ESTABLISHED JUNE, 1850.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

THE OLDEST NEWSPAPER IN THE ROCKY MOUNTAINS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 242 MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1891. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH TERRITORY. VOL. XXIV

LORD SALISBURY

Is "Lifted" by the German and Austrian Minister Not In Be in a Hurry.

GERMANY WILL NOT JOIN ENGLAND AGAINST TURKEY.

The Deposition of the Sultan Is Among the Contingencies Talked of Covertly.

By Telegraph to the NEWS.

AN ADVICE.

The Leading Powers of the Brotherhood and Peace.

BERLIN, Sept. 5.—The conference between Chancellor Von Caprivi and Count Kalnoky, Austrian prime minister, near Schwarzau, have ended in their satisfying the English government not to be in a hurry to take any diplomatic action in connection with the Beirut incident. The tone of the official press here indicates distinctly that the government is adverse to joining England in any hasty demonstration against the Porte's agreement with Russia.

The North German Gazette holds that the Porte's assent to the Russian firman is of less importance as a breach of the treaties than it is serious as affecting the new line of policy adopted by Turkey toward Russia.

The Vienna *Presse*, semi-official, analyzes many arrangements between Berlin and Spanish influences at Constantinople and recommends that England become more amenable so far as Egypt is concerned. In the opinion of the *Presse*, the new position of affairs does not involve any danger to the peace in Europe. The other great powers, it holds, have no ground for taking any share in England's impending diplomatic measures. The accounts of intrigue around the Sultan, which are now in a ferment, should not say be allowed to run their courses as the vital interests of Turkey will finally bring everything back to the proper track. The waiting attitude which the imperial chancellors have recommended to Lord Salisbury, is explained by official advices received tonight from Constantinople to the effect that the life of the new Turkish Cabinet will be short. The highest Turkish circles are outspoken for the resignation of the war ministry, and especially at the instance of Ghazi Osman, the minister of war, and expected at the Yildiz palace, being praises have been sent to the Sultan, whose own position is assessed by the malcontents.

The reformers of the Vienna *Presse* are the belief that everything will return to its proper track, points to the appointment of an entirely new cabinet as Russian ministers' successful accessory. For the deposition of the Sultan is among the contingencies that are discussed in secret by the Turkish circles. It is the expressed conviction in official circles here that Lord Salisbury will accept the advice proffered him and await the outcome of events.

THE CATHOLIC CONGRESS,

which assembled here on Sunday and will be closing session yesterday, assumed an unexpected importance, Irish Bismarck's veto to the contrary. A resolution was adopted adjudicating that the time had come to invoke a great international Catholic congress for the consideration of the question of restoration of his temporal power to the Pope, and a committee was appointed to arrange for the holding of such a congress. In pursuance of the question of a neutral ground for the place of meeting of the proposed congress, Switzerland was named as a place where the Pope will be summoned from every Catholic community in the world. The question of the restoration of the temporal power of the Pope will be treated up as an Italian question, but a question of international concern. The congress affirmed the determination of the German Catholics to remain resolute supporters of the Dreibund and decided to continue the policy of Dr. Windthorst in working for the recall of the Jesuits and for religious instruction in primary schools. After considerable discussion it was voted in favor the State regulation of intoxication.

The removal of the prohibition against the importation of

AMERICAN PORK

into Germany has elicited few press comments. Several Progressive and Socialist papers refer to the measure as a relief to the poor classes. In official circles it was said it would have been aware of the resistance to the measure and the persistent efforts made in its behalf by U. S. Minister Phelps, his success has excited many exclamations.

THE POLITICAL POLICE

have been sagely hunting for the author of the stories recently published in the French papers regarding the health of the Emperor. Having secured the arrest of a score of the writers, they have been interviewing a number of newspaper men in an attempt to discover who was the author. Imaginary the handwriting, but their efforts proved unavailing. The always to connect Bismark with the authorship of the stories met with equal lack of success.

Russian advices report the discovery of great coal and oil fields in the region of the Caspian sea. The production of these fields is said to be more than twice greater than that of any other existing oil territory. At the same time Russian peasants are making bitterly at the competition of the Standard Oil Company, against which they say they are powerless. Efforts have been made to create a Russian trust, similar to the Standard Oil Company, but the attempt failed, because of financial wrecking.

The Army Maneuvers.

PARIS, Sept. 5.—The second series of the great French army maneuvers, in which 40,000 men take part, commenced today. It will last until September 9th, and consists of a five days' battle between Gen. De Galliffet and Gen. Duvoul, under the supreme direction of General Saussier, military governor of Paris, who has already been designated as the probable commander-in-chief of the French armies in case of war.

VIENNA, Sept. 5.—The Austrian army maneuvers near Schwarzauw continued today. The Austrian and German Emperors and the King of Saxony were in the field by 5 o'clock this morning. They took a position commanding a good view of the contesting forces. All the forces were engaged and the effect resembled that of severe fighting. The cavalry forces were much hampered, owing to the wooded nature of the country. The two Emperors exhibited the evolutions closely, exchanging comments in the most cordial manner. The operations were suspended at noon, and the two Emperors retired to Schwarzauw.

Cotton Pickers Strike.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 5.—The *Times-Democrat's* Galveston special tells of the organization of the cotton cotton pickers, who have agreed to pick no cotton after a certain date for less than 1 per hundred pounds and board. The organization has been effected through the medium of the colored Alliance, and now numbers more than a thousand members. It is learned that a secret circular has been mailed to all planters throughout the cotton belt, fixing a date for the inauguration of the strike.

The Recognition of the Junta.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—Within an hour the Congressional Junta has been recognized as the de facto government of Chile cannot be officially learned at the Department of State, as the acting secretary refuses to make any statement whatever on the subject. Never theless, there is good reason to believe that, acting upon Minister Egan's recommendation that the authority of the Junta is supreme in Chile, he has already been directed to open relations with them.

If there has been any question as to the proper treatment of the refugees on board the United States warship, it has been decided by Admiral Brown. He cabled today that the "Baltimore" left yesterday for Pisco, taking away the political refugees, whose lives were not safe in Chile.

The Central American Exhibition.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—Lieutenant Sutton, special commissioner to the Central American States, writes from Guatemala, under date of August 24th, that the commission appointed by the president of that republic to prepare an exhibit for the World's Fair have been fully organized and are already engaged in their work. The money for the purpose have been placed at their disposal by the government and the country to be represented seems to spare no pains to display its resources and industries. They cable says that half an hour's walk out of the city of Guatemala Park for the use of Nicaragua. The government of that republic intends to erect its own building, which will be a fine one and will make a complete display of its products and resources. Commissioners have been appointed to superintend the erection of a suitable one and are already at work. The government of Salvador appropriated $10,000 to erect a building in Chicago and has selected Rubach, its new consul-general in New York to draw the plans and superintend the construction.

A Railway Scandal.

OTTAWA, Sept. 5.—The Baie des Chaleurs railway scandal will be brought to a happy termination as the result of a conference between the lawyers of the various interests. The application of the new company for a Dominion act of incorporation was opposed by the Ontario Bank and Mr. Ogilvie, the Dominion land surveyor, who claimed that during the senate committee's inquiry all the bewilling disclosures took place. Now the new company has agreed to incorporate a clause in the bill providing for a deposit of $100,000 in the bank of Montreal as security for the payment of Mr. Ogilvie's claim, and also to pay whatever award is made by the courts in the civil suits now in progress. Even if the bill as amended passes the House, it is considered not there will be a successful opposition in the senate.

The World's Fair Commission.

CHICAGO, Sept. 5.—The National Columbian commission reconvened this morning, and consumed most of the forenoon in the transaction of routine business and the hearing of reports from the various States as to the progress of the work therein. An invitation from the local directory to the members of the commission to visit the Fair site this afternoon was accepted. The discretionary fund has been charged with the control of the Latin-American bureau. The report of the committee on awards for exhibits of live stock was adopted. The commission then adjourned till Monday morning.

An American Arrested as a Spy.

BERLIN, Sept. 5.—An American, claiming to be a native of Carlisle Graves, who stated his business to be that of a photographer, and his address as "Columbia," was arrested today at Mayence, charged with being a spy. Graves' baggage was seized and searched, and he will be detained in custody pending the receipt of an explanation as to certain actions of his, viewed as suspicious by the German police, are furnished. In default of such or other satisfactory information, and in view of the fact that Graves gave his occupation as a photographer, it is presumed that he may have been sketching the fortifications.

William Wants to Please his Southern Friends.

BERLIN, Sept. 5.—Field Marshal Von Blumenthal, chief of the general staff of the Prussian army, placed on the retired list at the request of the emperor, is one of the most distinguished strategists of modern times, he resigned command of the Fourth Army inspection district. Von Blumenthal has been associated by Prince Leopold of Bavaria. This is taken to be another instance of the desire of Emperor William to please the South German sensibilities.

The Pope Not Ill.

ROME, Sept. 5.—Vatican's announcement of the Pope's serious illness is vigorously denied.

English Papers on China.

LONDON, Sept. 5.—Commenting on the statement cabled to this city from Shanghai and purporting to give the views of the educated classes of the Chinese in regard to the foreign missions in Chinese territory which, it is claimed, Lord Salisbury failed to the objects they intend to accomplish, and only tend to incent trouble, the Times today says: "The issue to be drawn is that a liberal treatment of China is useless. Europe should inflexibly and sternly insist upon the observance of the treaty rights and peace would immediately and for ever ensue."

The *Morning Advertiser* says: "A nation (China) which requires a wanton outrage to be followed by an ultimatum at point as this can hardly be brought to a desirable frame of mind by diplomatic remonstrances."

The Canadian Pacific Statement.

TORONTO, Sept. 5.—The Canadian Pacific Railway statement shows for the seven months ending July 31st last, net profits of $7,000 more than in the corresponding period of the previous year.

The Sea Overheard.

LONDON, Sept. 5.—The British steamer "James Sampson," from New York, August 19, for Bahia, arrived at Falmouth. She reported that during her passage she encountered very heavy weather and lost the mate and steward overboard.

Drowned.

NEW YORK, Sept. 5.—The bigboat "Elise" was sunk this morning by a steamer, and the son of the captain was drowned.

An Investigation.

DETROIT, Sept. 5.—Smith & Moyer, bankers dealers, assigned today.

IN EUROPE.

A Hitch in the Russian Loan Scheme—The Porte.

LONDON, Sept. 5.—A hitch heretofore in the Russian loan negotiations is reported.

The Standard's correspondent at Constantinople attributes the change in the ministry to the Sultan's determination to put a stop to the tax his, such suspicion arising from the sudden exhausting of the gas in the palace building, a short time ago, and the explosion of fireworks, on an which occasion the sultan fortunately escaped and arrested several officials.

The Sofia correspondent of the Times is reported that Count Kalnoky, the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister, from the Dardanelles' incident with gravity and has proposed sending a joint European note to the Porte.

A Forest Fire.

TACOMA, Wash., Sept. 5.—Forest fires have been raging in the Cascade Mountains near Hot Springs for three days. Much valuable timber has almost destroyed and the fire which now extends twenty-five miles along the mountain range, is still spreading.

The Washington Militia Against the State.

TACOMA, Wash., Sept. 5.—Colonel Haines, of the national guard, says papers are being prepared for a suit to hold the militia will cost against the State to compel the payment of the pay rolls for service in the late mining riots in King county. The total expense incurred in the field by the militia amounted to about $7,000. The attorney-general holds that the expenses should be paid by King county.

Attributed to the Effel Tower.

PARIS, Sept. 5.—In the recent storm, terrific damage to the market gardens and vineyards in the environs of the city was caused. At Stains a house was blown down killing an aged resident. At Ormesnil a peasant and his wife were killed. Scientists assert that the Effel tower caused the electrical disturbances and that the climate here has been much worse since the tower was built.

A Triumph for the Ladies.

WELLINGTON, N. Z., Sept. 5.—The House of Representatives of New Zealand passed a bill granting the resident full suffrage to women and qualifying women for election to Parliament.

Interviewing the Czar.

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 5.—The czar gave audience to Arnold Wulle on board Hirsch's steam yacht today. It is reported the interview was satisfactory.

The Crop in Ireland.

DUBLIN, Sept. 5.—The *Freeman's Journal* today says that the wheat crops in the western districts of Ireland are owing to the recent terrible rainy weather, "only fit for litter." One-third of the potato crop is already gone and barley and oats are rotting.

For the Relief of the Starving Russians.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 5.—The orthodox clergy will organize collections to be taken up for the relief of the distress prevailing among the poorer classes in Russia. In addition the holy synod will institute collections in the churches of the Greek faith throughout Russia, and has ordered the funds of the wealthiest churches and monasteries to be drawn upon. A circular letter has been issued by "Griffin" on a full in the twenty-one years of Carlton Graves, the stolen money, which was found in his possession, is considered by the German police, are furnished. In default of such or other satisfactory information, and in view of the fact that Graves gave his occupation as a photographer, it is presumed that he may have been sketching the fortifications.

Large Yield of Wheat.

ST. PAUL, Sept. 5.—As the threshing progresses throughout the Northwest the reports of large yields of wheat increase in number. In Dakota and N. D., reports fifty bushels to the acre.

A conservative estimate places the yield of Minnesota and the Dakotas at 125,000,000 bushels against 90,000,000 bushels last year. It is asserted that the wheat crop of the three States would fill a train 200 miles long.

An Indian Under Influence of Liquor.

DENVER, Colo., Sept. 5.—Black Bear, chief of the Indians on exhibition at Fish's Garden, filled up with "fire water" last night and nearly killed his squaw. When the other Indians remonstrated the chief took another pull at the bottle and started to clean out the aborigines. He made for Bear Robe in regular Indian fashion, raising a terrible war whoop, and that Indian, not caring for a personal encounter, drew a six-shooter and fired three shots at Black Bear, two taking effect. The chief will not allow the doctors to examine him, but it is thought that one bullet will prove fatal.

THE JUNTA BUSY.

Dismissed Judges and Court Officials Bespondated: Other Changes in the Civil Service.

GERMANY AND THE CONGRESSIONALISTS.

A Conference Relative to the Paper Money Issued by Balmaceda Recently.

By Telegraph to the NEWS.

NEWS FROM CHILE.

The New Government Really the Junta.

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—The *Herald* this morning publishes the following from Santiago, Chile, via Galveston: The Junta has been engaged in reorganizing the public service. All the judges and court officials who were dismissed by Balmaceda have been reappointed. Other changes will be rapidly made until the entire civil service is in sympathy with the new government.

A SUGGESTED MESSAGE.

When the papers in the desk of Balmaceda's cabinet of foreign affairs were found, were examined today, a code dispatch was found, dated Berlin, August 13th, informing him that the German government had decided to recognize the belligerent rights of the Congressionalists. This news Minister Gray had taken care to suppress.

MINISTER GRAY.

has received a letter from the State Department at Washington expressing the hope that he will refrain from action in relation to recognition of hostilities in Chile.

It is asserted on high authority that the story that arms were shipped to Valparaiso for the use of the Congressionalists, is false. It is also asserted that there was not a single Lee rifle in the hands of the Congressionalists, and that the rifles which it was alleged had been transferred from the "Pizarro" to the "Esmeralda" were of old make, and the fact that some of them were held by General Canto's army disproves that story.

BALMACEDA'S MONEY.

It is also asserted that a conference has been held between the Junta and the leading merchants and bankers, relative to the recognition by the new government of the note issue ordered by Balmaceda a few days before he left the country. The amount was $1,000,000. Just what points were considered and the conclusions reached are not yet known. It is generally believed that the action will satisfactory to all concerned will be decided upon.

Trans-Australia.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 5.—The steamship "Mariposa" arrived today from Australia via Honolulu.

Prince John, prince consort of Hawaii, died August 25th, from a sudden attack of pneumonia. Queen Liliuokalani is much affected by the death of her consort. The remains were lying in state at the palace when the steamer left. Doubts was born in Kawaihae, Hawaii, in 1839, his father being an Italian and his mother an American. He was taken to Honolulu when a child and has since resided there. He was a great favorite among the California gold exciteuent, when he lived in that State. He was married to the present Queen of Hawaii several years ago.

There was a severe earthquake shock on the island August 20th, but no great damage was done.

The "Mariposa" was delayed one day in arriving here, because of a severe storm between Sydney and Auckland. The pilot house and dining room were stove in, the cabins flooded and considerable other damage done. One of Maclaine Bertchard's servants and the ship's doctor were injured. When the steamer left Sydney John L. Sullivan and complications were about to proceed to Melbourne. Captain Haywood stated that the stories of Sullivan's conduct on shipboard were greatly exaggerated. He drank in sydney but did not create any disturbance. A party of five roughs attacked Sullivan and a friend in a hansom and were promptly knocked down.

Cayton advices give the details of a tragedy in the steamship "Hydrofeller," which left Adelaide June 22nd. Lawrence M. Davidson eloped with his wife's sister, Miss Aylike, a member of a prominent family. The warrant was issued for their arrest, and it is presumed that they heard of it, for, as the ship was leaving port, David son shot himself and the girl swallowed strychnine, both dying in a short time.

The fight between Alfred Griffin, better known as "Griffo," and Billy Murphy, for the feather-weight championship of the world and a purse of $1,000, was won by "Griffo" on a foul in the twenty-second round, after an exciting fight. Both men were badly punished.

Investigation of the Pennsylvania State Treasury.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Sept. 5.—The Legislative committee appointed to investigate the affairs of the State treasury this morning, but little of importance was brought out.

Attorney General Graham of this city will be called upon to place at the disposal of the committee the correspondence held by him of Auditor General Mylin, Treasurer Boyle and Ex-Treasurer Barsley. The committee adjourned to meet on the 11th of this month.

Turkey Closes Palestine Against the Jews.

LONDON, Sept. 5.—A letter is published here today from the minister in charge of Christ Church, Jerusalem, saying that the Sultan has stopped the influx of Russian Jews, and that he will not permit them to land in Palestine without a special order. Fifty families who arrived recently were sent back.

The letter adds that Baron Hirsch sought to arrange with the Porte terms of settlement which would permit Jews to locate in Palestine. "Pshaw time," the writer says, "is at present thinly peopled. If the country were terraced, planted and supplied with water reservoirs, it would be highly productive and the land would be much cheaper than the expensive system adopted in South American colonization."

Tennessee Legislative Sessions.

NASHVILLE, Sept. 5.—Today in both houses of the general assembly, a bill was introduced authorizing the governor to be allowed to call out the militia.

In the House a resolution was adopted that when the present legislature issue expires there never be another made.

A bill was introduced making it a felony to engage in a prize-fight with or without gloves, or be aid or abet a fight.

Condition of Affairs in Liberia.

NEW YORK, Sept. 5.—George B. Parks, a notable Salesman in Atlanta, Ga., with a family consisting of his wife and seven children, arrived here today. He is an intelligent man, a carpenter by trade, and tells an interesting story of the condition of affairs in Liberia, Africa. On the 22nd of last May, hired by the citizens of the Monrovia, he left Atlanta for the purpose of locating in Liberia, he called to that place. On landing at Monrovia he found the country in the most disturbed condition. The American Negroes who had already emigrated there seemed the most tyrannical rule over the natives. No part of the country was under cultivation. Parks has been a slave in the South, but he says the condition of slavery in Liberia is worse than it ever was before the war. Native Africans he would not deal to human dogs, was introduced by the negroes from America. After enrolling twenty-one days he continued to exhibit.

Russia Mobilizing Troops in Poland.

VIENNA, Sept. 5.—Advices from Cracow state that preparations are being made at Warsaw, the capital of Russian Poland, have been ordered to prepare to accommodate a large number of troops within a fortnight; that a great concentration of Russian forces is in progress at that place, and that the Russian police have warned the newspapers not to publish anything about these movements.

Lucifer Believed to be Innocent.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Sept. 5.—Guy Lucifer, who after acquitted and released of the hanging of Lottie Stalling Pulaski, has been released from the jail yesterday to answer the charge of furnishing the rolling the weapon with which the murderer attempted to shoot herself before his execution. It is generally believed now that the priest is innocent. Rolling left a letter, in which he directs his sheriff to return the revolver to his brother, who, he said, knew to whom it belonged and how it came in his possession.

A Dynamite Cartridge in a Trembing Machine.

FONDLAY, O., Sept. 5.—This afternoon while a number of men were threshing wheat, the machine exploded, wrecking the place. William Muir was killed and four others seriously injured. On investigation it was found that a dynamite cartridge has been placed in a sheaf of wheat by some person unknown, causing the explosion.

Death of Benjamin Hall.

AUBURN, N. Y., Sept. 5.—Hon. Benjamin Hall died here this evening after a lingering illness. He was born in Italy, by appointment of President Fillmore, he made a compilation and revision of the accumulated official decisions of the attorney-general of the United States. In 1861 President Lincoln appointed him chief justice of Colorado, a position of great peril in the days of the breaking out of the rebellion. A company was formed to kill him and other federal officers and secure the Territory for the secessionists. The scheme failed, and nothing went further to defeat the plans of the rebels than the calling of Hall's indictment with him, to the effect that in case of arrest rioting against the government the courts could suspend the issue of writs of habeas corpus.

Death of Dr Young.

NEW YORK, Sept. 5.—Bernard D. Young, aged 75, a well known San Francisco diamond broker, died today of Bright's disease, at the home of his son in this city.

Mrs. Simonton Dies.

NEW YORK, Sept. 5.—Mrs. Elizabeth Simonton died here today. She was the mother of the late Anne W. Simonton, at one time general agent of the New York Associated Press. She was 85 years of age.

In Favor of Sunday Closing.

CHICAGO, Sept. 6.—The World's Fair board of lady managers yesterday, by a vote of 36 to 3, adopted a resolution declaring in favor of closing the fair on Sunday. Arguments in the mediation's favor were made by Bishop Fowler and Miss Frances E. Willard. Stirring addresses on the opposite side were made by Mrs Bagley, of Washington, Mrs. Hooker and Mrs. Bloomfield of New York, who contended that the fair should be opened on Sunday for the benefit of the poor, who could not go at other times. Mrs. Hooker said to open the great fair on Sunday, make it a great Sunday school, invite the great work regardless of religion, to come and learn of the great works of man made possible by God. When the roll was called on the resolution, several members declined to vote. Some one requesting that they should be required to vote on the question about twenty-five ladies left the room. Had they remained and voted, it was asserted, the resolution would have been defeated by a small majority.

A Season of Information.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—The several commercial agents of the South American republics in London have inaugurated a movement for the establishment in that city of a bureau of information concerning South American affairs, similar to the bureau of American republics, which was established in Washington on the recommendation of the International American Conference, and a similar bureau which has recently been organized in Paris. The object of this bureau, like those of Paris and Washington, is to make known the resources and commercial advantages of the Central American republics, and furnish specific information on commercial subjects when applied for. The States supposed to be represented are Mexico, Guatemala, Honduras, Salvador, Costa Rica, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Guatemala, Honduras, Mexico, Nicaragua, Paraguay, Peru, Salvador, Uruguay and Venezuela.

Peculiar Fatality Statistics.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Sept. 5.—George Burroughs was probably fatally stabbed by John Carter near here yesterday. Any ordinary man would die. It was the result of a sale quarrel. Carter is under arrest.

Alone Lincoln's Consecration.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 5.—A special to the Republic from Pulaski, W. Va., says that Colonel T. M. Harris of Fulton county, a member of the court martial which investigated the death of Lincoln and witnessed Mrs. Surratt's execution, has in his library of the assassination of President Lincoln. The history was compiled from newspapers' notes by General Harris' secretary, Mr. Lee. The book will assert that Jefferson Davis and certain members of his cabinet were implicated in and responsible for the assassination of Lincoln. He justifies his statement by a large amount of documentary evidence. The book will cause a sensation.

Smoking Abolished on the Missouri.

LITTLE ROCK, Sept. 5.—The Missouri Pacific Railway management in this State and Louisiana has virtually published nothing on its passenger trains. When the law went into effect a colored coach was placed next to the baggage car. A white man car next and a white coach behind. The colored car was used as a smoker, the members of each race using their respective portion of the coach for the purpose, but yesterday no separate smoker. Yesterday no smoker was issued, that smoking will be permitted on any train except in the smoker, some of the white people are quite sore. It is reported as one of the means adopted to make the people tired of separate cars.

A Universal Customer Dishonds.

BALTIMORE, Md., Sept. 5.—Mrs. Hamilton's Millinery Emporium was handed here today, because of a lack of patronage. The members of the company objected to continuing the business, their relatives were paid. They returned to New York on railroad tickets and to have been purchased with money borrowed by Mrs. Hamilton.

Secretary Noble Pretzed.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—The consul general of Germany at Sao Paulo, Brazil, has made an official report to his government, in which he says: There is no doubt but that the extraordinary endeavors which the American industrial world, backed by the government is making to increase the trade in manufactures, will be crowned with success. The differences in price, if any, it more than compensated for by the superior and handy get-up of American goods.

The Cotton Pickers.

HOUSTON, Tex., Sept. 5.—S. H. Humphry, general superintendent of the Farmers' Alliance and Cotton Pickers' League, has issued a secret circular to the colored members of the Alliance all through the cotton States. It asserts that the planters are getting ready for the work, and that they have already formed a secret association not to pick any cotton before November for less than $1 per hundred pounds with board. It also states that September 15th is the date upon which all the colored people shall cease picking any cotton, except their own, unless the demand for increased wages be granted by the planters.

Another Record Lowered.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 5.—In an exhibition by various athletic clubs here the afternoon, F. P. Ryan of the Gaelic Athletic Club of Chicago, broke the record for throwing the fifty-one pound weight. He threw it 27 feet 7 inches. The record was 27 feet 4 inches.

Prohibition and Intemperance.

LEWISTON, Me., Sept. 5.—Senator Frye addressed an enormous temperance meeting here this afternoon to an immense crowd. He asserted that a prohibitory law was the only remedy for the evil of intemperance. He also denied that the health of Lumpkins tended to intemperance, saying that Finnigan was drinking by absolute drinking, Italy by sleep and strong liquors and Germany by beer, and held that the German lawyer was alarmed by the increase of intemperance, and was issuing edicts tending towards a reduction in the growing consumption of spirits. In closing, Senator Frye said the Mayor was merely executive officers to enforce the law, and ended with a powerful exhortation to stand by the laws.

Accounts Not With an Accident.

PEORIA, Ill., Sept. 5.—Last Sunday two boys were with a serious accident while making parachute leaps. One fell in the lake and the other among live electric wires. These accidents did not deter Miss Ada Kelly, sister of one of the injured men, from making an encore yesterday. But she will probably pay for her foolishness with her life, she made the jump, but her parachute failed to work, and she alighted in the lake. The big parachute spread over her and held her down. Before the woman could be taken out she was unconscious. The physicians do not hope to restore her to life.

The Train Robbers.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Sept. 5.—Sheriff Schaefer and Lieut. Gillett of the Southern Pacific has returned from the scene of the train robbery at Comanche Station, and reports that the five robbers have been scattered in by the Rangers and Mexican troops in the Texas peninsula and cannot escape.

Arrests and Indictments.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 5.—Charles J. Moore, of the firm of Roberts Moore & Co., was indicted. He and his friends claim relief from the firm and the assignment was for the purpose of liquidating their affairs. The assignment has taken place. The firm's assets to approximate $175,000 and the liabilities $17,000.

TURKEY FEELS EASY,

The Relations Between France and Russia Improve the Sultan with Courage.

THE EUROPEAN POWERS WILLING TO PROTECT

Against Turkey's Concession to the Czar Kiamil Pasha Improved.

By Telegraph to the NEWS.

THE ORIENTAL QUESTION.

Turkey Cannot be Intimidated Still Firm.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 5.—The newspapers here express confidence that, in view of the existing cordiality between France and Russia, the powers will hesitate to take any step tending to force a change in regards the Dardanelles for fear of raising a thorny question regarding Bosnia, Cyprus and Egypt. Turkey, therefore, strengthened with the knowledge that the Franco-Russian entente is a complete bulwark against attack, will be easily intimidated. Thus the papers believe peace is secured.

KIAMIL PASHA IMPROVING.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 5.—Kiamil Pasha has been appointed governor of Crete, to succeed Hamdi Pasha, who has just been promoted from the governorship to be grand vizier.

A firman, which is to be issued in confirmation of consent in the effect that Kiamil Pasha, the recently deposed grand vizier, is suffering burdensome duties, and that he is about to be due to complicity in a plot for the deposition of the Sultan.

In Royal Circles.

VIENNA, Sept. 5.—Emperor William and the King of Saxony, with their suites, wearing American uniforms, arrived here today, attending the Austrian Czarina, William and Maria were also present. The most cordial greetings were exchanged. The genetic commanding the opposing forces in the maneuvers have received decorations from Emperor William and the King of Saxony. Archduke Albrecht received the collar of the Order of the Black Eagle. A grand luncheon was served in honor of the visitors, at which interesting speeches were made. Archduke Albrecht gave a felicitous toast to the German Emperor and Empress and the German army. The toast was received with a storm of cheers. Emperor William thanked the company heartily, and proposed the health of Emperor Francis Joseph, the Archduke Albrecht and the commanders-in-chief.

Germany Takes the Italians Under Her Wings.

BERLIN, Sept. 6.—The North German Gazette says that at the request of the Italian government, Germany has undertaken to protect the Italian residents in Chile.

A Weather Crop Bulletin.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6.—The weekly weather crop bulletin says: On the Pacific coast the rainfall was generally in excess. In central California the rainfall has been one or two inches less than usual. Near Portland and Olympia the rainfall amounts to about five inches.

In Oregon the threshing is nearly completed. Wheat and oats give a heavy yield. Hay is being in progressing. Hop lice and mold injured the crop considerably.

In California the weather was favorable. Potatoes are plentiful and so cheap that some of the crop will be left in the ground. There is no indication that the cotton worm will do any serious damage. Fruit is being shipped to the canneries in earlier lots.

A Awful Murder.

NASHVILLE, Sept. 5.—William Smith and wife, living near Livingston, went to church, leaving their two daughters, 11 and 13 years of age, in the house. An hour later the house was discovered to be in flames and the neighbors came and saw the dead bodies of the girls lying at the door in a pool of blood. The bodies were compressed. One girls had been murdered by an unknown person and the house fired.

An Eagle Carries a Child.

BATTLE ROCK, MICH., Sept. 6.—While a small girl baby of John Gewaise, a Chippewa Indian guide living on the shore of Lake Lake, was playing in the yard of his hut, yesterday, an enormous bald eagle swooped down and seized the child. The infants mother rushed out and the bird, after carrying the child a short distance, dropped it into the lake, which was evidently too heavy for it. The fall caused the death of the child. The mother jumped into the water and saved the child, but the bird was caught off by the mother until the arrival of her husband, who shot it.

A Violent Hurricane.

NEW YORK, Sept. 5.—The French liner "La Touraine," which arrived here this today, encountered a violent hurricane lasting forty-eight hours. During the gale a sea sprang in the forward on the foremast, forty-five feet from the ship's edge, and broke a number of stanchions. The cap of the iron wheelhouse, weighing over 300 pounds, was torn bodily from the top of the steamer, a distance of several rods. The officers of the steamer say it was one of the heaviest storms experienced during many years. Among the passengers United States minister to Spain Hurd (sick) was one of the passengers.

A Plot to Break Jail.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 5.—A daring plot to break from the State prison at San Quentin has been frustrated, and seven leaders, who are serving from one to five years of the fifteen hundred convicts have been placed in solitary cells. It was the intention to fell the guard with a clubs stick as he came to the cell of one of the leaders. With his keys all the other convicts would be released, the guards in the yard overpowered and an escape made. The plot was detected by a guard overhearing certain words that aroused suspicion.