

GEORGE Q. CANNON.
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

Tuesday, - - - August 22, 1872.

In the history of the world there can be found nothing more remarkable than the records of the Jewish race. Few, and insignificant, as they have ever been so far as numbers are concerned, they have yet been the centre of interest to the civilized, and especially the Christian, races of the world which completely eclipses that attached to the mightiest nations. The "peculiar people," through the darkest ages of the Christian era, while enduring cruelly the most horrible, and suffering the effects of the exterminating and blood-thirsty edicts of tyrants, have preserved their identity, and have excited the wonder of all the rest of mankind by the extraordinary tenacity with which they have clung to their ancient traditions, and to their religion. These have been their life and their fidelity, to them the Jews undoubtedly owe their preservation, as a distinct nationality. Fire and sword have in vain been used to induce the race to forsake the traditions and hopes of ancient Israel, and terrible as have been their sufferings, cannot at different epochs, through religious intolerance, the persecutions and trials endured by any sect, or party, and by all combined, pale into insignificance when compared with what the Israelites have endured for their religion. The steadfastness has seemed as immovable as the pillars of heaven. But wonderful as it has been, in all past ages, it has been reserved for these last days to witness what is called Jewish reform, or in other words, to witness Jews forsaking or apostatizing from the traditions of their fathers, and accommodating themselves in some respects to the tendencies of modern thought and civilization.

This singular movement has been gradually developing itself in this country for the past few years, and now we hear of orthodox and heterodox Jews, and of congregations of the house of Israel dividing because of their differences in religious views and sentiments.

The Baltimore Sun of a recent date, refers to something of this kind in that city. It says:

"The Eden street synagogue of this city a few years ago, attended by a strictly orthodox congregation, is being repaired and renovated to meet the requirements of the reformed ritual. Family pews are being introduced, an organ of medium size, of Grecian style and manufactured by Pomplitz, has been erected, and there are other evidences of progressiveness. The new prayer-book, similar to that in use in the Hanover street synagogue has been adopted, and is in keeping with the 'progress of the age,' which seems to have taken hold of the ancient religion of the children of Israel, as well as other and newer creeds; all prayers having reference to Jerusalem, the return of Israelites to Jerusalem, and a personal Messiah are omitted, and others substituted, having reference to the mission of Israel among mankind; the speedy acknowledgment by all men of one God, and other prayers of like character. The synagogue, it is thought, will be dedicated August 18.

One or two other synagogues in the same city are similarly divided; and of all the religious movements of the present day, none is more remarkable than that which has given birth to what is termed "Reformed Judaism," or apostasy. The Jewish seceders seem to be in the position of those mentioned by Ezekiel in connection with the parable of the dry bones: They have evidently lost hope of the fulfillment of the promises made to the ancient fathers; it may be that their day of awakening is near at hand.

The reform will no doubt be accepted by some as additional evidence that the world moves; and so it is,—of a moving on to acceptance and infidelity.

It appears from to-day's dispatches that the visit of the son of the Emperor Alexander to this country, which has been so often promised and then denied, is actually to take place, and that the fleet which is to bring him to this country left Cronstadt yesterday. He is expected at New York early in October. The event promises to create considerable stir in the east, and preparations on a grand scale are being made, to do honor to this son of one of the most absolute and despotic of the European royal families. American antipathy to royalty is intense, if their avowed sentiments are any criterion of the national sentiment; but if a young sprig of royalty makes a visit to the country in state, the reception accorded to him amounts to an ovation. This was seen some years ago, when Prince Albert Edward of England came. The reception extended to him by the citizens of Republican America, was of a far more flattering description than he would be likely to meet with now from the people of Great Britain; in fact, the fuss made was perfectly ridiculous; and no doubt the visit of the young Russian will call forth a similar but more extended display. Republicanism and fun-keyism are incompatible, and such displays in the United States seem sadly out of place.

THE public mind is awakened to the enormity of the neglect and carelessness on the part of employees and officials, indicated in the frequent occurrence of explosions on board steamboats, and the terrible amount of suffering and loss of life caused thereby for today's intelligence announces that the coroner's jury has returned a verdict of manslaughter against Robinson, the engineer on board the ill-fated steamer Westfield, and one or two other prominent officials, and that warrants have been issued for their arrest. This verdict seems to be the only just one that could have been returned, the evidence adduced during the investigation into the cause of the disaster clearly indicating carelessness of the most culpable character, as well as a direct violation of law in running with more steam on than was allowed by law.

Since the Westfield catastrophe another of a similar kind, but not nearly so disastrous in its results, has occurred on board the steamer James Starbuck, and these accidents are taking place

with such alarming frequency as to indicate that they are altogether beyond human control or are the result of indifference to duty on the part of the officers, or of capriciousness on the part of the companies and corporations owning the boats, or of both combined. That they are beyond human control is a supposition none will entertain; they may, in some instances, be so to some extent; but the majority, there is pretty strong ground for believing, might be prevented if those responsible discharged their duties efficiently. In the case of the Starbuck it was shown in evidence that the inside of the boiler had fifteen patches, and that to the imperfect condition of one of more of these the explosion was due. It seems strange that such a patched-up boiler should be allowed to remain on any boat, and still more strange that it should pass the scrutiny of a government inspector. The excuse offered that such and such flaws or defects were concealed by this or that is very weak, for what is the good of inspectors if they cannot detect flaws, through which the lives of scores may be jeopardized, no matter where they may be? Just as well be without inspectors. A competent officer of the kind should be able to detect everything calculated to endanger life; and the fear is that many of them through receiving bonuses from the steamboat companies let their examinations be very slight; and that the companies themselves, sooner than incur the expense necessary to have their boats thoroughly safe, care not to endanger the lives of hundreds of their fellow creatures.

Where such culpability exists the law should deal rigorously with the guilty; and it is gratifying to read the verdict rendered in the Westfield case. The eyes of future boiler inspectors would be apt to be much sharper in detecting flaws and defects, if those whose negligence is now causing suffering and death are held up to general execration, and subjected to the penalty the law awards to felons. Forty suits at law and three verdicts of manslaughter may have a tendency to ward off such calamities for some time to come.

(SPECIAL TO THE EVENING NEWS.)
By Telegraph.

For WESTERN UNION Telegraph Line

Afternoon Dispatches.

Agricultural Fair:

A Desperate runs amuck and kills two innocent men:

Grand Duke Alexis coming to America:

Thiers' Salary Fixed:

Arrested for Forgery:

NEW YORK.

Opinion of President Grant.

New York, 22.—President Grant informed an interviewer from Long Branch that he thinks there is no lack of harmony among the New York Republicans, as the discord which some men try to make always clears up when the election comes; that the Orleans muddle is beyond his fathoming; that the Tammany friends and Orange riots will defeat the Democratic party of New York, and that if he can't get from the Corcorans a treaty which will protect our sailors there in the future, we won't get a treaty from them, but will teach them lessons that will probably protect our sailors just as well.

Grand Duke Alexis coming.

Cable intelligence announces the departure of the Russian Imperial fleet, with the Grand Duke Alexis from Cronstadt, for New York, yesterday. His arrival here is looked for by October first; and already preparations on a grand scale are being made for his reception.

PENNSYLVANIA.

A big fire.

WILLIAMSPORT.—There was a fire last night at the stable of the Waverly House. The wind blew a gale and the flames spread rapidly. Thirty buildings were consumed, including the Waverly House, ex-governor Parker's residence, the Mulberry Street Church, and many stores and private dwellings. Loss \$125,000, insurance \$75,000.

NEVADA.

THE Butte Mill and smelting works at the Rye Patch, eleven miles east of here was entirely consumed last evening by a incendiary fire. The loss is estimated at \$40,000. It was insured in the Imperial Insurance Co., of San Francisco.

Escape of prisoners—one killed.

AUSTIN, 21.—Last Saturday night, two prisoners, named Joseph Phillips and Charles Fowler, escaped from the jail in this city by sawing off the hinges of the cell door with a saw manufactured from a steel shank of one of Fowler's shoes. Yesterday morning, some Indians, whom the Sheriff had employed, came upon the fugitives, at their camp near Simpson's Park, when a fight ensued, in which Fowler was killed, Phillips escaping unhurt. No blame is attached to the Indians or the Sheriff, as the killing appears to have been done in self-defense.

MISSOURI.

A Desperate found his end, after killing two innocent men.

St. Louis, 22.—A terrible affray occurred at Harrisonville, on Saturday. Tom Babine, a noted desperado, and ex-bushwhacker, came to town, got drunk, and ran a-muck through the streets with a revolver, and shot and killed two innocent citizens before any one was able to shoot him, though a large posse were after him. A well directed load of buck-shot finally finished him.

OHIO.

Examination of a Supposed poisoner.

LONDON, 22.—The preliminary examination of Mrs. Angelina Colburn, charged with poisoning her former husband, was commenced here yesterday. The only witness examined was Prof. Wormalley, who examined the stomach of the deceased. The testimony contained nothing new or startling; he said that a critical examination of the whole body might assist in determining the question whether the deceased was poisoned or not. He also said that there was no case on record of the introduction of arsenic into a dead body. A motion was made by the prosecution and acquiesced in by the defense, that the coroner be ordered to re-examine the body of Hufschlager, with a view to the detection of the poisoner. The Justice took the motion under consideration.

KENTUCKY.

Candidate for governor reported deceased.

LOUISVILLE, 22.—The returns received indicate that Kentucky Legislature stands: House, 22 Democrats, 32 Republicans.

The Courier Journal this morning has a letter from Cincinnati, which says the rumor prevails here that General McCook, Democratic candidate for Governor, will be compelled to withdraw from the ticket as he has from the canvass. It is even said that he is partially deranged. Should McCook withdraw, an effort will be made to induce General Ewing to take his place, but doubts are entertained of the success of the movement.

PACIFIC COAST DISPATCHES.

Warm weather—attendance at the fair.

SAN FRANCISCO, 21.—The weather is warm and fine. The attendance at the Agricultural Park district fair, this week, promises to be large; there are many strangers in town to attend it and the mechanics' fair.

California wine shipped to France.

There has been a shipment of California sparkling Muncie wine to Paris, made by Landberger & Co., this week. This is the first order for sparkling wine ever received in California from Paris.

About the Lake Tahoe tunnel.

Col. Von Schmidt telegraphs that he will have everything in readiness to commence the Lake Tahoe water Co's tunnel by September 1st, and the working force is already engaged.

Sent to the Asylum.

Louis Siegel, who attempted to commit suicide by morphine last week, was sent to the insane Asylum to-day.

Arrested for forgery.

E. O. Wakeman, an old California veteran of the Mexican war, well known to all San Franciscans, was arrested to-day on a charge of forging the endorsement for a soldier's warrant for one hundred dollars in favor of Bernard Biler, committed in 1863. He has been acting for some years as a bounty and pension claim broker, and had become quite dissipated. The arrest was made at the instance of a special detective from Washington, and is to investigate the matter. He made a written confession of his guilt.

Agricultural Fair—Sale of Lots.

The Bay District Agricultural Fair opened with a fine attendance to-day. Over 200 fine cattle are on exhibition. The injunction on the sale of lots in Paris, Buena Vista, the P. De la Hall, is withdrawn. The commission-ers were held to-day, and finally dissolved, by order of Judge Wallace, of the Supreme Court. The sale will now take place on the lot owned by the rock from Telegraph Hill, for the foundation of the New City Hall will commence to-morrow.

Stallion Race.

In the stallion race at the Agricultural Park to-day, four horses fought, viz: Alexander, Hiram Woodruff, Ajax and Copperhead. The contest was a close one. The first heat was won by Alexander, time, 2:35; the second was won by Hiram Woodruff in 2:37; the third by Hiram Woodruff, in 2:37; the fourth by the same, in 2:37. There was a fine attendance, and the show of stock, particularly neat cattle, was the best ever seen on the Pacific Coast. The winning horse was the last on the list in the post.

"Beck" to be choked off.

It is understood that the Democratic State committee will choke off "Beck" Pomeroy; his speech at Davisville having been very rough on the platform.

A defaulter's plea.

Behren, the agent for Eugene O'Connor's champagne manufactory, who was arrested on a charge of embezzling the funds of his principal, has filed his answer to the complaint. He pleads that the alleged defalcation, as charged, took place over three years since, and consequently the prosecution is barred by the statute of limitation.

Coin levied on.

The sweated U. S. gold coin seized when Chas. Biler was convicted and sentenced to the penitentiary for defacing it, was to-day levied on for confiscation, by order of Judge Sawyer of the United States Circuit court.

Report of disturbance contradicted.

LOS ANGELES, 21.—The reported riotous disturbance at the Republican meeting in San Bernardino last week, and the threats against the American flag, etc., are now generally contradicted. The report seems to have originated from the light which occurred at the time.

Indian affairs.

A dispatch from Los Flores this afternoon, says the Indian Capt. General Manolito, and party have fled to San Luis Rey, thence to the mountains of Oligario and his band, and if they meet, a fight will certainly ensue. There are no demonstrations against whites so far as known, but there is a general feeling of alarm. A small military force from the drum barracks will reach Pola to-morrow and afford protection and quell the revolt. A dispatch says that this state of affairs has grown out of the unfortunate appointment of Oligario, as chief, by the county judge of San Diego Co.

ILLINOIS.

Killed but alive and well.

CHICAGO.—Isadore Kjelberg, editor of the Scandinavian paper, who has been missing a week and who was feared had been murdered turned up to-day alive and well, he having left the city secretly in search of some swindling immigrant agents.

FOREIGN NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON.—A correspondent of the city papers who has interviewed the great heads of the anti-infidelity movement, writes from Munich, August 1st, representing that Dollinger's cause was gaining strength and that its leaders believe it will result in the inauguration of a general reform of the Catholic church throughout Germany. The movement must spread to other countries, to Austria, Switzerland and Italy, where there are already violent political struggles between the ultra Catholics and the liberal party. The opinion that Bismarck is moving against the Catholic church is confirmed, and it was believed that Germany would not maintain the infallibility dogma, to which, and the syllabus or Encyclical letter of the pope, of 1864, condemning and rejecting modern liberties, there was strong opposition manifested. Dollinger, an ultra, claimed any intention of establishing a new religion or departing from the Catholic church. What was necessary was a general confessional reformation and a turning away of errors which have crept into the church, and the establishment of a religion in conformity with modern demands and national characteristics of the German race.

FRANCE.

Will uphold infidelity.

PARIS.—In the Assembly, to-day, a

stormy discussion was aroused by the irregular expressions of some of the deputies in their speeches on the distribution of prizes in the school at Lyons. Jules Simon made a speech, in which he declared that he should ever uphold the principles of morality.

Thiers' salary.

The Assembly committee on the budget have agreed to fix the salary of Thiers at five hundred thousand francs, with a credit in addition for ordinary expenses and presents.

A bill providing for the dissolution of the present Assembly will soon be brought forward. The deputies of the left are preparing a manifesto, denouncing the restoration of the constitution of 1847.

PRUSSIA.

Carpenters' Strike.

BERLIN.—The carpenters of this city, have struck for an increase of 25 per cent in wages and the reduction of a day's labor to nine hours and a half.

ANOTHER COMPANY.—The following was received by W. U. Telegraph line, just before going to press:

"NEW YORK, August 22, 1871.

Brigham Young.—Mr. Douglas's company, seventy souls, leave to-night. All well. W. C. STRAIN."

The New Orleans Times has the following: Mr. Jefferson having invited Patrick Henry to dine at one of the artistic feasts, the chef d'oeuvre of his celebrated French cook, was mortified to find that the Governor declined to partake of each and every one of the elegant and elaborate creations of the accomplished Frenchman's art. At last having run through the carte, the President begged that Governor Henry would say what he would have. "I will thank you, sir, for some bacon and greens," was the eager reply. Mr. Jefferson could hardly restrain his surprise at the Governor's demand, and begged that the Governor would excuse him, on account of his long absence from Virginia, for forgetting that there was such a dish still in demand among civilized people. On this other hand, Mr. Jefferson left no record his opinion of Patrick Henry "as a man of low taste and vulgar association."

LIGHT CLOTHING.—In clothing the human body this principle should be kept constantly in view, viz: let the clothing be as light as possible consistent with comfort. Every pound of clothing brought on the body is a useless and constant burden. Besides this it presses upon and interferes with the action of the skin. Adherence to this principle also implies an equal distribution of clothing over the entire body.

ARRIVALS.

TOWNSEND HOUSE.

ACQUITT 21st.

J. Hess, Bullion City, Capt. Selwyn, Ophir; L. Pingen, Marysville, Cal; Milton H. Burns, N. Y.; W. Rooker, Calif. D. H. S. Hind, Galesburg, Ill; T. U. Webb, N. Y.; Ellwood H. Orth, Ogden.

SALT LAKE HOUSE.

ACQ. 21st.

Dr. J. W. Graham, Mrs. Graham, Corinne; Jas. Donohue, T. D. Kinnedy, W. B. Walker, Texas; Wm. Gilbert, Birmingham; H. H. Starr, Cottonwood; John Wentworth, Cal; G. S. Wells, Calif. U. R. R.; J. Harrington, R. S. Preston, Ophir.

FRANK LESLIE'S

ILLUSTRATED PUBLICATIONS!

Frank Leslie's Illustrated Newspaper: Being the Pictorial History of the Times. The only original American illustrated paper published by an American artist. Full of first-class original reading matter, by the most popular artists of the day. Every number contains over 50 illustrations of the latest events, domestic, foreign, and children's drawings. Terms: \$4 a year.

Frank Leslie's Chimney Corner: The most extensively illustrated Family Story Paper in the world. Once every month a Fashionable Supplement is given, containing over 50 illustrations of the latest styles, dresses, bonnets, garments, children's drawings. Terms: \$4 a year.

Frank Leslie's Boys' and Girls' Weekly: The most popular and best illustrated story paper published. Full of pictures and amusing stories. Terms: \$2.50 a year.

Frank Leslie's Illustrated Zeitungs: The great German intelligence. This is not a translation of Frank Leslie's Illustrated Newspaper, but a German original, and is specially adapted to the German community. Terms: \$4 a year.

Frank Leslie's Lady's Magazine: The leading Fashion Magazine in the world, with a full page plate of fashions, and three extended pages of colored Fashion Plates. Each number has a full sized pattern of the most fashionable garments of the day. Terms: \$5 a year. Each number contains over 100 beautiful engravings.

Frank Leslie's Pleasant Hours: The most amusing monthly magazine ever issued, profusely illustrated. Terms: \$5 a year. Each number contains over 100 beautiful engravings.

Frank Leslie's Budget of Fun: The comic history of the month. Full of humorous and first class fun. This is the great comic paper of the day, and is read by all of the world with the artistic power of Punch. Terms: \$2 a year.

Preparing for Publication—Frank Leslie's Illustrated Family Almanac: With 50 illustrations, and a splendidly colored chromo-lithograph. Price 15 cents.

Frank Leslie's Comic Almanac: With 50 illustrations. Price 15 cents.

Send a week!

An illustrated paper especially adapted for the Ladies. Full of fashions, original stories, and society news. Price 15 cents.

The Best Illustrated Paper ever published for the Ladies.

ESTRAY!

CAME to my place about six weeks ago, a small brown mare, nine or ten years old, branded D on her hip, never works, bald head right hind foot while the owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take her away.

J. H. S. GLEASON, Farmington.

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Engagement for a limited number of Nights of Joe Murphy, The Great, in Fred. G. Mead-er's "Help," supported by Mrs. Joe. Murphy and the full Dramatic Company.

Will be presented, Mr. Fred. G. Mead-er's Celebrated Sensation Drama, in 3 Acts, entitled

"HELP!"

Neil Daly, a Young Comedian, Pat O'Shea, a Young Actor, Mickie O'G., the Fiddler, Christoph von Leibenstei-er, a Glorious Pantomime. W. J. MURPHY

Ethiopian Specialist: "The Gay Horse Jockey," Illustration Horse Race and Unusual Horse Solo.

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