

APPROVED ASSESSMENTS.

The Territorial Board of Equalization Transacts Important Business.

Directions to Voters, Taxpayers and Assessors Concerning Assessment of Large District.

At yesterday afternoon's session of the territorial board of equalization (J. E. Daily presiding) the following matters came up:

It was resolved "that the assessment of all property in the several counties of Utah Territory, made and returned by the county assessors and returned by the county board of equalization (excluding all real estate by a fixed per cent of counties, products or livestock by the county board of equalization) as the same appears on the assessment rolls of the several counties of the Territory, and the same are hereby approved. Adopted, established and made a part of the laws for territorial purposes for the year 1893 in such counties respectively, and the necessity of this board is directed to the county clerks and assessors of the several counties of this territory."

The result of this action is to revise the relative value of the several counties, and to so relate to the territorial tax as to the other taxes the reduction will stand.

SALT LAKE CITY'S LEVY. The total levy for Salt Lake City is 12 mills, divided as follows: For territorial purposes, 2 mills; for territorial school, 4 mills; for county purposes, 3 mills; for county general, 2 mills; for city general, 2 mills.

AN EXTENSIVE DEBT. The estimated assessed value of property for territorial purposes is \$115,000,000, and 3 mills on this territorial school purposes would be \$3,450,000, while 2 mills for territorial purposes would give about \$2,300,000.

The appropriations made by the legislature for the year for the territory are, Utah schools, courts, reform school, etc., \$2,000,000, while there is outstanding on the territory's warrants about \$2,000,000, to meet which there will only be about \$200,000. This constitutes a large deficit at the close of the year.

The only relief which the board has authority to grant is by reduction in the tax levied for territorial purposes. It has no power to alter the valuation for city and county purposes.

Some of the counties, it was stated, petitioned for a reduction of 10 per cent on real estate, but such a reduction throughout the Territory would save the taxpayers only 50 cents on \$1000, of the assessed value of real estate, and the benefit would be slight to consider.

WEATHER AND CROPS.

Heavy Rains and Cloud Harsts.—The grain harvest will be an Average One.

The local weather bureau officials make the following report of observation for the past week:

The past week has been one of continued showers in early afternoon, a cleared hour in the latter portion of the day being unobscured, covering many acres with mud and carrying off much grain in showers.

Heavy rains reported in Sevier, Just and Wayne counties, doing considerable damage to standing grain and crops.

Grain reported as being about the average. Harvesting of sugar-topping well. Harvesting somewhat set back by continued wet weather.

Fruit Crops and Vines. Damages on the 14th and 15th doing some damage to tomatoes and cucumber vines.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From the Standard Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 23, 1893.

Senator Voorhees, remained a stiver, but he was glad. That in a nut shell expresses the general opinion of the Voorhees bill, which has been reported to the Senate. The bill provides for the unconditional repeal of the purchasing clause of the Sherman law, and then in a hot note, as it were, attempts to enable the silver men by stating that it is the policy of this government to use both silver and gold as money and to maintain the parity of one with the other. Although this bill will not be taken up except when called up by some member who wants to make a speech thereon for some days, probably not until after the House has voted on the silver question.

The Senate seems disposed to still-

As the bill for the purpose of national bank circulation as a legal tender, which is to be on all sorts of financial transactions. A number have already been voted down, and the first of those to come up this week will be that offered by Mr. Bailey, of South Carolina, providing for the repeal of the law for coinage of silver currency. This bill has been three times passed by the Senate, as a money measure of Congress, by a majority of 23 to 17, and without a dissent. The Republican senators who voted against the original bill, it is said, are the Democratic members who favor the coinage of silver have agreed to get a vote by offering an amendment to the bill, providing for the repeal of the law for coinage of silver at a rate of 25 to 1, and that if the amendment is not adopted they will not vote for the bill. The amendment proposed is to come to a vote, being determined to join with the silver Republicans, and the bill will be passed by a majority of 23 to 17, which would give the silver men the purchasing clause of the Sherman law.

The silver men have abandoned their plan of voting a figure for free coinage at the present rate and will vote upon the bill reported by the silver majority of 23 to 17, to be a substitute for the Sherman unconditional repeal bill. This substitute, which will necessarily have to be voted upon by the 23 to 17 bill, provides for the free coinage of silver at a rate of 25 to 1, and repeats the purchasing clause of the Sherman law. The silver men, in the 14th case, which would give the silver men, by supporting the bill, and, I think, also to the members of the House. There have been a few early good and, certainly prepared speakers, notably among them was that of the representative of Ohio, who, in the only speech made, was one of the most logical and practical, and that of Representative McCreary, of Kentucky, who, although a Democrat, was representing a silver state, and representing a silver state, spoke in favor of unconditional repeal. Mr. McCreary declared himself willing to vote for the bill after the repeal of the purchasing clause to support a bill extending the term of silver money. He strongly expressed his opinion that the bill would aid in bringing about an international agreement for the free coinage of silver. It looks now as though the silver Republicans will all be defeated, and the repeal bill passed, unless the Republicans, who control the situation, should, as reports have said they would, vote with the silver men.

Representative Jerry Simpson made a smart and very successful speech on the silver question. Jerry is unusual, dogged, and he jumped into both of the old parties—the Republicans and the Democrats for engineering their present opportunity. He said there was no longer a Democratic party, it having become a Cleveland party. President Cleveland's friends in Congress would be very glad if Jerry's charge was literally true, but it isn't.

It is expected that the House committee will be announced early this week. Considerable hard feeling is going to follow the giving out of the long communications, to make us get them.

There has been lots of talk—probably more on the subject than anything else directly interested—about a bargain between the free silver men and the Republicans in the Senate, for the purpose of passing a repeal bill, as an increased ratio, and preventing any tariff legislation during the life of this Congress, but a president has not yet to direct any real business for the talk, although several Senators admitted that the subject had been mentioned to them. Whatever may be done in the future, I am certain that no such bargain exists at this time.

A Visit to Waterloo.

Mr. John Casper, the administrator of the Columbia franchise, paid a visit shortly before his arrival in London to the battlefield of Waterloo. It was 77 years ago that the battle was fought, yet Mr. Casper was still able to glean something in the locality from actual eye witnesses of that mighty historic event. In the little village called the "Belle Alliance," where Wellington and Blucher, according to an illustration, met and advised after their victory, he found two old women engaged in darning stockings. They appeared to take very little notice of the strangers, but on being questioned the elder of the two declared that she was over 80 years of age, and one 12 years old, "she said, "at the time of the battle, I was living with my parents at Brussels."

"We look back all of us on the Friday in the words with me. It was on a Sunday they fought. It was not after my first communion and on the day of St. Dennis, a saint to whose honor there is a pilgrimage in the neighborhood. When all was over, we went out and saw dead bodies everywhere. All night after the battle there was a stream. The bodies became swollen, through the rain, and there was fear of a pestilence. They were buried in heaps, with dry branches between each body, and then the business was set fire to by quicklime was passed in the trenches."—London News.

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