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DESERET EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

Vol. III.

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BREVITIES.

There are 2,308 cannon in the forts and on the walls around Paris.

In Ohio, a candidate for the Methodist ministry must not use tobacco.

Complaint is made at Troy, N. Y., against "female corner loungers."

There were 488 barrels of coffee drank at the recent Soldiers' Reunion, at Des Moines, Iowa.

In Scotland 551 places of worship, of all denominations, have services in whole or part in the Gaelic language.

An Iowa doctor told a man that he had a diagnosis of the polypemus, and it seemed him so bad that he shot himself dead.

Wm. F. Baker, of Wellesley, Mass., has issued his cards of invitation to the "Tenth Anniversary" of his wedding.

Somebody has discovered that in forty years a snufftaker devotes twenty-four months to blowing his nose.

It too often happens that experience, like the stern lights of a ship, illumines only the path you have traveled.

A little girl was heard to wish, the other day, "that she was a boy, so that she could swear when she dropped her books in the mud."

New Haven, Conn., is deeply shocked by the new sign of a second-hand clotheseller publicly announcing that he has left off clothing of every description.

When a Saratoga gentleman solicits a lady to join in a mazy waltz, he inquires: "Will you demonstrate your agility in a whirl?"

An eccentric but observant English traveler says that he has traveled three times round the globe, and seen but two classes of people—men and women.

The guileless sport of St. Louis youngsters is to light matches and drop them into the street letter boxes. The collectors don't have much labor in that city.

Paducah, Kentucky, is growing. A married couple in that place have had eight children in five years—twins four times straight along. Six children, or three pairs, are now living, one pair having died.

"Jones," said a gentleman one day, "did you say or did you not say what I said you said? Because Smith said you never did say what I said you said. Now, if you did say that you did not say what I said you said, then what did you say?"

A bootblack having taken a situation in a store to sweep out and run errands, was questioned by some former associates whether he felt as good as when in business for himself. Well, "his hard to be bossed round," was the reply, "but I pay it off on the ash-man."

It was regarded as a strong case of circumstantial evidence in a Pittsburgh court, the other day, when the plaintiff produced the skillet with which his wife struck him, and showed the jury how nicely the three legs fitted into the holes in his head.

Two young girls of comely presence and elegant manners have recently been visiting many of the best mansions in New Haven on the pretense of looking for friends, but in reality for the purpose of theft. They have been very successful.

The aggregate length of streets in New York City, south of One Hundred and Fifty-fifth streets, is two hundred and eighty miles, of which two hundred miles are paved with stone, and thirty miles with wood; the latter of Nicolson and other patents. The total amount of streets, avenues, roads and lanes, in the city, maintained at the corporation expense, reaches three hundred and fifty miles.

The first church organ in Boston was put into King's Chapel in 1713, but so great was the prejudice against it that for seven months it stood unpacked in the vestibule of the church. When it was put up, and its sounds were heard, it met with favor. It was related that one lady expressed her opinion of it by saying: "It's a pretty box of whistles, but an awful plaything for the Sabbath."

A man was brought before the French police, a few days since, under the charge of attempting to pick a traveler's pocket at one of the Paris railway stations, where the public should be warned, they usually carry on their trade. The man's assumed defense was that he believed the gentleman was a Prussian, carrying away French money.

Saturday afternoon, at Millersport, Ohio, while Samuel White and Joseph Walls were disputing about some old difference, White, without much ado, drew a revolver and began firing on Walls, the first shot striking him in the head. He turned to run, when White fired again, the ball striking Walls in the back and passing through the heart, killing him instantly. White escaped.

The judgement of Solomon was not wiser than that of the wife of Paris upon a delicate question presented to them. M. Moet, Mayor of Epernay, of the firm of Moet & Chandon, dealers in champagne, deserted and fled his post. His commission was revoked. All Paris denounced him. At a fashionable cafe, there was a large party, and the matter was discussed. A resolution to use no more Moet & Chandon champagne was carried, but suddenly a man rose to say that M. Chandon, a man of over sixty years, had bravely volunteered as a private. Here was a dilemma. They could not proscribe Moet without doing injury to the patriotic Chandon. At last Brabant solved the difficulty by proposing that hereafter only half-bottles of that famous champagne should be used! What could be wiser? Truly in vivo veritas.

[SPECIAL TO THE DESERET NEWS.]

By Telegraph.

Per WESTERN UNION Telegraph Line.

Fenian Prisoners Pardoned!

SEVERAL ENGAGEMENTS BETWEEN FRENCH AND PRUSSIAN!

Particulars of the late battle before Metz!

THE PRUSSIAN TAKE 10,000 PRISONERS AT THE BATTLE OF ORLEANS!

WASHINGTON.

Yellow Fever in Texas.

WASHINGTON, 13.—The collector of Port Malveston, Texas, has just arrived. He states that yellow fever is much more serious than is generally supposed. Other accounts state that there was an unfortunate panic among the citizens when the fever first appeared. On the first day of its announcement 5,000 persons fled from the city. Quarantine has been declared at Houston and the interior towns on the Central Railroad.

Collector Roff, of Savannah, forbade the placing of the custom house flag at half-mast on account of the death of General Lee. The action caused intense excitement. Boutwell telegraphs approving his action.

A dispatch from Senator Morton says the Democratic State ticket in Indiana is elected by about 2,000 majority. The Legislature is still in doubt. Another private dispatch from Mount Vernon, Indiana, says Morgan's majority is about 2,400, an increase over 1868 of 590.

ILLINOIS.

Fenians Released.—The Elections.

CHICAGO, 13.—The election returns from the Iowa election indicate a Republican majority on the State ticket of about 35,000. The Congressional delegation is entirely unchanged.

The result of the Ohio Congressional election seems to be a loss of two Republican Congressmen, Schenck in the third, and McClung in the fourth district, and a gain of two: Perry in the first, and Foster in the ninth. Both parties claim Indiana, in which State the Democrats gain two Congressmen, Masson in the seventh, who beats General Wallace by four hundred votes; and Gooding in the fourth.

The Times Washington special says the President to-day signed the pardons of nine of the imprisoned Fenian leaders; General O'Neill and Donnelly heading the list. The fines imposed in some cases were also remitted, but more remain in prison and will be pardoned soon. A committee, representing the Fenian organization, has been here for two weeks assiduously engaged in securing these pardons.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Elections.—Fire.

PHILADELPHIA, 13.—The fifth Congressional District is still in doubt. The sixth will probably be Democratic. Townsend, Republican, has been elected to Congress in the seventh District by about 3,000 majority.

Danley & Maguire's lumber and saw mill, on the corner of College Avenue and Ridge Road, was burned last evening.

The morning of election returns met the judges and much excitement occurred outside the building. A man named Ehes attempted to force his way into the room. A struggle followed and he was shot, by Alexander Crawford, one of the judges of the ninth Ward. Crawford and three others were arrested. They have been taken before Judge Allison on writs of habeas corpus. Several fights and much confusion have occurred, delaying the official count.

HANISBURG.—The latest reports of the election in the 16th Congressional district, make Myers, Democrat, to have an apparent majority of twelve, but it will require an official vote to determine with certainty, who is elected to Congress.

NEW YORK.

Election matters.

NEW YORK, 13.—The World this morning says that although election returns are still incomplete the news is coming in better and better for the Democrats. The Tribune thinks the additional returns received from Pennsylvania do not materially change the appearance from previous accounts, and considers the 6th, 13th, 16th, and 21st districts doubtful, conceding the probable loss of the latter.

Hon. W. Orton has been re-elected President of the Western Union Telegraph Company.

INDIANA.

Election matters.

INDIANAPOLIS, 13.—Very few reliable returns have been received this morning, and the result, on the State ticket, is still in doubt. The vote is so close that it will probably require official returns to determine the result. The result, for Congress, in the fourth district, is still doubtful. The returns received, to-day, are more favorable to the election of Gooding, Democrat.

FOREIGN NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, 12.—It is expected that Prussia, in view of the delicate relations

with England in consequence of the latter's alleged violation of neutrality, will give Beersdorf, the North German ambassador, an indefinite leave of absence, leaving only a charge d'affairs at London.

It is now said that the revolution in Algeria is unchecked in the provinces. The Constantine insurgents have gained some advantages.

The correspondent of the Standard charges the Prussians with constant exaggeration. He writes that the number of men and the amount of material captured at Strasbourg should be reduced at least one half from the Prussian figure.

The occupation of Orleans by the Prussians is not yet confirmed, though it is certain the French have fallen back along the left bank of the river. The Prussians are leaving Gournay and are marching to Messieres, turning from St. Quentin, they threaten Amiens.

An engagement occurred at Maltegaras, yesterday, between uhlands and lussars. No result is given.

A force of eight hundred Prussians and five hundred Saxons have already occupied Gisors. The Germans have also appeared at Montdidier, where a small detachment of them were defeated by franc tireurs.

LONDON, 13.—A dispatch from a French source, says an engagement occurred on the tenth, near Brugeres, between a body of Franco Tireurs and Prussians. After a severe conflict the latter retired with the loss of thirty killed and wounded. The French loss was not known.

The particulars of a battle, before Metz, on Friday last, are received: The French made a sortie, in force, and, after the battle, were driven back with tremendous loss. The Prussians took a great number of prisoners. Their cattle in and around Metz are dying by hundreds, from the rinderpest. The bodies cannot be buried quick enough to prevent an epidemic. Notwithstanding the hard frosts that have occurred there, the disease is spreading rapidly. The French fire from the fortifications of Metz continues incessantly.

The franc tireurs are not being uniformed. The Prussians do not regard them as regular soldiers of France, and shoot them at sight. The defeat of the French at Artenay, opens the way to Orleans for the Prussians.

On Monday the Prussian cavalry division drove four thousand mobils across the Euro, near Cherissey. The losses of the latter were heavy.

There is nothing important from before Paris. The news via Berlin is that the French fleet is still off Heligoland. This morning it is known that Garibaldi has left Tours, in company with Col. Trapoli, from the seat of war. His exact destination is not divulged. It is intimated that he will take command at Orleans.

Prussia is negotiating with the smaller states of Germany for national unity under Frederick, in place of a federation. The sessions of the North German parliament will probably be resumed before the meeting of the Prussian diet.

LONDON.—It is reported that Prussia desires the restoration of Nice to Italy. A telegram from Arlon, Belgium, dated last evening, says heavy cannonading has been heard to-day, in the direction of Thionville.

It is said the garrison of Montmedy has retreated to Stenay.

FRANCE.

Gen. Campbell gains advantage over the Prussians.—Foreign arms to be seized in France.—The battle of Orleans.

TOURS, 12, midnight.—There is no news from Orleans or Chateau Dun, whither reinforcements were sent last night. Much anxiety is manifested. Gen. Campbell reports having gained considerable advantage over fifteen thousand Prussians, near Brugeres.

VERSAILLES, 12, via Berlin and London, 13.—Yesterday the French army of the Loire were driven out of Orleans after a nine hours fight. Orleans was subsequently stormed. The Prussians took up their line of march with ten thousand prisoners. Their loss was small. The Bavarians participated in the engagement.

TOURS.—The government has decreed that all foreign arms reaching France may be seized by the authorities, and that the war department will assess the value, take possession of the same and give orders for reimbursement.

BELGIUM.

Rinderpest in Belgium.

BRUSSELS, 13.—The French prisoners were removed from Beverloo because of a conspiracy to murder the guards and escape.

Rinderpest is spreading rapidly throughout Belgium. Much alarm exists in Holland and Prussia.

PRUSSIA.

The Prussians prepared to besiege Paris.

BERLIN, 5 p.m., via London.—The obstacles to the conveyance and planting of Prussian siege guns is so far over come that the cannonade before Paris may be momentarily expected. The Prussians occupied Orleans yesterday. The French corps was encamped on the left bank of the river.

ITALY.

Florence Going to Prussia.

FLORENCE, 13.—Engineers say it will require at least two years to prepare Rome to serve as the Italian capital. The seat of government will therefore remain at Florence indefinitely.

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Half Block East Deseret News Office.
Proprietor, JOHN W. YOUNG.

THE Tourist may see the Minerals and Natural Productions of Utah at a glance. The Wild Beasts, Birds and Reptiles of the Rocky Mountains, Wolverines, Wild Cats, Lynxes, Kraits, Serpents, etc., Indian Dresses, Tomahawks, Scopes, etc., Skulls, Pottery, Hat-choes, Medicine Balls and Curiosities from the Ancient Indian Monads. Fossils: the Mammoth, Ornithomorphs, Corals, etc.
Admission 50 cents. Open from 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.
J. L. BARFOOT, Manager.

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October 11, 1870.

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