

two years immediately preceding this, has rendered valuable aid to our academic theology class by conducting its study of the Book of Mormon.

THE SINGING

was conducted by Prof. Evan Stephens during the early part of the year, but upon his resignation, which took effect in the first term, this work was entrusted to Instructor Richard Haag, who, in the face of many discouragements, has maintained the excellent standard of the school's congregational singing. As a result of our system of congregational singing, this exercise has partaken of a more highly devotional character than would have been possible if participation therein had been restricted to the few. Misses Katie Romney and Gwendolin Lewis, both of the academic department, have acted to our satisfaction as organists.

THE LADY STUDENTS,

as before, have been under tuition of Lady Superintendent Camilla C. Cobb, who has met with them in their regular sessions, and who has devoted herself to their instruction at all other times, giving them the benefit of her experience.

Dr. Romania B. Pratt has delivered before the young ladies a valuable series of lectures on the subject of personal hygiene.

THE STUDENTS' SOCIETY,

a very important adjunct to our institution, has held weekly sessions, presided over by Chairman John J. Walton. An increasing interest has been manifest in the work of the society during the thirty-one sessions held this year. Under its auspices the following named gentlemen have delivered lectures on special topics: 1, Elder John Nicholson; 2, Elder Edward Stevenson; 3, Dr. C. E. Wilcox; 4, Elder A. M. Musser; 5, Elder Ed. J. Wood; 6, Elder Geo. G. Bywater; 7, President Joseph E. Taylor; 8, Dr. J. E. Talmage; 9, Elder H. W. Nalabitt. In addition to these, members of the faculty and leading students have delivered lectures and addresses on important subjects, and there has been a pleasing variety of musical and literary exercises interspersed with the more instructive work above referred to.

THE BUILDING

In which we are now comfortably ensconced, is far superior in its arrangements and the elements of comfort to the one previously occupied by us. The rooms are more numerous, and better adapted to the classes conducted, while the superior ventilation and other hygienic requirements have been manifest in the fact that there has been among the students less than twenty per cent. of the illness of former years. If occasion arises it will be possible to seat without inconvenience a considerably larger number of students than have been in attendance during this year.

THE FACULTY.

Until the beginning of the second week of the term just closing, Dr. J. E. Talmage occupied the position of Principal of the College. At the time specified, January 11, 1892, in response to a call from the General Board of Education, you released him from the position.

At the same time the undersigned

succeeded to the principalship, and to the courses in theology and senior theory of teaching. Since that time Instructor Joseph Nelson has acted as first counselor in the academic council, performing, as before, in addition, the responsible duties of the assistant treasurership. During the entire year Instructor J. J. Walton acted as librarian and chairman of the Students' Society. Instructor Richard Haag has labored during the whole year as registrar; the change above referred to placed upon him the duties of the faculty secretarieship. In the absence of Dr. Talmage during the latter part of the term, Instructors Richard Haag and W. H. Chamberlain have rendered valuable assistance by conducting his classes. The many additional duties placed upon all the instructors by the change in the principalship, have been cheerfully assumed and faithfully discharged by them.

THANKS ARE DUE,

and are gladly given to all who have assisted us with contribution of various kinds, and among them the following will be specified:

Hon. John T. Calne, Utah's delegate to Congress, for works of interest from the capital, and especially a magnificent official map of the United States, date, 1892, recently received; the publishers of the following periodicals for regular copies: *The Deseret Evening News*, *Salt Lake Daily Herald*, *Ogden Standard*, *Utah Enquirer*, *Saturday Globe*, *Utah Journal*, *Southern Idaho Independent*, *Manti Sentinel*, *Richfield Advocate*, *Woman's Exponent*, *Payson Enterprise*, *Young Woman's Journal*, *Juvenile Instructor*, and the *Contributor*; *Utah Book and Stationery Co.* for current copies of *Judge*, and *Margetta Brothers* for copies of *Puck*.

IN CONCLUSION

permit me to express gratification at the improvements in our surroundings, and the evidences of thorough work on the part of the students. Longfellow says that "the heart giveth grace unto every art." This being true, the grace, not only of sincere endeavor, but of divine approval, has been bestowed upon teachers and students during the year just past. There has been a greater concentration of effort, manifesting itself in the choice, by a longer number of regular courses leading to graduation. As a result more certificates are issued this day than on any former occasion. In no previous year has the Spirit of God been more manifest in our fast and testimony meetings, and by the presence of this influence, which is the most powerful incentive to exertion, the students have been spurred onward to more earnest effort.

We acknowledge the hand of God in these things. We thank Him most earnestly for the measure of success attending our labors. And still invoking His approval and assistance, we leave in His hands and submit to His guidance.

WILLARD DONE,
Latter-day Saints' College.

King Oscar will not be present at the golden wedding of the King and Queen of Denmark.

Their diamond wedding was celebrated by M. Christensen, of Torp, Denmark, and his wife.

THE CHINESE EXCLUSION BILL.

The following is the full text of the new congressional statute for the exclusion of Chinese from the United States:

SECTION 1. That all laws now in force prohibiting and regulating the coming into this country of Chinese persons and persons of Chinese descent are hereby continued in force for a period of ten years from the passage of this act.

Sec. 2. That any Chinese person or person of Chinese descent, when convicted and adjudged under any of the said laws to be not lawfully entitled to be or remain in the United States, shall be removed from the United States to China, unless he or they shall make it appear to the justice, judge or commissioner before whom he or they are tried that he or they are subjects or citizens of some other country, in which case he or they shall be removed from the United States to such country; provided that in any case where such other country of which such Chinese person shall claim to be a citizen or subject shall demand any tax as a condition of the removal of such person to that country, he or she shall be removed to China.

Sec. 3. That any Chinese person or person of Chinese descent arrested under the provisions of this act, or the acts hereby extended, shall be adjudged to be unlawfully within the United States, unless such person shall establish by affirmative proof to the satisfaction of such justice, judge or commissioner his lawful right to remain in the United States.

Sec. 4. That any such Chinese person or person of Chinese descent convicted and adjudged to be not lawfully entitled to be or remain in the United States and who shall be subsequently convicted for a like offense, shall be imprisoned at hard labor for a period of not exceeding one year and thereafter removed from the United States, as hereinbefore provided.

Sec. 5. That after the passage of this act, on application to any judge or court of the United States in the first instance for a writ of habeas corpus by a Chinese person seeking to land in the United States to whom that privilege has been denied, no bail shall be allowed and such application shall be heard and determined promptly without unnecessary delay.

Sec. 6. And it shall be the duty of the Chinese laborers within the limits of the United States at the time of the passage of this act, and who are entitled to remain in the United States, to apply to the collector of international revenue of their respective districts within one year after the passage of this act for a certificate of residence, and any Chinese laborer within the limits of the United States who shall neglect, fail or refuse to comply with the provisions of this act, or who, after one year from the passage thereof, shall be found within the jurisdiction of the United States without such certificate of residence, shall be deemed and adjudged to be unlawfully within the United States, and may be arrested by any United States customs official, collector of internal revenue or his deputies, United States marshal or his deputies, and taken before a United States Judge, whose duty it shall be to order that he be deported from the United States, as hereinbefore provided, unless he shall establish clearly to the satisfaction of said judge that by reason of accident, sickness or other unavoidable cause he has been unable to procure his certificate, and to the satisfaction of the court and by at least one credible white witness that he was a resident of the United States at the time of the passage of this act, and if upon the hearing it shall appear that he is so entitled to a certificate it shall be granted upon his paying costs. Should it appear that said Chinese has procured a certifi-