received on August 13; that Clarence Bean be paid \$50 for damages received by him on August 8; that the petition of S. F. Ball for a rebate of \$11 on lisense he not allowed. A dopted.

RESOLUTIONS.

The following resolution was offered by Councilman Pembroke:

Resolved, That the Street Supervisor report to this council at the next meeting the respective items of city work he has now in hand, and not yet completed, and the condition and progress of the same.

Councilman Karrick offered the following resolution which was also adopted:

Be it resolved, That the Salt Lake and Jordan Canal be improved wherever it may be necessary so that the city can centinue to fulfil their contract with the original owners of Parley's Cañon Creek, and that the said canal be not filled but that a bulk head be put in at some point between Second and Tenth South Streets until it shall be determined that the waters of Parley's Cañon will answer the purpose of irrigation in lieu of the waters of the Salt-Lake and Jordan Canal.

Councilor Pembroke offered an other resolution, which is as follows:

Be irresolved, That the city engineer be requested to make estimates of eurlying guttering and paving East Temple Street, rom the south line of south Temple Street to the north line of Fourth South Street with the same material and in the same manner as is proposed for First East Street. Also that estimate be called for for the cost of same work upon West Temple Street, from and including the same boundaries as for East Temple Street. Also that the city engineer be requested to furnish estimate of paving, curbing and guttering First and Second South streets, from Second East Street to First West Street with same material and in same manner as proposed for First East treet. & treet.

Councilman Auderson moved to refer the matter to the committee on atreets.

Pembroke opposed Councilman this and wanted to know if the committee on streets were vested with power to run tils city. If they were, they should be shorn of that power immediately. The committee had not kept their pledge to the people who placed them in office, and it was time something was done to re deem them.

The resolution was adopted.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The ordinance prohibiting the use of bicycles and tricycles on certain of the main streets of the city was passed.

It is here inserted for the benefit of cyclista:

An ordinance prohibiting the use of bi-cycles and tricycles on sidewalks of certain streets in Salt Lake City. Sec. 1. Be it ordained by the City Counci.

recommended by Burton, Gardner & Company. Adopted.
Report of committee on South Jordan and Salt Lake Canal, to whom was referred the bill of M. B. Sowles, as chairman of the Parley's Canyon Water Works Commission, for \$50 and John Gabbott as assistant, for \$40, was adopted.

CLAMS.

The committee on claims recommended that the claim of A. F. Doremus for \$90 and of the water commission for \$79.30 be allowed; that james Bush be paid \$20 in settlement of his claim for injuries received on August 13; that Clar-

Attorney Merritt announced that he and the county attorney would have a conference with Messrs. Sutherland and Judd conhe cerning Architect Apponyi's claim, on Friday next.

Councilman Parsons offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the committee on improvements is hereby instructed to act with the county authorities in engaging an architect to complete, revise and perfect the plans and specifications, or adopt new plans, for the joint city and county building, and to superintend the construction of said building, subject to the approval of this council, as to the action of the improvement committee. mittee

Adopted.

The bill for an ordinance requiring railroad companies to have flagmen in certain streets, was read and referred back to the committee on atreets.

APPROPRIATIONS.

The following appropriations were

Clarence Bean\$	50	00
James Bush	20	00
M. B. Sowles	50	00
John Gabbott		
Mount & Griffin	1200	
A. J. Burt		
Mrs M. Merrill		
Gas Company	143	
Walter Beard	150	
Mrs. J. D. Thompson		
A. F. Doremus		
Water Commission	79	80

THE SCANDAL AT GETHSEMANE.

We have been requested by the Franciscan Guardians of the Holy Sepulchre to publish a detailed account of the scandalous occurrence which took place at Gethsemane during the days between July 1st and August 20 of this year-occurrences illegal in their origin, illegal in their continuance and most illegal in their conclusion. We willingly, says a London paper, place the authoritative account of these events before the public. The conduct of the Pasha of Jerusalem cannot be too severely condemned, nor can the behavior of the Franciscan Guardians, under the stress of great difficulties, be sufficiently praised. The end is yet to come, with the decision of the highest court of Constantinople. But whether or not the efforts of the French ambassadors are successful, and whether this very important matter is decided for or against the Latins, their title to a favorable decision remains unquestioned and absolute.

The continual questions that arise between the Franciscan Fathers who guard so many spots of consecrated interest in the Holy Land, and the Greeks who, despite the legal rights

possessed by the Fathers, have the keenest ambition to win a share of the guerdian-hip of the Holy Places, have come recently to a crash of a very grave and important erisis of a very grave and important nature. For some five weeks the Franciscans have been compelled to keep a vigilant and personal ward over the ground between the Sepulchre of the Blessed Virgin and the rotto of the Agony. The ground by the clearest legal rights belong to the Franciscans; but the belong to the Franciscans; but the Greeks desired to build on it and went about the fulfillment of their desire in a very determined man-

It happened that during last July the Franciscans were engaged in renewing the old wall which bounded the greater portion of the ground above the Grotto of the Agony. this wall they made a door, thereby making complete connection with the whole ground now in dispute. But the new wall was to the Greeks the Against it they began to run up little cottages, with the evident intention of finally laying claim to mutual possession of the whole space into which the door built by the Franciscans led. What methods were taken are not clearly specified, but the simple phrase of the accounts forwarded to us runs thus-they were hindered. In the accomplishment of this the Franciscaus were compelled to watch uight and day beside their possessions from July 16 to August 20. When matters had reached this point, a consultation was arranged between the French Vice-Consul and the Pasha, but no clear determination was arrived at and the whole matter was put before the highest authority at Coustantinople. Then, says the account be-fore us, the Greeks made a presentation to the Pasha of 20,000 francs, with results that were soon apparent.

At this point a curious contradic-While the matter was tion arises. pending before the court at Constantinople, the French ambassador sent a telegram to the vice-consul of Jerusalem with a notification that the Grand Vizier had issued formal orders that no change or new thing should be introduced at Gethsemane until the whole suit had been discussed and a decision had been given. But (the present from the Greeks seems to have wrought poteutly) the Pasua declares that he had received a telegram from the Grand Vizier permitting the Greeks to build on the disputed ground. The French vice cousul very reasonably told the Pasha that he would throw every opposition in his way until a similar telegram was received by himself from the Grand Vizier. But the Pasha, This never came. strong in his 20,000 francs, on Aug 14, offered to the Greeks even military assistance for their building. Down came the Greeks with all the pomp and circumstance of masonry, and down came the troops also. But down came the Franciscans as well, and offering ('tis not stated how) so stout a resistance that the commander of the troops bade the Greek monks retire.

Then came excited communica-