

FIFTY-SECOND YEAR.

## THE INVADER WAS LEFT 'WAY ASTERN

American Beat the Canadian in the International Yacht Races at Chicago This Afternoon.

Chicago, Aug. 10.—The first of the five races for the international championship of Chicago by the International Yacht Club's Invader and the Detroit boat club's Cadillac was sailed off Chicago this afternoon.

The day broke fine with a good breeze from the west.

The Invader, a 70-foot sloop, was started by the American flag at 1:30 p.m. The Cadillac, a 70-foot sloop, was started by the Canadian flag at 1:45 p.m.

The race was a close one, with the Invader leading for most of the time. The Cadillac was forced to tack several times, and the Invader was able to maintain a steady course.

The race ended at 4:30 p.m. with the Invader winning by a margin of about 10 minutes.

The Invader's skipper, Mr. J. W. Smith, said that the race was a very close one, and that the Cadillac was a very fast boat.

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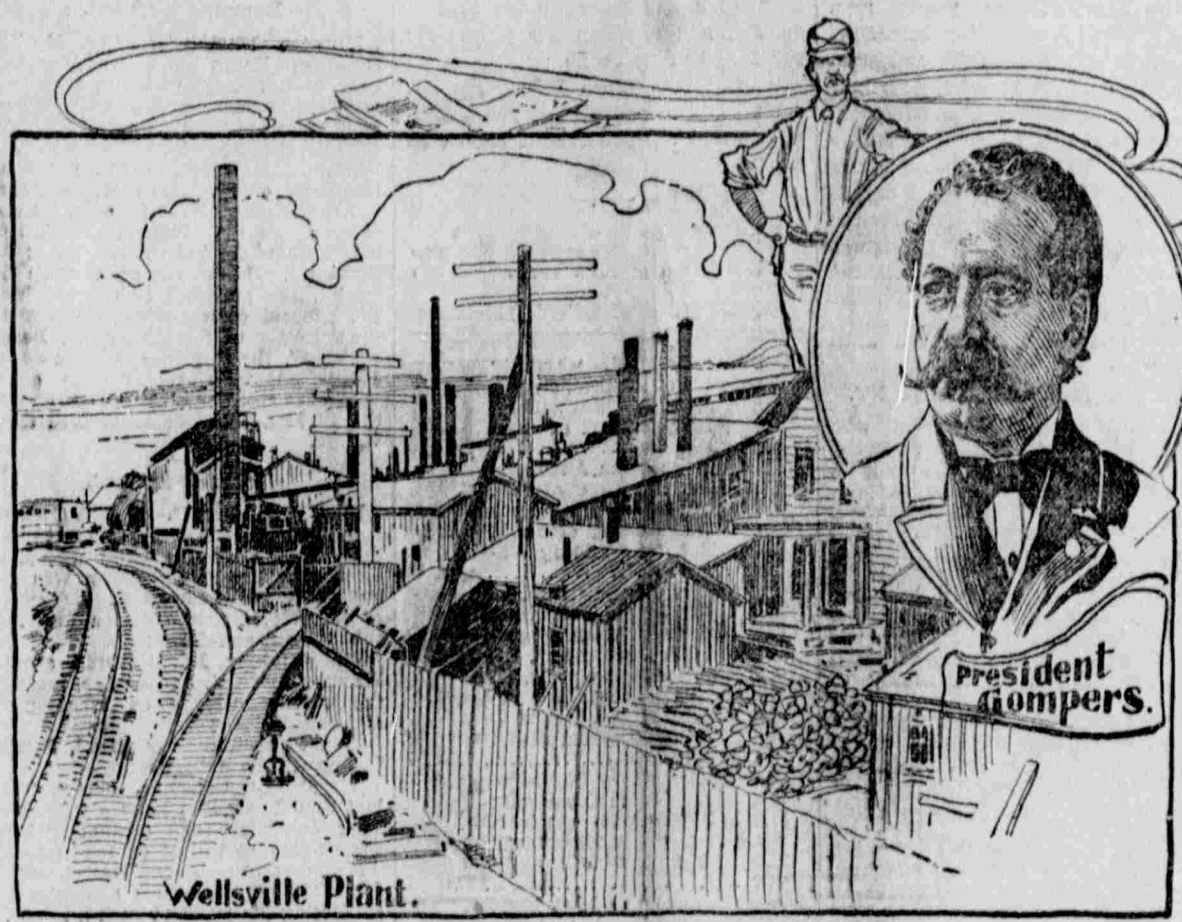
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## PREPARE TO LEAVE THEIR PLACES

Members of the Amalgamated Association Employed in Works of the Big Steel Combine Go Out With the Last Turn Tonight—60,000 Men in New York Ready to Quit.



NEW PHASES OF THE STEEL STRIKE.

Now that the American Federation of Labor, through President Gompers, has joined hands with the Amalgamated association the great strike of steel workers seems likely to develop into one of the greatest struggles between capital and labor which this country has ever seen. The point at which serious trouble is first expected is at the Wellsville sheet steel mill, where the National Steel company is striking its first blows at the unions.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 10.—The general strike order of President Shaffer of the Amalgamated association becomes effective today and the army of steel, iron and tin workers to which it is addressed are expected to throw down their tools at the close of the last turn. The close approach of the final hour has produced no appreciable change here and as yet there has not been a ripple of excitement. Strong appeals have been made to both President Shaffer and President Gompers, asking that they throw their influence toward a settlement and various plans for avoiding a general strike have been discussed and offered by disinterested men on the outside. There may yet come a powerful peacemaker with a form of compact that will be accepted by both sides, but for the present the strike seems inevitable.

The open letter written by President Gompers of the American Federation of Labor, is generally discussed today and construed by each individual according to his sympathies. The strikers asserted that it was an unsatisfactory to them and that it assured them the complete support of the federation. Opponents of the strike insisted that there was but little consolation for the strikers in the statement. They say that President Gompers does not approve the strike, and stood ready while here to accept and support any plan for a satisfactory settlement. It is not known here what steps the Federation will take. None of the officials are here and the Amalgamated leaders refuse to discuss the matter. All manner of reports as to legal actions are in circulation and injunctions and counter injunctions are being discussed, but no steps have been taken here yet to invoke the aid of the courts by either side.

President Shaffer left early for New Castle to participate in the great strike demonstration at that place. His reports from New Castle indicate that there is a large crowd in attendance. President Shaffer was the principal speaker at the New Castle meeting and will also deliver the main address at McKeesport tonight. He was given an enthusiastic welcome at New Castle and was loudly cheered whenever he was seen and recognized.

Secretary Williams was in charge of the local strike headquarters in the absence of the chief. He said he knew nothing of any plan for compromise and that he had nothing to say as to the situation. Excellent order still prevails throughout this district.

The strike at the Riverside plant of the National Tube works at Benwood, West Virginia, came earlier than was expected. At 6 o'clock this morning when the men in the plant mill where the material for the tube works is rolled, finished their turn, they dropped their tools and announced to the management that they would not be back on Monday. They were the first men in the country to obey the general strike order of President Shaffer. The mill had been operated as a non-union plant and was only recently organized. The Amalgamated leaders expected that the men would hold another meeting and that there would be some discussion of the strike. There were 610 men employed in the plant mill, but only half of that number were engaged on the turn which finished at 6 o'clock this morning. It is understood, however, that the men on the other shift will refuse to go to work when the next turn commences. The action of the strike leaders and they claim that the tie-up will be general.

No accurate idea as to the number of men that obey the order to strike will be obtainable until tomorrow night. Telegrams from McKeesport announce that 150 men today began the dismantling of the big DeWees-Wood plant. Several cars were backed into the yard and a number of rolls were taken down and loaded on them. The strikers say that only old machinery is being removed and that the corporation is not serious in the matter. As a counter move to the order of the steel corporation, an independent plant backed by local business men is proposed. The capital is placed at \$500,000 of which enterprise a lodge of the Amalgamated association is said to have pledged \$80,000. John W. Painter, J. K. Skelly and James F. Kuhn are among those named as promoters of the rival enterprise.

Have Nothing to Say. New York, Aug. 10.—Officials of the United States Steel corporation answered that "they had nothing to say" when asked about the strike developments today.

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One of the partners of the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co. said today that there was nothing new to report. He did not think that Mr. Morgan had received any request from Amalgamated leaders of the conference, and it was not expected that Mr. Gompers would attempt to interview the officers of the company with regard to the strike.

Ready in New York. New York, Aug. 10.—The announcement is made that 60,000 workmen in this city are ready to join in a sympathetic strike when requested by the Amalgamated association of Iron and Steel Workers. Philip W. Schneider, secretary of the board of delegates of the United Building Trades, in an interview today, according to the Herald: "All buildings in which the structural iron or other products of the United States Steel corporation are used will be tied up by strikes ordered by the board the instant word is received from the striking steel workers that such action is desired. This action of the board will affect 60,000 workmen."

Out at Wheeling. Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 10.—The men at the large Riverside iron works, Wheeling, W. Va., obeyed the order of President Shaffer and came out on a strike this morning. This plant was being operated as a non-union mill.

Molders at Cincinnati. Cincinnati, O., Aug. 10.—The Iron Molders' Union will hold an important meeting tonight to determine whether or not they shall strike. They have had a long conference with the local foundry association, attempting to adjust a wage scale. That conference ended early this morning without reaching an agreement and tonight's meeting is called to consider what is the best course for the molders to pursue. The temper of the men indicated a decision to strike.

Unionist Celebration. London, Aug. 10.—The great Unionist celebration at Birmmham today was favored by the most pleasant weather. The Unionist victory in the by elections. One hundred and twenty members of parliament were present, with some 3,000 delegates from Conservative and Liberal Unionist associations throughout the country and others which present made a total of about 7,000 persons. Mr. Balfour and Mr. Chamberlain delivered addresses after luncheon in the open air. Both were accorded a warm reception from the enthusiastic crowd.

During the course of his remarks Mr. Balfour said that the erstwhile conference between the conservatives and liberal-unionist was now an indismissible object. A large section of the opposition was avowedly unpatriotic and the country was not so much struck as to confide the conduct of public affairs to those who, so far as the y had uttered any clear note, had uttered it against their own country.

Mr. Balfour proceeded to compare the opposition tactics to the sniping, guerrilla warfare in South Africa and said both would end at no distant date. Mr. Chamberlain spoke in a similar vein. He said the alliance of the parties had resulted in building up a truly national party. The liberal party were now only the "rump" party. They had sunk in the pro-unionist mood so deep that not even the liberal imperialists could extricate them. Even the latter were not free from heresies and until they were free the unionist party did not want this communion.

Result of Football. New Haven, Conn., Aug. 10.—Perry T. W. Hale, Yale's full-back of last year, is seriously ill at the Hartford hospital with internal injuries which a physician on the staff of the hospital says were traceable to the strains incident to football and to injuries received by Hale in the Yale-Princeton and Yale-Harvard games of last year.

It is said that a blood vessel in the stomach region is ruptured and that complications and ulcers, involving that organ, have set in and that other internal troubles have resulted.

In the Transvaal. London, Aug. 10.—A despatch from Lord Kitchener, dated from Pretoria today, says: "A block-house near Brandfort, (Orange River Colony), was rushed and captured by the Boers after severe fighting, the night of August 7. "Elliott has captured 70 prisoners and large quantities of stock and wagons which he is sending in. No details have been received."

Stole \$30,000. Washington, Aug. 10.—Chief Wilkie of the secret service treasury department has received a telegram announcing that Walter Dimmick, former chief

clerk of the San Francisco mint, has been arrested by secret service officials there upon two charges. One was preferred by Secret Service Agent George Hazen, charging Dimmick with the theft of \$30,000 in gold from the United States mint in San Francisco. The other charge was made by Superintendent Leach accusing Dimmick with misappropriation of funds placed in his hands for the purchase of supplies.

Germany Will Support England. New York, Aug. 10.—A despatch to the Herald from Berlin says: The foreign office has received news from Morocco which confirms the reports of the arrest of the chief of the special mission to Berlin and London. In spite of the fact that the opening up of the Morocco question would at present be very inopportune, Germany is prepared to support England in any diplomatic action she may take.

Leander Won King's Cup. Cowes, Isle of Wight, Aug. 10.—In compliance with King Edward's wish the race for the king's cup was sailed today. Empress, William's yacht, won the race and the advantage of the start. She was followed by the Leander, Britania, (King Edward's old yacht), and Rozel. The Meteor led throughout the race. The Leander won on time allowance. The Rozel was belated.

Attempt to Blow Up Transport. New Orleans, Aug. 10.—What is reported as an attempt of a Boer sympathizer to blow up a British transport, occurred shortly after midnight when a terrible explosion occurred at the dock landing where the Harrison was being loaded. The Harrison was a British transport, and was carrying mail to South Africa. Most of the crew of the ship were asleep, but the explosion brought them quickly from their berths to the deck. An examination showed a large quantity of dynamite had been placed on the water's edge had been placed on the ship. Pumps were immediately put to work and when daylight came it was found that the vessel was in no danger of sinking and that the crew were not seriously hurt. The crew of the vessel denied that there were any explosives on board and there were no little doubt according to the statements of those who examined the ship that the explosion was from the

## SELBY'S GOLD BARS

Jack Winters Has Confessed to the Robbery and Pointed Out Place in Water Where Treasure Was Thrown.

San Francisco, Aug. 10.—Jack Winters, who was arrested for the Selby Smelting works robbery, has confessed the crime and so far \$120,000 worth of bullion has been recovered from the bay where he had sunk it. For three days the detectives have tried all sorts of intimidation to make Winters confess, but their threats apparently had no effect upon him. Finally he asked to see Superintendent Ropp, of the works, who, he said, was the only friend he had. In his conversation with Ropp, Winters' manner indicated that he knew where the gold had been hidden. Ropp told him that he had a strong case against him and that he would be sent to prison for thirty years. He said: "You will be an old man when you get out and it will do you no good to hide the gold. We know it is hidden in the water near the works and we will search every inch. You may be sure the gold will be found before you get out of prison."

Winters finally weakened and told Ropp that he had taken the gold and would take him to the spot where it was hidden. The criminal, in company with Superintendent Ropp and a force of detectives, left on a tug last night for Crockett. There they waited all night for low tide. Winters pointed out the place at the end of the railroad wharf, behind the coal bunkers at the beginning of the Vallejo ferry slip. At that point, at low tide, the mud is about four feet deep, covered by water. When the tug first reached Crockett, Winters pointed out the spot in the water where he said he had thrown the gold. Superintendent Ropp marked the place on the wharf and the tug steamed away to wait for low tide. This morning Winters himself got into the mud and waded up to his neck and for a hour and a half groped for the missing bullion. Up to 10 o'clock \$120,000 worth had been recovered. This includes the four bars of fine gold. Winters had put some of the bars in bags. He said that one of the bags had broken and some of the small bars had dropped out. It is now only a question of careful search to find the rest of the \$20,000. Winters claims that he did the job all alone. He says that he made fourteen trips on the tug to the wharf, from which he dropped the gold. The smelter officials, however, are positive that he received assistance from some one. The detectives think that his story that he did it all himself is correct.

The tug with the detectives and the prisoner, Winters, on board, has returned to this city.

## REUNION OF LATE WAR VETERANS

Men Who Fought for a Common Cause in Cuba and the Philippines to Gather Here in Large Numbers on Tuesday Next.

Those who fought the wily Don and the dusky Filipino in the Luzon rice fields will gather in Salt Lake for three days next week. From all over the country they will come volunteers and regulars out of the service, to reminisce and rehearse the fall of Manila and the pursuit of Aguinaldo. Though Salt Lake has entertained some notable gatherings since her reputation for hospitality began to be country-wide, no body of men ever came to this city whom the people will be as proud to honor and as happy to receive. These men were the comrades of Utah's battery men, and fought alongside of them in the trenches. No more need be said to open the gates of this city as wide as they will go.

On the occasion of the visit of the veterans to the "City of the Saints" is the annual encampment of the National Society of the Army of the Philippines. On Tuesday morning the delegates from the different local societies throughout the country are scheduled to arrive. They will register at the local society's headquarters at the Knutsford, receive badges and arrange for accommodations. At 2 o'clock in the afternoon of Tuesday, the national society will hold a business meeting at the assembly hall, and in the evening there will be one of the features of the encampment—the big patriotic meeting.

This meeting begins promptly at 8 o'clock and everywhere is cordially invited to attend. There will be no admission charged and everything will be done to make it a big affair, full of patriotic feeling and appreciation for the work of those who fought for the flag in the far Pacific. The program will be worth listening to is shown very well in this rough draft of it made out today by the committee: Star Spangled Banner—Held's Military Band.

Welcome to State—Hon. Heber M. Wells, Governor of Utah.

Selection—Tabernacle Choir.

Welcome to Salt Lake City—Ex-Congressman Hon. W. H. King.

Vocal solo, O For a Bunch of Song (Allison)—Miss Arvilla Clark.

Welcome on behalf of Utah Society to National Society Army of the Philippines—Maj. R. W. Young.

Response on behalf of National Society Army of the Philippines—Brig. Gen. Irving Hale, Denver, Colo., first vice president.

Organ solo (a) Angels Ever Bright and Fair (Hamel); (b) America—Introduction, variations, finale (arranged by W. T. Best)—Prof. Thomas Radcliffe.

Address, the Philippine campaign—Brig. Gen. Wilder S. Metcalf, Lawrence, Kansas.

Bugle Calls in the Trenches—Elmer

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REPRIMAND FIGHTING BOB. Navy Department Scolds Him for His Attack Upon Mr. Chandler.

Washington, Aug. 10.—The navy department has reprimanded Admiral Robley D. Evans, acting upon the complaint made by Former Secretary of the Navy Chandler for criticisms of the latter in Admiral Evans' book "A Sailor's Log." The letter of reprimand was sent to the rear admiral yesterday. It refers to his act as reprehensible and censures Admiral Evans "for this breach of the obligation imposed upon him as an officer of the navy of the United States."

Senator Chandler has been furnished a copy of the reprimand.

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## RUN THE LINES OF REAL WORK.

Members of University Engineering Class Jump From the Theoretical to the Practical in Big Mines of Tintic—Professor Lyman Home.

When the University of Utah closed its doors for the summer vacation, the engineering class did not cease study. Under the direction of Prof. Lyman H. Lyman, six of them went to the Eureka to do practical work in the mine there. The result is that all have obtained employment in the field which they have been studying. The greater testimonial to the effectiveness of the course at the state university could be given.

Prof. Lyman has just returned from the Eureka with his class and he brings a most encouraging report of their progress. During the time they were there, they supervised all claims belonging to the Centennial-Eureka company, and completed surveys of the 1,500, 1,400, 1,300 and 1,200 foot levels of the Bullion-Beck. As a result of this work, four of the men were taken into the regular engineering departments of the mine, one of them has gone into Engineer O. R. Young's office and the

others have secured a position in this city with Engineer Collier.

The professor says that the students enjoyed their work very much and that the best of times was had throughout the six weeks they were together. A model of the mine was presented by the Centennial-Eureka company to Prof. Lyman, as a token of the esteem in which they hold him and his work. The young men who made up the party are Horace W. Sholey and W. M. Collier of this city; G. M. P. Douglas, of Springfield; Thomas McDonald, Mill Creek; Arthur Knowlton, Kayville; and Harry Carter, Nephi.

When the University opens again the latter part of September, the professor says that these students will go back to college for two years of advanced work in mining engineering.

Prof. Lyman leaves in about a week for Cheyenne to study irrigation at the government experimental station. He will remain there until the close of the vacation months. Mr. Johnston, a classmate of the professor at Ann Arbor, is at the head of this work.

Must be Fumigated. Washington, Aug. 10.—The report of the board of survey on the cruiser Columbia, now at New York, is to the effect that she will not be in condition to receive men until more thoroughly cleaned and fumigated.