

A STRENUOUS DAY FOR THE PRESIDENT

Attends Annual Dinner of the
Friendly Sons of St. Patrick
And Holds Reception

GOES TO HIS NIECE'S WEDDING.

Led Bride to the Altar and Gave Her
Away—Then Returned to
Washington.

New York, March 17.—President Roosevelt was the guest of honor to-night at the one hundred and twenty-first annual dinner of the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick. He was roundly cheered by more than 600 members of the society and its guests. He made a speech before the society, closing a day full of friendly greetings, during which he gave his niece away in marriage. The banquet was given in the golden dining hall at Delmonico's. The society was obliged to refuse more than 2,000 applications for tickets. The main banquet hall and the annex were beautifully decorated with festoons of the Stars and Stripes, into which was woven effectively the green and gold flag of Erin.

The banquet tables were banked with roses and carnations. They were set off by garlands of green and gold electric lights strung diagonally across the hall.

Immediately back of and above the seat of the president were the Gaelic words, "Cead Mille Fálaithe" in letters of fire. To the right and left of the guests' tables were fine medallions of Washington and Roosevelt, illuminated by electric effects. The contrast of Washington and Roosevelt was significant. The Friendly Sons of St. Patrick entertained Washington in 1782 as the

SCIENCE SCORES AGAIN.
A Preparation That Will Destroy the Dandruff Germ Discovered.

Finally the scientific student has discovered a certain remedy for dandruff. When it first became known that dandruff is the result of a germ or parasite that digs into the scalp and saps the vitality of hair at the root, causing falling hair and baldness, biologists set to work to discover some preparation that will kill the germ. After a year's labor in one laboratory, the dandruff germ destroyer was discovered, and it is now embodied in Newbro's Herpicide. It prevents baldness, stops falling hair and speedily eradicates dandruff.

"Destroy the cause, you remove the effect," said by leading druggists. Send 10c. in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich. Z. C. M. I. Drug Co., Special Agents, 112

general in charge of the colonial armies. Roosevelt is the first president as such that the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick have entertained.

The president arrived at 6:30 p. m., and half an hour later a reception. Then, accompanied by Judge Fitzgerald, the president of the society and toastmaster, President Roosevelt was conducted from the hall to the dining room. Many of the guests waved the Stars and Stripes and the flag of Erin enthusiastically. The president was introduced by Judge Fitzgerald, and in his response said:

"I wish to read a telegram received tonight. It is a sop to one of my well-known prejudices. The recipient was a father-in-law when he came to this banquet. Now he is a grandfather. Here is the telegram:

"Peter McDonnell—Patrick has arrived. Tired after parade. Sends his regards to president. He is the first on record since Teddy attended the Friendly Sons' dinner. He is a fine singer. No race suicide in this family. Waights eight pounds and looks like the whole family. All is well.—Robert McDonnell."

"And now, gentlemen," continued the president, "I want you to join me in drinking to the health of Peter McDonnell, and above all to Mrs. McDonnell."

President Roosevelt was accompanied to New York by Mrs. Roosevelt, his daughter, Ethel, his physician, Dr. Stokes, Secretary Loeb and two secret service men. The trip from Washington was made in six hours, the president's private car being attached to the Pennsylvania express.

At the Jersey City station a crowd had collected, which cheered the president as he walked through the station to a carriage in which he and Mrs.

THE VALUE OF CHARCOAL.

Few People Know How Useful It is in Preserving Health and Beauty.

Nearly everybody knows that charcoal is the safest and most efficient disinfectant and purifier in nature, but few realize its value when taken into the human system for the same cleansing purpose.

Charcoal is a remedy that the more you take of it the better. It is not a drug at all, but simply absorbs the gases and impurities always in the stomach and intestines and carries them out of the system.

Charcoal sweetens the breath after smoking, drinking or after eating onions and other odorous vegetables.

Charcoal, when taken internally, improves the complexion, it whitens the teeth and further acts as a natural and eminently safe cathartic.

It absorbs the poisonous gases which collect in the stomach and bowels, it cleanses the mouth and throat from the poison of catarrh.

All druggists sell charcoal in one form or another, but probably the best charcoal and the most for the money is in Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges, these are made of the purest of the finest Willow charcoal, and other harmless antiseptic in tablet form, or rather in the form of large pleasant tasting lozenges, the charcoal being mixed with honey.

The daily use of these lozenges will soon tell a much-improved condition of the general health, better complexion, sweeter breath and purer blood, and the beauty of it is that no possible harm can result from their continued use, but on the contrary, great benefit.

Buffalo physician in speaking of the benefits of charcoal says: "I advise Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges to all patients suffering from gas in stomach and bowels, and to clear the complexion and purify the breath, mouth and throat."

Believe the liver is greatly benefited by the daily use of them; they cost but twenty-five cents a box at drug stores and although in some sense a patent preparation, yet I believe I get more and better charcoal in Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges than in any of the ordinary charcoal tablets."

Roosevelt and Miss Ethel were driven on to a ferry boat.

From the Manhattan terminal the presidential carriage was driven to the home of Mrs. James Roosevelt, the president's sister-in-law, in West Fifty-seventh street. Along the route he was cheered.

A 3 o'clock the president went to the house of Henry Parish, Jr., to attend the marriage of his niece, Miss Eleanor Roosevelt, to her cousin, Franklin Roosevelt, son of Mrs. James Roosevelt.

In the way he met a big St. Patrick's day parade, which was stopped, the participants and the thousands who crowded the sidewalks wildly cheering Mr. Roosevelt as he went through and passed by Park avenue.

The chief magistrate led the bride to the altar and gave her away. A huge doral cluster of 1,000 pink roses, entwined with smilax and asparagus, was suspended in the center of the drawing room and formed a canopy under which the newly wedded pair received the congratulations of their friends.

The president, with his niece leaning on his arm, preceded by the bridesmaids, passed into the drawing room through an aisle of white ribbons led by the usher.

Rev. Endicott Peabody of Groton, Mass., performed the marriage ceremony, using the Episcopal ritual.

The president left the parish home at 5 o'clock to return to the home of his aunt. Elaborate police arrangements had been made and, beside a squad of nine mounted police who acted as an escort, policemen lined the streets and controlled all crossings.

After a short stay in the house of his aunt, the president was driven through cheering crowds to Delmonico's, where he attended the annual dinner of the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick. The sixty-ninth regimental guard acted as escort. The president was cheered all the way, especially on his arrival at Delmonico's.

Soon after the conclusion of his address at Delmonico's President Roosevelt left for the banquet of the Sons of the American Revolution at the Hotel Astor. He was received by the guests standing. "America" was sung, and then the president was presented with a badge of the society, which he himself pinned on. President Roosevelt said:

"We rank as one of the great naval powers of the earth, and we rank as a power for peace. The navy is the arm of all others upon which this nation must depend to defend it against all foreign aggression. I want to increase the number of our battle-ships because they are preventative of war with other nations."

President Roosevelt left the Hotel Astor at 11:15 p. m. and was driven directly to the Pennsylvania railroad, going thence by boat to Jersey City, where he took a train for Washington shortly after midnight.

Publishers' Paper Company.
Augusta, Maine, March 17.—Articles were filed today with the secretary of state for the incorporation of the Publishers' Paper company, with a capital stock of \$5,000,000, and the following directors:

William A. Hall, New York, president; James A. Burns, New York, treasurer; Frank B. Noyes, Victor F. Lawson of Chicago, and Oakland Thorn of New York.

The purposes of the corporation are varied, but as outlined in the papers are mainly to acquire the rights, assets, franchises and property of the Eastern Timber company of Bar Mills, Maine, formed from the re-organization of the White Mountain Paper company, capital, \$25,000,000, for which in July, 1903, a receiver was appointed by the United States courts. Later its property and rights, including the foundation for one of the largest pulp mills in the world at Portsmouth, N. H., and mill and water privileges in Maine and New Hampshire, principally along the Connecticut river, were sold to the Eastern Timber company. The North American Trust company, which loaned large sums on the bonds became trustee. It is understood that many of the members of the American Newspaper association are interested in the new company, and that ultimately the corporation will furnish paper for the leading newspapers of the United States.

NORTHERN SECURITIES CASE.
Application Made to Supreme Court for Writ of Mandate

Washington, March 17.—William P. Cough for the Northern Securities company, made application to the supreme court today for issuance of the writ of mandamus in the case of E. H. Harriman and others against the Northern Securities company in accordance with the decision of the court in the case of the company. He based it on the ground that until the mandate should be issued, \$5,000,000 worth of property would be liable by the injunction of the New Jersey court, and that was an injustice to the public and the owners of the property.

Maxwell Stewart, representing the opposing side, objected to the motion, saying that the mandate should not issue until the opinion of the court in the case is handed down. The court took the matter under advisement after directing that the application of Mr. Cough be printed.

Brig. General T. H. Barber Dead.
New York, March 17.—Brig.-Gen. Thomas H. Barber, first military governor of Hawaii, who served many years in the regular army, is dead at his home here from heart disease. He was graduated from Westpoint in 1857. After a few years in the artillery branch, he served from 1870 to 1873 as assistant professor of French at the military academy. In 1881 he became aide de camp to Maj.-Gen. Hancock. He resigned from the service in 1885.

When the war with Spain began, Gen. Barber was placed in command of the First New York volunteer regiment ordered to the Philippines. While in camp at San Francisco he was appointed

ed military governor of Hawaii but protested that he desired active service and after a few weeks Honolulu he was ordered to proceed to the Philippines where he served some time with Gen. MacArthur.

STATE DEPARTMENT WILL COLLECT DOMINICAN REVENUES

Washington, March 17.—In the view of the expected adjournment of the present extra session of the senate without action on the pending Dominican treaty it is understood that the state department has determined to proceed with the collection of customs at Puerto Plata and Monte Cristi under the terms of the arbitration award of last year.

It is feared that complications may arise through the action of some of the European powers whose citizens are heavy creditors of Dominican. These claims have been held in abeyance because the European governments interested desire to shape their policies relative to Dominican by those of America, being desirous of avoiding any friction that would cause ill feeling in this country and apprehension that the integrity of the Monroe doctrine was an object of attack. The question is whether, in view of the failure of the senate to act favorably on the treaty which would have provided the means for the payment of these claims, the European governments will longer refrain from independent action to collect their debts and although it is fully realized here that such action if attended by coercive measures will probably cause an abolition of feeling in the country similar to that attended by the appearance of the allied fleet along the Venezuelan coast in the winter of 1902, the state department probably will not feel authorized to intervene with a protest.

Washington, March 17.—The National Woman's congress today adopted resolutions strongly denouncing Mormonism and demanding the expulsion of Reed Smoot from the senate.

Dr. H. W. Wiley, chief of the bureau of chemistry of the agricultural department, in an address declared that people generally are far too easily influenced by the talk of danger in bacteria and microbes and said that in our great efforts to sterilize all food we are making digestion impossible. He spoke of cows' milk as next to mother's milk, the best food for children, but said that when pure it should not be sterilized or waterized.

Mrs. Ellen Spencer Munsey, of Washington, advocated uniform legislation for child protection.

WM. PRILMAN DEAD

Died in Asylum and Money Found in His Cabin.

Reno, Nev., March 17.—William Prilman, 80 years of age, died in the asylum here yesterday apparently a pauper.

At one time he was well to do. He came from Rye Patch, Nevada, a few days ago. When the old man passed away a message was sent to a friend at Rye Patch, who immediately started a search of Prilman's cabin, and beneath a board found a can containing \$1,500 in gold. He arrived here today with the money and arranged for the old man's funeral. Prilman, it appears, dreading to die a pauper, buried his money before he lost his mind and then forgot it.

It is probable that more wealth is hidden about the cabin and a further search will be made.

France and Venezuela.

Washington, March 17.—France has officially informed the United States of the action of the Venezuelan government against the French cable company, which she regards as high-handed and intimates that French patience is rapidly being exhausted by the conduct of affairs in Venezuela. It is probable that the French ambassador will confer with President Roosevelt next week for the purpose of learning the policy which this government proposes to follow in Venezuela so that the French government may adopt a similar line if possible.

Ravages of Bubonic Plague.

New York, March 18.—Owing to the ravages of bubonic plague not more than five hundred inhabitants remain in the city of Piquiza, Chile, according to a dispatch from the Herald correspondent there.

The place had a population of 20,000, but all who were able have fled.

Only one doctor remains to attend to the sick, two others having fallen ill. There are 136 cases in the hospital. Twelve new ones were reported in one day, five resulting fatally.

Oregon Apples Best.

Portland, Or., March 17.—Advises received from London are that Newtown pippins grown at Hood river, Or., have been sold for the highest prices ever paid for any apples sold in European markets, 22s 4d per box, equivalent to 45-42 per box, or about 1 cent per apple. The same variety from Hood river sold at Edinburgh, Scotland, at 20s per box when apples grown in that country were selling at 1s 6d.

TEA

Your butter costs several times as much as your tea or coffee; which are you most economical in?

Your grocer returns your money if you don't like Schilling's tea.



Stetson Hats

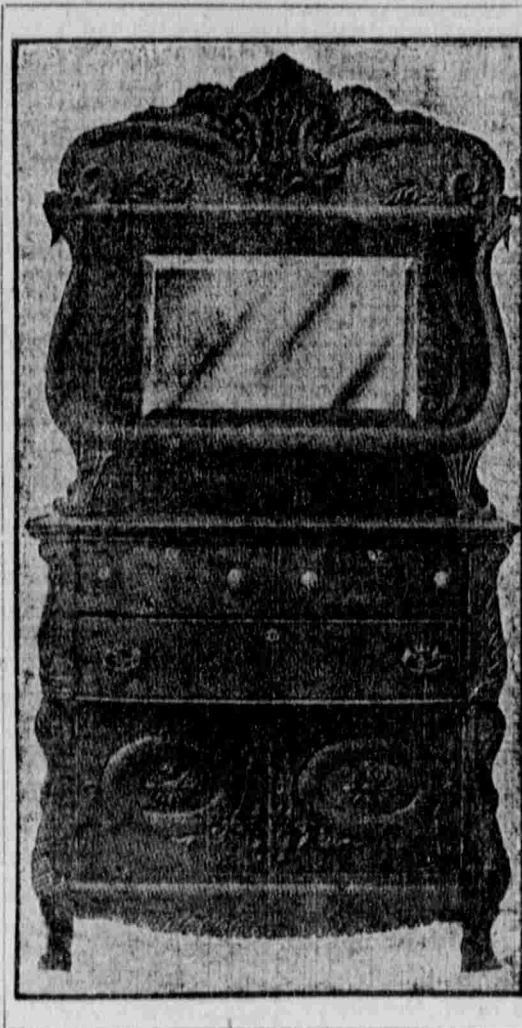
We offer them because we know that you will never pass our store after you wear a Stetson, without thinking well of the hat and the hatter.

We have the Stetson Soft and Derby Hats in all the latest styles.

Poulton, Madsen, Owen & Company
111-113 Main Street.

Sideboards!

We Have Just Received a Carload,
All of the Very Newest Designs and
Most Artistic Finish, for Spring Trade



WE BOAST of a most beautiful line of Artistic, well made, dependable Sideboards, and we extend an urgent invitation to our many patrons and friends to call in next week and inspect our handsome line.

We are selling Solid Oak Sideboards, highly polished, in the very latest designs, at prices from—

\$17⁵⁰
UP.

Our Easy Pay Plan: If you've Furniture, Carpets or Stoves to buy, don't let a little thing like the lack of money cause you to postpone the purchase. There should not be a person in Salt Lake today who ought to deny himself the luxury of a cozy home. We've paved the way for men in all walks of life to live in homes befitting their station.

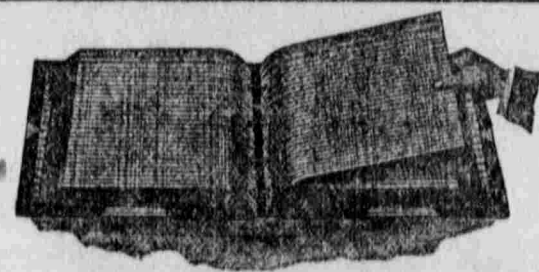
\$1 on \$10; \$10 on \$100

NO INTEREST.

IXL Furniture & Carpet Installment House,

THE COMPLETE HOUSE FURNISHERS. - 48 E. SECOND SOUTH.

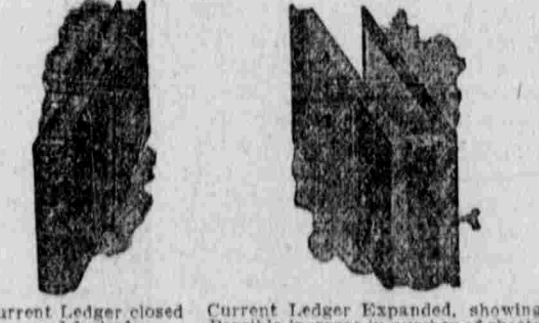
DESERET NEWS BOOK STORE



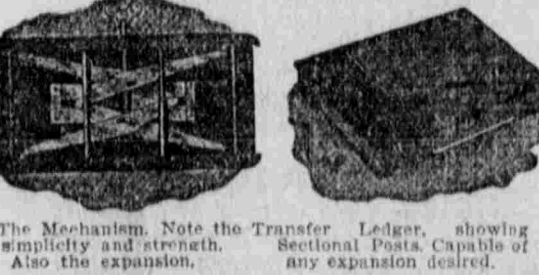
THE TRIPLE EXPANSION

LOOSE LEAF LEDGER

Current Ledger "Unlocked" and Open, showing easy method of removing and inserting sheets.



Current Ledger closed and locked. Current Ledger Expanded, showing possible increase in number of sheets.



The Mechanism. Note the Transfer Ledger, showing simplicity and strength. Sectional Page, Capable of any expansion desired.

The Strongest, Lightest, Handsomest and Best. Simplest Mechanism. Right and Left Screws exert 1,000 Pounds Pressure. Flat Writing Surface. Greatest Expansion. No Springs. No Ratchets. Nothing Breakable. 1-4 in. Backs Expand to 3-4 inches. 21-8 in. Backs Expand to 8 inches. Regular Stock Sizes and Bindings on hand. Special Sizes Furnished Upon Order.

BLANK BOOKS, FILING CABINETS, CARD INDEXES, OFFICE SUPPLIES, AND GENERAL STATIONERY.

Deseret News Book Store.

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TORTURED BY ECZEMA

Whole Body Mass of Sores—Could
Not Sleep—Had Given Up
Hope of Recovery.

CURED BY CUTICURA

Spent Hundreds of Dollars Trying Every Doctor
in Neighborhood, but Kept Growing Worse
All the Time—Completely and Permanently
Cured by Cuticura at Expense of \$8.

"I have been tempted a number of times to write to you a voluntary letter telling how Cuticura Remedies saved the life of my mother, Mrs. William F. Davis, living in Stony Creek, Conn.

"Some years ago she had Eczema, the worst case I have witnessed in my life. She was able to sleep only a little, scarcely ate at all, and how she kept alive was a wonder. She had tried every doctor in the neighborhood, but kept growing worse all the time. Her head was a mass of sores, the ears swollen and painful, and the disease spread until it appeared on almost her entire body. It affected her hands and wrists and made housework out of the question. So bad was her condition at this time that she despaired of a recovery.

"Finally, after she had spent hundreds of dollars without receiving any benefit, living in misery for years, with hair whitened from pain and suffering, and body terribly disfigured, a friend came to her and told her she would get the Cuticura Remedies if she would use them. But mother was discouraged and without hope. She said, 'Nothing will cure me, I must die with it.' However, she began using the Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Resolvent, and when she had used three bottles of Resolvent, five boxes of Cuticura Ointment and ten cakes of Cuticura Soap, she was entirely cured. Her hair returned to its natural color, dark brown, and she looked ten years younger. I have written telling you of this because I feel it a duty to my fellowmen to let them know of this wonderful cure by Cuticura.

"Having mother's case in mind, I have often recommended Cuticura to those suffering with humors. While living in Hartford, Conn., I had the pleasure of knowing a number of friends who were wonderfully cured by Cuticura.

"Here in New York I have just been to see a young man who has been sorely afflicted with a terrible humor. He tells me that Cuticura Soap, Ointment and three bottles of Cuticura Resolvent cured him. I could give you the names of six or seven others for whom Cuticura has worked remarkable cures. Now, feeling that I have done my duty, I shall be pleased if you will publish this letter

GEORGE C. DAVIS.

161 West 36th St. New York City.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humor, \$1

Bathe the affected parts with hot water and Cuticura Soap, to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales, and soothe the itching, inflammation, itching, and apply Cuticura Ointment freely to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal; and lastly, Cuticura Resolvent Pills, to cool and cleanse the blood. A single Set, costing one Dollar, is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, and scaly skin, scalp, and blood humors, rashes, and irritations, from Infancy to Age, with loss of hair, when all else fails. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.

Mailed Free, "How to Cure Torturing, Disfiguring Humors of Infancy and Age."

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