SENOR GOVIN IS A TRAITOR.

Open Charge Against a Member of the Autonomist Cabinet in Cuba.

He Writes a Letter Scores Olberga and Aunbard, Other Cabinet Ministers, Also Suspected of Treachery.

Madrid, Feb. 22.—A gloomy tone pervades political circles on the reports of a split in the Cuban ministry. The autonomists, Senor Olberga and Senor Aunbard, are, it is believed, secretly treating in the direction of independence for Cuba. Senor Govin, the Cuban secretary of the interior, is accused of treason by the Imparcial, which publishes a fac-simile of the letter from Senor Govin to a friend, in which the former says:

"You could pin think that Sagasta, a man inferior to Canovas, and liberal only in name, has inspired my attitude and not my ideas and sentiments as a Cuban? McKinley, as you see Cuba, will determine whether I am a Spaniard. Long live our country and liberty!"

The Imparcial adds that it predicted a week ministry in Cuba, and warned Senor Moret, the Spanish colonial minister, of what was likely to be the outcome of his autonomy scheme.

El Pais says: "Spain should treat with the rebels direct rather than to tolerate the traitor Govin."

El Correo Espanol asks: "How will Senor Moret, patron of Govin, and Senor Sagasta, the patron of both Moret and Govin, stand now that Govin is a traitor to his country? Whoever supports a traitor is likewise a traitor."

The official press, on the other hand, remains unshaken in confidence in the patriotism of the Cubans.

PRESIDENT TALKS TO STUDENTS.

Delivers a Washington's Birthday Address Before Pennsylvania University Students.

Philadelphia, Pa., Feb. 22.—President McKinley ate an early breakfast with the family of Charles C. Harrison. He did not leave the house until a few minutes before 11 o'clock, when, in company with Mr. Harrison, he was driven to the Academy of Music, where the Washington birthday commemorative exercises of the University of Pennsylvania were held.

Over 2,000 students assembled on the university campus at 9:30 and marched four abreast to the Harrison home. When the head of the long column reached there President McKinley appeared at the door. There with bared head he bowed to the hundreds of under graduates in response to their hearty college greeting. As each class reached the house its members shouted the college cry of "Pennsylvania," ending with "The President," "The President," "The President." The President's face lighted up and betokened extreme pleasure. At the academy of music the students took the seats reserved from them.

President McKinley addressed an intelligent and appreciative audience at the academy, his theme being George Washington. By his side on the stage were assembled the faculty of the University of Pennsylvania and many prominent educational institutions. The seating capacity of the academy is 2,200. All the seats and boxes were occupied and from 500 to 600 persons stood in the rear of the several galleries. The main portion of the auditorium was reserved for the students of the college.

The appearance of the President on the stage was the signal for thunderous applause, and as it died away the students broke out with their cheer, the repeated cry of "Pennsylvania," and the municipal band followed with "Hail to the Chief," and "The Star Spangled Banner."

The exercises were opened with prayer by Bishop Whitaker of the Protestant Episcopal church. Charles C. Harrison, provost of the University of Pennsylvania, then delivered an address, on closing which he introduced President McKinley.

FRIGHTFUL CRIME OF A MOB.

Postmaster and His Babe Killed, the Rest of the Family Badly Wounded.

Columbia, S. C., Feb. 22.—The most revolting crime ever perpetrated by white men in South Carolina was committed at Lake City, Williamsburg county, at 1 o'clock this morning, when Postmaster Baker, a negro, and his family were burned out of their home, the postmaster and a babe in arms killed, his wife and three daughters shot and maimed for life.

Baker was appointed postmaster three months ago. Lake City is a town of 400 inhabitants and the negro population in the vicinity is large. There was a protest at Baker's appointment, but it was not a very vicious one.

Three months ago, as the postmaster was leaving the office at night, in company with several colored men, he was fired on from ambush, but it was not known who the would-be assassin was or whether it was prompted by other than personal malice. Since then Baker moved his family into a house on the outskirts, where he also established the postoffice.

Last Tuesday night a body of men, who kept concealed behind buildings and fences in the neighborhood, riddled the building with shot and rifle bullets. They shot high and no one was hurt, but it was supposed to convey a warning.

A short time before that Senators Tillman and McLaurin and Congressman Horton had asked the postmaster-general to remove Baker because of his color, and the request had been refused. Baker did not move his family and gave no evidence of being frightened. He felt confident of protection from Washington.

At 1 o'clock this morning a torch was applied to the postoffice and Baker's house. Back, just within the line of light, were over a hundred white men, armed with pistols and shotguns. By the time the fire aroused the sleeping family, sometime after the postmaster, his wife, four daughters, a son and an infant at the breast, the crowd began firing into the building. A hundred bullet holes were made through the thin boarding, and many found lodgment in the people within.

Baker was the first to reach the door, and he fell dead just within the threshold, shot at several places. The mother had the baby in her arms and had reached the door when her son handed her, when a bullet crashed through its skull and it fell to the floor. She was struck in several places. Two of the girls had their arms broken close to the shoulder and will probably lose them. A daughter of the girls is believed to be fatally wounded. The boy is also shot. Two of the seven occupants of the house escaped with slight injuries. The bodies of Baker and the infant were cremated in the building. All mail matter was destroyed.

A coroner's jury was impaneled this evening and it visited the scene of the crime and adjourned until Saturday. There is general blame and indignation expressed everywhere.

THE DEFENSE AT LATTIMER.

People Detail How They Were Terrorized by the Strikers.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Feb. 22.—During the mass of testimony in court Judge Woodward decided there should be no holiday today. "But," said he, "I doubt if appropriate that we observe the day by hearing Washington's farewell address, and I have requested Mr. Scarlet to read it." There was a burst of applause at this announcement, and the reading was given careful attention.

The first witness of the day was Mrs. James Edmondson, who lives at Harwood. She said that on the day of the shooting she heard a neighbor shouting, "Run out, the strikers are coming." I saw the men; they all had clubs." She continued: "They found my husband and tried to get him away. I grabbed him and after a lot of words they let him go. A neighbor gave me a gun then and said I should (cross it if they tried to get my man. They did not go by me and I threw some stones. They threatened to knock my brains out. Some tried to get into my house and I told my sick son, but I told them that if they came in they'd be dead when they went out. They went a way then."

James Edmondson, husband of the previous witness, said he heard his neighbor, Steve O'Donell, shout to him that the strikers were coming—and they had been at get out. Continuing, the witness said: "I went with my two boarders but hardly had we got out before the strikers caught us. They dragged me along a couple of hundred yards and then my wife rescued me. All the strikers were armed."

Peter Wolle, a driver at the Harwood colliery, said: "On the Friday the strikers wanted to march to Lattimer. I came down to the company's store and we locked ourselves in. Afterwards, we thought the strikers had gone, we went out. One man chased me with a big club for a long distance and I finally escaped by jumping through the window of my house."

Charles Smith and two friends were surprised by the strikers, who shouted "We will shoot you," and finally they fired two shots at them as they got into the bush.

John Hippie told how he was threatened by armed strikers, but they did him no harm.

Thomas Nellis testified that six men who were working on a road between on the public highway when the strikers came along were forced to stop their work and join the ranks. The men were employed in public work, for the strikers, so their threatening attitude compelled them to leave.

Seven other women and two men gave testimony during the afternoon as to the terror prevailing among the people and the assaults made by the strikers upon those who refused to which called on to join the marchers. Mrs. Elizabeth Mumie saw the strikers fire several shots.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Fourteen more bodies were recovered yesterday from the wreck of the Maine.

Sixteen hundred Spanish regulars arrived at Santiago de Cuba on Saturday.

Gen. J. B. Gordon, ex-Confederate officer, is seriously ill at Fort Hunter, Ohio.

Silk exports from Japan last year were 8,915,841 catties, and from China 3,229,333 catties.

The Senate has passed the bill to increase the artillery force in government's standing army.

At the end of last year there were 1679 banks in Japan with an aggregate capital of $21,530,000 yen.

Representative Johnson of Indiana delivered a violent anti-Hawaiian speech in the house yesterday.

A thousand members of the A. P. A. at Reading, Pa., have offered their services to President McKinley in the event of war.

Two thousand steel projectiles for the six, eight, and ten-inch guns on our vessels were received at the Brooklyn navy yard on Tuesday.

A dispatch to the Japan Mail from Seoul, under date of January 31st, says that signs of an impending change in the cabinet are observable.

United States Minister Woodford was received in audience by the queen regent yesterday. A squadron of torpedo boats has left Cadiz for Havana harbor.

It is announced that the Chinese loan of $16,000,000 (£3,000,000) has been arranged with the Hongkong and Shanghai bank of London and the German Asiatic bank.

Snow continues falling in the southern and western districts of England. Many roads and railroads are blockaded. Drifts are from three to twelve feet deep.

Mr. Akiyama, who recently attempted suicide by harikari upon his return from Honolulu, has been appointed second secretary of the Japanese legation in China.

Queen Dowager Kapiolani of Hawaii has decided to be single again. Her nephews, Princes David and Cupid Kawanakoa, all her property, both real and personal.

Should it be proved that the Maine was destroyed by an outside explosion, President McKinley, it is said, will ask congress for an indemnity of from $12,000,000 to $15,000,000.

Six armored vessels, six protected cruisers, and twenty-four torpedo boats are five torpedo boats are now building in Great Britain for foreign governments.

Representative Bartholt of Colorado has introduced a bill into Congress granting oil and lands to the states in which they are situated, excepting military reservations.

Work on the big government contract is now under rapid headway at the Olin steel works. Cleveland. Five enormous gun carriages are being constructed there.

At Wheeling, W. Va., last night, in the Metropolitan club's arena, Dick Gardiner, the "Omaha Kid," knocked out Jack Dempsey, of Zanesville, O., in the eighteenth round.

A terrible earthquake occurred on the island of Amboina, in the Molucca archipelago, on January 26th, as the result of which fifty people were killed and over two hundred injured.

The American Ordnance company of Washington has received a cablegram from its vice president in Washington an order for forty rapid-firing six-pounder Hotchkiss guns.

Maj.-Gen. Snowden, commander of the national guard of Pennsylvania, has issued general orders to every officer in the guard to be ready to mobilize up to the 240 quota required by law.

Rev. John Bromley, a British missionary, had a narrow escape at the hands of a mob of 500 at Yangchow, in Shantung, China, recently. The mob attacked and lost him with sticks and stones.

A majority of the bodies lost in the Maine are understood to be those of firemen and coal heavers, who had to have been instituted in the struggle for life, while the divers, say, must have perished instantly.

On Monday evening, James Shumate, chief of police of La Follette, Tenn., attempted to arrest Wm. Fielder, Jim Fielder and Jack Tye for lying at the office and in the hotel. Lots men were killed.

Capt. Sigsbee has been suffering from the effects of a stroke of vertigo, it is subject, but is now much better, having been ordered to leave off the responsibility for the presence in Havana of the court of inquiry.

According to the calculations completed by the Japanese bureau of engineering and published in the Shogun, the amount of national loans about at the end of December last was 404,562,132 yen, as compared with 375,372,242 yen at the end of June last.

Admiral Sigsbee of the U. S. navy and the Spanish consul at New York visited the Spanish cruiser Vizcaya yesterday. The Spanish consul was hooted at by boys who knew him as he passed along the street.

The Ottawa Sportsmen's association of Michigan, have telegraphed the President that they have a full company of expert riflemen, ready for service in case of war, and can furnish a second company in twenty-four hours.

Cuban insurgents, when given an intimation that some individuals believe from experience that they did not blow up the Maine, have replied by two inquiries, one, why the Cubans would desire to sunken the Spanish warship when there was a prospect of its being brought to the requisition on behalf of the Cuban cause, and, two, Why should they select a friendly vessel, the Maine, when the same energy and expense would have sufficed to destroy a vessel manned by the Alphonso XIII?

A FORECAST.

The Prediction of Commander McGiffin of Chen Yuen Fame.

[Denver Evening Post.]

The terrible path of fatality to the Spanish fleet in the Pacific in the destruction of the Maine recalls the prediction of Commander Philo Norton McGiffin, when the battle of Yalu was the only American or European naval officer who had experienced the effects of modern ordnance in actual warfare. He said: "Today, McGiffin, a Pennsylvanian by birth and a graduate of the Annapolis training school, commanded the two vessels of the Chinese squadron in its struggle with the Japanese fleet, at the battle of the Yalu, off the coast of Corea. On board the Chen Yuen, the American, although not touched by a projectile, received injuries that resulted in his death.

"After the close of hostilities the Pennsylvanian returned to his home near Pittsburg, and in an interview predicted that the next naval conflict between the naval forces of first-class powers the death rate would prove so high that even the most bloodthirsty would be appalled. Continuing, McGiffin said:

"Although patterned after the modern fleets, neither the Jap or Chinese vessels were equipped with the guns of recent date that American and European powers have at their command, and yet the results were indescribable. At the opening of the Yalu engagement a single shell from the Chen Yuen killed more than half the crew of a Jap cruiser, and in turn the Jap Fushima, with two large shells and five minutes, set the Chen Yuen on fire, utterly destroyed a Chinese armored vessel. The Chen Yuen itself, although afloat and able to make its way to Wei-Hai-Wei, was a shambles. Japanese shells struck the turrets and were deflected into the sea, but into and through the sides flew from the armor inside the turrets, mowing down scores of seamen. Men died standing within a few feet from collision. When shells got inside the armor the explosions not entire gun crews in pieces. The battle stopped, not on account of lack of courage or ammunition, but for the reason that the crews of both fleets were so slaughtered and prostrated as to be unable to continue the fight. This was accomplished with guns and explosives far less accurate and powerful than those that first-class powers will use, and no man can conceive what will be the effects of ten minutes' fighting with the guns and deadly explosives now gathered on board European and American vessels."

McGiffin was rendered permanently blind and deaf by an explosion of a Japanese shell which did not even generate the armor of the Chen Yuen, and his back and sides were filled with steel splinters. His lungs also were affected by the terrible concussion, and on the advice of his physician he started for Colorado, hoping to recruit his health. Unfortunately the commander became suddenly insane, and died shortly after his return. His relatives, was taken to Bellevue hospital, New York. While confined there he attempted to throw himself from the third story of the Chen Yuen, with the Japanese shells again pounding at its side. He ended his life in the insane ward of the hospital last April by firing a pistol ball through his head.

Consumption — OUTDOOR LIFE and Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil with Hypophosphites have cured thousands of cases of Consumption in the early stages. When a case of Consumption is pronounced incurable it is made, even then SCOTT'S EMULSION will prolong life and ease the pain, relieve the cough and make the rough easier.

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Take Your Wife
One of these handsome Present Pure Brass. They are given free with each box of powder.

The mystery of woman hood is full of deep unanswerable enigmas. Why should women be compelled to suffer sim ply because they are women? Why should life be the source of such bitter woes at the same time the cause of their greatest earthly joys? The very attributes which make it possible for woman to be a mother are the sources of her highest joys and her most intense agony. Why should they select a friendly vessel, the Maine, when the same energy and expense would have sufficed to destroy a vessel manned by the Alphonso XIII?

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THE LADIES' LITERARY CLUB.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A general meeting of the members of the Ladies' Literary Club will be held on Friday at the Club House, No. 2 south Third East street, Salt Lake City, Utah, on the 1st day of March, 1898, at 2 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of amending the by-laws of said association, for enlarging the purposes of the corporation, for providing for new and other members, for the number, method of selecting, and terms of office of directors, for providing for honorary and associate as well as active members, for special and general meetings, by-laws, and for the transaction of such other and further business as may properly come before such meeting.

By order of the Board of Directors.
S. O. S. NILSON, President.

NOTICE OF ASSESSMENT.

Hecla Mining Company, a corporation. Principal place of business, Salt Lake City, Utah.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AT a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Hecla Mining Company, held on the 9th day of February, 1898, it was duly resolved and ordered that the sum of $100 per share on each and one share (1-10) share for sixty-five (65) shares of the capital stock of the said corporation, payable on or before the 1st day of March, 1898, to the undersigned, Charles T. Dey, treasurer of said company, at his office in the Auerbach block, No. 102 South Main street, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Any stock upon which this assessment may remain unpaid on the said 1st day of March, 1898, will be delinquent and advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment is made before such time as may be ordered by the Board of Directors, the delinquent assessments, together with the cost of advertising and expenses of sale.

HENRY HIRSCHI, Secretary.
By FRANCIS M. CONNELLY, Manager.
Office, Albert Hirsch, corner second south and fifth West, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Stockholders' Meeting.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Anacon Mining and Milling company, will be held at No. 12 South Main street, Monday, March 7, 1898, at 7 p. m.

JOHN WELLS, Secretary.

NOTICE OF TRUSTEE'S SALE.

Whereas, Walter J. Hewlett and Alice Hewlett, his wife, executed, acknowledged and delivered to James H. Bacon, trustee, a mortgage on real property hereinafter described, dated bearing date the first day of May, 1892, which said trust deed was recorded in the records of the Recorder's office in the County of Salt Lake, in the State of Territory of Utah, in Book "Y" of Mortgages, page 270, of trust deeds, on page 42 to 754, both inclusive, which said mortgage was given to secure the payment of a certain indebtedness of five hundred and fifty dollars and interest thereon, as evidenced by certain first mortgage bond of same date same purport, duly executed by said trust deed, and which said trust deed and said mortgage are hereby referred to for greater particulars, and default has been made therein, which said first mortgage bond or note was payable on the first day of May, 1897, and default has been made in the payment of said principal and interest, and the said mortgagee has duly elected to declare the whole of said principal and interest to be immediately due and payable, and the said mortgagee has duly given upon the following described real estate and water rights situated in the county of Salt Lake, to wit:

The north half (1/2) of the southwest quarter (1/4) and the northwest quarter (1/4) of the southeast quarter (1/4) of section fifteen (15), township three (3) south of range one (1) east of the Salt Lake base and meridian (15 acres together with any and all water rights owned by said Hewlett and all ditches or rights of way and belonging to or with or used upon said premises or any part thereof, including twenty (20) shares of the capital stock of the Dry Creek Reservoir and Irrigation company, subject to assessments, and certificate number 36 of said company, and

Whereas, it is provided in said trust deed, that the said trustee, in case default be made in the payment of said first mortgage bond or any of the interest thereon, or in case of the payment of any assessment upon the water rights, or in case of the breach of any one of the covenants or agreements in said trust deed contained, that then said trustee, on request of said mortgagee, shall at the option of the holder of said indebtedness, proceed to advertise and sell said premises and said water rights for the payment of said debt and the interest thereon, and costs and expenses of said sale, and to make, execute and deliver to the purchaser or purchasers thereof a good and sufficient deed and conveyance for the premises and water rights sold.

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of said first mortgage bond or note, and of part of the interest thereon, and default in the payment of an assessment upon said water stock, and the holder of said first mortgage bond has requested said trustee to advertise and sell the said premises and said water rights, together with the rents, issues and profits and equity of redemption of said Hewlett and wife, thereto belonging or appertaining.

Now, therefore, Public notice is hereby given that I, James H. Bacon, trustee as aforesaid, will sell at public auction on the 19th day of March, A. D. 1898, at the hour of 10 o'clock a.m., at the front door of the Court House in the City and County of Salt Lake, which is the south front door of the joint city and county building, in Salt Lake City, in the County of Salt Lake, in the State of Utah, sell at public vendue, to the highest and best bidder for cash, and premises and said water rights and said stock, together with the rents, issues, profits, benefit and equity of redemption of said Walter J. Hewlett and Alice Hewlett, his wife, or their heirs, or any of them thereto forever, for the purpose of paying said indebtedness and said assessment upon said water stock and said water stock and the costs and expenses of executing this trust, and will execute and deliver to the purchaser or purchasers at said sale good and sufficient deed and conveyance for the premises, stock and water rights sold.

Dated this 17th day of February, A. D. 1898.

JAMES H. BACON,
Trustee as aforesaid.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

Notice is hereby given that on Friday, the 11th day of March, 1898, at 1:00 o'clock p. m. of said day, at No. 222 South Main Street, in Salt Lake City, in Salt Lake County, State of Utah, by virtue of a power vested in the undersigned trustee by a chattel mortgage executed and delivered on the 18th day of February, 1898, by Martin Lannan to W. S. McCornick doing business as McCornick & Co., and filed in the office of the County Recorder of Salt Lake County, Utah, transferring and assigning to said W. S. McCornick, by way of chattel mortgage, the goods, chattels and merchandise hereinafter described, to secure the payment of a certain note by him from said Lannan, dated February 18th, 1898, for $378.82 and interest from date at the rate of one per month, to wit, $3.89 attorney's fees, as in part of said chattel mortgage, and at the request of said W. S. McCornick, mortgagee, the undersigned, W. J. Barrette, trustee in said chattel mortgage, will sell to the highest and best bidder for cash in hand, all the personal property therein described, and situated and in the store-room and meat-market at No. 22 South Main Street, in the City, County and State of Utah, known as "Lannan's Market," and more particularly described as follows:

All Fixtures, tools, benches, tools, scales, sausage-chopper, electric motor, [illegible], stove, grind-stone, cash-register, safe, stove, two boilers, and all other articles used in the business of a butcher shop, and all stock in trade. Also one bay horse, two sets harness, one cart, one [illegible] wagon, one delph, [illegible] section with said business. Also [illegible] sale. Also all books and book accounts owing to said mortgagee, and all notes held by him or now in his possession.

Further notice is hereby given that the said mortgagee will sell at public auction on Thursday the 10th day of March, 1898, during the usual business hours of said day, at the place of sale, the above described property, or such part thereof as may be necessary to satisfy said mortgage, and the costs and expenses of said sale, to be determined by the Trustee.

Dated Salt Lake City, Utah, February 22nd, 1898.

W. J. BARRETTE, Trustee.
First publication Feby 23, 1898.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

In the District Court of the Third Judicial District, in and for the County of Salt Lake, State of Utah.

Henry H. Harris, plaintiff,
vs.
Thomas G. Patten and Mary Ann Patten, Deseret Savings bank, a corporation, defendants.

TO BE SOLD AT "SHERIFF'S SALE ON Thursday, the 3rd day of March, 1898, at 10 o'clock a.m. of said day, at the front door of the County Court House, in the City of Salt Lake, County of Salt Lake, State of Utah, the following described property, situate in Salt Lake City, Salt Lake County, State of Utah, to wit: Lots 3, 4 and 5, in block 2, Perkins' Addition to Salt Lake City, Utah, being and situated in Salt Lake City, State of Utah, to-wit: Lots 3, 4 and 5, in block 2, Perkins' Addition to Salt Lake City, Utah, being and situated in Salt Lake City, State of Utah, to-wit: Lots 3, 4 and 5, in block 2, Perkins' Addition to Salt Lake City, Utah, being and situated in Salt Lake City, State of Utah, to-wit: Lots 3, 4 and 5, in block 2, Five Acre First "A," Big Field survey.

And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer said complaint on or before noon on the 3rd day of March, 1898, the above named plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Witness, the honorable Judge, and the seal of the District Court of the Third Judicial District, in and for the County of Salt Lake, State of Utah, this 16th day of February, A. D. 1898.

(SEAL) State of Utah, this 16th day of February, A. D. 1898.

DAVID C. DUNBAR, Clerk.
By M. M. Lindsay, Deputy Clerk.
BOOTH, LEE & GRAY, Lawyers, Rooms 20-21 Auerbach Block, Salt Lake City, Utah, Attorneys for Plaintiff.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the Mohawk Consolidated Mining company will be held at its office, No. 10 Atlas block, Monday, March 7th, 1898, at 2 p. m., for the election of a board of directors and the transaction of such other business as may legally come before the meeting.

JOHN A. VAN FELT, Pres.
Salt Lake City, February 23, 1898.

DELINQUENT NOTICE.

Crown Point Mining Company, Principal of Office, Room 214 Atlas Block, City of Salt Lake, State of Utah.

Location of works and mines in Dispah Mining District, Park City, Summit County, Utah.

NOTICE—THERE ARE DELINQUENT on the following described stock on account of assessment No. 1, levied on the 12th day of October, A. D. 1897, the amount opposite the names of the respective shareholders as follows:

List remaining unpaid and corrected February 8th, 1898.

Name	No. Certs.	No. Shares	Amt.
L. C. Beetle	1	300	$15.00
H. J. Chamberlain	38	1500	75.00
M. J. Chamberlain	104	150	15.00
M. J. Chamberlain	105	300	15.00
M. J. Chamberlain	107	300	15.00
Jonathan Hill	117	2,000	100.00
Jos. Hyrum Smith	1	300	15.00
W. A. Page & Co	31	150	15.00
Joseph H. Paul	32	150	15.00
Joseph H. Paul	33	150	15.00
Joseph H. Paul	34	150	15.00
Joseph H. Paul	35	150	15.00
Joseph H. Paul	36	1000	50.00
Joseph H. Paul	37	1000	50.00
Joseph H. Paul	38	1000	50.00
Joseph H. Paul	39	1000	50.00
Joseph H. Paul	40	1000	50.00
Joseph H. Paul	41	1000	50.00
Joseph H. Paul	42	1000	50.00
Joseph H. Paul	43	1000	50.00
Joseph H. Paul	44	1000	50.00
Joseph H. Paul	45	1000	50.00
Joseph H. Paul	46	1000	50.00
Joseph H. Paul	47	1000	50.00
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Joseph H. Paul	64	1000	50.00
Joseph H. Paul	65	1000	50.00
Joseph H. Paul	66	1000	50.00
Joseph H. Paul	67	1000	50.00
Joseph H. Paul	68	1000	50.00
Joseph H. Paul	69	1000	50.00
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