec. 5.—A score of young Detroit bachelors, some of them members of aristocratic and wealthy families, have organized a bachelors' mutual benefit and matrimonial encouragement association. The object is to accumulate a trust fund by monthly dues of $2 to be known as the "Conjugal Jackpot." Of this fund 25 per cent is to be paid over on the day of marriage to the successful young woman who opens said jackpot by entering into matrimonial alliance with any member of the association. The remaining 75 per cent is to be held for the benefit of future conjugal parties. No bachelor who is engaged can be admitted to membership but any young man over 25 years of age of good character and heart free is eligible. Among the charter members are leading young society men of Grand Rapids, Ann Harbor, Lansing and Detroit. The officers of the organization say that applications are coming in rapidly.

STOOD THE TEST.

A Specimen Case of Permanent Cures Made by Doctors Shores' Famous Treatment.

Does Doctor Shores cure his patients? Thousands of people answer in emphatic yes.

Are Doctors Shores' cures permanent? Is his patient who cured one cured? Read what Mrs. Sells says below. Then go and see her at her address given, and talk with her and be convinced.

Mrs. Ellen Sells, residence No. 2 Cottage court, Fourth East, between Sixth and Seventh South, called on Doctor Shores' assistant one day last week and said: "Doctor, I want to send my son to you to be treated. I know you can cure him, for your treatment cured my little girl a year ago and she has never been sick since."

A LETTER FROM BRIGHAM.

To Doctor S. W. Shores—Dear Sir:—In your many testimonials from grateful patients praising the good results from your wonderful medicines, I wish to add mine.

I was very sick for two years with catarrh in my head and grew worse all the time, was deaf—headed terribly, never constipated, could not sleep, had no appetite was weak and suffered severe pain in back and stomach; one through past medicines and treatment I have been made well. I feel like a new man.

Yours respectfully,
CHRISTIAN FREHSE,
Brigham City, Utah.

MISS MARY SELLS.

Further, Mrs. Sells stated to the writer:

"I have good reason for my faith in Doctor Shores' wonderful treatment. I know from my personal and own observation that it not only cures but permanently cures.

"My little daughter, Mary, suffered with St. Vitus dance in the worst form. I believed she would die. I couldn't nurse for her recovery. Friends told me that if she was ever cured it certainly would take three years or more.

"I placed her under Doctor Shores' treatment and she was cured in three months. That was a year ago, and she has never had the slightest return of the trouble. I state in a sincere conscientious way of any one reading it feels doubtful or skeptical, I should be glad to have them call on me and see my little daughter. I can't show my enough in praise of Doctor Shores."

HE CAN HEAR NOW.

Mr. Fred McDonald, of Afton, Utah county, Utah, says:

I had cancer of the head, throat and ears for four years. It so affected my hearing until I could scarcely hear at all. Any one had to yell to make me hear. Now, after a short time under Doctor S. W. Shores' care and treatment, I can hear as well as anyone. What he has done for me is simply remarkable. I am sure them related and glad to recommend him to other sufferers.

ZION'S MEDICAL INSTITUTE
DOCTOR S. W. SHORES,
Consulting Physician,
51 East Second South St.
OFFICE HOURS—Forenoon, 9 to 11; Afternoon, 2 to 5; Evening, 7 to 8.
SUNDAYS—11 a. m. to 1 p. m.
SPECIALTIES—Catarrh, Chronic and Private Diseases.

THE GREAT SUCCESS OF THE

DESERET EVENING NEWS

Is an evidence that this progressive paper is appreciated by progressive people.

Thousands Read the News

ADVERTISERS GET BETTER RESULTS FROM THE "NEWS" THAN FROM ANY NEWSPAPER CIRCULATED IN THE GREAT WEST.

Read The Saturday News.

12 to 16 pages, filled with the news of today (not yesterday) and articles from the best writers in the country.

Remember that the PACIFIC LUMBER CO.
Keep on hand at all times, a Full Supply of
Coal, Lumber,
SCREEN DOORS AND COMBINATION FENCES
Don't Forget us, for we Have Everything a Builder Wants. Telephone 556.
GEORGE ERNEST ROMNEY, Manager.

F. Auerbach & Bro.

Of all the days in the week,
And all the weeks in the year,
Tomorrow will take the Blue Ribbon for Bargains,
And this week will take the Gold Medal for
RUSHING, ROARING BUSINESS.

Another week of our phenomenal Sale of _____
CLOAKS, FUR CAPES, CHILDREN'S COATS DRESS GOODS, SILKS, ETC., ETC.,
To make room for our
GRAND OPENING OF TOYS,
More Shopping, More Inducive, and More Marked Down Low Prices than ever before! The goods must go.

CLOAK BARGAINS.

An elegant line of Cloaks just received. Tan, Black and Slate, Kersey Cloth, Lined throughout, Sleeves Stylish, for $8.50

A splendid line of New Long Coats, in Tan, Black, Navy, Light Shade, worth $15.00, for $10.00

Fine Melton Cloth Jackets to track, with or without sleeves collar, for $12.50

FUR CAPE BARGAINS.

Ladies' Black Coney Fur Capes, 22 in. long, military style, value $7.00, for $5.50

22 inch long Coney Capes, in Circular style, value $11.50 for $9.50

Three grade Astrachan Capes, very deep, full sweep, the largest and finest stock in the city, over 150 garments to this line from $5.00 to $45.00. Everybody says our Dyed Muskrat Capes are the best to be seen anywhere, and we have 45 assortment to select from. All the latest full sweep drop styles, $20.00 to $40.00

Our Furs are all guaranteed First Grades.

CHILDREN'S COATS.

The most beautiful stock of Children's Coats ever shown in the city. All the finer materials, as Ponnie, Bouble Cloth, Cheviot, Chinchilla, Diamond Cloths in all the leading and newest styles, from $3.00 to $17.00

FLANNELS.

20 inch Outing Flannel, in dark and light stripes, worth 8½c, per yard, at 4½c

27 inches wide, White Shaker Flannel, worth 6½c per yard, at 5c

FLANNELS Continued.

24 inch White Flannel, wool and cotton mixed, worth 10c per yard, at 8½c

30 inch White all wool Flannel, worth 25c per yard, at 20c

36 inch fine Twilled all wool Flannel, worth 30c per yard, at 22½c

A new line of figured Eider Down for Children's Cloaks, worth 75c per yard, at 50c

DOMESTICS.

24 inch Turkey Red Calico, worth 6½c per yard, at 4½c

36 inch Bleached Muslin, worth 6c per yard, at 4½ c

36 inch Unbleached Muslin, worth 6c per yard, at 4½ c

Assorted Colored Apron Ginghams in small and fancy checks, 12 yards for 50c

Dark colored Prints in assorted Patterns, 12 yards for 50c

36 in. Unbleached Cotton Flannel, worth 10c per yard, at 7½c

COTTON DRESS GOODS FOR EVENING WEAR.

36 inch double fold Cotton Henrietta in pink, blue and cream, worth 20c a yard, at 15c

Another invoice of Crepe de Chine in white, cream, pink, blue, lavender, New green, worth 25c per yard, at 15c

CURTAIN SETS.

36 inch Curtain Nets in cream or white, worth 20c per yard, at 10c

60 inch white Egyptian Net, the latest design, worth 75c per yd, at 45c

F. Auerbach & Bro.

It is a Dandy.

That is what our customers say of our
RETORT OAK STOVE,
with magazine feed for soft coal. It cuts the fuel bill right in two. Guaranteed to carry fire from twenty-four to forty-eight hours with soft coal.
We show an elegant line of
HEATING STOVES,
and will make prices right.

UTAH STOVE & HARDWARE CO.,
Corner Commercial and First South Streets.

HOLIDAY GOODS. Watches and Jewelry, Diamonds, Optical Goods and Novelties at Lowest Possible Prices.
HENRY REISER,
No. 12 East, First South Street. The place for Fine Watch Repairing, at prices to suit the times.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF DINNER, TEA AND BERRY SETS, CHOICE LAMPS, RICH CUT GLASS, ROGERS' PLATED WARE, VASES AND STATIONARY, AT PANIC PRICES. CALL BEFORE MAKING PURCHASES AND EXAMINE THE STOCK OF
RUDOLPH ALFF
140 MAIN STREET.

German Book of Mormon Just Issued.