STATEROAD INQUIRY.

Harry Haynes Makes a Statement to the County Court.

HE DECLINED TO BE SWORN.

Will Be On Hand When the Convention Adjourns—A. E. and H. Cahoon on the Stand.

A subpoena issued by the county court was yesterday served on Harry Haynes. He appeared before it this morning and made a statement to the effect that his duties called him to be in attendance at the Constitutional Convention and he could not attend the investigation as a witness, but that at the adjournment of that body he would be at the service of the court.

It was [illegible] this morning when the investigation began, Albert E. Cahoon at that time being recalled. He said he had brought with him the books used by him for showing the amount of loads of rock taken from the canyon, but could not bring the others as they were in the possession of Harry Haynes.

Attorney Whittemore here stated that he could proceed no further with the examination of the witness until the other books of the Macadam Rock company were obtained. Harry Haynes had been subpoenaed and should be here with them. The investigation [illegible] at which time Mr. Haynes arrived.

On being called as a witness he stood up and Judge McNally proceeded to administer the oath, when he interrupted him, saying he did not care to be sworn but wanted to read a statement to the court. His statement was in effect that he had been served with a subpoena, but as he was a member of the Constitutional convention and his services were required there he could not attend the inquiry at present. As soon as the convention adjourned, however, he would be at the service of this court.

He was asked by the county attorney if he would not turn over to his partner, Mr. A. E. Cahoon, the books kept by the Macadam Rock company, to which he answered that any books kept by Mr. Cahoon he was willing to turn over to him or to the court, but the books kept by himself contained also his private accounts and he would not give them up to the court for fear he would not get them back.

He then bade the court good day and retired.

County Attorney Whittemore suggested that it remained with the court whether to let this matter go over until Mr. Haynes was at liberty or have him cited to appear before the district court; he thought Mr. Haynes could probably have been excused from the Convention if he had so desired, but suggested that the law would most likely grant him the privilege of declining to leave his post.

It was decided by the court to let the matter rest until the Convention adjourned, and go on with another branch of the investigation.

Albert Cahoon was then asked as to whether he had received warrants for all the vouchers he had sent in for services as peace officer, and stated that he had received all but for the month of December.

Witness was questioned by Attorney Walter Murphy as follows:

"It was stated by a witness named Attwood that you told him that John P. Cahoon was a member of the Macadam Rock company. Did you ever make such a statement to him?"

"No, sir."

"Have you talked with him since he gave that testimony?"

"Yes, sir."

"What was the conversation that passed between you?"

"I asked him why he made that statement and he said he testified that he thought I told him so, but not that I did tell him."

"Is it a fact that John P. Cahoon is a member of that company?"

"No, sir."

Witness further stated that he had paid the men for what work he had received pay for from the county as far as he knew, and that the crusher used for the preparation of the material for State road had done good work.

In answer to Attorney Whittemore he said he paid 70 and 80 cents per ton for hauling, and that this was discounted from two to five per cent to dispose of the warrants.

Reynolds Cahoon, a brother to the last witness, was sworn and testified that he was in the coal and lumber business and had furnished lumber for building bridges on State road. Witness did not believe he sold any company nails to any person during May at less than $4.50 per keg. He furnished lumber to the county in [illegible].

"Did you have any better customer than the county for lumber during 1893?" asked County Attorney Whittemore.

Witness said yes, he thought he had, and mentioned several [illegible] customers, including the [illegible] and [illegible].

Did you charge them the same prices during 1893 as you did the county for the same class of lumber?"

"Yes, sir, for the same class of material."

William Attwood, lumber and coal dealer, of Murray, testified that he never furnished the county with any lumber, so far as he knew. His yard was about two miles south of Reynolds Cahoon's. The lumber Cahoon carried was of about the same class, sold at that [illegible] but Cahoon carried also a [illegible] grade which he [illegible]. There was likewise a [illegible] lumber known as "[illegible]" which it was hard to distinguish from the real article. He had supplied [illegible] Supervisor McMillan [illegible] lumber in the [illegible] to Mr. [illegible], a [illegible] to no purpose.

"Did you ever apply for permission to Mr. J. P. Cahoon [illegible] of the [illegible] county court?" asked Attorney Murphy.

"No, sir, I knew there was no [illegible]. I have nothing against Mr. J. P. Cahoon, but he had the long end of the whipple tree, and that's all there is to it."

"Did you ever swear to a lie against anybody else?"

"No, sir."

"Then you have no explanation to offer as to why you did not get a bill against Cahoon [illegible]?"

"I simply say again that John P. Cahoon had the long end of the whipple tree."

"Then you mean to say he would have compelled the county court to accept them [illegible] even if yours had been the lowest?" queried Attorney Murphy.

"You couldn't get Kilmore or any other road supervisor to buy a stick from me." Being a taxpayer, he would have been glad to help cut the taxes by supplying the county, but he was told by the supervisors and the orders were on Cahoon Bros. and they wouldn't go beyond that.

Witness was shown by County Attorney Whittemore some bill heads on which the accounts for lumber were sent up to the county court. The printed name of the firm was [illegible] there and the name of Reynolds Cahoon only appeared thereon. He was asked to explain the reason for this.

Witness said his brother John told him that as supposed, being a selectman, he had no right to furnish lumber to the county, but [illegible] and instruct him to leave off the firm name.

"Was that the reason you left it off?"

"It was for the purpose of making out the accounts in my own name."

"John P. Cahoon knew you were furnishing this all the time?"

"Yes."

"He was at the lumber yard occasionally?"

"He came there sometimes."

"He knew the prices that were being charged?"

"I suppose he did. The prices went in to the county court just as you see on that bill."

Attorney Murphy—He told you he would not participate in the profits, and it was to be your own individual transaction?"

"Yes."

Selectman Geddes—Did you have any special [illegible] to pay for this lumber, apart from the firm? Did you draw your personal check for it?"

"No, sir."

"Didn't the lumber belong to your brother as well?"

"It did, yes, when it came into the yard."

"Did you ever take out a license to transact that business in your own individual name?"

"Yes."

"When was that understanding had between yourself and your brother?"

"When he first went into office."

Just as the court was about to adjourn at 12:30, Attorney Murphy said that he desired to call at this time Mr. Haybes, to testify in behalf of J. P. Cahoon in reference to the furniture deal.

County Attorney Whittemore replied that he was not now prepared to go into the furniture question; he wanted first to get through with the timber transaction.

Attorney Murphy was persistent. He said it had been stated in the public press that if Mr. Haybes had remained in the city twenty-four hours longer he would have been landed in the penitentiary.

County Attorney Whittemore emphatically declared that he knew nothing of any such statement, and asked where it had appeared, for he himself had not seen it.

Ex-Selectman Morris answered—In the Salt Lake Herald.

Again County Attorney Whittemore disclaimed all knowledge of it, remarking that if Mr. Haybes had remained in the city twenty-four hours longer than he did he would have been only wanted as a witness.

Attorney Murphy said well, Haybes was here now and desirous of testifying.

It was decided after some further talk that Mr. Haybes—who is agent for Andrews & Co., of Chicago, the firm that supplied the furniture for the joint city and county building—should be examined when the court reconvened at 2 p.m.

A Suggestion to School Teachers.

Editor Deseret News:

As the first of May is the usual holiday for the children, and as it has been the custom to take them up the canyon, I feel that it would be timely to make a suggestion to teachers who take the little ones on those long and tiring walks, over rough roads, in the hot sun, packing heavy baskets.

It was only last week a little girl came near losing her life on the canyon, and every year children are brought home [illegible]. A child will wear out a pair of shoes in the day, and where parents are poor it will come hard on them, for the outfit will go [illegible] the teacher goes.

Why not take them to Liberty Park, where they can play on solid ground? I believe teachers can get rates from the street car company for them to ride both ways for five cents apiece—within the reach of most parents.

The Park is in good condition, with plenty of grass for the little ones to have a good time on. Another advantage the park has is that it is not in the canyon where there is danger of falls. The children can eat their lunch on tables, etc., and have benches to sit on. There is also room for a May pole and exercises under the trees.

A. PARENT.

[illegible] STORY.

[illegible]

"I never knew a Mary Darlow," I said to my own [illegible].

"I once knew a General [illegible]," he answered.

"But the Mary Darlow I knew is dead," I replied.

"And the General [illegible] whom I knew is also dead," he answered.

[illegible]

The [illegible] of a [illegible].

[illegible]

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The Best Spring Medicine

[illegible]

Take a GOOD LIVER MEDICINE

[illegible]

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[illegible]

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[illegible]

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Vol. 6, [illegible].

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[illegible], Cashier.

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