

the chair overruled the point stating that the convention had adopted no rules, and made them up as it went along; the report was adopted.

The chair—The first business now in order, and the only business, is to surrender the chair to the permanent chairman named by the committee on organization. The chair, therefore, names Messrs. Orton, of New York, Downing, of Iowa, and McCormick, of Arizona, as a committee to conduct the permanent chairman to the platform.

McPherson came forward, accompanied by the escort, and was greeted with cheers, the retiring chairman said, I take pleasure in introducing, as your permanent President, the Hon. Edward McPherson, of Pennsylvania.

The Chairman—Gentlemen of the Convention, and no one of you knows better than myself how entirely unworthy I am of this high honor. It has come to me not only unsought, but with a feeling of absolute and uncontrollable surprise; but I have been reared in the school of duty and in the politics of Pennsylvania. It is a fundamental doctrine that every Republican shall do his whole duty, (applause) and therefore I am here to accept this honor tendered by your committee and ratified by yourselves as an honor tendered to the great old commonwealth which has sent me as one of its delegates to this convention. Since 1856, in no one of the great contests has the ever-faltering, and in this centennial convention she has turned an inflexible defiant ear to the enemy. She says no truce with treason, malignity and everything that is not national. She has determined to roll up for the nominees of this convention a majority such as will entitle her to continue to be what she has long been, and I say it with all respect, the foremost in the republican cause. The Chair is now ready for business.

The President announced that the committee on rules would meet at four o'clock at the Gibson House, and that they expected to make a report in the morning. The president also suggested the appointment of a member of the committee on resolutions to take his place, vacated by his elevation to the chair.

Wm. B. Mann was selected, and, on motion of Will Cumber, of Indiana, the convention adjourned until 10 o'clock to-morrow morning.

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At Montreal, Canada, a man named John Radford, with no arms, was recently convicted of assault and battery, and sent to jail for eight days at hard labor.

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ger, and the uselessness of doing so, combine to deprive the recent performance of significance as the possible beginning of a new order of things.

Clara Morris, the actress, is in Danbury, seeking health, and this is the way she seeks it, according to one of her companions—"Miss Morris is doing her best to promote a cure, if outdoor exercise is going to do it. We are up at 6 in the morning, walk three miles or more before dinner, drive many more miles before tea, ride the rest of the evening, and fill up any extra time with eating and drinking."

Mr. Knott quickly "took back" his remark to Mr. Frye about Blaine being the d—est scoundrel, etc., and apologized for having made it.

An English reporter lately recovered \$5,000 damages from a man who called him a public nuisance. The New York Tribune talks in this way—"Are we about to turn over another new leaf this Centennial year? The workings of the law of supply and demand are capricious enough; but who could have supposed the Old World would be soon calling upon the New for skilled labor? Yet the masterworks of Glasgow, Scotland, appeal to-day through our advertising columns for a large number of operative joiners, and other wages which, in these pinching times, our unemployed mechanics will probably regard as a treatise—seven shillings for a day of ten hours." The New York Tribune says, "A great number of domestic slaves are sailing for the Old Country."

Mrs. Jane Grey Twissheim talks this way, in the Chicago Tribune, of German smokers and their habit of smoking opium. "The habit of smoking appears to be general among German men, and I was told that it would be impossible for me to live or travel in Germany on account of the illness which tobacco smoke always causes me; but I have found that, in all the smoke, there is so little tobacco that it gives me no inconvenience. From the odor, I judge that their cigars and smoking weed are made of paper steeped in a weak solution of tobacco; and this is no doubt the reason they feel no injurious consequences from its use. Those who quote the German habit of smoking to prove that the use of tobacco in this way is not unhealthy reason from false premises. The Germans smoke, and smoke, and smoke, by the hour, but they do not smoke tobacco."

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roll shall be called, and the delegates from each state, territory and district shall name, through their chairman, a person to act as a member of such committee.

(Signed)

JOHN CASSA, Chairman.

R. A. DAWSON, Secretary.

Stillman, of New York, gave notice of a proposed amendment providing for half an hour recess after each ballot.

Hale moved to strike out that portion of the rules providing that there shall be no nominations until after the platform is disposed of. He briefly sustained his amendment, urging, when the organization of this convention is completed it proceed at once to the nominations.

Hotchkiss, of New York, said in 1850 the republican convention made its platform before naming candidates. It is absurd to put a man on horseback before you get your horse. (Applause.) We may make a platform that will reduce the number of candidates. (Applause.)

Noyes, of Ohio, said in 1853 the platform was reported before the candidate was nominated. He concurred in the absurdity of making candidates before the platform was agreed on.

Cassa said if we nominate candidates before we make the platform, the half of the delegates will be on their way home before the platform is presented, and there will be no proper deliberation.

John T. Ensign, chairman of the committee on credentials, reported that full delegations are present, except from North Carolina and Nevada, who were each one short. Cassa remarked that he learned that neither delegation from the District of Columbia was regular, and moved to amend the report by substituting the name of Fred. Douglas for that of Bowen thus giving each of the contesting delegations one vote.

A Virginia delegate contended there was no evidence sustaining Cassa's claim to the irregularity of Bowen and Green.

Cassa's suggestion was promptly rejected only because Douglas sympathized in his own views as to the candidates.

Ensign certified that the committee was nearly unanimous in its decision that the Bowen delegation was entirely regular.

Cassa, amid great confusion and repeated interruptions, withdrew his motion.

The report of the committee on all points, save the Alabama case, was then adopted.

The question recurring on the Alabama case, Ensign replied to the argument of the minority report which claimed that the majority had no facts to sustain their report; the majority had the present overwhelming array of facts to sustain their report, and the majority could not dispute them.

Atkins, of Ga., followed for the minority report. The only claim of irregularity in the origin of the movement, out of which it ultimately and by national succession came. The election of the Spencer delegation was based upon the fact that the Republican State Convention elected aside of case, and warned the gentleman that if he was going to fight out in the committee the old Greeley battles in the South, fare well to republican success. (Applause and hisses.)

Wisconsin moved the previous question, which was sustained. The question stated first was on the adoption of the minority report and rolls of states, and the vote resulted, yeas 354, nays 378, so the minority report was rejected. The question occurring on the adoption of the majority report was carried in the affirmative.

Hawley, Conn., from the committee on resolutions, proceeded to state, in detail, the duties of the party in the protection of our citizens everywhere and steady the progress of specie payments. Senators and Representatives should not dictate appointments, the maintenance of unfaithful officers swiftly punished. He recommended a constitutional amendment against the appropriation for schools under sectarian control.

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J. M. MOORE, Postmaster.

### MINING STOCKS.

STREETS.

San Francisco, June 15, 1876.

11:35 a. m.

Ophir, 52 b  
Cala, 744 b  
G & C, 14 b  
Alpha, 52 b  
B & B, 48 a  
Jack, 294 b  
Colorado, 84 b  
Utah, 20 b  
Justice, 214 a  
Mex, 284 b  
Prospect, 7 b  
Exchequer, 17 b  
Con Va, 634 a  
N. Y., 15 b  
Savage, 15 b  
Imperial, 64 b

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San Francisco, June 15.

315 Ophir, 52; 514; 521  
695 Mexican, 284; 281; 283; 286;  
284; 281; 28  
470 Ophir, 144; 144; 144; b 5  
445 B & B, 48; 48; b 5; 48; 48;  
b 5; 48  
900 Cala, 744; 744; 744; 744; b 5  
515 Savage, 15; 15  
1535 Con Va, 634; 634; b 5; 624;  
624; 624; 624; b 5; 624; b  
20  
10 Chollar, 83  
490 H & N, 61; 61; 61; 61; 61  
380 Point, 104; 11; 104; b 5  
2595 Jacket, 29; 29; 29; 29; 29;  
29; a 10; 29; b 5  
50 Prospect, 7  
25 Jacket, 17  
4810 Imperial, 64; 64; b 3; 64; 64;  
30  
250 Kestock, 124  
675 Alpha, 51; 504; 50; 50; a 10  
110 Belcher, 17; 17  
70 Confidence, 184  
10 Alpha, 504  
370 S. N. Y., 15; 15  
100 Utah, 20  
10 Bullion, 41  
560 Exchequer, 17; 164  
145 Overman, 55; 54; 54  
570 Justice, 22; 214; 214; 214  
685 Union, 10; 104; 104; 104  
110 Success, 4  
1555 Bryan, 45; 40  
520 Julia, 9; 8; 8  
280 Caledonia, 83; 8; 8  
210 Woodville, 1  
400 Kestock, 124  
20 Andes, 24  
25 Ward, 11  
330 Leviathan, 1  
50 Prospect, 7  
275 Virginia, 21

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D. BOCKHOLT, Clerk.

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#### ESTRAY NOTICE.

I HAVE in my possession the following described animals: One black and white, and calf, five years old, with left hind leg branded Spanish brand with "C" and "D" and also a black and white yearling HEIFER, crop of right, and under side in left ear, branded "C" on left hip. One yellow yearling STEER, under side of head and under side of left ear, branded "C" on left hip. One red yearling STEER, four years old, crop and side in right, upper slope in left ear, branded "C" on left hip. One red yearling STEER, upper slope of head and under side of left ear, branded "C" on left hip. If not claimed and taken away they will be sold public sale on Friday, the 24th day of June, 1876, at Gunnison, Utah.

Gunnison, June 10th, 1876.

#### ESTRAY NOTICE.

I HAVE in my possession: One bay MARE, two years old, white face, right eye white, branded "C" on left side, with black and white hind legs, and white on hind feet, branded "C" on left side. One bay STUT, two to three years old, white face, right eye white, branded "C" on left side, with black and white hind legs, and white on hind feet, branded "C" on left side. One bay yearling HORSE COLT, right hind foot white, branded "C" on left side, and one sorrel MARE, four years old, white stripe in face, both hind feet white, left hip branded "C" on left side. One brown and black four year old MARE, branded "C" on left side. Which if not claimed will be sold at public sale on Tuesday, the 20th day of June, 1876, at Gunnison, Utah.

Moroni City, June 10th.

#### ESTRAY NOTICE.

I HAVE in my possession: One red cow, six years old, a blotch brand on left side, with black and white hind legs, and white on hind feet, branded "C" on left side. One black and white yearling STEER, crop of right, and under side in left ear, branded "C" on left hip. One red and white spotted COB, about six years old, with black and white hind legs, and white on hind feet, branded "C" on left side. Which if not claimed will be sold at public sale on Tuesday, the 20th day of June, 1876, at Gunnison, Utah.

Salt Lake, June 10th, 1876.

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Correll J. K. King  
Cameron S. W.  
Carter J. K. King  
Curtis J. K. King  
Chambers W. H. R. P.  
Cheever W. H. R. P.  
Court W.  
Clepper W.  
Cass W. H. R. P.  
Diamon J.  
Drom J.  
Dawson W.  
Dickinson W.  
Davis B.  
Eggen Mr.  
Erickson A.  
Eastman B.  
Fagerson A.  
Fordham A.  
Fint J.  
Forbes W.  
Gardner C.  
Gray F.  
Graham A.  
Gonzalez A.  
Globe H.  
Green J. H.  
Hovey D.  
Hauford A.

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