

LOST ITS GRIP.

THE "Liberal" organ is in a bad way. The *Herald* sums it up in this one editorial paragraph: "Poor Old Tribune!" That would be sufficient but for the attempt of the *Tribune* to bolster up Boss Powers, to reflect on the gentlemen at Chicago who refused to be swayed by his anti-"Mormon" sophistry, and to attack the *DESERET NEWS* with its accustomed "Liberal" billingsgate. However, we do not care to pursue the matter further. There is nothing in all the *Tribune's* editorial page today that amounts to an argument or anything more than wild assertions and black-guard invective. It credits the *News* with undoubted ability to misstate the truth. Well, even if that were correct, it is one of the distinctive differences between the *News* and the *Tribune*. The latter continually misstates the truth and does it without ability. Its columns of misrepresentation are transparently thin and weak, and deceive only the most unsophisticated and uninformed. They are, further, so farfetched and inapplicable, in fact and illustration, that a reasoner is led to wonder at their inaptness and fatuity as much as at their lack of logic and their intellectual flatulence. Well may its readers exclaim, "Poor old *Trib*!"

THE DENVER "NEWS" BOLTS.

THE *Denver News*, in its issue of June 23, in a double headed editorial, repudiates the work of the Chicago convention. This paper has been solidly Democratic since its birth many, many years ago. Of course its defection to its party may not affect the result next November, as Colorado has been always a strong Republican State. But, taking it in connection with developments going on in adjoining States, it may lead to an effective result.

Our *Denver* cotemporary bases its opposition to Cleveland entirely on the ground of his currency record. It says:

"In view of these facts, and moved by these convictions, the *News* unhesitatingly elects to sustain the people and the industries of the section to which it has been so long wedded, and refuses to betray those interests by supporting Grover Cleveland for the Presidency, thus becoming a party to a financial conspiracy the culmination of which would involve certain and ruinous disaster to all who are concerned in silver mining, and would as surely prove calamitous to the producing population of the United States."

"KNOCKED OUT BY A TRICK."

WE are asked to admit that "the Tuscatoras were knocked out by a trick." Well, we will do so if that will please anybody. They were. But the "trick" which knocked them out was their own. It used to do very well, before the "changed conditions" in Utah, and before the information was imparted concerning Utah affairs that has penetrated both the Congress and the country. But the "trick" now works the other way. Anti-

"Mormon" bugaboos are "played out." They do not work on public men except to the detriment of those who work them. The Tuscatoras tried this trick and it rebounded and "knocked them out." They did not make a point. They had no case. They had nothing but the old trick.

It is useless to bespatter the gentlemen who patiently gave them a hearing and listened to their rant. The fault is their own. By their own admission, five members of a Utah committee bolted from the decision of fourteen out of a committee of twenty. The five made an attempt to pose as the whole committee and control the party. They were rejected, and went to Chicago expecting by a trick to cheat the real committee and the real party out of recognition. All they had to effect this was the anti-"Mormon" trick and it worked the wrong way—for them.

Let the howlers about "polygamy," "Church and State" and "Mormon insincerity and slavery," take notice! The old thing does not work now. And in future it will serve all who try it as it served the Tuscatoras; it will most effectually and emphatically "knock them out."

A NEW DEPARTURE IN RELIGION.

COLORADO leads in a new departure in religion. On the 8th inst. a meeting of ministers representing various denominations was held in Denver. The object of the meeting was to consider the best way of advancing Christian doctrines in the West. It was conceded that no one of the Christian sects is at present able to obtain a sufficiency of competent men, to act as ministers and teachers of religion. The outcome of the conference is the establishment of a Divinity School in Boulder, on the omnibus plan. It will prepare candidates for theological humors in the various sects known to the Christian world.

Provisions are made for the establishment of chairs in homiletics, systematic theology, ecclesiastical history, Biblical learning and exegesis, philosophy of religion, pastoral care, comparative religion, ethics of social reform, hermeneutics, and history of Christian doctrines. Though this school will be made a department of the Colorado University, yet it will receive no aid from the State. It will be wholly unsectarian, but provision is made that during the last year of study, if a student manifests a desire for a particular denomination, instruction will be given in that by a regularly ordained representative of the sect.

The faculty will be recruited from the various sects, and a degree of Bachelor of Divinity given after completing a three year course, and passing the prescribed examination. It will be open to both sexes, and ladies can graduate as bachelors and scholars of divinity the same as their male brethren.

ANTI-JEWISH FEELING IN FRANCE.

FRANCE has long been regarded as the most tolerant of European nations towards the Hebrew people. In fact, the first movement of modern times to

accord to that race the right of human beings was inaugurated among the gallant Gauls shortly after the great revolution. Ever since, positions of honor and eminence have been open alike to Jew and Gentile in that country. But judging from recent developments a change is setting in, and the anti-Semitic feeling begins to assume as fierce an aspect as it does in Germany or Russia.

A duel was fought in Paris a few days ago which in its main features is suggestive of the worst barbarity of the dark ages. The contestants were Captain Mayer, a Hebrew officer of engineers, in the French army, and the Marquis de Mores, a person who has had a good deal of newspaper notoriety. It appears the Marquis stated in the presence of Mayer and of his companions that no Hebrew should be permitted to occupy the place of officer in the French army. Mayer, who was a brave, generous fellow and very sensitive to aspersions on his people, challenged Mores to a duel. The weapons were swords, and though Mayer was regarded as an expert fencer, yet he was run through the body at the second assault.

Mores indulged in a good deal of bathos when Mayer lay on the ground dying. He wanted to shake hands with his victim, and did so, the unfortunate man holding out his hand for the purpose. Mores is under arrest, but he entertains little fear of prosecution. He is reported to have said immediately after the duel: "I am aware the authorities will issue a warrant for my arrest. What does it matter? The magistrates will not prevent the prosecution of the work we have undertaken. Personal questions are nothing; principles are all in all. We are but at the beginning of a civil war."

The Jewish residents of Paris were terribly excited over the affair, and gave their unfortunate co-religionists a sort of public funeral on Sunday last. There are a number of Hebrews in the French army, and it is thought that the end has not yet come. One thing seems apparent, and that is public feeling in France is changing toward the Jews.

WOOL MARKET.

"BRADSTREET'S" of June 25 has the following in relation to the wool trade:

The leading wool markets are quiet. Manufacturers seem to be waiting to see whether the higher prices being paid in the west will hold, and are endeavoring to prevent an advance by keeping out of the market. Meanwhile the new wool is coming forward and stocks are steadily increasing. The wools have, as a rule, been put up in a cleaner and better manner than for several years. The London sales have shown a strong competition among buyers and a hardening tendency to values. But a comparatively small amount of wool suitable for this country has been offered. There is a good demand reported for Australian wool in New York, and while prices are no higher they are very firm. Ohio and Michigan wools are in light demand. New wools from these States are coming forward slowly and in small lots. A fair demand is reported for Texas wool. Territories are selling in a small way. Pulled wools are quiet. There has been little doing in carpet wools.