Philadelphia

The Care of Clothes

vorks and mines. There have been no

Kovno, Russia, Jan. 31.-The strike

DISTURBANCES IN WARSAW

Warsaw, Jan. 31 .- The official account

of the disturbances here on Jan. 27 and

28, published in the About Varshavikid-

nevnik, details the beginning of the strike of Sevam on Jan. 27, with in-

creasing disorder throughout the day.

Earlier the strikers went about com-

pelling workmen of other establish-

ments to cease work until 15,000 were

Peaceable inhabitants became panic-

sticken, fearing famine, and purchased all the available food supplies and be-sieged the bakeries. Rioting began

about 3 p. m., when there was an almost general cessation of work throughout the city, and owing to the turbulent attitude of mobs parading the streets the police were reinforced by soldiers.

At 5 p. m. the strikers attacked the olice and gendarmes, stoning them, ome shots were fired and the police were compelled to return the fire, by which

which two strikers were killed. Sev-eral other collisions occurred during the evening. The strikers looted liquor

stores and many other establishments.

After sunset the rioting, which had been temporarily suspended was resumed in the side streets, in some cases the only illuminations being from small fires built in the middle of the street. Notices which had been posted, warning the rioters to return home were torn down and processions of strikers ware.

down and processions of strikers went from house to house and from hop to shop, accompanied by women and chil-dren carrying the sacks in which the loot was placed. During the course of Jan 29 the strike extended.

Comparative Peace in Warsaw.

ous ferment.

London, Jan. 31 .- The Daily Mail's

end of the strike is in sight. There is some fighting still in the outer suburbs and cases of treacherous stabbing of

and cases of treacherous stabbing of soldiers are growing more frequent. Vehicular traffic has been resumed and supplies of food are arriving. Hundreds of domiciliary visits and arrests have been made. All suspected persons are stopped, searched and arrested if found to be carrying weapons.

For Pacific Measures.

London, Jan. 31.—The correspondent of the Times at St. Petersburg sends

to his paper this morning a curious story, which he declares he obtained from unimpeachable authority. According to the correspondent, when Grand Duke Vladimír was informed,

on Jan. 2, that Prince Vasilchikoff who was in command of the troops in St. Petersburg, had given orders to fire on the strikers, Grand Duke Viadimir immediately ordered that pacific

measures be taken, but the senior of-ficer on the spot replied that he could not guarantee the safety of the palace without using features.

Will Aid British Investigation.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 31, 3:42 p. m.— Sir Charles Hardinge, the British am-bassador, has been officially informed

NEW YORK POLICE FORCE.

Committee of Nine Named to In-

Albany, N. Y., Jan. 31.—President Austin G. Fox of the New York City club announced here this afternoon the

committee which he was directed to appoint by the meeting held in New York

yesterday for the investigation of the New York police. The nine men named are as follows; John G. Milburn, Elihu

Root, Isaac N. Seligman, William Church, Jacob H. Scheff, George Mc-Aneny, Henry Deforest Baldwin, James

Police Kill Girl.

An invaluable aid to

Speakers and Singers.

McKean, Ansten G. Pox.

vestigate It.

without using force

have struck, but remain quiet.'

omparative quiet was restored, how-

ere is ended and work has been re-

bing.

Fels-Naptha

sumed every-where.

out by midday.

diers.

OFFICIAL ACCOUNT OF

East Side.

RUSSIAN WORKMEN WERE DECEIVED.

Czar's Uncle, Grand Duke Vladimir. Says Anarchists and Agitators Make Tools of Them.

DANGER IN DEMONSTRATION.

Bad Strikers Reached Winter Palace, Would Have Sacked it as Versailles Was Sacked.

8t. Petersburg, Feb. 1, 1:20 a. m .-Grand Duke Vladimit, uncle of Emperer Nicholas and commander of the imperlal guard, granted an interview to the Associated Press at the duke's palelee in Quay de la Cour, adjoining the winter palace. The correspondent was received in the grand duke's private study, into which he was ushered by the grand duke's aide-de-camp, Prince Belaskelsy, who has the reputation of being one of the finest polo players and most popular young men in Europe. The prince was attired in the dashing uniform of an officer of the lancers of the guard, and presented a striking contrast to the grand duke as the latter arose from his desk wearing a simple blue undress blouse over uniform

pie blue undress blousers.
Could the vauited ceiling have been suddenly lowered and the spacious spartment contracted to the limits of a tent and the big mehogany desk converted into a camp table, the grand dake would have presented the picture of a hard-working general upon a field of battle. Everything about the apartment, with reports heaped upon the table before him, bespoke the man of work. The study might well be mistaken for the office of some busy American railway manager.

taxen for the office of some busy Amera can railway manager. The grand duke is a man of perhaps The grand duke is a man of perhaps 6 years, a veteran in appearance as well as in fact; for he won his spurs and the cross of St. George 25 years ago on the plains before Plevna. He is big-framed and dork-visaged and has iron-ray hair, and resembles more his brother Alexander III than his nephew

Emperor Nicholas.

Although his face and frame show no Although his face and frame show ho marks of recent illness, the nervous energy he displays gives the impression of a man of force and action. His stern failures soften as he talks, lending to his countenance a cham suggesting the singularly gentle side to his nature, which makes him beloved in his home and among his family and friends.
"You must remember," said the grand duke in French—for, while he knows English perfectly, he prefers the Gallic tongue to any except his own-Galle tongue to any except his ownyou must remember I am a grand
dake and a subject of the emperor. As
such I am extremely loyal to him, and
I am Russian from the crown of my
head to the tips of my toes," accompanying the words with a sweeping panying the words with a save panying the words with a save garage

"The newspapers abroad," suggested The newspapers abroad, suggested the correspondent, "have made many sidements regarding the events of lan 22."

Thow. I have read accounts in the

foreign press. I have stood aghast at the frightful stories of butchery of finecent people which they have print-el. I know they say well-intentioned patriots, with a priest at their head, coming peacefully to lay their grievcannot peacefully to lay their griev-ances before his majesty, were ruth-less; shot down in the streets. But we know that behind this peaceful pro-cession was an anarchistic and social-site plot of which the overwheiming majority of workmen were merely in-ment tools.

"We know, from examination of the We know, from examination of the dead and those arrested, that some alled priests were actually revolutionary sgitators and students in disguise. We had to save the city from a mob. Unfortunately, to do so, innocent and gully suffered alike. But suppose 140,—60 men had reached the gates of the winter palace; they would have sacked it as the mob sacked Versailles. is the mob sacked Versailles.

From the palace they would have sme elsewhere, and the whole city would have been delivered over to anarch, riot, bloodshed and flames. Our fully was bloodshed and flames. buty was the duty of every govern-

The same situation has confronted

tiles in other countries. Why, because this occurred in Russia, should the whole world point the finger of scorn at us? In the midst of our difficulties, why should we be turned upon? Why should impairs a score of the state should we be turned upon? Why should America, especially, misinterpret and think ill of us? We have always been friends—friends of a century, friends when America needed friends—I remainer when American was our friend. "Why has all this changed? What has Russia done to deserve it? What has Russia done to America? Why should the foreign press, especially that of Great Britain, not hesitate before any calumny? No invention seems too horrible for them to print. They do not explain that on Saturday every the not explain that on Saturday every dead wall in St. Petersburg was placarded with warnings to the people not to assemble. No. But they tell that housands of innocent people were blist and Reusands No. But they tell that itsusands of innocent people were killed and other thousands wounded, and paint the streets as running red with blood. They even say the dead were pushed under the ice of the Neva at night. It is infamous.

They say nothing of isolated officers set upon by mobile in the attacklet.

they say nothing of isolated officers set upon by mobs in the streets and hammered into insensibility, or of policemen killed or wounded. As a matter of fact, complete returns show that cacily 126 are dead. Several hundred were wounded. I cannot give the prewere wounded. I cannot give the pre-ise figures of the wounded, but you shall have an opportunity to see the full

They say that Gorky-" suggested the correspondent.
"Nonsense," repiled the grand duke,
"It is asserted that some of the
troops refused to obey commands?"
"Was the next question." There is no question of the loyalty

"Make a confident of a dog: he can't

TREE TEA SELECTED WISDOM The pure, good tea, sold in

packages only. M.J. Brandenstein & Co. Importers, san Francisco.



If the Root is White and Shrunken the Hair is Diseased.

Is your hair coming out by great combs full? Every combful causing a pang of fear for the future. Does a white trail of dandruff sift over shoulders?

One bald spot has already appeared. You manage to hide it. But it is spreading rapidly. Is the hair you have left turning gray or fading and makes you look old

and homely when you are still young?

Have you tried many restoratives
that gummed your hair into a sticky
mass—but acomplished nothing else?

Then Rexall "93" Hair Tonic is the remedy you need. Rexall "93" Hair Tonic is wholly free

from grease or sediment, and will neither gum the hair nor soil the clothing or pillows. It is clear and clean. Rexail "93" Hair Tonic stops falling hair and permanently banishes dan-

It does this by destroying the cause

the microbes.

Rexall "33 Hair Tonic will quickly cover the baid spots with a vigorous growth of hair. We guarantee to grow hair on all heads where a spark of life remains in the roots and where the folicles have not grown over. It makes a delightful dressing, and keeps the scalp clean and bealthy.

We sell a large bottle for fifty cents that we guarantee to do all we have claimed or refund your money.

SMITH DRUG CO., Agency.

of the troops," asserted the grand duke, "They did their duty. They are ready, as I am ready, to die in the streets for the emperor. A soldier was asked by one workman why he fired, the questioner saying to him: "You'll be a workman soon." 'Perhaps,' he repiled: 'then you may be a soldier and know what it is to obey your outh to do your duty

you may be a soldier and know what it is to obey your oath to do your duty to your emperor."

"May I ask your views of the present situation?" said the correspondent.

"With this unhappy war on our soldiers," said the grand duke, "we are passing through a crisis. I will not attempt to conceal it; it cannot be concealed; but with the help of God we will emerge from it as we have emerged emerge from it as we have emerged from other troubles in the past. In the interior there are many elements of discord, but the situation is not so bad as it is painted. The disorders at Warsaw. Kieff and elsewhere are largely industrial, produced by trade depression and consequent lack of employment on

and consequent lack of employment on account of the war. They are not revolutionary at base."

"People speak of a constitution. A constitution would mean the end of Russia, as the state would be gone, anarchy would supervene and when it ended the empire would be disintegrated. Finland, Poland and perhaps other frontier provinces would have broken away. Russia is not ripe for a constitution. Go out among the peasants, away. Russia is not ripe for a constitution. Go out among the peasants, who comprise the vast bulk of the empire's population, and try to explain to them government by suffrage. The peasant knows nothing of government; he does not even know what the word means. He knows his emperor. For him the emperor is everything, Give him the emperor is everything, the peasant a vote and all would be anarchy. Still, there is necessity for reforms and they will be granted by

the autocracy. 'Maintaining the principle of the autocracy, then the people will have an opportunity to be heard in the govern-

opportunity to be heard in the government?" questioned the corespondent.

"Yes," was the reply, "they can, and I am sure they will, be given a voice. Of that I am certain," and he repeated the words emphatically, "I am certain," and continued even more deliberately: "They will be given the means of presenting their needs and grievances direct to the sovereign."

With these significant foreshadowings perhaps the immediate granting of

perhaps the immediate granting something in the nature of the ze skyzabor (land parliament), the grand duke, who is three times removed from the throne of the Romanoffs, ended the interview. He then turned to Prince Belaselsky, instructing him to give the Associated Press every facility for in-dependent investigation.

Paroled Russian Prisoners.

Nagasaki, Feb. 1, 10 a. m.-Five hun-Nagasaki, Feb. 1, 10 a.m.—Five nundred and twenty-four paroled Russiani prisoners of war left today on the French mail steamer, en route to Russia. Eleven Russian officers, who recently salled from here, have returned from Shanghal on the steamer Siberia, and are proceeding to San Francisco.

Character of Bread Riots.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 31, 3 a. m.—The official report of the disturbances at Warsaw show that they were chiefly of the character of bread riots and no evidence of political movements. The rioters pillaged shops to get food and drink and then erected barricades and fired upon the troops. The disturbances have now been quelled.

Looted Wine Shops,

Grodno, Russia, Jan. 31.-There were disturbances here on Jan. 30, in con-sequence of which troops were called out. A mob of 2,000 strikers destroyed the postoffice and telegraph line and looted the wine shops.

STRIKE CASUALTIES.

Ninety-Six Killed, 333 Wounded Of Whom 32 Die.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 31.-An official statement issued today gives the casualties in the collision between strikers and troops on Jan. 22 as 96 killed and 333 wounded. Of the latter 32 have

General Strike Expected.

Windau, Russia, Jan. 31 .- The strikers have resumed work. The employers conceded a number of the demands of the workmen. There have been no dis-

Ekaterinoslav, Jan. 31 .- The printers here have struck and no newspapers are being issued. Strikes have also been declared in a number of iron

SENATOR MITCHELL Wash with Fels-Naptha. Soaks the dirt out-no boiling, little rub; AGAIN INDICTED

Charged With Conspiracy to Defraud the Government of Public Land.

Lodz, Poland, Jan. 31.—The strike here continues, but order is maintained CHARCES ARE VERY SPECIFIC.

> Congressman Hermann Also Indicted -Many Other People Are Involved.

Portland, Or., Jan. 31 .- A batch of four indictments, containing accusations against 17 persons in all, was returned today by the federal grand jury In the land fraud cases. Three of them were made public, but the fourth was withheld, pending the arrest of the accused for whom bench warrants have been issued. Most of the indicted persons, including both Senator John H. Mitchell and Congressman Binger Hermann, the only two named who are of more than local prominence, have been indicted before on practically the same

The indictment which mentions Messrs. Mitchell and Hermann names 10 others. It charges conspiracy to defraud the government of public land. Mr. Mitchell is specifically charged with having prepared affidavits at Washington to be signed by S. A. D. Puter and Mrs. Watson; also with having abetted the conspiracy by introducing Puter as a prominent citizen of Oregon, and lastly, with having accepted an alleged bribe of \$2,000 from Puter.

The others contained in the indictment are S. A. D. Puter, H. G. McKinley, and those who are already convict-

ley, and those who are already convicted of conspiracy. Erile B. Brown and Mr. and Mrs. Elbert K. Brown are now persons to these cases. They are, the government asserts, the mysterious Alexander Brown and Nellie Backus. who figured conspicuously in the first land fraud trial. Then it was thought the names were wholly imaginary, No specific charge is made against Mr. Hermann as is done in the case of Mr. Mr. Mt. hell.

stores and many other establishments. Comparative quiet was restored, however, by 1 p. m.

On the morning of Jan. 28 bands of strikers re-appeared. The troops showed a peaceful stitude and disturbances began, professional thieves and hooligans joining the ranks of the paradiers. The telephone klocks were closed and all vehicles stopped. Many carts were looted and lames broken. The crowds grew in numbers, and the disorder was so great that the military were unable to cope with them. Houses and shops were set on fire and pillaged, but finally the troops dispersed the rioters by force of arms.

The crowd in some instances was well armed and fired volleys at the troops. Barricades were erected in the streets by strikers, who, thus protected, dischargd fusliades at the soldiers in separate quarters of the city and it was necessary for the troops to retaliate in kind. Mr. Mitchell.

The indictment today has the twofold object of connecting Brown and his
wife with the case and removing any
illegality that might have occurred
when Messrs. Mitchell and Hermann
were first indicted. At that time Mr.
Heney was assistant United States district attorney, and for fear that he
might not be vested with ample authority of his own volition to cause a legal indictment, it was thought best to
re-indict under the same charges. The
first indictment will be quashed. . Mitchell.

re-indict under the same charges. The first indictment will be quashed.

A second indictment was returned against Mayor W. H. Davis of Albany. Or. which adds perjury to the accusation of attempted fraud now restling against Davis.

The third indictment involves wholly new persons, who are alleged to have operated in an entirely different district. These are Henry W. Miller. Frank E. Kincart, Martin G. Hoge and Charles Nickell. Nickell is the United States land commissioner at Medford. Or. Hoge is a lawyer of the same town. Kincart and Miller are timber locators, whose headquarters were, up to the time of their apprehension last fall, at Medford. They are said to be agents of a lumber company whose place of husiness is in Medicare. This official report, which evidently was written early on Jan. 30, says that day there was evidence of returning quiet, some of the strikers resuming Warsaw correspondent reports a resto-ration of comparative peace, though the city is still in a condition of dangerof a lumber company whose place of business is in Michigan. "The majority of the troops," the cor-respondent suys, "have been withdrawn from the center of the city, and the

The charge against these men is that they colonized large bodies of men, whom they caused to swear falsely that the colonists were bona fide purchasers of timber lands, when, in fact, the indictment asserts, they were under contract to sell to the timber locaters. The indictments and the accused revisors against these men is th indictments and the accused persons, with the charges which they will have to answer, follow.

with the charges which they will have to answer, follow,

The first indictment is against Untied States Senator John H. Mitchel. Congressman Binger Hermann, S. A. D. Puter, Horace G. McKinley, Emma L. Watson, Daniel W. Tarpley, Elbert K. Brown, Neille Brown, his wife; Henry A. Young, Frank H. Wolgamot, Clark E. Loomis and Salmon B. Ormsby.

They are charged with having conspired on Feb. 19, 1902, to defraud the United States government of public lands located in township 11 south and range 7 east, by preparing and filing affidavits as to the occupation and settlement of these lands.

Senator Mitchell is specifically charged with having at Washington, D. C., on March 3, 1902, unlawfully prepared an affidavit for Emma L. Watson to sign, in which Mrs. Watson untruthfully swore that she was a bona fide settler on a portion of these lands.

It also charges that Senator Mitchell prepared unlawfully senator Mitchell prepared unlawfully and fide settler on a portion of these lands. stopped, searched and arrested it found to be carrying weapons.
"Careful investigation convinces me that the dead number 300. The rumcrs of dynamite outrages at Lodz and that 25,000 Lodz workmen are marching on Warsaw, are unfounded. The Lodz men

settler on a perion or these mans.

It also charges that Senator Mitchell prepared unlawfully an affidevit for S. A. D. Puter to sign, in which Puter is alteged to have sworn that he knew that the contents of the Watson affi-

The indictment charges that Mitchell received as a compensation for his alleged services the sum of \$2,000 paid to him by Puter. The indictment goes on him by Puter. The Indictment goes on to say that in pursuance of the con-spiracy, Senator Mitchell Introduced Puter to William A. Richards, assist-ant commissioner in the general land office at Washington, stating that Puter was one of the most reliable citizens in Oregon.

hashador, has been officially informed that the Warsaw authorities have been directed to afford Col. Napier, the British military attache, every facility to investigate the attack on British Consul-General Murray and Proconsul Mucukain. No details of the affair have yet reached the British conbassy. in Oregon.

The second indictment is against The second indictment is against Henry W. Miller, Frank E. Kincart, Martin G. Hoge and Charles Nickell, late of Medford, Or. It charges that these persons on Aug. 31, 1904, unlawfully conspired together and with others to the jury unknown, to procure 100 other persons to commit the offense of perjury by making false oaths that certain lands in the Medford land disrict, known as timber and stone lands rict, knwn as timber and stone lands, were being bought in good faith and not contracted to sell these lands, when, in fact, they were buying them on specu-

The third indictment charges Mayor William H. Davis of Albany, Or., with false affidavit in the presence of Salmon B. Ormsby, the forest superintendent, connected with his having settled upon and occupied certain land in township 11 south and range 7 east. This is the second indictment against Mayor Davis.

U. S. ATTY! HENEY PROTESTS. Portland, Or., Jan. 31.—United States Dist. Atty. Francis J. Hency today sent the following telegram to Gov. George Pardee. Mr. Hency sent the message as a private citizen of the state of California.

state of California:

"My attention has just been called to senate bill No. 8, introduced by Senator Belshaw on Jan, 9, entitled, 'An act for the relief of purchasers of state lands by legalizing applications heretofore made for the purchase of such lands and to confirm the title of purchasers thereof.' The obvious effect of such a law will be to legalize.

of purchasers thereof.' The obvious effect of such a law will be to legalize the gross and extensive frauds which have been perpetrated upon the state of California by Hyde, Benson and ethers, in securing school lands within proposed forest resrves.

"I have in my possession overwhelming evidence establishing the fact that more than 100,000 acres of school lands within forest reserves were obtained by fraudulent applications, which the state can recover by proper suits. I will gladly furnish the evidence to establish these facts whenever it is

establish these facts whenever it is desired. "A law ought to be passed forfeiting

NERVOUS DYSPDPSIA.

A CURE FOR ALL.

Not a Patent Cure-All, Nor a Modern Miracle, But Simply a Rational Cure For Dyspepsia.

In these days of humburgery and deception, the manufacturers of patent medicines, as a rule, seem to think their medicines as a rule, seem to think their medicines will not sell unless they ciaim that it will cure every disease under the sur. And they never think of leaving out dyspepsia and stomach troubles. They are sure to claim that their nostrum is absolutely certain to cure every dyspeptic and he need look no further.

In the face of these absurd claims it is refreshing to note that the proprietors of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets have carefully refrained from making any unductains or faise representations regarding the merits of this most excellent remedy for dyspepsia and stomach troubles. They make but one claim for it, and that is, that for indigestion and various atomach troubles Stuart's Dyspepsia. Tablets is a radical cure. They go no farther than this, and any man or woman suffering from indigestion, chronic or nervous dyspepsia, who will give the remedy a trial will find that nothing is claimed for it that the facts will not fully sustain.

is claimed for it that the facts will not fully sustain.

It is a modern discovery composed of harmless vegetable ingredients acceptable to the weakest or most delicate stomach. Its great success in curing stomach troubles is due to the fact that the medicinal properties are such that it will digest whatever wholesome food is taken into the stomach, no matter whether the stomach is in good working order or not. It rests the overworked organ and replenishes the body, the blood, the nerves, creating a healthy appetite, giving refreshing sleep and the blessings which always accompany a good digestion and proper assimilation of food.

In using Stuart's Dyspensia Tebleta he

good digestion and proper assimilation of food.

In using Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets no dieting is required, Simply eat plenty of wholesome food and take these Tablets at each meal, thus assisting and resting the stomach, which rapidly regains its proper digestive power, when the Tablets will be no longer required.

Nervous Dyspepsia is simply a condition in which some portion or portions of the nervous system are not properly nourished, Good digestion invigorates the nervous system and every organ in the body.

bedy. Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are sold b all druggists at 50 cents per package.

all payments made to the state for lands wherever it is made to appear that false representations were made in the applications accompanying the same, and a law ought to be enacted which will enable the state to exercise its right to make Neu selections where its right to make her selections where its school and other lands are placed in a forest reserve, and its lands within forest reserves should be withdrawn from sale ipso facto upon the Findrawal of the surrounding lands from entry by the United States preparatory to the creation of forest reserves.

"The passage of such a law would The passage of such a law would mable the state to acquire valuable imber in lieu of its worthless school ands whenever the latter are includ-

in a forest reserve. I respectively urge you to do all in your power to prevent the Belshaw bill and all similar measures from becoming law."

There are bad tea and poor tea and good tea. Which do you have?





PRESCRIPTION DRUGGISTS, 101 MAIN ST.



Seal Grains, Phoenix Calf and Genuine Straight Calf. All New Shapes.

ROMNEY DEPENDABLE SHOES.



\$2,25 each \$3,50 each \$5.00 each

Having all desirable qualifications and no objectionable features is

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favorite physician you must get the medicine he wants you to have. Bring your prescriptions to us and we will fill them properly and at a moderate cost to you. WILLES-HORNE

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The oldest and strongest bank in Utah.
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Transacis a general banking business.
Domestic and foreign. Direct connections with banks in all principal cities of the world.

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J. A. MURRAY View President
W. F. ADAMS Cashier
CAPITAL PAID IN, 190,000,
Banking in all its branches transacted,
Exhance drawn on the principal clies
of Europe INTERES PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS.

R. C. DUN & CO.,

180 Offices, The Mercantile Agency.

George Rust, General Manager, Idaho, Nevada, Utah and Wyoming. Offices in Progress Building, Sait Lake City, Utah,

