

San Francisco Mint, and myself, as to the management of that mint during his incumbency, I beg to distinctly formulate certain grave charges against him, to submit in support thereof the accompanying printed statement and proofs, and to add that if further and fuller evidence to sustain these charges be desired, I am prepared to furnish it and to request that this letter with the printed statement and proof accompanying it be placed on file in the Treasury Department, and thus become a matter of record:

First. That Superintendent Dodge dismissed a number of republican employees, most of whom had been employed in the San Francisco Mint for many years, for no other reason than that they were my friends, as the following statements and affidavits show:

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 1, 1880.

H. E. Page:

Dear Sir.—On the 1st of July, I received a letter from the superintendent of the mint, stating that my services were no longer required. The reason for my unceremonious dismissal is a mystery. I don't think my act of mine during my employment in the mint would justify him in discharging me for any neglect of duty on my part. The only reason that I can assign for my discharge is simply because I am a friend of yours. I did not happen to be the only unfortunate on that occasion. There were seven or eight others that shared the same fate and for the same offense. I don't think Mr. Dodge acted very gentlemanly in my case. Notwithstanding my service in the army (and that in itself ought to have entitled me to some consideration), about three years ago I met with a severe accident while in the performance of my duties in the mint, which totally unfitted me for laborious work, for which I have a surgeon's certificate for proof of the same.

Yours respectfully,

(Signed) W. J. RUDOLPH.
Oakland, Cal., July 10, 1880.

Second. I charge that Superintendent Dodge sent for a prominent citizen of Alameda County, California, in the congressional district, and made it a condition that the brother of the latter, who was a wounded soldier, could only retain his place in the mint by the opposition of said prominent citizen to my return to Congress.

Fourth.—I charge that over 400,000 ounces of such low grade and refractory silver bullion, below 600 fine, were received by Superintendent Dodge from the representatives of two bullion brokerage establishments in San Francisco, 181,000 ounces of which were reported by the Anglo-Californian Bank and 25,000 ounces by one George Sour to the President of the Anglo-Californian Bank. Superintendent Dodge is mainly indebted for his present official position to George Sour.

In conclusion I beg to assure you that no one Representative or Senator from California sustains Superintendent Dodge, while every Republican Representative and Senator from that State believes he should be removed and has so stated. If the facts stated above are true, no party, no Administration, no Senator, no Representative, no officer of the Government, no individual can well afford to be responsible for the longer retention in office of Superintendent Dodge. That those acts as stated above are true, I pledge my honor and hold myself in my official position pledged to make them good for any committee of the House of Representatives that may investigate my charges. I desire to state in this connection that investigation will inevitably develop the fact that Director Bouchard has either knowingly permitted this wrong without having reported the same to his superior in office, and by reporting falsely upon the taking from the treasury a large proportion of the deficit (nearly \$22,000) in violation of law, or else he is notably incompetent to fill the position he occupies.

I respectfully ask that you will request the First Auditor of the treasury to withhold his approval of the smelter's and refiner's silver certificate until an investigation of the matter shall satisfy you of its correctness and legality.

(Signed) W. F. PAGE.

CHICAGO, 26.—News is just received of a horrible murder for money, committed Sunday or Monday, at a settlement called Swede Bend, in Iowa. Lars Bouland, an eccentric old man who had lived alone in his hut over twenty years, was the victim; his head was smashed and a iron rod crowded into his mouth to

stifle his cries. The body was found in a ditch near his house by the neighbors.

PANAMA, 17.—Recent telegrams from the interior announce the fusion in one body, to be known hereafter as "Union Liberals" of all factions of the liberal party in the Republic. A manifesto has been issued signed by seven of the leaders of these factions, burying out of sight all former differences, uniting on a basis of agreement which is to form the political creed of the new "Union" and combining their forces in support of a candidate named by government. Dr. Zaldua's election may be regarded as certain, and neither politically nor by revolutionary force will it be opposed.

In the state of Panama the intelligence is regarded by friends of Pablo Arosemena as securing his election to the Presidency of the State.

Murders are frequent on the isthmus and some of them committed under circumstances of peculiar atrocity. In 30 days we have had 10 murders and one suicide. Life is insecure, police vigilance is deplorably slack, and justice halts in punishment of crime. We require the stern action of the "vigilance committee" of early California days.

Some excitement exists in Bogota over the terms of a protocol to the treaty of 1846 between Columbia and the United States, recently signed by Santo Domingo Vila and Mr. Fvarts in New York. It is said to cede to the United States privileges which are unacceptable to Columbia Congress in matters of building forts, establishing naval stations on the Isthmus, passage of American ships of war through the canal, etc., our information on the subject here is still unreliable, but it seems the President is disposed to make many concessions to the United States and to yield to American influence in matters pertaining to the canal in a way quite exasperating to a majority in Congress, who are decided partisans of De Lesseps. In canal matters all is quiet. Surveys are being prosecuted slowly, but the absence of M. Blanchet, the moving spirit in the enterprise, has thrown a decided damper on the energy and spirit with which operations were formerly pushed. Quantities of material are constantly arriving, machinery etc., as well as laborers, from Cartagena, Port Limon and Jamaica, and as soon as the working plans are ready the men and tools will be on the ground. There is a total lack of enthusiasm concerning the affair and the people, always quick to take impression from what they see on the surface of such enterprises, are much disgusted; and economical Frenchmen admit if it were a Yankee company which had undertaken the job much more would already have been accomplished, more money spent and five times the amount of work accomplished.

A new railroad project has been submitted to the government of Guatemala by a California company. It is that of building a line of railway which shall extend from Honduras frontier on the south to a point named Dolores on the Mexican line, traversing the entire length of the republic. It will pass through the capital and close to a number of important pueblos. Among the company, however, we see the names of none of the famous capitalists and railroad men of California. They ask the exclusive privilege of building and operating the line on route indicated for 99 years.

WASHINGTON, 27.—At the treasury department to-day it is considered practically certain that Assistant Secretary French and Supt. Snowden, of the Philadelphia mint will be selected by Secretary Windom as two members of the commission to investigate the charges preferred by Representative Page against Superintendent Dodge, and there seems to be a strong probability that Mr. Reynolds, first auditor of the treasury, will be detailed to act as the third member of the commission. It is not now expected that any "outside" parties will be appointed on the commission for it appears that section 3,681 Revised Statutes prohibits the payment of any compensation or expenses to any commission of inquiry other than officers of the government unless Congress shall have made some specific appropriation therefor.

The Secretary of the Interior has decided the case of Dalton vs. Hanes et al, involving Dalton's right to obtain the title to several thousand acres of very valuable land in Los Angeles County, Cal., by purchasing it from the United States at ordinary government price under

the act of July, 1866. Secretary Kirkwood reverses last year's decision of the Commissioner of the General Land Office and holds that Dalton is not entitled to purchase any of the lands in question as he has failed to prove the requisite use, improvement and continuous actual possession since his purchase which are prescribed by the law. The secretary holds that the claims of the various settlers and of the Southern Pacific R. R. Co. were not involved in the question but that they must hereafter be brought up for consideration by separate proceedings.

The investigation ordered by Postmaster General James into the charges against Geo. A. Steel, last postal agent in Oregon, of complicity in post route frauds recently preferred by Geo. E. Cole, present postmaster at Portland, and other parties, (the pendency of which postponed action on Steel's nomination as postmaster for Portland, at the last session of the Senate,) has resulted in a dismissal of the charges as being wholly without substantial foundation, and Steel has been further vindicated by appointment as postmaster at Portland, by the President, at the instance of the Postmaster General.

Ex-Speaker Randall has gone to Albany to advise with the democrats, by invitation. He hopes either to get one democratic senator or prevent any election by this legislature. He prefers Conkling to any other republican, and doubtless the democrats will support him as against any other republican.

The readjusters are troubled because they can't get any promise from the administration of patronage, as the President and Blaine both favor the regular republican organization in Virginia.

The World says: Commodore Nutt, who died yesterday, met two years and a half ago Lillian Elston at Redwood City, Cal., while on a tour through the west and to her, after a brief courtship, he was married. She is a lady of slight figure, though not much below the average size. She was a devoted wife and yesterday as the dead man lay confined at the Anthony House she sobbed as though heartbroken. Speaking of him as her "dear little boy" who had "been so good."

The Herald's Dublin special says: There is a well-grounded rumor to-night, that Mr. Forster, who has come to Ireland in a very bad temper, was determined to suppress, for a time at least, all land meetings in Ireland. Five meetings of first class importance were announced for Sunday. The attitude of the authorities is watched with anxiety. Although protected by troops and police, the authorities at Glengasin, County Leitrim, were foiled in an attempt to serve process on some of Lord Annesley's tenants by the threatening attitude of the people. All is quiet in County Limerick. The authorities have not yet intimated when they will renew the attempt to carry out the evictions at New Palace and Kilmattock. A rumor has reached Carrick-on-Shannon, County Leitrim, of a serious process serving affray at Geraugh, 10 miles distant, but nothing definite. It is stated that several have been mortally wounded and eight houses were burned by incendiaries in County Cork, on Wednesday night. It is said their object was to get at one man whose house was not known.

The Sun leads off this morning with the following, double headed:

Washington, May 25.

The object of Mr. Blaine's recent visit to New York was two-fold. Which comes first each reader may determine for himself. He has been caught in the Star route swindles, hence his business in New York was urgent, as well as private and personal. Weeks ago Brady and Dorsey gave notice that, if the proceedings against them were not stopped, they would foreclose on him. I conclude Blaine has not been able to stop the proceedings, hence the beginning of the foreclosure against him. His visit to New York was to fix things up. This is the shortest way to tell the story, and is none the less true for being short. There is more of the same sort coming.

New York, 27.—Albany specials are very conflicting. The Commercial says: The half breeds are despondent and Woodin will try to rally them, and that Conkling's friends will have a majority in favor of a caucus and more; and now expect to leave the half breeds with only a corporal's guard.

Albany, 27.—Conkling, Arthur and their associates continued their

leaves at the Delavan to-day. Not a few members of the legislature who had not expressed opinions received notes reading as follows:

My Dear Sir.—I would like a few minutes' conversation with you as soon as may be at time and place of your convenience. Will you let me hear from you. Cordially yours,
ROSCOE CONKLING.

Division remains as before and no prospect of a change. The deadlock is certain. It is rumored that Conkling will make an address on Monday evening.

Some 47 members agreed to meet Conkling in friendly conference to-night, but not over half appearing, the conference was not held. It is said the absentees were influenced by the administration men to remain away. The latter decided to-night not to go into caucus, but to attend a joint meeting of both houses on Wednesday and vote for two candidates to be agreed upon hereafter. The names of Choate Dewey and Comptroller Wadsworth were talked of.

ALBANY, 26.—Senator Woodin declared in the senate to-day if Conkling and Platt had given their best reasons for resigning, they had made the most stupendous blunder of modern times. It evinces neither wit, wisdom, sense nor cunning, and has no extenuation. Woodin made an eloquent plea against the return of the senators which would justify them for indictments of the President. He presented many remonstrances from the people.

Strahan presented counter petitions from prominent men who had spent money during the campaign for President. He predicted disintegration to the republican organization if we do not maintain its integrity. He favored Conkling's return as wise from a party standpoint. If defeated here it would not be the last of Conkling.

Halbert spoke on the same side. McCarty feared to send Conkling back to wage such a war as he waged on Hayes with his sarcasm and ridicule. He wished him success in private life.

DENVER, Col., 27.—This morning's News says: That W. H. Canty, who is sentenced to hang at Colorado Springs, June 17, for murder at Briena Vista last April of Deputy Marshal Perkins, is nephew of Ben. Butler, and that his right name is Wm. H. Salisbury, of Salisbury, Mass. He was forced to leave home on account of recklessness. He went to California, made a fortune in gambling and saloon business, and afterwards lost all. He came to Colorado three years ago. He has two sisters, one married and wealthy, living in Lawrence, Mass. Since the murder, his friends have been doing everything to save him. Massachusetts lawyers are here working in his behalf.

Leadville, 26.—Between 1 and 2 o'clock this morning a rough named Fitzpatrick and a drunken crowd entered the Little Chief Saloon, which is also a restaurant, and seeing a colored porter sitting at a table, called him a vile name and ordered him out. The bar tender, Julius May, interfered and said the negro had as much right there as any one. The words were scarcely uttered, when Fitzpatrick fired his revolver with fatal effect. The murderer was arrested.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, 26.—The Standard learns a Turkish frigate, with 1,000 troops, left Suda Bay for Tripoli with a ransom of \$45,000 paid for the release of Suter to brigands.

Athens, 26.—The publication of the proceedings of the Turko-Greek convention caused a veritable consternation here. Even moderate men declare they cannot understand how the Powers could impose such conditions on Greece, unless humiliation was intended. The ratification of the convention by the Assembly is said to be impossible.

Vienna, 26.—It is rumored that emissaries are instigating the Poles in Galatia against the Jews.

Concord Harness.

I am offering the best team harness for the money to be found in market; parties buying wagons can find a large stock always on hand to select from.

Half block south of Theatre.
s&w L. B. MATTISON.

COUGH away if you want to, but if not, use Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.
deod s&w

A GAIN OF EIGHT POUNDS IN FORTY-FIVE DAYS.

"About forty five days ago," writes a gentleman from Mississippi, "I began the Oxygen Treatment, and as regards the effect of it, with a grateful heart I can say that it has proved wonderfully efficacious, even surpassing my most sanguine expectations. My lungs have been much developed, breathing capacity increased, and the cough, which was at times hard and laborious, has almost passed away. My general health has much improved—feel more lifelike and energetic, having gained eight pounds in forty-five days." Our Treatise on "Compound Oxygen," which tells all about this remarkable remedy, is sent free. Address DRs. STARKEY & PALEN, 1109 and 1111 Girard Street, Philadelphia, Pa. wit

SPECKS are obnoxious, particularly on the face of beauty. No complexion, however fair it may be naturally, looks well when disfigured by tan, freckles, pimples, blotches or other blemishes of a like nature. That salutary beautifier and emollient, GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP, removes all such complexional defects and eradicates all local diseases of the skin with gratifying promptitude. It not only whitens the cuticle but imparts to it a delightful smoothness.

Sold by druggists. Price 25 cents per cake. 1 box (3 cakes) 75 cents, sent by mail, post paid on receipt of price. C. N. CRITTENDEN, Prop'r, 115 Fulton Street, New York.

HILL'S HAIR AND WHISKER DYE, Black or Brown, 50c.
deod 159 1e s w.

A FINE HAIR DRESSING.
COCOINE dresses the hair perfectly, and is also a preparation unequalled for eradication of dandruff. The superiority of BURNETT'S FLAVORING EXTRACTS consists in their purity and great strength.

It is wonderful that a subtle miasmatic poison should produce that peculiar condition of the system which prevails when alternate chills and burning heat freeze and scorch the body at regular intervals, and it is no less wonderful that medical skill has been able to reach and expel this poison from the system, as Ayer's Ague Cure always does.
ds&w

IT IS WORTH A TRIAL.
"I was troubled for many years with Kidney Complaint, Gravel, etc.; my blood became thin; I was dull and inactive; could hardly crawl about, and was an old, worn-out man all over, and could get nothing to help me, until I got Hop Bitters, and now I am a boy again. My blood and kidneys are all right, and I am as active as a man of 30, although I am 72, and I have no doubt it will do as well for others of my age. It is worth the trial.—(Father.)

Arrived.
A large stock of Peerless Mowers and Reapers have just arrived they are pronounced by all who have seen them to be superior to any Mower or Reaper before offered in this market. A large consignment en route for this yard.

L. B. MATTISON,
Half block south of Theatre. s&w

Wood's Enclosed Gear Mowers.
I would call special attention to the new Enclosed Gear Mower. It has less machinery, easier draft, higher drive wheels, wider on axles, noiseless in operation. Ninety farmers can testify to the above who used them last season; no farmer should purchase a mower until examining the above.

L. B. MATTISON,
Half block south of Theatre. s&w

JNO. A. BAILEY AND M. K. PARSONS, Land Agents and Attorneys, Salt Lake City.—Write to them enclosing stamp and they will give information FREE about Land Matters.
s w

FARMERS.
Save your horses and buy the Peerless Reaper and Mower; it is no Horse Killer but is the horse's friend.

L. B. MATTISON.
We have a speedy and positive Cure, for Catarrh, Diphtheria, Canker mouth and Head Ache, in SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY. A nasal injector free with each bottle. Use it if you desire health and sweet breath. Price 50 cts. Sold by Moore, Allen & Co. 6