

TAFT MAKES HAPPY SPEECH

Is Not in Theatrical Business but
Has Learned What is Meant
By Continuous Show.

A TRIBUTE TO VERMONTERS.

Those Who Can Claim Green Moun-
tain Lineage Have Something
To Be Proud Of.

Burlington, Vt., July 8.—President Taft's participation in the Lake Champlain tercentenary celebration ended today and he left here late tonight enroute to Washington, where tomorrow afternoon he will plunge again into the intricacies of the tariff at a meeting with the house and senate leaders concerning the consideration of the measure which is soon to be begun.

The president declared in his speech here today that the Champlain celebration would fill a unique place in history as the memorial of renewed expression of the unity between Great Britain, France and the United States. The French ambassador, M. Jusserand; the British ambassador, Mr. Bryce; Governor Hughes of New York Governor Proctor of Vermont and Postmaster General Lemuel of Canada spoke, in addition to President Taft.

During the afternoon the president witnessed the Indian pageant of Halloway, given on floats near the Yacht club wharf. Tonight, with the other visitors, the president was a guest at a banquet.

A HAPPY ADDRESS.

President Taft, after paying compliments to the people and state of Vermont for their history and achievements in his speech at City Hall park, said:

"A man who can claim Vermont lineage has something to be proud of. My father knew every man in Vermont, and there is something about Vermont men, whether you meet them in California or Ohio or any state, and they are in every state—that makes them a bond almost equal to a bond of Free Masonry."

"Now, my friends, I am not in the theatrical business, and I am not fully understood, until the last three days, what is meant by a continuous show. Now I know, and it affects differently those who are engaged in it and those who come in only at one time."

"I don't mean to make that harmonious union between the governors of New York and Vermont, and that I hope will continue to be preserved, any more difficult by suggesting a solution of a problem about to rise in respect to the place where the monument to the French ambassador is to be put. I suggested last night it might be well to submit to a committee consisting of the French ambassador, the English ambassador, the governor of the United States and we might then reach a conclusion that would be satisfactory to everybody. I do not know how you are going to satisfy everybody unless you make Champlain a Colossus of Rhodes and put one foot on New York and one foot in Vermont."

"My friends, this is a most unique isafactory to nobody. I do not know there has run through your minds, as there has through mine this morning, the happy feeling of being present to hear such beautiful speeches from the heart as we have heard. We meet to celebrate an event and a man on whose life and on the acts of whose life, turned in a way which he little expected, the whole settlement of this country. We meet here to celebrate his virtues and to congratulate France, his country, as one that could produce such a hero."

"But the feature of this memorial that I think is so unique is the gathering here in unity, in peace and in a union that cannot be torn apart, three great powers, England, France and the United States, and with England's fairest daughter, the Dominion of Canada. I ask you where in all the history of memorials can you find one that in that respect will match this."

"FEROCIOUS HOSPITALITY."

At the gymnasium building of the

University of Vermont, President Taft in his banquet speech tonight his appreciation of the state's hospitality.

"One of the stories," said the president, "that come to me tonight at the end of these three days is that of George Fred Williams of Massachusetts who was attending a meeting in a celebration of the completion of the bridge at Memphis. They gave him for several days the hospitality for which that region is famous and when finally he was called upon for a speech at 2 o'clock in the morning, at the closing banquet, he said:

"People of Memphis, we of Massachusetts thank you for your ferocious hospitality."

"I only want to say that if there be any similarity between our two experiences it is fitting that this one should end, as it certainly does end, in spite of the decorations, in a gymnasium."

"I have been a good deal interested," the president said, "in trying to break up in a sense—not exactly in a political sense—but in a sense of feeling and sentiment, the solid south. And when I have suggested that, the irreverent southern politician has suggested that it is about time to break up the solid north and references are made to the fact that Vermont is just about as solid as Alabama and Georgia. Well, what the effect on Vermont would be if the south were really to break up, and some of those states become Republican perhaps we cannot say. It is my own theory that Vermont and many other northern states have been made solidly Republican because there was a solid south and one of the benefits of breaking up a solid south would be that there would be no solidarity anywhere on sectional lines."

"We have discussed at considerable length the effect of this memorial upon our international relations. It cannot but be good, it is as I said this morning a memorial that in this regard you cannot match the world over. But what I am especially glad to welcome is the intimacy of relation that such memorials as this are apt to increase between this country and Canada. They have 9,000,000 of people, but the country is still hardly scratched; it is still undeveloped."

"Now, they are going on; they are building railroads; they are exercising great discretion, and they are taking from us many of our best farmers who are in search of rich wheat fields. All these things, if we adopt a short-sighted policy would arouse in us a jealousy and a desire to prevent a growth on their part into what we might regard as a competitor of ours. That I think is a most short-sighted policy. They cannot have a prosperity that we cannot and must not share. And we cannot have a prosperity on our side that they will not desire. Therefore each may look upon the growth of the other with entire complacency and with an earnest desire that the ideals and ambitions that they have formed may be carried to fruition and I am glad to feel, from a national standpoint that these celebrations, these memorials, are a permanent step forward in bringing about a feeling of sentiment and neighborhood effect that ought to be encouraged between those two great powers on the North American continent."

VATICAN ORGAN CONDEMNS FEMININE FASHIONS

Paris, July 9.—A copy of the Osservatore Romano, the organ of the vatican, which has arrived in Paris, contains a scathing denunciation of tendencies of feminine fashions. Taking as a text a petition against an immoral press forwarded by the Catholic committee of Bergamo to the minister of the interior and bearing several thousand signatures, the Osservatore says: "We hope that competent authorities will apply the law against these new fashions, and at the same time we cannot but deplore another danger to good morals which comes to us from other countries and against which the women might well unite."

"We refer to the fashions worn in the streets by the women of all ages and by young girls. Those who profess with ardor the Catholic faith and morals should not be indulgent towards those women who walk about the streets wearing immodest garments."

McClellan's Symphony Orchestra.

At Saltair, daily on ship restaurant.

"Leviathan," 6:30 to 8:30. 50 men.

SUNDAY, EXCURSIONS.

Via Denver & Rio Grande.

To Provo Canyon 7:50 a. m. \$1.25.

To Ogden 10:25 a. m. 1:35 p. m. \$1.00.

To Pharaoh's Glen 8:20 a. m. 50c.

Provo Canyon tickets will be honored only on 7:50 a. m. train. Returning leaves Provo Canyon at 2:45 p. m. and 7:30 p. m. Trout and chicken dinners at Canyon Resorts. Good fishing.

"BOOK TRUST" MEN ARE BADLY BEATEN

National Educational Association,
Elects an "Anti-Octopus"
President.

HIGH SCHOOL FRATERNITIES.

Will be Frowned Down Upon—Resolu-
tion in Favor of Porto Ricans
Aroused Woman Suffragist.

Denver, July 8.—The election of James Yacklin Joyner, superintendent of public instruction of North Carolina, as president of the National Educational association this afternoon, led up to a series of parliamentary situations which threatened for a time to rend the inner circle of the association.

Mr. Joyner was elected on the second ballot, and his election was the cause of gratification of the enemies of the so-called "book trust." Mr. Joyner all along has been the avowed candidate of the "anti-octopusists," and when his election over Ben Blewett, head of the St. Louis schools, and Dr. J. H. Phillips of Birmingham, Ala., was announced there was much rejoicing in the ranks of the antis.

DEMOCRACY OF THE SCHOOLS.

Immediately afterwards the resolutions committee appeared with a quiet enough arrangement of "resolves" and "thank you's." Innocent, indeed, except in one essential, and this referred to the democracy of the schools. The clause dealing with the subject, maintained that democracy is absolutely necessary. After setting forth elaborately the committee's views, the resolution explained that to make this democracy stand out in the true light of Jeffersonian simplicity it would be the disgraceful duty of the preceptors to smother the fraternity evil in the high schools of the land.

Instantly there was a commotion in the outskirts of the meeting of electors. But it did not last long, for the resolutions committee evidently knew what it was about, and the anti-fraternity clause went through without amendment.

Henceforth, therefore, the fraternity will meet with official frowns in the high schools. But the fraternity clause did more than stir up discord in this respect. It brought out more resolutions, each of which proved a burr under the saddle of the pedagogic equine.

First of all there was a clause about simplified spelling. It recited that this might not be a propitious occasion for the renewal of the Roosevelt-Matthews innovation, yet the matter might bear inspection, and for that reason the resolution was adopted. Protest against it brought forth the explanation that the resolution was merely for the purpose of investigation, and did not bind the association to anything. English. Then the militant spirit of independence burst forth. It was instigated by Edwin G. Dexter, commissioner of education for Porto Rico. Mr. Dexter offered a resolution urging that Congress be asked to confer citizenship upon the people of Porto Rico. He said this would be a great aid to the teachers in the islands, as it would be a glowing reward of merit to hold before the eyes of the Porto Rican to tell him he

would one day become a citizen of the great United States.

But Mr. Dexter emphasized too strongly the word citizenship, for immediately at the voice of Mr. Alabama arose and proposed to tack on a little suggestion about freedom for the Filipinos. He said they had been nurtured by the eagle of freedom going on ten years now, and thus far the only civilizing influence they had felt was the water cure.

WOMAN SUFFRAGIST AROUSED.

Several immoderate "Ha, ha's" met this proposal, but it did not deter another exponent of freedom from offering a straw of relief to what she termed a "down-trodden" element. This was Miss Mary Shirley of California, who, if she is not a militant suffragette, is at least a woman suffragist.

"Now, if there is going to be any freedom advocated here," she said, "I want to make another amendment. If the savages of Porto Rico and of the Philippines are going to get support position caused a roar of laughter which was the signal for the third ballot. So far is the National Educational association is concerned there is to be no liberty in this respect."

THIS WAS A CLOSE FIGHT.

The election altogether was more peaceful than was expected, though the two ballots taken were close. Irwin Shepherd of Winona, Minn., was re-elected secretary, a life honor already conferred. A. H. Chamberlain of California was re-elected treasurer, and Lorenzo D. Harvey, the retiring president, was elected vice-president.

The report of the treasurer showed expenditures of \$33,609 and a balance of \$3,809.

In the afternoon the departments of music, science, art, state schools, Indian education, elementary, child study, and home economics held sessions. Thomas J. Kirk of Oakland, California, spoke before the department of business education.

San Francisco will be the next meeting place of the National Educational association. The board of directors of the association, breaking precedent in the respect that conventions heretofore never have been held either east or west twice in succession, decided to hold the next association gathering on the coast, and the San Francisco delegation prevailed.

There were two other strong bidders for the prize Milwaukee and Boston.

DEATH CLOSING GEN. GALLIFET'S CAREER

Paris, July 8.—Gen. Marquis de Gallifet, former minister of war, died tonight. He was stricken with apoplexy on Sunday, which was the third attack within the last few months.

Gaston Alexandre Auguste, Marquis de Gallifet, was born in Paris, Jan. 23, 1831. He became minister of war when the Waldeck-Rousseau ministry was formed, June 22, 1899. He resigned the following May.

The marquis began his military career by killing the fencing master of his corps in a duel. During the Crimean war he was made a knight of the Legion of Honor for gallantry. In Mexico, at the battle of Puebla, he was struck in the stomach by a shell and the military surgeon pronounced it a hopeless case. He survived, however, and when the wound had healed, a little silver plate was made to cover it.

The troops which put down the communists in Paris were under the command of the Marquis de Gallifet. In 1872 he was in charge of the El Goleah expedition in Africa, which presented many difficulties for the transportation of troops. He overcame all obstacles by executing a rapid march through a desert country and subdued the tribes

in revolt. For these services he was made a commander of the Legion of Honor. He was one of the first of the recognized Royalists to rally to the support of the republic and became the personal friend of Gambetta. In 1873 the marquis was raised to the rank of a general of division, retaining it until he retired in 1894.

CHINESE MISSIONS.

Methodist Bp. D. H. Moore Would

Not Let His Daughter Teach.

Steuenville, O., July 9.—"Knowing the Chinese character as I do in the face of the awful murder of the mission worker in New York City, I would not allow a daughter of mine nor any woman, young or old, to teach in any Chinese mission in the United States."

So spoke Bishop D. H. Moore, who spent years in China for the Methodist Episcopal church, in addressing the state Epworth league convention here last night. Concluding he said: "Let the work be undone forever rather than let women attempt to do it."

A BIG LUMBER DEAL.

Spokane, Wash., July 9.—The Blackwell Lumber company has bought the entire timber holdings of the Menasha Woodware company on the St. Maries and St. Joe rivers in northern Idaho, amounting to 30,000 acres, for \$2,500,000. This is the largest timber deal in point of money involved ever made in the inland empire. Sixty per cent of the timber is white pine. It is estimated there is 600,000,000 feet board measure in the tract.

EXCURSIONS EAST.

Via Oregon Short Line.

July 2nd, 3rd, 23rd and 24th, August 13th and 14th, and September 10th and 11th. Ask agents for rates and further particulars. City Ticket Office 201 Main Street.

COTS

Canvas Folding Cots for G.

A. R. Encampment use.

\$1.00 Each

RIPPE BROS., 249 State St.

Phones 23.

The Hot Suns of July

are being stored up
in the coal we're go-
ing to sell you next
winter.

You'll appreciate it
then

Are you opposed to
the Black Hand?

Western Fuel Co.

(Crittchlow, Fischer & Kittle)

Cable address "Wesfuco."

Phones 719. 72 Main St.

Dutch collars—newest ef-
fects in self finished, lace
trimmed and plain cam-
brics—Every one as neat as
can be—Remarkable val-
ues—Saturday to close—
your pick—

25c



12 1/2c

LAST AND GREATEST DAY OF OUR GREAT SEMI-ANNUAL CLEARANCE SALE

Each department is straining every nerve to make this the banner day of the entire year—values will be simply marvelous—prices that have hitherto been considered reduced to the limit, have been knifed still further—efforts to reduce stock are so strenuous that they seem almost frantic—it's our last chance to close out Summer lines—it's your last chance to secure bargains on fresh Summer wearables such as you never before dreamed of—Come—see and wonder.

Early Saturday shopping will afford more comfortable selections as we'll be crowded to the limit in the afternoon.

The Five Magnificent Suit Offers are Proving Our Best Drawing Card --Read Them Again



Entire stock of light weight cloth suits included in these marvelous mark-downs—every style, every quality, every shade (excepting creams) at prices way less than half actual values.

Every Suit selling regularly
at \$13.00 to \$16.00 . . . \$6.50

Every Suit selling regularly
at \$22.50 to \$26.75 . . . \$9.50

Every Suit selling regularly
at \$30.00 to \$40.00 . . . \$13.50

Every Suit selling regularly
at \$42.50 to \$50.00 . . . \$18.50

Every Suit over \$50.—
some as high as \$85. . . \$22.50

EQUALLY SENSATIONAL REDUCTIONS ON ENTIRE STOCK OF DRESSES

Entire stock of foulard dresses, messaline dresses, taffeta dresses, and wool dresses to close at prices nearing the half mark. The season's most entrancing styles embraced in this superb collection—it's our best stock and all included. The trimmings include the most fetching ideas in fancy yokes, braid trimmings, lace garnitures, etc., while the colors are in such variety that the most exacting, will find satisfaction here—choose at these wonder reductions—

\$10.50 Wool Dresses to close at . . . \$6.95
\$18.50 Silk and Wool Dresses at . . . \$9.95
\$23.50 Silk and Wool Dresses at . . . \$12.95

Plat val. laces and insertions—daintiest designs we've
shown—one to five inch widths—worth 25c the yard
—Saturday only . . . 10c

Val. laces and insertions in 12 yard bolts—very neat
pretty designs—worth 75c the bolt—Saturday— one
day only . . . 39c

Women's fine quality Sleeveless Vests—Saturday, while they last at—8 1/2c

Four Clean-up Examples from the Domestic Aisle

Capician Pillow Cases,
worth 15c each—All day
Saturday . . . 7 1/2c

Glenwood Bleached Sheets,
72 by 90—worth 90c each
—Saturday . . . 55c

Elegant Embroidered Flan-
nels—worth 90c the yard
—Saturday . . . 25c

Turkish Towels—worth 40c
and 45c each—Saturday
one price— . . . 25c



**REMOVAL
SALE
OF
CHILDREN'S
CLOTHES**



Wash Suits at Half

An unusually attractive line of new ideas in children's Wash Suits are here for your choosing. To clean up the entire stock before removal they are marked at Half Price.

**Boys' Suits
a Fourth off**

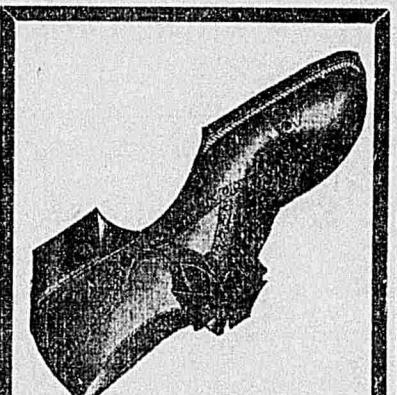
Just as the vacation is beginning we offer a splendid line of Boys' Vacation and Dress Suits at Just One-Fourth less than value.

**Regular \$3
to \$10**

Big Offerings in all Departments.

Poulton-Matzen-Sweet Co.

111-113 Main Street



Our Store Is Turned UPSIDE DOWN

We are selling goods at a loss
instead of a profit! Because we
have to vacate August 1st.

Hundreds of pairs have already
gone, but there are hundreds
more to go, in ladies' oxfords, at
HALF PRICE, \$3.50 OXFORDS
FOR

\$1.75

Hundreds more pairs, all styles,
ladies' oxfords, \$3.50 to \$4.00 val-
ues, now \$2.15 to \$2.85.

**All new goods.
Don't miss it.**

**HARDING
Boot Shop**

277 Main