

A CAMPAIGN MORAL BY WAY OF THE BOSTON JOURNAL.

"I'll tell you something," says little Belle, "If you're certain, sure, you'll never tell."

"Of course I won't," cries tiny Sue, "Criss-cross, Hope-to-die, Black-and-blue."

"Well, then," whispers the little maid, "My papa, a great, big man, 's afraid."

"O, isn't that funny enough!" laughs Sue, "Your papa's afraid, and mine is, too."

"Not of bears or tigers or humble-bees; It's something a thousand times worse than these."

"It's a terrible thing, that goes up and down Through every city, village and town, And my papa says he almost knows That things will be ruined wherever it goes."

"Yes, isn't it dreadful?" says Belle, with a sigh.

"It will swear and, papa says, steal and lie."

"I spect 't has horns and cloven feet; And, Sue, what do you s'pose it will eat?"

Then closer together drew each little maid, Looking about as if half afraid

They might see this thing with cloven feet, And find it liked little girls to eat.

And they even fancied they heard it roar, As it gobbled them up and cried for more.

"O, it's name," cries Belle, "is so dreadful, too;

Sue shakes her head. "O, it can't be that, For my papa calls it a 'Democrat'."

—Lizzie M. Hadley.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

MONTREAL, Nov. 5.—A sensation has been caused by the arrest of Adolphe Noel on the charge of using threatening language to C. E. Soraty, once Under Minister of Finance of France and president of the Bank of Lyons. As president of the Bank of Lyons he declared a reserve fund in gold when in reality it was the bonds of the Union Generale. When the Union Generale went under so did the Bank of Lyons. Soraty escaped to Canada taking with him, it is said, something like a million francs. He also brought the wife of his private secretary, as the story goes. He settled here, where for the past few years he has devoted himself to literary work. Adolphe Noel, who styles himself the head of the Paris Police Securite, Saturday walked in to Soraty's villa with a revolver and threatened to be avenged on both Soraty and the woman who ran away with him, leaving her husband behind to die of a broken heart. If the case be pushed a spicy history will be brought to light.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 5.—A very mysterious snooting affair which will in all likelihood cause the death of Mrs. Bettie Stokes, residing at No. 3391 Greenwich street, occurred tonight. Early in the evening three shots were heard in the house and an officer upon investigation found that a Cuban named Fred Rainros had shot Mrs. Stokes three times, two of the bullets taking effect in the face and the third one in one of her lungs. The officers arrested Rainros, but only succeeded in doing so after the prisoner had fired a shot and been clabbed insensible. Mrs. Stokes and Rainros were taken to the hospital where the former is dying and the latter is feigning, or is actually unconscious. Not the slightest motive for the crime can be ascertained, the woman being unable, by reason of the wounds in her face, to talk, and the prisoner is likewise silent. Mrs. Stokes has a 7-year-old child, and lived with her husband in the house where she received her wounds. Her husband, who returned to the house shortly after the affair, can throw no light upon it.

BIRMINGHAM, Nov. 5.—Gladstone arrived here today. He will remain here most of the week and make several speeches. A great crowd awaited him. Numerous deputations presented addresses. He said the addresses fully recognized the fact that the Irish question was really the English, Scotch and Welsh question and until the question was settled the country could know neither peace nor effective progress, and that all efforts to solve the fisheries question with the United States had been egregious failures. The liberals did not wish to increase the difficulty but were desirous that by a judicious choice of persons the question might be settled in a manner tending to draw both countries into closer relations.

The Sackville incident was extremely unfortunate. It had resulted in the induction of a serious slight and disparagement upon England. He hoped the matter was susceptible of a satisfactory explanation. The incident ought to serve to moderate the spirit of vaunting and bragging in vogue among Tories.

LONDON, Nov. 5.—With reference to the Sackville affair the Standard says:

The real grievance is not the letter written by Lord Sackville but his verbal explanation of it. It will, however, surprise the people of England to be told that when Lord Salisbury asked for an accurate statement of what Lord Sackville really said the American minister was unable to furnish the desired information and immediately after, and before Lord Salisbury was enabled to act, Lord Sackville received his passports.

LONDON, Nov. 5.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says: General Gourko has sent a telegram to the minister of the interior, announcing that he has discovered the existence of a revolutionary society in Poland with numerous branches. Many members have been arrested, including a number of students, a magistrate and several government officials, all of whom are in prison at Warsaw. The society has issued a manifesto regretting the failure of the recent attempt on the life of the Czar at Kulals and threatening a repetition of the attempt.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—Advices to the Associated Press at nine o'clock this morning state that it is cloudy and warm at Buffalo, Rochester, Albany, Utica, Hudson, Troy and Newburgh. In this city, a light rain is falling, but the chances are it will clear up before noon. There are great crowds at the polls, and everything is progressing quietly.

Syracuse reports at nine o'clock that a heavy vote has already been cast.

EVERY STATE will vote for Presidential electors. Every state except Maine, Oregon and Vermont will elect members of Congress and each organized territory a delegate. State officers and legislators will be chosen by Colorado, Connecticut, Florida, Illinois, Kansas, Indiana, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Carolina, South Carolina, Texas, West Virginia and Wisconsin. California will elect a legislature, chief justice and associate judge of the supreme court. Iowa and Ohio, minor state officers. Nevada a supreme judge, regents of the university and legislature. New Hampshire and Tennessee, governor and legislature. New Jersey, legislature. New York, governor, judge of the court of appeals and legislature. Pennsylvania supreme judge, auditor and legislature. Proposed amendments to constitutions or general laws will be voted upon by Georgia, Illinois, Kansas, Nevada, New Hampshire, New York, North Carolina, Virginia and West Virginia.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—At Boston, Providence and Hartford the weather is cloudy but clearing.

10:15 a. m.—The clouds have cleared away and the sun shines. The crowds around the polls increase. Charges of treachery and "knifing" are being freely made by both Tammany and the county democracy, but are promptly denied by leaders of factions.

11:30 a. m.—There have been a number of arrests for various causes. Coogan, for mayor, is running straggly in the labor districts.

The county democracy claim that

HEWITT FOR MAYOR is polling a larger vote than when he was elected two years ago.

LONG ISLAND CITY, L. I., Nov. 6.—A heavy vote is being polled in Queen's county.

HILL RUNNING AHEAD.

NEWBURGH, N. Y., Nov. 6.—The vote is heavy and was cast early. Hill is running ahead of Cleveland.

11 a. m.—The weather is now clear. The labor vote is largely republican here. The prohibition vote will be smaller than in five years. Harrison will have four or five hundred majority.

BUFFALO, Nov. 6.—Rain began falling at 10 but soon ceased. There is a prospect of light showers during the day. A heavy vote is being cast. The republicans are very confident of increasing their majority of 1884.

BUSINESS CLOSED.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—The election is being quietly carried on. By nine o'clock a large number of votes were cast. At six o'clock the polling places opened. All banks, mercantile houses and public offices are closed.

To get voters out early buglers and bell-ringers were sent throughout the election precincts before the polls opened to wake the people up.

In two or three districts, owing to non-appearance of election inspectors, the polls were not opened till 8 or 9 o'clock, and it is doubtful whether a full vote can be polled. One of them is the head democratic district.

HILL BOOMING.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Nov. 6.—The weather cloudy. The voting is heavy. Governor Hill is running ahead of his ticket all over the city.

ILLICIT TRADING.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—It is reported that Tammany is selling Cleveland in behalf of Grant, Tammany's candidate for mayor, in some of the voting districts. Committees from every quarter made an investigation, and one of members reported afterwards that the cutting had been stopped. In the 12th assembly district, the county democrats it is claimed are selling out Cleveland for Hewitt and buying Hungarian votes.

A RIOT.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6, 2 p. m.—In the 23rd ward a riot occurred at 11:30. A crowd of toughs swept down upon the Tammany booths and attempted to knock them over and destroy the tickets. A number of heads were smashed. The police arrived just in time to prevent serious trouble.

At Elizabeth Street station, 100 arrests have been made up to noon for illegal voting.

WATKINTOWN, N. Y., Nov. 6.—Rain is falling throughout the country, but the vote is unprecedented.

ILLEGAL VOTING.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—U. S. Commissioners Duell and Shields had their hands full all morning, listening to charges against illegal voters. The most notable was over that of Patrick Sweeney, an employee of the United States printing office at Washington, charged with giving a false address. He was paroled for examination.

MANY ARRESTS

are coming in. Both sides are swearing out warrants charging attempts to commit fraud.

At 10:30 there was a crowd of about 100 standing around and within a livable stable on Seventh Street, where the citizens of the third precinct, second ward, vote. The rain had ceased shortly before. Two men, wearing fall overcoats with collars turned up walked quietly along Seventh Street and entered the polling place. It was

GENERAL HARRISON

and his son Russell. The distance from their residence to the polling place is some three-and-a-half squares. The chute being open when the General arrived, he walked up to the window and in the quietest possible manner handed in his ballot to the inspector. As he dropped the paper into the box he called out the name—"Benjamin Harrison"—and the clerks responded "Number 237," signifying the number of ballots cast up to that hour. As this precinct only cast 302 votes in 1884, and 357 in 1886, it will be seen that over two-thirds of the vote was in today at half-past ten. Russell Harrison did not vote, being a citizen of Montana. After the general had voted the crowd gathered about him and a short season of hand-shaking took place. Among those who greeted him were H. D. Niece, nephew of the late Vice-President Hendricks, and W. O. Day, a prominent business man and democrat. After remaining about twenty minutes and chatting with some of his acquaintances, the general and his son buttoned up their overcoats and walked back to the house. The general seemed in excellent spirits; if he felt any way anxious over this eventful day's work, not a shadow of it was manifested on his smiling countenance. Around his residence everything is very quiet. No

SERIOUS DISTURBANCES

have been reported up to noon, but there came near being a fight at the first precinct, fourth ward, at 11 o'clock, when Chief Deputy Marshal O'Key arrested an old man named Gus Stewart, charging him with being an illegal voter. This is a strong colored man, and there was a demand made by one of the colored bystanders to know the grounds of the charges against Stewart. He was supported by several others, who demanded to see the warrant, whereupon Chief Marshal O'Key and his six deputies drew revolvers and, surrounding the prisoner, carried him away.

One hundred arrests have been made. In most cases the arrested persons are suspects, but in others they are citizens charged with attempting to bribe or unlawfully influence voters.

The vote cast up to this hour is unparalleled for size. Telegrams from Terre Haute, Vincennes, Evansville and New Albany tell of rainy weather and heavy voting with a number of arrests, but no trouble. In northern Indiana things are quiet but few arrests are known to have occurred.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 6, 1:30 p. m.—The weather is growing colder. No rain has fallen for nearly two hours, but the skies are leaden.

WISCONSIN.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 6.—The weather is cloudy; a heavy vote is being polled.

ILLINOIS.

CHICAGO, Nov. 6.—The weather is cloudy, threatening rain. The vote is light so far. The signal service reports cloudy weather throughout Illinois and Indiana.

CONNECTICUT.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 6.—The weather all over the state is cloudy and threatening.

HARTFORD, Nov. 6.—A very large vote is being polled, some wards having half their lists checked by 11 o'clock. The republicans are voting their full strength early, with a good chance of reducing the usual democratic majority.

MASSACHUSETTS.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Nov. 6.—It is cloudy and warm, prospects of clearing up.

NEBRASKA.

OMAHA, Nov. 6.—The weather all throughout the state is fine.

MICHIGAN.

DETROIT, Nov. 6.—Advices so far as received from the interior of Michigan up to 11 a. m. show that there is cloudy weather with local rains prevailing. In this city the weather is cool and threatening, but no rain has yet fallen. A heavy vote is being polled and good order is maintained.

OHIO.

COLUMBUS, Nov. 6.—Reports thus far received from the state show a big vote as being cast early in the day. At the rate it is progressing it will be unprecedented.

At Urbano one arrest has been made for illegal voting, two arrests for creating a disturbance.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 6.—The weather may be classed as rainy throughout Ohio. It is everywhere reported cloudy and threatening. A heavy shower fell before 10 o'clock and the sky was darkly overcast. Voting is progressing very rapidly, fully half of the registered vote cast before 9 o'clock. In many precincts

TWO-THIRDS OF THE VOTE

was cast at that hour.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 6.—The rain which began between 9 and 10 with a heavy shower has continued slowly with falling temperature, at noon with no prospect of clearing. A fourth of the registered voters are reported to have cast their votes by 10 o'clock. The whole vote will probably be cast despite the weather.

JUDGE THURMAN VOTES.

COLUMBUS, Ohio., Nov. 6.—At half-past one this afternoon, Judge Thurman and his son Allen W. Thurman stepped from a coupe at the polling place of the 6th ward precinct and cast their ballots for the democratic ticket. Owing to the rain the coupe was driven up to within a few feet of the window and without assistance the judge walked across the pavement and handed in the ticket, which he had ready folded in his hand.

FLORIDA.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Nov. 6.—The weather is cloudy, threatening rain in this state.

PENNSYLVANIA.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 6.—The day opened foggy and misty in this city, but by 10 o'clock the sky cleared and the sun shone brightly. Indications are for clear weather. There is a prospect of a heavy vote.

MISSOURI.

KANSAS CITY, Nov. 6.—Cloudy and cold. A heavy vote is being polled. The scarcity of voting places will cause many to lose their votes, being crowded out.

Advices from eastern Kansas and western Missouri show a heavy vote. Indications are for a clearing of the weather.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 6.—The weather is fair. An immense vote is being polled. At 12:30, nearly two thirds of the ballots were in the boxes.

MINNESOTA.

MINNEAPOLIS, Nov. 6.—Clear, crisp and cool in this city. A large number of ladies are voting for the school board.

NEW JERSEY.

JERSEY CITY, Nov. 5.—Votes are being polled rapidly. The silent vote confuses calculation, as it points to a change of feeling and some scratching. The prohibitionists, for the first time, have re-opened the fight.

KENTUCKY.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 6.—Rain is falling throughout the state. The returns indicate democratic gains here and at Bowling Green.

RHODE ISLAND.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Nov. 6.—At 3 p. m. the city vote, with one ward lacking, was, Harrison, 5,361; Cleveland, 3,965; Fisk, 332.

Four years ago at this hour vote was, Blaine, 5,617; Cleveland, 3,380; scattering, 306.

INDIANA.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 6.—The day opened with cold drizzling rain which at 10 o'clock shows no signs of abatement.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 6, 11 o'clock.—The rain ceased and there were signs of clearing, but the atmosphere is damp and the streets are sloppy. Reports of

NEW YORK.

A BIG GAIN.

ITHACA, Nov. 6.—Seven election districts of the town of Ithaca (complete) give Cleveland 314 plurality against 27 is 1884.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—Eighty-three election districts in New York State outside of New York and Kings Counties give Cleveland 13,021, Harrison 17,339, Fisk 837. The same districts in 1884 gave Cleveland 14,185, Blaine 17,279, St. John 849.

HILL CLIMBING.

Nine election districts in New York State, outside of New York and Kings Counties, give Hill 894, Jones 117, Miller 1920. The same districts in 1884 gave Hill 775, Davenport 1465, Bascom 106. The first assembly district in this city complete give Harrison 1920, Cleveland 5016, Fisk 55, Cowdrey 30. In 1884 it gave Blaine 2275, Cleveland 4453, St. John 186.

A CLEVELAND GAIN.

BROOKLYN, Nov. 6.—One hundred and twenty districts in Brooklyn give Harrison 4,481, Cleveland 5,593, Fisk 67, Cowdrey 29. In 1884 it gave Blaine 2,130, Cleveland 5,361.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—Seven hundred and sixty out of 856 election districts in New York City give Harrison 91,360, Cleveland 139,750, Fisk 1,050.

Ninety-three election districts in New York State outside of New York and Kings Counties give Cleveland 14,929; Harrison 19,961, Fisk 1,020. The same districts in 1884, gave Cleveland 16,133, Blaine 19,642, St. John 931.

BROOKLYN, Nov. 6.—One hundred and eighty districts out of three hun-

dred and seventy-five election districts in Brooklyn give Cleveland 39,933, Harrison 31,388, Fisk 440.

ALBION, N. Y., Nov. 6.—Orleans County will probably give Harrison 1500 plurality, and Miller 1800. John G. Sawyer, republican, is re-elected to Congress in the 21st district. Ira Edwards, republican, is elected to the assembly.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—Eight hundred and ten out of 856 election districts in New York City give Harrison 96,283, Cleveland 151,360, Fisk 1,141.

BUFFALO, Nov. 6.—Sixty-two election districts in Erie County show a republican majority of 1,571.

BROOKLYN, Nov. 6.—Two hundred districts out of 375 election districts in Brooklyn give Cleveland 44,194, Harrison 33,415, Fisk 494, Stricken 42.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—One hundred and forty-three election districts in Kings County give Cleveland 24,840, Harrison 32,713, Fisk 1,614. The same district in 1884 gave Cleveland 25,595, Blaine 31,532, St. John 1,683.

Fifteen election districts in New York State outside of New York and Kings Counties give Hill 7,509, Jones 512, Miller 1069. The same districts in 1883 gave Hill 6414, Davenport 8735, Bascom 495.

One hundred and sixty-four election districts in New York State outside of New York and Kings Counties give Cleveland 23,282, Harrison 33,060, Fisk 21,332. The same districts in 1884 gave Cleveland 29,016, Blaine 33,492, St. John 1,960.

The city complete, Harrison, 105,726; Cleveland, 162,081. Cleveland's majority, 57,355.

Seven hundred and eighty-six districts in New York State outside of New York and Kings Counties give Cleveland 151,362, Harrison 189,744, Fisk 8792.

BUFFALO, Nov. 6.—The city complete give Harrison 23,323, Cleveland 21,811, Republican majority, 1509, a gain of 455 over 1884.

The fifteenth assembly district in this city complete gives Harrison 3024, Cleveland 7191, Fisk 43, Cowdrey 18. The same in 1884 gave Cleveland 6253, Blaine 2812, St. John 27.

The twenty-third assembly district in this city complete gives Harrison 10,913, Cleveland 14,552, Fisk 340, Cowdrey 109. The same in 1884 gave Cleveland 18842, Blaine 3615, St. John 98.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—The Herald editorial says: "The indications are at the hour of going to press that Harrison is elected to the Presidency."

The republican plurality in the state will be small. Hill is probably elected governor.

The Tribune bulletin says the next House of Representatives will be republican by 20 to 25.

The returns, allowing for the missing districts, indicate that the entire county democratic ticket is elected.

The Tribune bulletin says: Hill is probably elected. Harrison has carried the state by a plurality of 15,000 to 20,000.

Two hundred and forty out of 833 districts in New York City, for Mayor, give Erhardt rep., 17,316; Grant, dem., 26,648; Hewitt, dem., 17,689; Coogan, labor, 2,059.

The city complete gives for mayor: Erhardt, rep., 66,721; Grant, 107,537; Hewitt, dem. and ind., 68,134; Coogan, labor, 9,465.

With two districts missing the 834 out of the 836 districts in this city give Harrison 105,526, Cleveland 162,486, Fisk 1,291, Cowdrey 1,552.

EVERYTHING SATISFACTORY.

CHICAGO, Nov. 6.—The following is received from Calvin S. Brice by the Daily News:

New York dispatches received at the national democratic headquarters from various points in the interior of New York, New Jersey and Connecticut show a large early vote. Everything is progressing to the satisfaction of the democratic managers. In Brooklyn, as in New York, the attendance at the polls up to 9 o'clock is unusually large and the democratic vote is very promptly cast.

CALVIN S. BRICE.

TRADING VOTES.

Daily News' New York special: All places of business are closed, the usual resorts are deserted and everybody is at the polls. There seems to be a great deal of trading going on. The Evening News man visited five polling places on Third Avenue and two on Ninth Avenue. It was found that one could get a vote for Harrison at any one of them by giving a vote for either of the Democratic candidates for mayor, legislature or for alderman. One ticket peddler on Third Avenue took the correspondent aside and offered two votes for Harrison if he would cast his vote for Coogan, labor candidate for Mayor. The cabman who drove the correspondent voted for Harrison, Hill and Hewitt and said "the boys" were going that way. A ticket taker at the elevated station voted for Harrison in exchange for two votes for Grant, the Tammany nominee for mayor. These are mentioned as straws. There is as much trading as the republicans expected.

INDIANA.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 6.—Attorney General Michner, at 6 o'clock, sent the following to Blaine and Governor Foraker: "Our dispatches indicate that we have carried Indiana. Hedger, special correspondent Associated Press."

CHARGES AND COUNTER CHARGES.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—What the afternoon papers think of the situation can be seen from the following headlines: