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### ADVERTISEMENTS

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## By Telegraph.

Denver, 20.

The Republican State Convention nominates for Governor Wm. Gilpin, for Representative Geo. M. Chilotte; full delegations are present from all sections of the Territory. Among the resolutions adopted was the following:—Resolved that this convention solemnly condemns the malignant attacks upon the soldiers of Colorado, who hastily left the comforts of home and the profits of business and, after a campaign of unusual vigor, vanquished a large tribe of Indians at Sand creek, whose hands were still stained with the blood of our citizens, and who had taken into a captivity worse than death helpless women and children, and whose lodges were ornamented with the fresh scalps of their victims; and that, in the opinion of this convention, the protection of the people of the frontier and the safety of the lines of supply and mail and telegraphic communication demand that the theatre of these Indian difficulties be created into a department, with an experienced Western Indian fighting General in command.

New York, 20.

Jo. Davis, brother of Jeff., has made a demand for the restoration of not only his, but his brother's property in Mississippi.

The withdrawal of troops from the South, heretofore loudly demanded by the people there, is now sorely deplored; petitions and appeals to retain them are now received.

Philadelphia, 20.

At the session of the Fenian Congress on Wednesday, Gen. Sweeney was assigned a seat on the platform. The General was received with much enthusiasm, but declined making a speech, as the convention meant work. At the afternoon session a resolution was adopted prohibiting delegates from taking notes of the proceedings of the convention; they were ordered to destroy any already written, for fear they might be lost and give information to the enemy. Messrs. Hynes, of Mass., Rice, of Mich., and Capt. Walsh, of Pa., were appointed a committee of 3 to prepare a condensed report of the proceedings of the convention, to be forwarded to the press, subject to the inspection of the Head Centre. The report of the envoy of the brotherhood from abroad was received with the most enthusiastic demonstration. A resolution was adopted, the members of the convention rising to their feet with one accord, pledging the fullest support to their friends abroad. During Thursday's proceedings the Head Centre addressed congress, advising unanimity of action and prudence and caution in all deliberations; counselled an entire revision of the constitution of organization; read a statement in relation to the cause of the delay in the issue of the bonds of the Irish Republic; also suggested certain changes in the financial management of the organization. The committee on credentials made a final report; it was resolved that no more applications for seats in this convention be received.

Providence, R. I., 20.

Rev. Dr. Nathan P. Crocker, for more than 60 years rector of St. John's church in this city, died last evening, aged 84.

New York, 20.

The Freedmen's Bureau received dispatches from Texas this morning, giving very favorable accounts of the condition of affairs; but 10 freedmen are subsisted at government expense in Galveston; labor is in great demand throughout the State.

The Secretary of the Treasury has decided to receive deposits of gold, and issue therefor certificates payable on demand in gold; these gold notes will be receivable for customs, and will be largely used in adjusting balances in New York.

Fears of negro insurrections in the south are considered groundless, but an eye will doubtless be kept on the matter.

The State Department has received dispatches from the U. S. Consul, showing that the cholera is rapidly on the decline in Italy, Constantinople and elsewhere.

Alex. H. Stephens called on the President this morning; the interview was of a private character.

Richmond, 20.

Raleigh papers, yesterday, published a telegram from the President to Governor Holden, declaring that every dollar of debt created to aid the rebellion should be repudiated finally and forever, and expressing a hope that the people of North Carolina will wash their hands of everything that partakes in the slightest degree of the rebellion so recently crushed by the strong arm of the Government.

Raleigh, N. C., 20.

The State Convention adjourned last night, to assemble again on the 4th Monday in May. An ordinance was passed preventing any future legislature from assuming or paying any debt created directly or indirectly for the prosecution of the rebellion; this is a triumph for Gov. Holden and the loyal element.

Nashville, 20.

The notorious guerrilla, Champ Ferguson, was hanged to-day; the execution was strictly private.

New York, 20.

The counsel for Jeff. Davis has expressed a desire that his client be accorded an immediate trial; the desire comes originally from Davis, who, it is said, has declared that he has no fears for the issue, and that, therefore, the government will do him a great favor by arraigning him at the earliest possible moment; the recent favorable change in his every-day life is mainly the work of the President, and at this hour he has about everything he could ask for, save liberty and the presence of his family.

The Pope has again pronounced an allocation which is making some stir in Europe; this time he warns fearfully against Free Masons, reminding them that several of his predecessors have prescribed and reprobated that sect, an entrance into which they declared should entail excommunication, which the Pope alone could remove. The Pope denounces Free Masons as instigators of revolutions, and calls on the secular governments to suppress them.

The *Siecle*, of Paris, says there are in Europe more than two million Catholic Free Masons. The Pope condemns all other societies of a similar order.

Washington, 20.

A mission delegate sent from the Fenian Congress to Washington, with reference to the unconditional release of John Mitchell, prisoner at Fort Monroe, reports he has been successful and an order for that purpose will be issued.

New York, 21.

Files of late West India papers furnish additional details of a terrific Hurricane which swept over some of those Islands on the 6th of Sep. In Guadaloupe it was particularly severe, houses were lifted from the ground, torn to pieces and blown in fragments to a considerable distance; the air was filled with flying debris. In one town the hospital was blown down and all the inmates killed or wounded. Between 200 and 300 persons have been killed and the crops of the Island destroyed; scarcely a tree is left standing, and it is believed that many vessels have been stranded or sunk.

An melancholy affair occurred in British Guinea, Sep. 19th; a party of several gentlemen left Georgetown on the 18th of Sep., to visit the penal settlement of the Colony; on their return 2 boats, carrying a number of the excursionists, undertook to go over the falls in Masorim river; one boat passed in safety; the other became unmanageable, and, out of 12 persons on board, 9, including Cap. Beresford the Governor's son-in-law, were drowned.

The Freedmen's Bureau is in receipt of intelligence from Alexandria, Va., to the effect that the courts continue to punish by whipping, all negroes convicted of trifling offenses; the officers of the Bureau have notified courts that awarding any punishment not recognized by the laws of the State as applicable to whites, cannot be inflicted on freedmen.

Proceedings of the Fenian Congress in Philadelphia are still enveloped in comparative secrecy; funds are promised the movement in great abundance; members of the Congress are personally to subscribe half a million dollars.

In the Republican ratification meeting last night at Cooper Institute, New York, great enthusiasm was manifested; the President's policy in regard to reconstruction is fully endorsed.

Washington, 21.

The President to-day granted amnesty pardons to 180 South Carolinians, among the number is Wm. R. Boyce, formerly member of Congress from that State. The ex-rebel Gen. Dick Taylor arrived this morning for the purpose of seeking pardon.

Dispatches received at the State Department from the U. S. Consul at Liverpool, Oct. 6, bring intelligence of the appearance of cholera at Southampton and places adjacent to that town.

The weather throughout England continues of the most unseasonable kind.

A disease known as the underpest has broken out in the neighborhood of Wateree, 3 miles from Liverpool, and has carried off quite a number of cattle.

Richmond, 21.

Gen Turner issued orders this p. m., permitting the organization of the city government in Richmond, the objectionable officers Sturdevant, Johnson and Bigger having declined the offices to which they were appointed.

Jackson, Miss., 21.

Judge Sharky and J. L. Alcorn are elected United States Senators.

New York, 21.

A delegation waited on the President to-day, to request him to appoint a national day of thanksgiving, on account of the restoration of peace.

The Savannah *Herald* has returns from the Florida Election for delegates to the State Convention; the candidates in favor of the Government plan of reconstruction are elected.

Ft. Laramie, 24.

On the night of the 22d Indians appeared on the overland route near Cottonwood Springs, and drove the mail coach into the Post at that place; the same day they attacked a portion of the garrison at Alkali, and drove them into that Post. On the 23d they attacked and burned 2 trains near the latter place, killing 3 men; at the same time they destroyed several hundred feet of telegraph wire. Shortly afterwards Col. Fleming, with a detachment of the 6th west Va. cavalry, attacked them, losing 2 men. The Indian loss is not reported.

Gen. Wheaton is taking vigorous measures to punish the savages. The line is already repaired, the Indians having been driven off the road, and the road will be kept open and the line of telegraph up.

Eight Indians have thus far been reported killed. Full reports from all the points of the district attacked are not yet received. The 8 Indians were killed near Valley station, about 100 miles west of Alkali.

The returning Powder river expedition is near Ft. Sedgwick, and the Indians attacked the road from 100 to 150 miles on each side of the returning column.

Philadelphia, 21.

Shaw, Taylor & Co's. Woolen Mill, West Phila., was burned last night; loss \$45,000, partially insured.

In the Fenian Congress to-day, the committees on government, constitution, military affairs and finance reported; the reports were accepted and, on motion, were taken up section by section for adoption. In the afternoon the president of the congress announced that B. D. Killian, the delegate from Missouri, who procured the unconditional release of John Mitchell, was present; this announcement electrified the congress; 3 cheers were given for President Johnson, 3 for the United

States, 3 for Killian and 3 for John Mitchell; it was some time before the cheering ceased; every member of the congress joined in it in the most earnest manner. When the cheering had in some measure subsided, it was moved and seconded that the Secretary of the Congress prepare a resolution conveying the grateful thanks of this congress to Killian for his efforts in bringing about the release of John Mitchell, which motion was unanimously carried. In the evening, after some discussion, the reports of the committees, with some amendments, were adopted. An Irish banner was presented to the chairman by the Canadian delegates, and the congress adjourned until Monday. The session will continue until Wednesday.

New York, 22.

The *Herald* has Charleston dates to the 13th. On the day of the election in South Carolina, for Governor and members of the legislature, Gen. Bennett issued orders prohibiting military officers in any manner interfering with it, and forbidding the presence of soldiers in the vicinity of the polling places. The working-men in Charleston held a meeting, at which they adopted an address to their fellow citizens, and nominated Wade Hampton for Governor; in the address they express the belief that the destruction of slavery will ultimately prove a great benefit to all the people of the State, especially to the working men, as it will tend to free them from the monopolization of capital and dignify labor.

The hostile attitude toward each other, in some parts of South Carolina, of the whites and blacks, is represented as assuming a phase threatening serious results, unless the difficulties are speedily adjusted; especially is this the case along portions of the coast upon the sea islands, where the negroes have been established on the abandoned plantations, subject to the control of officers of the Freedmen's Bureau. The planters, who, now that the rebellion is crushed, are anxious to regain possession of these lands, allege that the freedmen are allowing them to go to ruin, don't raise enough for their own maintenance, and are totally neglecting preparations for next year's crops; they refuse to give up possession, while South Carolinians are considerably incensed against the Freedmen's Bureau, whose officials they charge with encouraging the negroes in their assumption. It is principally with the object of endeavoring to adjust these difficulties that Gen. Howard, Chief of the Freedmen's Bureau, is now on his way to South Carolina. The General arrived in Charleston on Tuesday last, by the overland route from Raleigh, N. C., and left the next day for Columbia, to have an interview with Gov. Perry; it is expected that on his return to Charleston he will deliver an address to the citizens.

A disastrous fire, attended with loss of life, occurred in Charleston last Wednesday; it was in the business part of the city, and destroyed several mercantile and manufacturing establishments and the *Courier* newspaper office; the loss is estimated at \$400,000; from 30 to 40 persons were buried in the ruins, from 15 to 20 of whom it is thought were instantly killed; the others were extracted in a dreadfully injured and suffering condition.

The *Herald's* Raleigh correspondent says the ordinance repudiating the rebel debt passed the North Carolina State Convention by a vote of 84 to 12. An ordinance for the purpose of raising a militia force to suppress outlawry was also passed. The convention adjourned on Thursday last, to meet again on the 15th of next May. Election matters begin to be agitated. Gov. Holden and Jonathan Worth, the present State Treasurer, are both out to-day as candidates for Governor. Worth will be supported by the secession element, but he is a strong Union man, and in the legislature of 1860 voted against calling a convention to take the State out of the Union. Lewis Haynes, private Secretary of Gov. Holden, has resigned, and runs for Congress in the Randolph district on the Worth ticket. The fact that all secessionists oppose Holden will probably unite the true Union men's vote on him and elect him.