

nd pointed it towards Albright, who drew his revolver. Parker then struck Albright over the head. The latter immediately commenced firing and Captain Parker reeled and fell. He died soon after.

#### ALBERT TALLMAN

Testified: Yesterday morning about 7 o'clock I was standing near the theatre corner waiting for the Murray street car. Diagonally across the street, towards the City Hall, I saw two men scuffling. At first I thought they were sparring and so expressed myself to a bystander. The men then separated and I saw and heard a policeman's club fall to the sidewalk. One of the men was Captain Parker. His pistol was pointed at his opponent's body. A man standing near me said he heard the pistol snap, but I did not. The patrolman then drew his gun and commenced firing. I ran towards the contestants, but when I got half way across the street my knees began to quake and my hair to stand on end. The balance of the way I walked. I, however, got to Captain Parker's side before any one else. Albright did not shoot after Parker fell.

#### POLICEMAN T. W. ARMSTRONG

Testified: I arrived on the scene of the shooting some time after it was over. I picked up six cartridges on the grass not near the sidewalk. I gave them to Sergeant McCurdy.

#### PATROL E. W. WILSON

Testified: I got permission from my sergeant, Mr. Jenney, on Thursday night to attend a sparring match in the skating rink. Captain Parker was there, and I asked him if he was willing that I should remain. He replied, "Certainly, it may be necessary for you to shoot some s— of a b— before the fight is over. I intend to kill some before morning, myself." I saw that he was under the influence of drink and paid no attention to this remark.

#### ARTHUR DAVIS

Testified: I heard the shooting and saw Captain Parker fall. Know nothing of the origin of the trouble.

#### THE VERDICT.

This concluded the examination of witnesses and after a brief consultation the jury rendered the following verdict: "We the said jurors do say from the evidence presented that the said Geo. B. Parker came to his death from the effects of a gunshot wound inflicted by George Albright, in self-defense, and we, the jurors fully exonerate the said George Albright."

#### ALBRIGHT DISCHARGED.

This afternoon County Prosecuting Attorney Walter B. Murphy appeared before Justice Gee and asked that Albright be discharged. He made a brief statement of the shooting and reviewed the evidence adduced at the coroner's inquest and said that, he and his colleague, Mr. Eichnor had not succeeded in making out a case and therefore thought that Albright should be given his liberty. The request was granted.

Contractor P. A. Thorstenson has sold the premises at No. 8210 Barnegatan in Stockholm to the Skandia Insurance company. The price asked and paid was 600,000 crowns.

### THE REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—The Republican National Committee met this morning, and prepared the call for the next National convention. The committee then called on President Harrison and Secretary Blaine, and were photographed on the treasury steps. The members of the Minneapolis delegation called at the state department this morning, and paid their respects to Secretary Blaine. They then called on Acting Secretary Grant in the war department, and were photographed in a group on the north portico of that building.

The call was issued later. The document simply tells when and where the convention will be held, and prescribes the usual methods for choosing delegates. The call sets forth that the convention will meet in Minneapolis, Minn., on Tuesday, June 7, 1892.

#### THE REPUBLICAN ELECTORS

In the several States and Territories and voters without regard to past political affiliations, who believe in Republican principles and endorse the Republican policy, are cordially invited to unite under this call in the formation of a National ticket. Each is entitled to four delegates-at-large, and for each representative in Congress-at-large, two delegates, and each congressional district, each Territory and the District of Columbia, two delegates. The delegates-at-large will be chosen by popular State conventions, called on not less than twenty days' public notice, and not less than thirty days before the meeting of the national convention. The congressional district delegates will be chosen at the convention called by the congressional committees of each district in the same manner as the nomination of Congressmen is made; provided that in any congressional district where there is no Republican committee, owing to redistricting under the next congressional apportionment, the Republican State committee shall appoint from the residents of such district a committee for the purpose of calling the district convention.

#### TERRITORIAL DELEGATES

will be chosen in the same manner as the nomination for delegate in Congress is made. All such conventions shall choose an alternate for each delegate. All notices of contests must be filed with the national committee in writing, accompanied by a preliminary statement of the grounds of contest which shall be made public, preference in their order and hearing and the determining of the contests to be given by the convention in accordance with the dates of filing of such notices and statements with the national committee. The call is signed by Chairman Clarkson and Secretary Fassett.

An important step taken by the committee was the reference to the executive committee, with full power to act on all matters connected with the preparations for the next convention. The executive committee decided to assume active direction of the matter itself and make all the arrangements.

Channing F. Meek of Colorado was elected sergeant-at-arms.

#### THE UTAH FIGHT SETTLED.

Up the afternoon the committee

settled the Utah fight by the adoption of a resolution recognizing the committee elected by the convention of delegates at Salt Lake September 2nd, as the Republican Territorial central committee of Utah, recommending that all Republicans of Utah bury their local differences and unite to rescue the Territory from the danger and dishonor of future Democratic control.

Then followed a succinct statement from each member of the condition of the party in the various States. It was generally hopeful and received with enthusiasm.

Ex-Governor Pinchback of Louisiana varied the sameness of the reports by indulging in a fierce attack on the white Republicans of the South, whom he held responsible for the lack of virility of the party in that section, and charged them with the suppression of the negro vote for fear of race issues. He held that their pusillanimous policy had resulted in untold losses to the party and maintained that a few vigorous contests and manifestations of rightful power by the Southern negroes would have a wholesome political effect and redeem the Southern States from Democracy.

At 1 o'clock the national committee adjourned sine die.

The executive committee will meet soon to arrange for the convention.

### KENRICK'S JUBILEE.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 30.—Just fifty years ago Peter Richard Kenrick was consecrated bishop of the Roman Catholic Church. Today his golden jubilee was celebrated with great pomp. Only once before has the golden jubilee of a bishop been celebrated, that of John McHale, archbishop of Triam, Ireland, eleven years ago. It is an event so rare that the whole world is interested in it, and in this case, not simply because such celebrations are infrequent, but because Archbishop Kenrick has filled these fifty years with usefulness and good, and were it not for the fact that, on a notable occasion, he incurred the displeasure of the Holy See by declaring boldly his unbelief in the infallibility of the Pope, he would now be a prince of the church.

#### THE GRAND PONTIFICAL MASS,

commemorative of the occasion, began at 9 o'clock in the historic old cathedral on Walnut street, leading representatives of the Roman Catholic hierarchy of the United States officiating. The jubilee sermon was delivered by Archbishop Ryan of Philadelphia.

Preceding the mass there was an impressive procession from the cathedral parish school situated next to the church, to the main entrance of the cathedral. In the march out from the yard and up the steps of the church, the venerable Archbishops walked under a canopy which was carried by attendants appointed for the occasion. The mass, which was most impressive and elaborate, was celebrated by Cardinal Gibbons and Archbishop Ryan, assisted by a number of priests. The altar was dressed in magnificent style, with flowers, evergreens and colors. The ceremony concluded with a solemn Pontifical blessing.

The music of the mass was given on a grand scale. The mass selected for