

gramme, "Nearer my God to Thee," by the Opera House Band.

Prayer by Rev. John Walker Jackson followed.

GOVERNOR ELI H. MURRAY,

officer of the day, being introduced by Major Hoffman, proceeded to read a speech in which reference was made to the death of Gen. Grant, the mournful burial scene taking place to-day in New York, and the commemorative exercises simultaneously occurring in all parts of the Union; the great works of the life of the hero were also referred to and his character eulogized and an assurance offered that from the top round of the ladder which he had attained in life he has now stepped to the skies. The speech was a very fair one but poorly rendered.

Major Hoffman called for the J. B. McKean Post of the G. A. R. to arise, and thirty to forty men in the audience and half a dozen on the stand responded to the call. Capt. F. M. Bishop called upon Governor Murray to read the record of the dead, which he proceeded to do. The well written sketch recited in graphic manner the circumstances attending the birth, life and death of General Grant, eulogized his character, and held him up as an example for the living to emulate.

The ritual service for the dead read by Major Hoffman, and rehearsed by the G. A. R., followed, ending with the Lord's Prayer, in which the audience was asked to join.

Grant's March, composed by Prof. Pederson for the occasion, a composition of some merit, was next played by the Opera House Band.

GOVERNOR ALEXANDER RAMSEY

was next introduced by Gov. Murray, and proceeded to read a prepared speech. Said when he heard of Gen. Grant's death, he felt that the world was not what it had been, as there was no man living capable of taking his place. Spoke of the services of Grant as a statesman and general, and remarked that his ability and genius had been acknowledged by foreign powers. His remarkable indifference to criticism was touched upon and he was compared to Caesar and Bonaparte. He had enjoyed pleasant relations with General Grant and found him always calm, self-reliant and full of wisdom. Drew a word picture of General Grant during his last illness, laboring to finish his literary work which he hoped would render his family independent of charity.

HON. CHAS. W. BENNETT

was the next speaker. His speech was also written, and was expressive of grief, and sympathy for those who are bereaved by the death of the first man of the nation. Grant, he declared, was not dead, but still lived as Alexander and all the great ones whose deeds had been such as to render their memories sacred and never to be forgotten. Who is this hero, my demigod? A son of the people, one of the manor born; one who was born in a cabin and served at the plow, but who grew to be one of the world's great ones—one who, after serving with distinction in the army, went down again to the people and became one of them; one who chose for his partner in life a woman who possessed the spirit of Joan of Arc; one who came out of his retirement when the clang of civil war rang in his ears, and from a lowly position in the army attained to the foremost rank. His great head, his wonderful genius saved the Union, and an admiring public twice chose him for their ruler. His triumphant career around the globe attested his greatness in the estimation of the world. That he should escape criticism could not be expected, but Senator Conkling said that assaults upon him had only strengthened his hold upon the human heart. Washington, Lincoln and Grant were mentioned as a sacred trinity worthy the reverence of a devoted public, and the speaker outlined the description of a monument that he yet hoped to see erected in which this illustrious trinity figured.

The Sixteenth Ward Brass Band played a solemn and appropriate selection.

MR. W. C. HALL

followed in a brief speech delivered from notes, in which General Grant's career as a soldier and citizen was portrayed in a not very forcible or happy manner.

A selection by the Salt Lake City Band followed.

HON. ARTHUR L. THOMAS

was the next speaker announced, and the only one who spoke extemporaneously. He referred to the object of the gathering, the character of the illustrious dead, the heart-rending scenes of the war in which the deceased took so prominent a part, his various successes and promotions, his magnanimity towards his opponents, his growing appreciation among the nation, and his attainment to the highest position in the Republic. A high tribute was also paid to him as a civil ruler, and he was credited with establishing a system of arbitration which will live after him and shed lustre over his name. The speech closed with an eloquent peroration, and taken throughout, it was by far the best speech of the occasion.

The closing prayer was pronounced by the chaplain of the day, Rev. John Walker Jackson, which was followed by music by the Opera House Band, rendered as the audience was dispersing.

The exercises closed at 2.10 and the assembly returned to their homes,

y carriages, street cars and on foot, without regard to organization. Everything connected with the memorial gathering and exercises passed off in a harmoniously, and apparently to the satisfaction of all who attended.

## BY TELEGRAPH.

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### AMERICAN.

NEW YORK, 8.—From noonday on for hours into the afternoon the vicinity of the tomb and Riverside Park was a scene of discomfort for the waiting thousands. The heat had followed the cool of the morning and the succeeding hours added heat and hundreds of thousands of people suffered much in their cramped position of waiting in the blazing sunshine.

There came a bugle call from the eastward at 4.20 o'clock, then a strain from trumpets and soon a sound of muffled drums and then carriages came in view and rolled slowly through the Park to the tomb. Dr. Newman and Bishop Harris occupied the first and then the clergy came and then Drs. Douglas, Shady and Sands. The bearers came after these. General "Joe" Johnson rode beside General Sherman, and Buckner and Sheridan were paired, while General Logan and ex-Secretary Boutwell followed. The bearers and those invited alighted and took places near the tomb. The Davis Island band played Chopin's funeral march as it came into view, while behind the black plumes of the funeral car could be seen.

The car stopped abreast of the tomb. The Guard of Honor ascended to bear down the casket. Col. Beck formed his two companies of escort in a hollow square between the tomb and the hearse. The family carriages had drawn near. Their occupants alighted and took position near the foot of the steps of the car. So they stood while the casket was being removed from the car, and when it was borne into the hollow square toward the vault the relatives followed in this order: Col. Fred and wife, Mrs. Sartoris and the Colonel's children, Julia and U. S. Grant, and wife, leading little Nellie, daughter of Jesse Grant, Jesse Grant and wife, U. S. Grant, second son of Orville Grant, with Fred. Dent, Mrs. Dent, Dr. Cramp and wife, Potter Palmer and wife, and Hon. John A. Creswell and wife. The cedar case rested on supports at the door of the sepulchre and the casket was deposited therein.

Meade Post No. 1, of Philadelphia, represented by 15 men, circled the casket. The commander took his post at the head with the post commanders at foot. The chaplain stood at the foot and the colors were placed in front. The ritual service was then begun. Post Commander Alexander Read said: "We have assembled to pay a last sad tribute of respect to our late commander and illustrious comrade, U. S. Grant. Let us unite in prayer. The chaplain will invoke the divine blessing."

Post Chaplain C. Irvine Wright said: "God of battles, Father of all, amid this mournful assemblage we seek Thee, with whom there is no death. Open every eye to behold Him who changeth the night of death into morning. In the depths of our hearts we would hear the celestial words, 'I am the resurrection and the life; He that believeth in me, though he were dead, yet shall he live.' As comrade after comrade departs, and we march on with ranks broken, help us to be faithful unto Thee and to each other. We beseech Thee look in mercy on the widow and children of our deceased comrade and with Thine own tenderness comfort and console those bereaved by this event which calls us here. Give them the oil of joy for mourning, the garment of praise for the spirit of heaviness. Heavenly Father, bless and save our country with the freedom and peace of righteousness and through Thy great mercy a Savior's grace and Thy holy spirit's favor. May we all meet at last in joy before Thy throne in heaven, and Thy great name shall be praised forever and forever." "Amen," joined all the post.

A dirge was played, after which the services were continued by Post Commander Alexander Read, who said: "One by one as the years roll on, we are called together to fulfill the last sad rites of respect to our comrades of the war. The present is full of cares, and the pleasures of civil life fade away, and we look back to the time when shoulder to shoulder on many a battlefield, or around the guns of our men-of-war, we fought for our dear old flag. We may indulge the hope that the spirit with which on land and sea, the hardships, privations and dangers were encountered by our dead heroes, may never be blotted out from history or the memory of the generations to come—a spirit uncomplaining, and obedient to the behest of duty, and one whereby to-day our National honor is secure and our loved ones rest in peace under the protection of the dear old flag. May the illustrious life of him whom we lay in the tomb to-day prove a glorious incentive to the youth who in ages to come may be called upon to uphold the destiny of our country as the years roll on, and when we, too, shall have fought our battles through and be laid at rest, our souls following the long column to the realms above, as grim death hour by hour shall mark its victims. Let us so live that when the time shall come, those we leave behind may say above our graves, 'Here

lies the body of a true-hearted, brave and honest defender of the Republic."

Senior vice commander Louis W. Moore (laying a wreath of evergreens upon the coffin) said: "In behalf of the Post I give this tribute—a symbol of undying love for the comrades of the war."

Vice Commander James A. Wiederheim (laying a bunch of flowers upon the coffin) said: "The symbol of purity we offer at this sepulchre—a rose. May future generations emulate the unselfish devotion of even the lowliest of our heroes."

Post Commander A. J. Sellers (laying a laurel wreath upon the coffin) said: "The last token of affection from comrades in arms, we crown these remains with the symbol of victory."

Rev. J. W. Sayers, chaplain-in-chief of the department of Pennsylvania, G. A. R., delivered an address, after which Rev. H. Clay Trumbull offered prayer.

The bugle call "rest" was then sounded.

Dr. Newman and Bishop Harris then read the ritual service for burial of the M. E. Church.

Directly behind the burial party stood General Hancock. At his elbow was President Cleveland, Vice President Hendricks and the members of the Cabinet. Near the head on the right stood Sherman and Sheridan in full uniform. They were uncovered during the entire service. At their sides were Ex-Presidents Arthur and Hayes and senator Sherman. One the other side of the casket opposite were Admiral Porter, Fitzhugh Lee, Gen. Gordon and Gen. Buckner. When the religious services had ended the trumpeter of Company "A" Eighth Artillery, stepped close to the casket and sounded a tattoo. Little Julia then laid on the coffin a wreath "to grandparents." The guard of honor bore the remains within the tomb, and at 5.05 o'clock placed them within the steel case, the sealing of both the leaden lining and the steel case being performed as above. The family entered the tomb, remaining only a few minutes. They then sought their carriages, and when entering, the Seventh and Twenty-second regiments, in line on the bluff, fired three volleys toward the river, after which Battery "E," Fifth artillery fired three salutes from the knoll toward the hotel. The family carriages drove away, but were not out of sight when persons attempted to deface the tomb by writing their names upon it. The guard of regulars was mounted at once, the military marched away, the dignitaries rode away and the long chapter was ended.

ATLANTA, Ga., 9.—During the past 10 days reports of the appearance of caterpillars have come from various sections of the South, with such frequency as to justify the fear that the finest cotton crop ever known is endangered. In order to ascertain precisely the extent of this danger the Constitution addressed enquiries to its correspondents for information. To summarize results it may be said that the crop as a whole is the best that has been known for years; that the yield will largely exceed any previous crop; that while in some localities the caterpillar has appeared, as a general thing it is too late to do serious injury.

LYNCHBURG, Va., 9.—Judge James Garland, probably the oldest judge in the world, and believed to be the oldest member of the Masonic fraternity, in the United States, died at his home in this city last night, in the ninety-fifth year of his age. He served as a volunteer in the war of 1812, and was twice elected to Congress. During Jackson's administration he was a warm friend of the President and made a notable speech in defense of the latter in the House, for which Jackson thanked him both in person and by letter.

DENVER, Col., 9.—Tribune-Republican's Los Vegas: A fire at Montezuma Hotel, at the Hot Springs, last night originated about 11:30 in the lobby of the fourth floor in an attic near the stairway leading to the top of the grand tower. The alarm was sounded in the office and the guests were immediately warned of danger by sounding the electric gongs in all the apartments of the house. There were about 75 rooms occupied by guests and as the fire started far above the occupied rooms, everybody escaped, and nearly all the personal effects of the guests were saved. Immediately after the general alarm had been sounded the chief clerk and three others of the house rushed to the fourth floor and unrolled the fire hose attached to the various hydrants. Some delay was caused by inexperienced hands in laying the lines and in most instances the hose was too short to reach the flames. Within a very few minutes the flames had burned through the roof in several places and all hope of saving the magnificent building was abandoned. The volunteer department of Las Vegas, six miles distant, was called by telephone. A special train took hose company No. 1 out in thirteen minutes. Another train brought Co. No. 2 later, and some eight or ten lines were to work. The pressure was low, and the streams barely reached the roof where the flames by this time had been raging for four hours. The fire gradually worked its way to the ground floor, making complete destruction of the house. Furniture only on the ground floor was saved. The houseless guests were compelled to improvise lodgings on the ground and went into camp for the night, while the firemen worked with relief forces until long after daylight. The stone walls of the third story were saved from utter destruction and remain standing, and may

possibly be utilized in rebuilding. The loss is \$300,000; insurance \$250,000, distributed among a large number of companies.

The origin of the fire was attributed to the wires of the electric lighting system becoming overheated and igniting the woodwork. It is believed the company will rebuild.

WALLA WALLA, W. T., 9.—Fire last night destroyed the Delmonico Hotel, owned by Whitman and Lacy; Loss \$15,000; insured \$9,000. The Petaluma House owned by H. E. Holmes; Loss \$8,000; insured, and three buildings owned by John Long. Total loss \$30,000. Western Union office badly damaged.

ATLANTA, 9.—A Cutberth's special to the Constitution says: One hundred armed men to-day overpowered the jailor and took Henry Davis, charged with rape and hanged him to the railroad bridge.

MONTREAL, 9.—Fully 5,000 persons were present at the meeting in Riel's behalf held here this afternoon on the Champ de Mars. It was resolved that petitions be sent to the Imperial and Canadian governments to obtain Louis Riel's pardon. A meeting was also held at Longueuil at which a similar resolution was adopted.

Quebec, 9.—A public meeting was held at St. Saviour this morning, after high mass, for the purpose of taking steps to obtain a commutation of Riel's sentence. A large number of French Canadians were present and several strong speeches were made. Resolutions in accordance with the object of the meeting were passed.

ALBANY, 9.—President Cleveland has spent the day quietly at the residence of Doctor Ward on North Pearl Street. This afternoon he went riding to the cemetery. He leaves to-morrow at 11.30 a.m. for Lake Saranac where he will remain a few weeks.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., 10.—No sooner has the epidemic of typhoid fever ceased to rage in the unfortunate town of Plymouth than it is succeeded by another plague scarcely less terrible. A severe form of dysentery is now prevalent in Plymouth, Kingston and vicinity to an alarming extent, and it is even more deadly than fever. It is a disease that has always been frequent in Plymouth and neighboring towns during the summer, but never before were there half as many cases as at present, nor was the disease so virulent.

SAN FRANCISCO, 10.—The steamer Zealandia arrived at 11 a.m. with Maxwell aboard in charge of the officers. Maxwell positively refused to make any statement respecting the crime he is charged with, saying he had been strenuously advised by his counsel before leaving Auckland not to open his mouth except he put food into it. He looks cheerful, says he never felt better in his life. The officers were equally reticent, declining to discuss the subject of the crime or Maxwell's supposed connection therewith. He will be taken east to-morrow.

## FOREIGN.

BERLIN, 9.—Admiral Poschen, commanding the German squadron at Zanzibar, has been instructed to demand from the Sultan of Zanzibar the surrender of his claims to the territory ceded to the African Company by the Sultan of Tschagala, covering 1,200 square leagues.

BERLIN, 9.—Prince Bismarck has summoned various leading German ministers to attend a conference in this city. Count Von Munster, Ambassador to England; Herr Van Radowitz, Ambassador to Turkey; Baron Von Kenderl, Minister to Italy; and Baron Von Schloesser, German representative at the Vatican, will be present at the meeting.

LONDON, 10.—Persia is engaging German officers to reorganize her army.

Russia is building hurriedly a strategic railway to the Austrian frontier.

Mr. Herkomar has been elected Slade Professor of the Fine Arts at Oxford University. He succeeds Ruskin, who is ill.

PARIS, 10.—The minister of marine has received an official dispatch from Tonquin stating that the Black Flags had raided five missionary stations and completely destroyed them, killing many Christians. Eight thousand of the followers of missionaries have taken refuge with the French troops.

VIENNA, 10.—Extensive preparations are being made for the meeting of the Czar and the Emperor of Austria, which will take place shortly at Kremser. The cost of decorations and other arrangements for the meeting will reach one million florins. The greatest efforts are being put forth by the authorities to prevent any attempt being made on the life of either of the potentates. Hundreds of the most experienced and trusted policemen and detectives have been drafted for service at the town. Precautions have already been taken to prevent the mining of any portion of the town and great care is being taken in regard to the transportation of dynamite and other explosive materials. All parcels and boxes destined for Kremser are carefully examined before being permitted to be sent to the town. The names and occupations of all the lodgers and of all strangers arriving in the town have been ordered to be furnished to the police authorities by the proprietors of hotels and lodging houses. No person will be admitted to the town after the 20th instant without special permission.

Reports from Marseilles, received to-day state that the weather is again

very warm and that the cholera is increasing to such an extent that hospitals have been opened for the reception of patients suffering from the disease. Reports from Toulon state that two deaths from the cholera had occurred there and several new cases are reported.

MADRID, 10.—Granada is to-day in a most deplorable condition from the result of the ravages of cholera. The state of affairs there is really worse than it was in Naples last year during the cholera epidemic in that city. There are no doctors now in Granada. The dead bodies of the cholera victims lie unburied in the streets.

SUAKIM, 10.—The force of Abyssinian troops sent by King John has relieved the garrison of 400 at Jarri, south of Kassala.

## Frauds and Imitations.

Let it be clearly understood that Compound Oxygen is only made and dispensed by Drs. Starkey & Palen, 1529 Arch Street, Philadelphia. Any substance made elsewhere, and called Compound Oxygen, is spurious and worthless, and those who try it simply throw away their money, as they will in the end discover. Send for their treatise on Compound Oxygen. It will be mailed free.

Orders for Compound Oxygen Home Treatment will be filled by H. E. Matthews, 621 Powell St., between Bush and Pine Streets, San Francisco.

The St. Paul Jobbers' Union having just returned from a tour of Montana, held meeting this evening and passed a resolution, urging the Northern Pacific to build a broad gauge branch to Butte City, Montana. Manager Oakes, of the Northern Pacific, says there is no agreement between the Northern Pacific and the Union Pacific to prevent the carrying out of such a project although the territory from Garrison to Butte has been treated by both companies as neutral ground.

## FOR SALE!

Horses, Wagons and Harness.

We have some surplus stock which will be sold at reasonable prices. Apply at office in Wasatch Corner, or at our barn.

A. J. GUNNELL & Co.,  
Agents Coal Dep't, U. P. Railway.  
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## FROM THE PROVO WOOLEN MILLS.

We are receiving new goods daily, and have a complete stock of Flannels, Linseys, Tweeds, Cassimeres, Yarns, Blankets, Shawls, Socks and Stockings, Gents' Overshirts and Underwear, Etc., ALL HOME-MADE.

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The most deadly foe to all malarial diseases is Ayer's Ague Cure, a combination of vegetable ingredients only, in which the most valuable is used in no other known preparation. This remedy is an absolute and certain specific, and succeeds when all other medicines fail. A cure is warranted.

## HUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box.

FOR SALE AT Z. C. M. I. DRUG STORE.

A bottle of Angostura Bitters to flavor your lemonade, or any other cold drink with, will keep you free from Dyspepsia, Colic, Diarrhoea, and all diseases originating from the digestive organs. Be sure to get the genuine Angostura, manufactured by Dr. J. G. B. SIEGERT & SONS.

## A WALKING SKELETON.

Mr. E. Springer, of Mechanicsburg, Pa., writes: "I was afflicted with lung fever and abscess on lungs, and reduced to a walking skeleton. Got a free trial bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, which did me so much good that I bought a dollar bottle. After using three bottles, found myself once more a man, completely restored to health, with a hearty appetite, and a gain in flesh of 48 lbs."

Call at Z. C. M. I. Drug Store and get a free trial bottle of this certain cure for all Lung Diseases. Large bottles \$1.00.

## THOUSANDS SAY SO.

Mr. T. W. Atkin, Girard, Kan., writes: "I never hesitate to recommend your Electric Bitters to my customers; they give entire satisfaction and are rapid sellers." Electric Bitters are the purest and best medicine known, and will positively cure Kidney and Liver complaints. Purify the blood and regulate the bowels. No family can afford to be without them. They will save hundreds of dollars in doctor's bills every year.

Sold at fifty cents a bottle at Z. C. M. I. Drug Store.