

a Territorial Government organized by it under the Constitution.

Third, The legal condition of a slave in the State of Missouri is not affected by the temporary sojourn of such slave in any other State, but on his return his condition still depends upon the laws of Missouri, and as the plaintiff was not a citizen of Missouri, therefore he could not sue in the courts of the United States, and the suit must be dismissed for want of jurisdiction.

The delivery of this opinion occupied about three hours. It was listened to with profound attention by a crowded court room. Among the auditors were many gentlemen of eminent legal ability and a due proportion of ladies.

Justice Wilson stated as to the merits of the case, the question being whether or not the removal of Scott from Missouri with his master, to Illinois, with a view to a temporary residence worked his emancipation, he maintained that the question depends solely upon the law of Missouri, and for that reason the judgment of the Court below should be confirmed.

Justice Catron believed that the Supreme Court has jurisdiction to decide the merits of the case. He argued that Congress could not directly what it could not do indirectly. With regard to Territories ceded, Congress could govern them only under the restrictions of the States which ceded them, and the Missouri act of 1820 violated the leading features of the Constitution—it was, therefore, void. He concurred with his brother Judges, that Scott is a slave, and was when the suit was brought.

Several other Judges are to deliver their views to-morrow.

MODEL OF AN ENGLISH SPEECH.—In rising to reply to the noble lord, he hoped that the noble lord would do justice to the sentiments of respect which he cherished for the noble lord. He also begged that the noble lord would, in that spirit of liberality which distinguished the noble lord, understand that he was prompted by no desire to think differently from the noble lord.

He believed that the noble lord and himself had always hitherto agreed on all matters which concerned the common weal; and if the noble lord would be pleased to remember, he had stood side by side in many a well-fought battles for ancient privileges with the noble lord. As to the present subject, he would inform the noble lord that if there was a diversity of opinion betwixt himself, he meant to say betwixt the noble lord and himself, and there undoubtedly was a diversity, (hear, hear) that difference was no more than the difference betwixt tweedledee and tweedledee.

(Cheers). But he would assure the noble lord that if the noble lord would search the records to satisfy any doubt which might remain on the mind of the noble lord the noble lord would find that the facts which he should present ought to have some weight on the mind of the noble lord. A few of these had already been presented by the committee for the consideration of the noble lord, and he would ask the noble lord to go with him while he should make other statements to the noble lord, if he might presume to claim, for a few moments, the attention of the noble lord!—[Knickerbocker.]

PASSING THE ALPS ON A RAILROAD.—From Graiz to Vienna, the most remarkable railroad structure in the world is passed over: the Alps are literally crossed on a railroad. The passage of the Semmering Alp is achieved by means of twelve tunnels and many vaulted cuttings, and the valleys are spanned by a large number of viaducts, of the most finished and scientific workmanship. The longest tunnel is 4,783 feet in length, and it is at an elevation of nearly 3,000 feet above the level of the sea.

The road winds round the mountain in so circuitous a manner that, in some places, five miles of road are constructed to advance one mile in a straight line, and some of the gradients are 100 feet to the mile. It is very picturesque, as the trains are going down the inclined planes, to observe the tracts below, appearing so steep in their descent as to seem almost dangerous; but the engines are so well managed and appointed that the fear is soon dissipated.

The narrow valley which courses through these mountains is filled with dwellings and villages, and in some places the valley is so narrow that the backs of the houses are built against the perpendicular rocks, which rise to a height of many hundred feet, upon the top of which the railroad track is laid; and as we looked down upon these mountain hamlets, it was hard to feel that it was a reality and not a dream of beauty.

THE MARRIAGE FEE.—The late Dr. Boynton was once disputing with a farmer about the ease with which a minister earned money.

'Now,' said the farmer, 'when you are called on to marry a couple, you never expect a less sum than three dollars, and you sometimes get ten dollars—this for a few minutes' service.'

'Pooh!' replied the doctor, 'I would agree to give you half of my very next marriage fee for a bushel of potatoes.'

'Very well,' said the farmer, 'I'll take your offer, and send you the potatoes.'

A few days afterwards, the doctor was called on to splice a loving couple at Dogtown, a place about four miles from where he lived. When the ceremony was over, the bridegroom said to the worthy minister:

'Well, parson, I s'pose I must fork over something for your trouble. What say you to taking one of my terrier pups? The best breed, I tell you, in the country. Shocking nice to have in the barn. Worth full five dollars—and I s'pose a figure 2 would do for the splice, eh?'

The doctor took the pup with joy. The joke was too good; he hastened to the farmer, saying:—

'Now, friend, here is my fee—how shall we divide it?'

The farmer relished the joke so well, that he increased the potatoes to half-a-dozen bushels.

An Old Poem.

Who shall judge a man from manners?
Who shall know him by his dress?
Paupers may be fit for princes,
Princes fit for something less.
Crumpled shirt and dirty jacket
May beclothe the golden ore
Of the deepest thoughts and feelings,
Satin vests could do no more.
There are springs of crystal nectar
Ever swelling out of stone;
There are purple buds and golden,
Hidden, crushed, and overgrown;
God, who counts by souls, not dresses,
Loves and prospers you and me,
While he values thrones, the highest,
But as pebbles in the sea.

Man, upraised above his fellows,
O!t forgets his fellows then;
Masters—rulers—lords, remember
That your meanest hinds are men;
Men by labor, man by feeling,
Men by thought and men by fame,
Claiming equal rights to sunshine
In a man's ennobling name.
There are foam-embroidered oceans,
There are little weed clad rills,
There are feeble, inch-high saplings,
There are cedars on the hills;
God, who counts by soul, not stations,
Loves and prospers you and me!
For to him all vain distinctions
Are as pebbles in the sea.

Toiling hands alone are builders
Of a nation's wealth or fame;
Titled laziness is pensioned,
Fed and fattened on the same;
By the sweat of others' foreheads,
Living only to rejoice,
While the poor man's outraged freedom
Vainly lifteth up its voice,
Truth and justice are eternal,
Born with loveliness and light;
Secret wrongs shall never prosper
While there is a sunny right;
God, whose world-heard voice is singing
Boundless love to you and me,
Sinks oppression with its titles
As the pebbles in the sea.

AN ACCOMMODATING SPIRIT.—In a certain New England parish, a difficulty arose about the location of the new meeting house, and the church was rent with the division. The pastor at length preached a melting sermon on the subject of union and the congregation were dissolved in tears.—The next morning Deacon Jones went over early to see his opponent, Deacon Shaw, to make an earnest effort for peace, and the following ensued:—

Deacon J.—'Deacon Shaw, I hav'nt slept a wink all night—and I've come over to see if we can't have peace on this subject of the meeting house; we must settle the difficulty.'

Deacon S.—'Well, I am very happy to hear you talk so, for to tell the truth, I always thought you were a little set in your way.'

Deacon J.—'Not at all—and as a proof that I am not, I've come this morning on purpose to see you. Now, Deacon Shaw, we must settle this unhappy difficulty, and there is but one way to do it—you must give up, for I can't.'

WAGONS EXCHANGED.

HEAVY AND LIGHT WAGONS exchanged for Stock on early application to
GILBERT & GERRISH.

WANTED.

10 Cords Quakingasp Timber and 10,000 feet of Lumber of various kinds. We will pay Furniture, Chairs and City Scrip.
15-3t J. C. LITTLE.

NOTICE TO NASONS.

I wish to contract for the laying up of the Cobble Wall round Great Salt Lake City Cemetery and am ready to receive proposals.
15-3t J. C. LITTLE.

Great Salt Lake City Cemetery.

ALL parties indebted to the Superintendent of G. S. L. City Cemetery are requested to call at the Office 13th Ward and settle on or before 1st July 1857. Payment received in Lumber, Shingles, Wood, Grain, Hay, Produce, &c.
Wanted a good Wheelwright or Wagon Maker.
15-3t

D. A. & M. SOCIETY.

THE Public are reminded that my Office is open to issue Tickets of Membership; \$2 per Ticket, and \$1 annually to entitle them to the yearly privileges of the Society. Members of last year will take notice and govern themselves accordingly.
Payment can be made in Territorial and City Scrip, Store Orders, Grain, &c.
15-3t J. C. LITTLE, Treasurer.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

THE undersigned having been appointed by the Judge of Probate for Iron County Administrator of the Estate of Joseph Bateman, deceased, hereby notifies all persons indebted to said Estate to make immediate settlement. Those having claims will file them forthwith with the administrator.
JOSHUA T. WILLIS, Administrator.
Cedar City, May 20, 1857—14-3t.

SHEEP, CATTLE & HORSES

WILL be taken by us on Bingham Creek south to herd or raise on shares, at the usual rates, length of time immaterial with us. We shall prepare to feed our stock when necessary during the winter.
(7t) BLAIR & BROTHER.

REMOVAL.

FROM and after the 20th inst., I shall be doing business in the store formerly occupied by Enoch Reese, sign of the Plough, where I shall be happy to see my old friends and customers.
I have on hand a good Stock of Goods, especially in the Woollen line, and expect to recruit with Staple Goods this fall.
I am still buying, and making out papers for Land Warrants.
I shall continue to buy Cattle from one year old to eight, for which liberal prices will be paid. Call and see.
14-3m W. H. HOOPER.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT.
ENTRANCE, Deseret Store.—GAR-
MENTS Cut and Made to order by
N. H. FELT.

RAZORS, SCISSORS AND
KNIVES Ground, Spectacles repaired
and Glasses fitted, umbrellas and parasols repaired, &c. Needles for knitting carpets made by
THOMAS WILSON, General Accountant,
near the 12th Ward School house.
14-3

Reformation in the Canyon.
THIS is to notify all persons hauling out of South Mill Creek Canyon, not to forget the Toll, and to settle up old debts, or they will find "NO ADMITTANCE."
6-3m E. B. FULLER, Collector.

W. BALLAN,
WATCH-MAKER, respectfully informs the inhabitants of Great Salt Lake City and vicinity, that he intends carrying on his business in the house formerly occupied by A. L. Hale, North Temple st., 17th ward, and will warrant all work done by him to give satisfaction, as he understands his business in all its branches. Jewelry neatly repaired; charges very moderate.
43-tf

NAILS! NAILS! NAILS!!!
D. SABIN has Machinery in operation for making all kinds of Nails to order. He will exchange Nails for Wheat, Corn, Potatoes, and other Produce. Come on with it—now is the accepted time!
WANTED!—Tire and Band Iron, for which he will pay in Nails or work in his shop.
Encourage Home Manufactures!
44-tf

Brand Sheets! Brand Sheets!
NOTICE is hereby given that the Brand Sheets, now neatly bound, can be had by calling at the President's Office, price \$1 cash or wheat at cash price taken in payment. Persons having cattle estrayed, or those purchasing, will find it to their advantage to have the Brand Sheets by them for reference.
H. B. CLAWSON,
Recorder of Brands.
49t

ON HAND AT
J. C. LITTLE'S Furniture and Carriage Depot, 13th Ward:—Rocking, dining and children's chairs, tables, lounges, bedsteads, &c. Carriages manufactured and repaired. We are also prepared to paint carriages and other ornamental painting at short notice and for reasonable prices.
Also for sale an omnibus or band carriage, one spring carriage and a spring buggy, will take stock in exchange.
Lumber wanted.
3-3m

GRINDING, GRINDING.
THE undersigned would respectfully announce to the inhabitants of Tooele and the adjoining counties, that persons wishing Grinding done can be accommodated on short notice, all seasons of the year (as the mill springs never freeze) at E. T. Benson & Co.'s New Grind Mill, situated at Richville, 24 miles west from G. S. L. City, which is warranted to make as fine flour and as good a turn out as any mill in the Territory.
45-6m E. T. BENSON & CO.

Important to Shoemakers.
WE wish to inform the inhabitants of the City and Territory that we are manufacturing **SHOE PEGS**, superior to any ever made in the Territory before, and not inferior to the imported. We have on hand a supply of the various sizes, which we offer for sale in large or small quantities at Bird's Cabinet shop, on West Temple street, one and a half blocks south of the Tabernacle, where we continue to manufacture Cabinet and Chair work as usual, also Joiner Work, Pattern making and Wood Turning in general.
11-3m BIRD & DINWOODEY.

UNITED STATES MAIL.
POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
Washington, D. C., Jan. 15, 1857.

PROPOSALS for conveying the mails of the United States from September 1, 1857, to June 30, 1858, inclusive, on the following route in the Territory of Utah, will be received at the Contract Office of this department until 9 p. m. of the 15th of June, 1857, to be decided by the 20th of June:—

UTAH TERRITORY.
12310 From Cedar City, by Harmony and Pine Valley, to Santa Clara.
Bidders to state schedule and distance.

INSTRUCTIONS.
1. No pay will be made for trips not performed, and for each of such omissions not satisfactorily explained three times the pay of the trip may be deducted. For arrivals so far behind time as to break connexion with depending mails, and not sufficiently excused, one fourth of the compensation for the trip is subject to forfeiture. Deduction will also be ordered for a grade of performance inferior to that specified in the contract.

2. For leaving behind or throwing off the mails, or any portion of them, for the admission of passengers, or for being concerned in getting up or running an express conveying intelligence in advance of the mail, a quarter's pay may be deducted.

3. Fines will be imposed, unless the delinquency be promptly and satisfactorily explained by certificates of postmasters, or the affidavits of other credible persons, for failing to arrive in contract time; for neglecting to take the mail from, or delivering it into, a post office; for suffering it (owing either to the unsuitableness of the place or manner of carrying it) to be wet, injured, destroyed, robbed, or lost, and for refusing, after demand, to convey the mail as frequently as the contractor runs, or is concerned in running, a coach, car, or steamboat on a route.

4. The Postmaster General may annul the contract for repeated failures to run agreeably to contract; for violating the post office laws, or disobeying the instructions of the department; for refusing to discharge a carrier when required by the department to do so; for assigning the contract without the assent of the Postmaster General; for running an express as aforesaid; or for transporting persons or packages conveying mailable matter out of the mail.

5. The Postmaster General may order an increase of service on a route by allowing therefor a *pro rata* increase on the contract pay. He may change schedules of departures and arrivals in all cases, and particularly to make them conform to connexions with railroads, without increase of pay, provided the running time be not abridged. The Postmaster General may also curtail or discontinue the service, in whole or in part, at *pro rata* decrease of pay, allowing one month's extra compensation on the amount dispensed with, whenever, in his opinion, the public interests do not require the same, or in case he desires to supersede it by a different grade of transportation.

6. Payments will be made for the service by collections from, or drafts on, postmasters, or otherwise, after the expiration of each quarter—say in February, May, August, and November.

7. The distances are given according to the best information; but no increased pay will be allowed should they be greater than advertised, if the points to be supplied be correctly stated. **Bidders must inform themselves on this point;** and also in reference to the weight of the mail, the condition of roads, hills, streams, &c., and all toll-bridges, ferries, or obstructions of any kind by which expense may be incurred. Offices established after this advertisement is issued, and also during the contract term, are to be visited without extra pay, if the distance be not increased.

JAMES CAMPBELL,
Postmaster General.

LOST, STRAYED, &c.

COME FOR THEM.

I HAVE in my possession, one dun colored MULE, Spanish brand on the left thigh and shoulder; about four years old.
Also one mouse colored horse COLT, with a large T on the left hip.
ISRAEL HOYT,
14-3t Pound Keeper, Nephy City, Juab county.

STRAYED:

FROM my place on Big Cottonwood, a small bright bay stud COLT, two years old, blaze in the face, hind feet white, no brands, supposed to have gone north about the Weber or Ogden. Any one giving information or delivering him to me shall be liberally rewarded.
WARREN F. REYNOLDS,
South Cottonwood, May 17, 1857.—14-3

STOLEN OR STRAYED.

JUNE 1st, from the 16th and 19th Ward Pasture, G. S. L. City, three Indian PONIES; one bay stud, one bay mare, and one roan mare, belonging to Antonio V. Yesho Yampah, Ute Chief.
Any information will be thankfully received; please call on D. B. Huntington.
16tf

STRAYED,

FROM the mouth of Little Cottonwood Canyon, a black three year old STEER, branded N. DAVIS on the off horn.
Any person bringing said steer to the subscriber, at the Public Machine Shop, or giving information where he can be had, shall be liberally rewarded by
NATHAN DAVIS.
15tf

STRAYED,

ON Monday, 15th inst., from this city, a COW, about 4 years old, lined back, branded J H on the left hip. She was donated to the Church by some of the brethren and is supposed to have gone to her recent residence.
Whoever will give information of her, or bring her to me, shall be liberally rewarded.
JAMES SHELMEKDINE,
15-4t 8th Ward.

STRAYED OR STOLEN.

ON FRIDAY EVENING, 29th May, from near Church Pasture north, a yellow HORSE, white face, end of foretop squared off; black main and tail, three white feet; branded W on left shoulder. He was formerly owned at Salt Creek 90 miles south.
A liberal compensation will be paid to any person who will give information of, or bring said horse to the house of Widow N. K. Whitney.
14-tf JOSHUA K. WHITNEY.

ESTRAYS.

TWO Head of Cattle of the following Description, came into my herd, at or near Kay's creek, as supposed; one a Five Year Old, Pale Red Steer, Star in the forehead, branded J O. I R on both horns, valued at 40 dollars. The other, a Dark Red Three Year Old Steer, Crop and SH in both ears, a little white on the forehead, brush of tail off, horns droop, and turn inwards, valued at thirty-five dollars.
Those steers were turned from the herd, but followed on, until I was apprehensive the owners would not get them. I therefore had them valued and sent them on. I am now ready to pay the owners for them.
14-3t W. H. HOOPER.

Cows, Sheep and Herding.

I AM now keeping a herd at Santaquin (or Summit creek) and prepared to take cows and sheep on shares, or any kind of stock to herd, both summer and winter, and to make myself responsible for all losses sustained by neglect or mismanagement. I will give one half the butter, cheese and increase from cows; and one half the wool and two thirds the increase from sheep, and will deliver without expense the butter, cheese and wool as it becomes due. Our range for stock, both for summer and winter, is unsurpassed in the valleys of these mountains. Those in or near G. S. L. City having stock to let or to be herded can inquire of or leave their stock with D. T. Le Baron, Mrs. A. W. Babbitt's residence, G. S. L. City; and any one desiring to trade sheep for good work oxen can by him be accommodated.
6tf B. F. JOHNSON.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

HAVING BEEN APPOINTED ADMINISTRATOR of the Estate of Thomas Tennan deceased, by the Judge of the Probate Court for Great Salt Lake county, the undersigned hereby requests all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate, to come forward without delay and cancel the same; and these having demands against said estate will please file them with the Judge of the aforesaid Court, properly authenticated, as soon as circumstances will permit and within the time specified by law.
DANIEL SPENCER,
Administrator.
44tf

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE!

THE undersigned having been appointed by the Judge of Probate for Great Salt Lake county Administrators of the Estate of A. W. Babbitt, deceased, hereby notify all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate to come forward without delay for settlement; and all persons having claims against said estate will please file them with the Hon. Elias Smith, Probate Judge, on or before the first day of June, A.D., 1857.
JULIA ANN BABBITT,
W. H. HOOPER,
BENJ. F. JOHNSON,
Administrators.
Great Salt Lake City, Dec. 20, 1856. 42-tf

DISSOLUTION.

PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between Levi Stewart, William J. Stewart, Louis P. Drexler and Wm. Sloan, under the name of Levi Stewart & Co. is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons holding due bills against us, or knowing themselves indebted to us, also to Levi Stewart and Brother, are requested to call and settle immediately and save costs.

LEVI STEWART will continue the business at the old stand, where he hopes to merit a continuance of patronage from his old customers.

WANTED.—Mules, wheat, and oats. 51tf

MEDICAL NOTICE.

J. L. DUNYAN, Physician and Surgeon; residence north west corner 14th Ward, G. S. L. City.

Dr. Dunyan will attend to the practice of his profession in this city and country, at all hours of the day or night. His practical experience as a physician, and reputation as such among this people in former days is well known and understood. His treatment embraces every principle that his experience has proved safe and effectual. He anticipates by strict attention to business to receive the patronage and confidence of his brethren.

On the receipt of letters (post paid) containing a full description of disease, age and sex, Dr. D. will send advice and prescriptions.

Persons afflicted with ulcers, cancers, fever sores, scrofula, salt rheum, tetter, fits, palsy, rheumatism, affections of the kidneys and liver, gravel, tic douloureux, Saint Vitus' dance, consumption, dyspepsia, general female debility and sterility and derangement would do better to board in the city for a short time, where they can be treated with electricity and such other means as would be necessary to effect a cure.

All kinds of produce, orders on Tithing office and labor on Public Works, received for fees.

Reference:—Edward Hunter, Wilford Woodruff, Jos. Young, Anthony Evans, W. S. Godbe, John Young, Jesse W. Fox, John Nebecker, Wm. Clayton, Philemon Merrill.
6-6m