

health of both resulting from affections of the spinal cord.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, 11.—The crusaders moved on a saloon kept by a German, who had threatened to turn the hose on them if they visited him, and being warned away they prayed near his place, when forgetting his threats he came out and thanked them.

Boston, Mass., 11.—Both branches of the legislature adjourned until to-morrow on the announcement of the death of Sumner; the flags of the State House and city buildings are half-masted. The two branches of the city government will have a special meeting to-morrow, to take appropriate action relative to the death of the senator. A deep feeling of sadness pervades the entire community.

The city solicitor has again decided against the right of women to serve on the Boston school committee; he says the Supreme Court, in its recent opinion, only decided the constitutional right, making no reference to the statute.

Two attempts were made last night to burn the town of Reno, Nevada; the incendiaries were not captured.

CHICAGO, 12.—A New York special says that several new instances of the corruption of merchants' clerks by Jayne, for nefarious purposes of his own, have been lately discovered, and as one after another is made public, through the newspapers, the astonishment and indignation of not only the merchants of New York, who suffered most severely, but of the whole country, increases. California merchants are as deeply interested as those of New York, for unless the system of "squeezing" now receives its death blow, it will doubtless spread throughout the Union.

NEW YORK, 12.—The council of the Wine and Spirit Traders' Society, of the U. S., yesterday, announced that they favored the present temperance movement.

The new board of directors of the U. P. R. R., had a meeting yesterday in Boston, and elected the following officers: Prest., Sydney Dillon, of N. Y.; Vice Prest., Elisha Atkins, of Boston; Secretary and Treasurer, E. H. Rollins, of Boston. The announcement from Boston, of the election of Oliver Ames as president of the Union Pacific railway, was an error. The following are the directors of the U. P.: Oliver Ames, John Duff, Elisha Atkins, Sydney Dillon, P. P. Morton, T. Gordon Dexter, B. E. Bates, Oliver Ames 2nd, James D. Smith, C. J. Osborne, Geo. S. Scott, Samuel M. Mills, Jay Gould, E. H. Baker and J. Richardson.

Maurice Sands, owner of the Harlem distillery, which sells retail at wholesale prices, attended the temperance meeting last evening in the Second Avenue Methodist church, of which he is a member, and said to his pastor, "That prayer meeting on Sunday has killed my business deadlier than a hammer; I haven't taken in fifteen cents all day." Brother Sands is expected to surrender even earlier than already promised, when he finds other business. The sisters of the Second Avenue church have formed a praying band, and the Delmonico having promised to receive the women politely, they are now considering the propriety of singing and praying in this aristocratic resort. The prayers of the sisters of the Seventeenth Street Methodist church have closed the West Side saloon. Another saloon in Brooklyn was visited by the women yesterday, and the proprietor and his family joined in prayer in their private apartments.

SAN FRANCISCO, 12.—The Hualapai Apaches declare their willingness to return to their old grounds, and to obey the orders of General Crook, but they say they will die before they will go to the Colorado river reservation, and if the troops want to fight them they must expect a big battle. Crook is at San Carlos.

NEW YORK, 12.—A Berlin despatch says that Bismarck is seriously ill; his physicians are apprehensive of the result.

The federal courts and offices of this city were closed to-day out of respect to the memory of ex-President Fillmore. Flags are at half-mast on all the public buildings and on many private buildings in honor alike of the ex-President and Senator Sumner, of Mass.

The jury in the case of King, charged with the murder of O'Neill, rendered a verdict of murder in the second degree; the sentence was deferred.

A partial examination of the

Brooklyn accounts shows that the amount of the alleged defalcation will reach a hundred thousand.

CHARLESTON, S. C., 12.—The court of general session was closed to-day, and flags placed at half mast, in consequence of the death of Mr. Sumner.

WASHINGTON, 12.—The following is the committee of the House appointed to accompany the remains of Senator Sumner to Massachusetts: Hurlburt, Hale, of Me., Foster, Rainey, Clayton, Scudder, Pandace, Beck, and Hancock. The Speaker, in announcing the committee, remarked that the resolutions contemplated the attendance of the Massachusetts representatives in a nearer capacity than as members of the House.

The following are the Senators appointed by the President *pro tem*, Carpenter, to accompany the remains of Senator Sumner to Massachusetts: Anthony, Schurz, Sargent, Sherman, Oglesby and Merriman; the President *pro tem*, also named the following Senators as the committee on arrangements for the funeral: Anthony, Schurz, Frelinghuysen, Merrill, of Maine, Stevenson and Thurman.

The body of Sumner will be conveyed by the Committee of Arrangements to the Capitol rotunda between 9 and 10 o'clock to-morrow morning, where they will lie in state till 12.30, and will then be carried to the Senate Chamber preceded by the Chaplains of both houses and the committee. The chamber will be draped and there will be extra chairs for the members and their families and for the President and Cabinet. The services will consist of brief prayers and scriptural readings, which will be conducted by the Rev. Byron Sunderland, Chaplain of the Senate, and the Rev. J. G. Butler, Chaplain of the House. By the request of personal friends no remarks will be made on the occasion. The remains will be taken thence to the depot, for New York, en route for Boston on a special train. There will be no formal stoppage at New York. The body will lie in state in Faneuil Hall. The Supreme Court, on motion of Senator Carpenter, who appeared in the room, adjourned over to attend the obsequies.

The pall bearers at Sumner's funeral to-morrow will be—Senators Anthony, Schurz, Sargent, McCreery, Oglesby and Stockton. Those specially invited to attend the funeral are the President and members of the cabinet, justices of the Supreme court, the diplomatic corps, the general of the army and the admiral of the navy. The invitations to the two last named include invitations to the army and navy officers and the officers of the marine corps respectively.

Boston, 12.—The city council, to-day, passed resolutions, in view of Sumner's death, to call a meeting in Faneuil Hall, to take appropriate notice of the event; also to appoint a committee to act in conjunction with the State and government authorities in arranging for the funeral ceremonies, and paying due respect to his public services.

Neither branch of the Massachusetts legislature transacted any business to-day. On the assembling of the Senate a message was received from the governor, announcing the death of Sumner, and paying an eloquent tribute to his memory, concluding with a congratulation that the resolution rescinding the vote of censure had been passed, and the resolution reached him as it did. On motion of Banks the message was referred to a joint committee of both houses, with instructions to report a plan for properly honoring the memory of the dead Senator.

Among the names mentioned as the successor to Sumner are H. L. Dawes, ex-Governor Bullock, Clifford, Gov. Washburne, E. R. Hoar, Gen. Banks and Gen. Butler.

JEFFERSONVILLE, Ind., 12.—John Little's saloon was attacked again to-day by the crusaders, who took chairs with them and remained two hours and a half, singing and praying amid the ringing of Mrs. Little's dinner bell and John's loud invitations to drink.

COLUMBUS, O., 12.—The crusaders spent the morning in obtaining signatures to the pledge, and the afternoon in storming the saloons with prayers and singing. One man desired to sell out to the ladies and to procure other business; the question was referred to a committee.

CINCINNATI, O., 12.—In accordance with an arrangement made

yesterday, five ladies called at the saloon of David Bleaks, former chief of police of this city, this morning, and asked him to sign the pledge and not sell liquor; he consented without urging, immediately locking the door and taking the sign down.

At a mass meeting in the First Baptist Church to-night, of temperance reformers, it was reported that fourteen saloons were visited to-day, all but two of which were desirous of quitting the business. A gang of about 200 men and boys followed them hooting, until the police interfered.

BUFFALO, 12.—The people of Buffalo, to-day, exhibited in a marked manner their veneration for the deceased ex-president. At nine o'clock this morning the family and a few friends of the deceased gathered at the residence, where services were conducted by the Rev. R. Hotchkiss and the Rev. John C. Lord. Eight officers with an escort, consisting of a whole company of the Buffalo City Guards, bore the remains to St. Paul's Cathedral. On the lid of the rosewood casket was a silver plate, on which was inscribed—"Millard Fillmore, born Jan. 7th, 1800; died March 10th, 1874." The vestibule of the church received the remains on a dais covered with black velvet. The pall was trimmed with white crape and silver stars. The body lay in state, and was visited by thousands till 2 o'clock, when the committees of the U. S. Senate and House of Representatives, the city authorities and the representatives of various societies entered, and shortly after, six sergeants detailed from the U. S. Infantry bore the casket from the vestibule into the Cathedral, where Dr. Shelton, the life-long friend of Fillmore, made a brief resume of his character in an impressive manner. The casket was then borne to the hearse, and a procession was formed, headed by Major-Genl. Howard, Brigadier-Genl. Rogers, with their staffs and various City National Guards, and moved to Forest Lawn Cemetery, where the remains were deposited in the family vault.

RENO, Nev., 12.—A dispatch from Elko reports the weather clear, pleasant and thawing rapidly. The road is clear east of there. Trains are ten hours late, delayed on the U. P. R. R. east of Laramie. The west bound passengers left here, Reno, last night on time, went to Truckee, and tried to get to the Summit, but after proceeding four miles had to return. They tried it again, four hours later, and got through and passed Emigrant Gap at 12:10 p.m. The east bound passenger train passed here about four hours late. Freight trains are all abandoned west of Wadsworth. It is raining as far west as Alta; from there to Boca dam snow is falling. It is calm and warm here, and as far east as Winnemucca it is calm and raining at intervals. No fears of the road blockading as long as the snow falls damp.

SAN FRANCISCO, 12.—Dispatches to-night say snow is falling again in the Sierras with great violence. At Emigrant Gap the snow plow and five engines are off the track. No trains are expected to get through to-night.

A dispatch from Prescott, Arizona, says: "Much surprise and indignation was occasioned in town when the San Francisco papers were received containing the Washington dispatches giving Indian Agent Tonner's letter to the Commissioner upon the condition of affairs at the Verde Apache reservation. The whole report is a tissue of garbled facts and false statements, plausibly arranged to deceive the outside world and bring about the accomplishment of certain objects, but it fails to blind the people of this Territory, who know that the Sun Indians at Verde reservation, to the number of 1,400 with daily accessions, are preparing to plant corn and make irrigating ditches, and express themselves well satisfied with their treatment, and contented with their situation. They say they want their permanent home established on that reservation, which has always been their country."

DAYTON, O., 13.—The temperance excitement is unsubdued. The county commissioners, to-day, rejected eight more applications for license; the ladies are circulating pledges, and are obtaining many signatures.

NEW YORK, 13.—Throughout Brooklyn, to-day, there is fasting and prayer for the temperance cause. There was an immense temperance meeting at Hanover Street

Methodist Church last night, but no definite plan of action was adopted.

James C. King, convicted yesterday of murder in the second degree, for killing Anthony O'Neill, Nov. 7, was sentenced this morning to the State prison for life.

The train bearing the remains of Chas. Sumner arrived at Jersey City to-night, quite an assembly being out to meet it.

WASHINGTON, 13.—The remains of Senator Sumner were removed this a.m., from his late residence to the Capitol. The committee of arrangements and the committee to escort the remains to Massachusetts, together with the pall bearers and the Massachusetts Congressional delegation, with their ladies and their families met there some time previous. The ladies placed upon the casket a large floral cross, and some sympathizing friend two immense fern leaves. The casket containing the remains was placed in the hearse, which was drawn by four white horses, and this was followed by 150 colored men on foot, including Fred. Douglass, Pinchback, of La., and John F. Cook, register of the district. The Congress committees, the Massachusetts delegation and their families, as mourners, and others took their places in carriages, and the cortege moved to the capitol.

When the procession arrived at the capitol the coffin was placed in the rotunda on a dais covered with floral tributes from various persons; the face of the distinguished dead was visible through the glass, and showed some discoloration. The body was dressed in a suit of black, the hands resting on the breast. There was an immense crowd on the west side of the capitol, mainly colored persons, many of the women dressed in deep mourning. The crowd about the capitol was the largest ever seen there, while the galleries of the Senate were filled to repletion long before eleven, and many hundreds were unable to gain admission. At noon the crowd was still thronging all the approaches to the capitol. At an early hour Gen. Sherman, accompanied by his staff, General McDowell and other high officers of the army, and Admiral Lee and prominent officers of the navy entered the Senate chamber in full uniform, and were assigned seats behind the bar. Shortly after two of the diplomatic corps in citizens' dress made their appearance, and were conducted to reserved seats on the floor of the Senate. Immediately behind them seats were left vacant for the Justices of the Supreme Court, and the seats adjoining those were reserved for the House committee appointed to attend the funeral. Among them were Sir Edward Thornton, Admiral Polo and Baron Lederer. At 12 o'clock the catafalque was brought in and placed in front of the Vice-President's desk. The mourners, consisting of the Massachusetts Congressional delegation, Ben Perley Poore and other intimate friends of the deceased, entered shortly after, and were assigned seats to the left of the Vice-President's table. The president *pro tem*, Carpenter, then called the Senate to order, and the Rev. Byron Sunderland, chaplain of the Senate, offered a brief prayer, after which the journal was read, and Buckingham moved that the adjournment of the Senate to-day be till Tuesday next; agreed to.

At this point the members of the House entered, headed by Speaker Blaine, and were assigned seats on the right of the Vice-President's chair. The Justices of the Supreme Court next entered, attired in their judicial robes, and at 12.30 President Grant and his cabinet arrived, and were assigned seats to the right of the chair, next the members of the Supreme Court. The committee of arrangements and pall bearers entered immediately afterwards, preceded by the Rev. Dr. Sunderland, and followed by the casket borne by six policemen, white and colored. As the remains were borne to the catafalque and the solemn procession marched in, Dr. Sutherland repeated—"I am the resurrection and the life," etc. The casket was placed on the catafalque, and a cross, composed of lilies, carnations and white roses, by Miss Grant, was placed upon it. The Rev. Dr. Butler, chaplain of the House of Representatives, then read a portion of Scripture, and offered a fervent prayer. Dr. Sutherland followed with reading the Scriptures, concluding the services with the Lord's Prayer and the benediction.

The Vice President *pro tem*, Carpenter, then said—"Now, the Senate of the United States entrusts the remains of Charles Sumner to the sergeant-at-arms and the committee appointed to convey them to his home, there to commit them, earth to earth, ashes to ashes, dust to dust, in the soil of the commonwealth of Massachusetts. Peace to his ashes."

The coffin was then closed and removed from the chamber, followed by the committee appointed by the Senate and by the House to accompany the remains to Boston, every one standing as the coffin was removed. The coffin was carried out to the entrance of the Senate wing of the Capitol, and deposited in the hearse and attended by mounted police, was followed to the Baltimore and Potomac Railroad depot by a procession consisting of members of the Civil Rights League, a colored organization of this city, headed by Fred. Douglas and ex-Lt. Gov. Pinchback; next to this organization followed carriages, in charge of the sergeant-at-arms, French, containing the committee of the Senate and House appointed to accompany the remains to Boston on a special train, which will start from Washington at three p. m.

Boston, 13.—At a meeting of the Massachusetts Historical Society to-day, Robt. C. Winthrop announced the death of ex-President Fillmore, an honorary member, and of Charles Sumner, a resident member, and paid to each an appropriate and eloquent tribute. Resolutions relative to the death of Sumner were then offered by Charles Francis Adams, and after remarks by ex-Governor Clifford and others, they were adopted.

Resolutions relative to the death of Sumner were presented and adopted in both branches of the legislature to-day, and brief eulogies were delivered by the members.

CHICAGO, 13.—About four hundred ladies met in the Clark St. Methodist Church to-day, and discussed the subject of temperance. A large committee was appointed to circulate a petition to the City Council against the proposed repeal of the Sunday saloon closing ordinance, and a strong determination was evinced to inaugurate a crusade against the saloons.

FORTRESS MONROE, 13.—Military honors to the late ex-President Fillmore took place here to-day; flags were displayed at half mast, a salute of thirteen guns was fired at sunrise, a gun every half hour during the day, and a salute of thirty-seven minute guns at sunset.

DAYTON, O., 13.—Four praying and singing divisions of about twenty women each visited the usual number of saloons to day, in spite of the cold weather; they enjoyed peace everywhere, and were hardly offended by the rudest tipplers. They visited the saloon-keepers generally, who took pains to protect them from the cold, and urged them to occupy better rooms; this is a great change, but it does not indicate any relaxation in the determination of the saloonists to persist in their business. There have been no conquests, and there are no prospects of any.

CLEVELAND, O., 13.—About fifty ladies canvassed the city to day, individually soliciting signatures to the temperance pledge, meeting fair success; the women seemed fully aroused and will probably attack the saloons with prayer and praise next week.

"Battle Mountain, 13.—The track on the Central Pacific Railroad, about sixteen miles from here, at Stonehouse, is reported impassable; the track is sunk for a distance of one and a half miles, and about forty-five yards of it has been washed away. A culvert and a portion of the road are also washed away a short distance east of Golconda. A working train was sent down this morning from Carlin, and is still working at the Stonehouse break, but it is thought that no train can get through to-day, as the force employed cannot fix it before to-night or in the morning. The west bound passenger train is on the side track here, also one freight train and a large cattle train. The trouble is caused by a great quantity of water coming down from the mountains during the late thaw, which has formed a perfect flood of water over the whole country, and is washing away the culverts, and in some places covering the track eighteen inches and two feet deep. It is storming now with snow and hail."