OHIO REPUBLICANS OPEN CAMPAICN

laitial Demonstration Occurs in McKinley's Home State.

A BIG PROCESSION HELD.

the Campaign. Youngstown, O., Sept. 8.-The Repub-Mani of Ohio formally opened the residential campaign here today with

sesator Foraker the Chief Speaker

Senator Depew Talks-Points of

s large parade followed by a meeting which for enthusiasm, eloquence and stiendance has rarely been equalled in

A BIG PARADE,

Shortly after noon they entered carlages and were driven to the public quare where they took their places in he line of parade. Promptly at 1 clock the march was taken up. The rocession was in eight divisions, and says nearly four miles in length, and in addition to campaign clubs from Cleve-land, Canton, Toledo, Columbus and many other towns and cities in Ohio is made up of numerous attractive in-

de was a mammoth workingman's mer pail, bearing the inscription, "We any four years more of a full dinner

Along the entire route there was the eatest enthusiasm manifested by the swas of spectators thronging the side-

When Wick park, where the speaking was to take place, was reached by the head of the procession fully 20,000 people were in waiting. On account of the immense crowd two meetings were

longed cheers, and during his speech was frequently interrupted by applause, THE CAMPAIGN ISSUE.

Senator Faraker spoke in part as fol-Mr. Chairman and Fellow Citizens:

The parameter is the campaign is the administration of William Mc-kinley. Shall it be endorsed or repudi-ted? That is the question.

Money, tariff, trusts and so-called im-

perialism are each and all, important subjects, but a o one of them can be seggested from the others and voted upon by itself. In other words, the Demoatis party cannot be restored to powo one proposition and be ex-, horse and dragoons," or

nd differ as to "government by in-unction." The proposition that "the enstitution follows the flag." Is coupled a brutal denial by violood and murder of the rights of the negro cititelr lives for the flag, and with gallant epublic on the battlefields of the na-

STATES DEMICCRATIC RECORD. Our experience with Democracy has than ansatisfactory, It has patriotic men in that party party us such somehow lacks for the muccessful administrahas been the case since

the war. The following exe annaial message of Presnan shows the deplorable hich Derwocratic policies and had reduced us in 1857 We have possessed all the material wealth in abun-yet, as twithstanding all antages, our country in its interests is at the present a deplorable condition. In f unsurpassed plenty in all lons of aga iculture and in all s of nation al wealth, we find

actures suspended, our public trided, our private enterprises kinds aban doned, and thou-eful labore's thrown out of and reduced to want." ok the country in the last ion of Mr. Cleveland to ir possible the latest effort that of Bucha nan. Business and almost destroyed us bee of what Democracy, in its lack statesmanship and general inca-ity, undertook to do for the coun-

truth is that the Democratic has been on the wrong side of great question for more than

purpose, therefore, when by gets into power it necesincapable to redeem its latry a distrust that par ess, robs labor of employ trade talances against us pairs national credit.

REPUBLICAN CLAIM.

erlence shows that when the Reorty makes a promise it good results will follow; and ten the Democratic party makes e it may or may not keep it, sly as its discordant elements hay not be able to act in har-ad that whether it keeps it or

untry is the loser. was some room for argument and much was then said in free silver that seemed plausi-had hard times, and it was a free trade Democrat to that it was tipe gold standard, is leader told him so, and not trade, that made the trouble. It was then with many only a theory, and one theory may be claimed to be as good as another until exploded by practical results; but there is no longer excuse for theorizing.

MR. BRYAN'S PREDICTIONS.

Mr. Bryan dealt with opinions then; facts are dealing with him now. See with what results. He told us that if we adopted the gold standard, the hard times then prevailing would continue and grow worse. We rejected his advice and unexampled prosperity has blessed the land. He said prices would fall still lower, but, instead, they rapidly rose. He said our railroads would all be bankrupt, but, instead they have more business than they can hanhave more business than they can han-die. He said we would become a hopeclies debtor nation, owing all the world, and compelled to depend on the money markets of Europe to float our securities, but, Instead, we have seen foreign nations, including England herself, selling their bonds in American markets to American citizens, who are markets to American citizens, who are paying for them with American money worth one hundred cents in gold all over the world. He said our foreign commerce would languish, and the bal-ance of trade would be against us, but instead, we have never traded so much with other nations and the balances of trade in our favor were never so large. He drew direful pictures of the scarcity of money and told how it would curtail and handleap and embarrass business, but instead the volume is steadily increasing and the amount per capita is now the largest we have ever had. He was filled with distress becapita is now the largest we have ever had. He was filled with distress because of the fate that would befall the farmer if he could not be allowed to pay off his mortgages with fifty-cent stilver dollars, and told with great emotion, how the farmer's farm and his home would be soid under the hammer, but, instead, the farmer has shared in the unusual prosperity, and with the good prices commanded by his products, he has paid off more mortgages than were ever before cancer and Hanna. Accompanying them as guests of Senator Depew were Judge Williamson, of Cleveland; State Treasurer Cameron, District Attorney J. J. Sollivan, Myron T. Herrick, Andrew Squires, also of Cleveland, and George P. Waldorf, collector ofo customs of Tolede.

A BIG PARADE,

fore the American people asking to be placed at the head of our government.

AS TO IMPERIALISM.

He has a new Shibboleth—it is imperjulism. He aeffected to believe that
President McKinley is trying to subvert the government; that he is destraying the Republic and establishing
an empire; it is in this way he refers
to what we have done in Hawali, Cuba,
Porto filco and the Philippines. What
are the facts?

Porto illeo and the Philippines. What are the facts?

Was the acquisition of Hawsii an act of imperialism? Nobody in Hawsii is conscious of any imperialistic exercise of power or trend of events so far as those islands are concerned. They are all rejoicing that they are under our flag and in the poyment of our free institutions. We down our flag again? If so, for what purpose? Except only to restore monarchy.

go to war with Spain to secure the in-dependence of the people of that island, We were in a pospain was ejected. sition to do as we liked; we had pos-session with an army and navy flushed with victory and irresistible, but they were there only to protect and help the weak-not for empire.

When we entered upon the interven-

tion, we gave a pledge to the Cubans and the whole world that as soon as the island could be pacified we would withdraw and leave the Cubans to a government of their own selection, ready under our guidance and with help, municipal governments of their own choice have been established and are in operation throughout all that country, and an election has been ordered to choose delegates to frame a constitution and establish an independent republican government, which this country will not only recognize but in every way strengthen and support. both spirit and letter our pron will be kept, and that people will soon realize and enjoy the independence fo which they have struggled so long and so bravely. Surely this does not look like land grabbing or a greedy grasping for power, but rather that the President is, in a safe, steadfast way, try-ing to carry out the wish of the Ameri-can people and promote the highest good of the Cubans.

Porto Rico was acquired in response

Porto Rico was acquired in response to the universal sentiment of the whole American people, and of that people as well. The time had come for Spain to quit the Western Hemisphere, and Porto Rico naturally fell to us as a provision of the treaty of peace. The government we gave Porto Rico, instead of being harsh and ungenerous, is the most generous and least burdensome. most generous and least burdensome government that has ever been pro-vided by the United States for any Ter-ritory since the beginning of the Republic. More generous by far than wagave to Louisiana, or Florida, or California, and under that government the people of Porto Rico are now enter-ing upon a career of prosperity and happiness greater than they have ever known.

THE PHILIPPINES.

Consider now the Philippines. There was a difference of opinion as to whether we should acquire them, but all were agreed that Spain should relinquish her sovereignty there. If so, somebody had to succeed to the title. The Filipinos themselves said that if we simply drove Spain out and came away, they would fall into the hands of the European nations, and their last estate, because of the divisions that would ensue, would be worse than their first. The only way to prevent that was to take control ourselves. The President reluctantly reached this conclusion, for he foresaw the serious re-sponsibilities involved in such action. The treaty of place so provided, and the Senate, with the help of seventeen Democratic votes, ratified it, and it re-ceived the seventeen Democratic votes. eived the seventeen Democratic votes because Mr. Bryan, and a large num-ber, if not the majority, of the Demo-cratic party, advised and advocated the ratification. But before the treaty was ratified the insurrection commenced. It was the duty of the President, under the protocol then in force, to suppress it, and preserve order. Before the ratiications were exchanged Congress had adjourned without legislating on subject. The President was left charge of that country as he is to charge of all other territory over which our jurisdiction extends. It was his duty, under the Constitution and laws of the land, to maintain our authority and to use all necessary force. This h and to use all necessary force. This he has done, nothing more, nothing less, If he had done more there might be some excuse for talking about abuse of power; if he had done less, Mr. Bryan would be talking now about articles of impeachment instead of imperialism.

QUOTES DEMOCRATIC LEADERS. If President McKinley had pursued such a policy as Mr. Bryan is now pro-posing if elected, he would have been branded as a weak betrayer of his rust and as responsible for a great na-tional humiliation. If you have any doubts about this you have only to turn back to the expressions of Democratic

newspapers and Democratic leaders at the time when our trouble in the Phil-ippines commenced, to learn that these men who are now talking about haul-ing down the flag, giving the Filipinos independence and making peace on any terms, were then more imperialistic and bloodthirsty and tyrannical, as indicated by the advice they gave, than President McKinley has ever even been charged by them to be. Here is an extract from an editorial of that time, published in the Cincinnati Incorres:

Aguinaldo will have to behave himself. The country will take no back-ward step. The Spaniards have hinted

ward step. The Spaniards have hinted that we are dealing with people that will have to be exterminated to keep them from making trouble. Well, we cannot stop now, even at extermination."

This paper is now talking about the "consent of the governed," and instead of exterminating the Fillininos it is trying to exterminate President McKinley. The New York Journal said: "Aguinaldo's men are no to carry out a program of savagery.

to carry out a program of savagery.
They are making war by incendiarism
and assassination, and if they could
gain possession of Manila a carnival of slaughter, rapine and conflagration would horrify the world. We must crush this band of incendiaries and assassins once for all. Aguinaido and assassins once for all. Agulnaido and his followers are simply Indians and must be dealt with as we would deal with a tribe of renegade Apaches."

To this paper, the ablest Democratic organ in the United States, Aguinaldo and his "Indiana" have a become "the

and his "Indians" have become "the George Washington and his patriots of

Richard Croker, tht great Tammany Richard Croker, tht great Tammany leader, gave out a statement, published in all the papers, in which he said.

"I believe in holding whatever we have gained by annexation, purchase or war. * * If the great country west of the Rocky Mountains were filled with wild Indians, how long would it take us to suppress them and make them respect our laws and Constitution? The same thing applies to the Philippines and any other country that may fall into our hands by the provimay fall into our hands by the provi-dence of peace or war."

Other quotations from leading Demo-

other quotations from leading Democratic newspapers and Democratic leaders might be made to the same effect, almost without number. But these are enough to show that our Democratic friends not only joined us in ratifying the treaty and acquiring the Democratic friends not only joined us in ratifying the treaty and acquiring in ratifying the treaty and acquiring the Philippines and assuming the responsibility of government there, but also advised the President to adopt and pursue in the discharge of his duties precisely the policy for which they now arraign him, except only that the policies of "extermination," "renegate Apaches" and "wild Indians" which they advised, were far more bloody and they advised, were far more bloody and imperialistic than the policy of the

WHY THE CHANGE.

Why this change? It is easily exwhy this change? It is easily explained. They spoke as patriots then; they speak as partisans now. Their inconsistency is so manifest that Mr. Bryan seeks to justify himself for advising a ratification of the treaty and is now condemning the President's polis now condemning the President's policy on the ground that he expected the President, as soon as the treaty was ratified, to announce to Aguinaido and his followers, notwithstanding they were in arms against us, that he proposed as soon as he had established a stable government, to give them their independence under an American protectorate, Mr. Bryan forgets. He could not have expected any such thing; because, in the first place, war with the Filipinos had already commetced before the treaty was ratified, and every act of the President was a deciaration that until the insurrection was ended nothing else was in order; and in the nothing else was in order; and in the second place, Mr. Bryan was aware that the President had already, in the hope of avoiding any clash with the Filipinos, announced his policy by a proclamation promulgated by General Otis in the previous December. Senator Foraker was followed by

Chauncey M. Depew. BRYAN AND ROOSEVELT.

Former Speaks in Milwaukee, and Latter in Michigan.

Chicago, Sept. 8.-William J. Bryan, accompanied by Mayor Harrison and other prominent Democrats and the Cook county Democracy left here at 11:20 o'clock today over the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, for Milwaukee, where Col. Bryan will make an address

Holland, Mich., Sept. 7.—Governor Roosevelt began the closing day of his flying tour through Michigan by addressing an audience composed almost wholly of Hollanders and their descendwholly of Hollanders and their wholly of Holland city park, 2,000 ants. In the Holland city park, 2,000 people were assembled.

President Kollen, of Hope college, presided and referred to the fact that Roosevelt came from Holland stock.

THE PROSPECTIVE STRIKE. No Real Basis Apparent to Hope for Preventing It.

Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 8,-The national board of United Mine Workers resumed its secret session at 8:30 o'clock today. Before the meeting the board members said that the situation had not changed during the night. No disposition has been manifested by the operators to meet any of the demands made by the miners through either the in the anthracite region.

The utmost secrecy attended the board meeting today. The fact that the board met one hour and a half earlier than it did yesterday morning is taken as an indication that grave problems are to be solved today. The great strike order of 1897, which called out 110,000 miners, was issued on Sunday, July 4. It seems probable if the great anthracite strike is ordered the order will go into effect late Saturday or Sunday morning.

Hazleton, Pa., Sept. 8.—Efforts are still being made here to bring about a settlement of the impending strike John Fahy and Thomas Duffy, members of the executive board of the three anthracite mining districts are in conference behind closed doors with Father Phillips, but have nothing to give out for publication.

Will Promote Daggett.

Washington, Sept. 8.—It is believed that the President will accept the recommendation of General Chaffee and promote Col. Aaron S. Daggett, of the Fourteenth infantry, to the vacant brigadier generalship, which will follow from the retirement on next Monday of Joseph Wheeler. If this is done, General Chaffee will be only temporarily set back in his own advancemen to the brigadier generalship, Col. Daggett having undertaken to retire and thus create another vacancy upon his

Cleveland Declines, Harrison Accepts Washington, Sept. 8.—Ex-President Cleveland has declined the President's appointment as a member of the Inter-national board of arbitration under The Hague treaty. Ex-President Harrison has accepted the appointment.

Increased Nearly Double.

Washington, Sept. 8.—The census bureau announces that the population of Portland, Ore., is 90,426, as against 46.385 in 1890; an increase of 44,941, or 94.95 per cent.

BOERS ARE BEATEN BACK AGAIN.

Lord Roberts Reports Their Right Flank as Turned.

THERON REPORTED KILLED.

Was a Famous Boer Scout and Officer -Burgher Forces are Split Up and Betreating.

London, Sept. 8 .- The following dispatch has been received at the waroffice from Lord Roberts: 'Belfast, Friday, September 7.- Ian Hamilton succeeded in turning the Boers' right flank, clearing the way for Buller's ad-

"Hart, who is operating southwest of Krugersdorp, reports that among the dead Boers left on the field it is believed that the body of Theron has been found."

Bradford, England, Sept. 8.—At to-day's session of the Physical Science that the body of Theron has been that the body of Theron has been the advancement of Science, now in an-Krugersport is a small town about

twenty miles north by east of Lyden-

Storm is Heavy.

New Orleans, Sept. 8,-The storm continued its fury with heavy downpours of rain until daylight doing no serious damage in the city, but prostrating telegraph and telephone wires in all directions. No additional reports of loss of life have been received. The storm levelled much cane throughout the

Missionaries disted in China.

Washington, Sept. 8 .- The state department is in receipt of a cablegram from United States Consul General Goodnow, at Shanghal dated September 7, reporting the deaths about July 31, at

New York, Sept. 8.—The directors of the Colorado Fuel & Iron company have declared the deferred dividend of eight

per cent on its preferred stock for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1899, payable October 10. This leaves a re-carriage of eight per cent on the stock, More Plague in Glasgow.

Glasgow, Sept. 8.-An official bulletin issued today says two additional bu-bonic plague cases have been admitted to the hospital and that nine additional persons have been placed under obser-

ANOTHER CRISIS AFFECTING CHINA

Washington, Sept. 8 .- No developments over night in the Chinese situation, Mr. Takahira, the Japanese minister, called at the state department this morning to talk over the conditions with Acting Secretary Hill. The minister said that he had nothing new from home touching the Chinese trouble,

There is reason to believe that the negotiations have now reached another crisis and developments of importance are expected, the nature of which it is not possible at present to even outline. It is apparent that the state department officials are giving a good deal of at-tention to the discussion of the personnel of a commission to adjust some phases at least of the Chinese trouble, which is now proceeding.
It is stated that Li Hung Chang is

now at Shanghai, and official advices that reach here indicate that he is not likely to leave for Pekin, notwithstanding reports to the contrary.

Berlin, Sept. 8 .- A dispatch received here today from Amoy under date of Thursday, September 6, announced that all the foreign marines landed there and at Kulang-Fu had been withdrawn.

London, Sept. 8.-The British admiralty announces that members of the British naval brigade who participated relief of Pekin have rejoined their ships.

California's Jubilee.

San Francisco Cal., Sept. 8.—A four days' jubilea celebration under the aus-pices of the Native Sons of the Golden West, to commemorate the semi-centen-nial of the admission of California into the Union, was inaugurated today. Bely 200,000 strangers in this city. The railroads entering San Francisco are taxed to their utmost capacity to handle the immense throngs die the immense throngs. Steamship-lines are similarly situated, vilstors ar-riving from every town in California and even from Oregon and Lower Cali-fornia. The city is elaborately deco-rated, electric light effects for night illumination being a feature. The program for today includes the

launching of the United States monitor Wyoming, at the Union Iron works, this morning, a promenade concert and naval parade tonight.

SHOOTING AT RENO.

Saloon Keeper Uses Pistol With Fatal Effect-Three Persons Shot.

Reno, Nev., Sept. 8 .- A saloon-keeper named Bessman had an altercation this morning in his place of business on Second street with his partner, a man named Bullard, and Mrs. Bullard.

man is supposed to have shot Mrs. Bullard through the neck, inflicting a dangerous, if not mortal wound, but she is not yet dead. He then turned his pistol on Bullard and shot him through the lobe of the ear. Then, presumably, turned the gun on himself, blowing the whole top of his head off. Bullard is safely landed in jail,

Missouri Regulators Indicted.

Hartville, Mo., Sept. 8.—Great ex-citement exists here owing to the ac-tion of the grand jury in returning indictments against 20 prominent citizens of this (Wright) county for the alleged murder of John Mitchell and Jack Kauffman and the wounding of David Mitchell, in April, 1897, by "regulators."

Four years ago a band of thieves began wholesale overstims in nearly every wholesale operations in nearly every party . Many arrests were always for he college or the college of the coll party :

pred Lydenburg Thursday.

"The Boers are split up and going northward and east. Most of the guns and stores have been sent to KrugersFlart, who is operating the store of th

nual session here, Sir William Henry Presce, consulting engineer to the Brit-Commandant Theron, of the Boer carry, was known as a great scout, it was he who commanded the Boer flying patrol that derailed and burned, early in August, near Honingspruit, the train carrying United States Consul Stowe, and flying the Stars and Stripes.

experiments with wirelessands be had found it quite possible to convey and flying the Boer flying the sea without wires. He added that it was a practical commercial system and might be extended to communicate between ships and between ships

DAMAGE SUIT AGAINST CITY.

Winnie Galbraith filed a suit against Salt Lake City today to recover \$1,000 damages for injuries alleged to have been received through falling on a side-

that on February 14th, 1900, defendant permitted ice and snow to accumulate on the sidewalk in front of No. 27 State street, causing plaintiff's precipitation, whereby she broke her ankle,

It is further alleged that plaintiff, in consequence of the injuries she received, was confined to her bed for four months, during which time she expended \$100 for medical attendance.

FOR PERSONAL INJURIES.

Robey to Recover \$12,000. Andrew Boyle filed a suit against W. H. Roney in the Third district court to-day to recover damages in the sum of \$12,000 for alleged in juries received while at work on the University building now in course of construction. The complaint alleges that on August 3th plaintiff was engaged assisting in raising a large rock, when the rope broke and the rock fell and struck him, totally

disabling him.

The following orders in probate were made by Judge Hiles today:
Estate of Samuel D. and William G. Woolley, minors; A. H. Woolley appointed guardian under a \$7,000 bond.
Estate of Frank H. Grice, deceased; Estate and guardianship of Catherine Corless, an incompetent; sale of real

property approved.
Estate of William W. Wilson, deceased; sale of real property approved.
Estate of William V.Morris, deceased; order made approving of account.
Estate of Ellen M. Bishop, deceased;
James Bishop and John B. Reid appointed administrators.
Estate of Albert C. Dewey, deceased;

order made for sale of real property and requiring administrator to give an additional bond of \$8,000. Estate of Joseph Shaw, deceased; or

der made setting aside former order Estate of Mayme and Juliet Crismon, minors; administrator discharged.

Taken Under Advisement.

In the case of A. Milton Musser vs Morgan Richards Jr., Judge Norrell to-day made an order permitting defend-ant to amend his answer and return. The demurrer to the complaint was argued and taken under advisement.

Setting of Criminal Cases.

The following criminal cases were set for trial by Judge Norrell today; Monday, Sept. 17, State vs Frank Ly-ons, Hank Riddle, Henry Wright, bur-giary; State vs D. B. Brinton, appeal. Tuesday, Sept. 18, State vs Frank Bil-lings, infamous crime against nature; State vs Nephi Howcroft, appeal.
Wednesday, Sept. 15, State vs J. P.
Nelson, embezzlement; State vs Otis D.
Faulkner, assault with intent to com-

mit rape.
Thursday, Sept. 20, State vs Jns. Wallace, A. S. Wishart, burglary.
Friday, Sept. 21, State vs Halvor
Hope, assault with deadly weapon.
Monday, Sept. 24, State vs Alvro Ady,

adultery Tuesday, Sept. 25, State vs H. H. Clifton, appeal; State vs Chris Voss, appeal.

List of New Jurors.

The following jurors were drawn for the September term in the criminal di-vision of the Third district court today: yision of the Third district court today;
John Helm, Henry Newell, Dan A.
Weggeland, Thomas Morris, John J.
Stocking, Ezra F. Martin, Henry N.
Nicholls, James C. Hamilton, William
M. Elliot, Charles Sharp, Frank E.
Stanfast, Ezekial Holman, Charles W.
Johnson, Isaac J. Dunnien, Samuel H.
Williams, Harry E. Melton, Adam Duncan, Daniel F. Howells, Stephen H.
Love, Frank Collett, James H. Oliver,
Samuel Paul, Harvey Hardy, John S. Samuel Paul, Harvey Hardy, John S. Garrison, H. R. Castleton,
The venire was made returnable Monday, September 17, 10 a. m.

NORMAL SCHOLARSHIPS.

Mrs. Bullard was acting as a waitress Mille Lyman of Oak City, Millard pass through that country.

county, to a free normal scholarship in the University of Utah for a period of four years.

It should be understood that Superintendent Park makes these appointments on the nominations made by the county board of examiners and city boards of education, Vacancies existing at the time of the opening of the University are filled by the president of that institution. of that institution.

OPENED LAST MONDAY.

The Salt Lake Business college, which opened its doors for the ensuing school year on Monday last, starts out with a very good attendance, and with better prospects for success than it has ever before enjoyed. Principal Nelson is de-cidedly pleased at the outlook.

APPOINTED DEPUTY MARSHAL.

Alfred Froyd was today appointed a United States marshal by tes Marshal Miller for the wiet. His official bond was court and the oath of office administered.

CHORAL SOCIETY.

berture among our choral

founded at the studio of renson, 228 S. State street, alght. The name of this on is German Ladies' Choral Harmonie. Its work will be often to ladies' choruses and mixed choruses in the German language, the latter to be sung in conjunction with the male Society Harmonie. Officers were elected, the constitution agreed upon, and culte a number of ladles identified themselves with the organi-zation, which under the direction of Prof. Evenson should become a suc-

NEW LIBRARY BOOKS.

The following rare and scarce books vill be placed upon the shelves of the Public library Monday:

Carpenter, Editor-Select American Speeches, Forensic and Parliamentary,

Colton, Editor-Private Correspondence of Henry Clay.
Conway—Cmitted Chapters of History, Disclosed in the Life and Papers of Edmund Randelph.

Guizot—Essay en the Character and Republican I. Influence of Washington.

Kennedy—Memoirs of the Life of William Wirt, 2 rols. Lanman-Private Life of Daniel Web-

ter.
Lincoln and Douglas—Political De-ates in the Campaign of 1878.
Loring—The Hundred Boston Orators.
Appointed by Municipal Authorities m 1770 to 1852.

Lossing, Editor-Diary of Gen. Wash-ington from 1189 to 1781. Lossing, Editor-Recollections and Private Memoirs of Washington, by George Washington Parke Custls. Magoon-Orators of the American

Henry Clay, 8 vols.
Safford-Blennerhasset Papers.
Webster-Private Correspondence of Duniel Webster, 2 vols,
Wirt-Letters of the British Spy.
Yates-Secret Proceedings and Debates of the Convention Assembled at Philadelphia, 1787. Philadelphia, 1787. Also twenty-two volumes of the Mil- tion. lennial Star, making our files complete to 1895, except volumes 25, 40, 47, 48 and

ENGLISH STATESMEN SERIES.

Oliver Cromwell-Harrison Andrew Boyle Snes Contractor William the Conqueror-Freeman Walpole-Morley. And miscellaneous books as follows: Adams—History of the United States,

> Arnold-Passages from Prose Writings Farry-Lectures on Architecture. Field-Among the Holy Hills. Field-Bright Skies and Dark Shad-

Field-From Egypt to Japan. Field-From Lakes of Killarney to the Golden Horn.

Field-Greek Islands and Turkey af-Felton-Greece, Ancient and Modern.

Goodrich-Eritish Eloquence, Graham-Life of General Morgan, Hellprin-Historical Reference Book. Labberton-New Historical Atlas,

(reference). Lord-Old Roman World. Marsh-Lectures in the English Lan-Paris. Comte de-History of the Civil War in American, four volumes. Shea-Life and Epoch of Hamilton.

Watson-Men and Times of the Revo-Wheeler-Course of Empire Williams-Eras and Characters of

LATE LOCAL NEWS.

Stubbs-Select Charters.

C. E. Wantland, the well known real estate man, has arrived in the city from Denver.

J. H. Bailey Jr. of this city, late o Provo, left last night for a course in law at Ann Arbor, Mich. The young man will visit relatives en route at Cold Water, Mich. He expects to be absent about two years.

Marriage licenses were today issued to Benjamin F. Prince, 49, of Colorado Springs, and Cora A. Klasey, 30, of Omaha: Frank L. Walters, 29, and Edith S. Halgh, 21, both of Salt Lake.

Miss Lizzle Smith returned this morning from Denver, where she has been spending a very enjoyable visit as the guest of Dr. and Mrs. J. H. Tilden.

Gen. Manager Campbell of the Union Light and Power company is back from his trip to San Francisco and other coast points. Sanford Northorp, the general man-

ager of the American Refrigerator com-pany, which is owned by the Missouri Pacific, reached the city this morning. He was making the rounds of the offices with Commercial Agent Hooser. L. O. Leonard will have another car

load of horses through here during the middle of next week. W. C. McBride, of the Ric Grande Western agency at Butte, Montana. came down from the north this morn-

L. O. Leonard of the Missouri Pacific, who has been on the sick list and has been spending a week in Salt Lake. leaves for the north in the morning. Charley Hooper, the son of Col. Hooper, the popular general passenger agent of the Denver and Rio Grande, reached the city this morning from Den-

The old rails on the Alta branch will salutary and be taken up. The branch has not been used for some years and the Western people think the iron had better wear

out than rust out, J. S. Garrison, who is in from Deep State Superintendent of Public Instruction Park today appointed Miss

WHY MRS. FOSTER IS IN UTAH NOW.

Thinks the State Can Be "Won Back to Republicanism,"

WILL BE A BIG FIGHT HERE

Mrs. Foster Says That is the Occasion for Her Presence in Salt Lake-Other Political News.

The well known political lecturer, Mrs. J. Ellen Fester of Washington, D. C., reached the city today, coming in from Chicago. When seen this afternoon, the lady said she was in Utch at the request and under the direction of the National Republican committee. "I have been given," said she, "the States of Kansas, Colorado, Utah, Idaho, and South Dakota, which I will stump for McKinley. I feel that in Utah there is a battle, but it was for

that purpose I was sent west." Mrs. Foster further said that she could not tell as yet just how much of her time would be devoted to Utah, She was in communication with Senator Shoupe of Idaho, and Senator wolcott of Colorado, and her Itinerary would be arranged in a few days.

that the State of Utah could be wen back again to the Republican cause. And to that end abe was going to add her voice to the many others coming have from the Fast her voice to the maker from the East. During the mouning, National Com-mitteeman O. J. Salisbury and other Republican leaders called on her at the Knutsford, where she has taken up her guarters

Mrs. Foster was of the opinion shared,

CHOSEN CHAIRMAN.

Judge Burton Decided Upon by the State Democratic Committee.

The State Democratic committee met at headquarters at 4 o'clock this afternoon and unanalmously decided to tender the offer of State chairman to Judge John W. Burton, law partner of Congressman King. Sunge Burton was notified by telephone of the committee's action and will give his answer at 7 c'clock this evening. It is the general buniel Webster, 2 vols.

With—Letters of the British Spy. Yutes—Secret Proceedings and Devening. Joseph Cohen, who for years part has been the committee's action and enter at once upon the duties of the office. Congressman King. Judge Burton was

unanimously re-elected to that posi-

J. G. M. BARNES NOMINATED.

Democrats of the Third Senatoria District Convene at Kaysville, [SPECIAL TO THE "NEWS."]

Kaysville, Sept. 8 .- The Democrats of the Third senatorial district met here today in convention and nominated J. G. M. Barnes, of Kaysville by acclamation. Mr. Barnes' name was placed before the convention by John W. Taylor in a very neat and eulogistic speech.

There were present the following number of representatives from the countles interested: Davis, 19; Rich, 5, and Morgan, 5.

The permanent organization of the convention consisted of the following names: P. P. Willard of Davis, chairnames: P. P. Willard of Davis, chalr-man; Thomas Spackman, Morgan, sec-retary; O. P. Hatch, Davis, chaplain; J. S. White, sergeant at arms. Beyond reaffirming the State Demo-cratic piatform, nothing further was done and the convention adjourned.

announcement of the second

POLITICAL POINTERS. durana and a second W. J. Meeks is a candidate for the lower house on the Republican ticket.

William Groesbeck, Sr., announces himself a candidate for the assessorship nomination on the Republican ticket. Joseph Bull, Jr., of the Third pre-cinct, is in the field for the assessorship nomination at the bands of the Demo-

Thomas Adams today concluded to become a candidate for the Legislature. Mr. Adams is a Democrat and a mem-Ex-Councilman Christopher will probably make a run for the lower house on the Republican ticket. The gentleman is not decided in the matter,

At the Democratic convention of the Fouth precinct held in Taggart's hall last evening Guziava Kroeger was nominated for justice of the peace and Charles W. Conatt as constable. Thes. P. Thomas and John A. Mayros were respectively normal as Chairman and

ENDORSED BY COOPER.

City Superintendent in Sympathy With Work of the Training School.

The opening of the University Training School in its new location having necessitated a change in the direction of the day, and numerous inquiries. having been unit of me relative to the having been united in relative to the work of the Training School, I desire to say in a public way that I am in sympathy with the mines and work of the Training School and especially with the manual training and science features carried in by the school. I believe that no effort will be spared in promoting the best interests of the children and that the instruction will be salutary and effective.

FRANK B. COOPER. Supt. of Schools.

HOW TO ENTER.

Prof. William M. Stewart, principal of the State Normal school says that children who wish to enter the University Training school must call on Principal McKinght at his office on Manday of the new University Training. Monday at the new University Training